## REENGROSSED

## **2020 SESSION**

20104169D **SENATE BILL NO. 667** 1 2 Senate Amendments in [] - February 11, 2020 3 A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-251.03 of the Code of Virginia, relating to arrest and prosecution 4 when experiencing or reporting overdoses. 5 Patrons Prior to Engrossment-Senators Boysko, Bell, Morrissey and McClellan 6 7 Referred to Committee on the Judiciary 8 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 18.2-251.03 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 18.2-251.03. Arrest and prosecution when experiencing or reporting overdoses. 11 A. For purposes of this section, "overdose" means a life-threatening condition resulting from the 12 13 consumption or use of a controlled substance, alcohol, or any combination of such substances. 14 B. It shall be an affirmative defense to No individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution of an 15 individual for the unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption of alcohol pursuant to § 4.1-305, possession of a controlled substance pursuant to § 18.2-250, possession of marijuana pursuant to 16 § 18.2-250.1, intoxication in public pursuant to § 18.2-388, or possession of controlled paraphernalia 17 18 pursuant to § 54.1-3466 if: 19 1. Such individual, (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention (a) for himself, if 20 he is experiencing an overdose, or (b) for another individual, if such other individual is experiencing an overdose, or (ii) is experiencing an overdose and another individual, in good faith, seeks or obtains 21 emergency medical attention for such individual, by contemporaneously reporting such overdose to a 22 firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, a 23 24 law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system; 25 2. Such individual remains at the scene of the overdose or at any alternative location to which he or the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer 26 27 responds to the report of an overdose. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the 28 overdose or at the alternative location, then such individual shall cooperate with law enforcement as 29 otherwise set forth herein: 30 3. Such individual identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the 31 overdose; and 32 4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this subsection [ was would have 33 been obtained only as a result of the an was obtained as a result of the ] individual seeking or obtaining 34 emergency medical attention. 35 C. No individual may assert the affirmative defense provided for in this The provisions of this 36 section if the shall not apply to any person who sought or obtained seeks or obtains emergency medical 37 attention for himself or another individual, or to a person experiencing an overdose when another individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for him, during the execution of a search 38 39 warrant or during the conduct of a lawful search or a lawful arrest. 40 D. This section does not establish an affirmative defense protection from arrest or prosecution for 41 any individual or offense other than those listed in subsection B. [ E. No law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is 42 later determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution under this section.] 43

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