2020 SESSION

ENROLLED

[S 579]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-515.2, 9.1-900, 9.1-901, 9.1-902, 9.1-903, 9.1-904, as it shall become effective, 9.1-906 through 9.1-914, 9.1-918, 15.2-2283.1, 16.1-228, 18.2-348.1, 18.2-370.5, 18.2-472.1, 22.1-79, 23.1-407, 32.1-127, 46.2-116, 46.2-117, 46.2-118, 46.2-323, 46.2-324, 46.2-330, 3 4 5 46.2-345, 46.2-2011.33, 63.2-100, 63.2-1205.1, 63.2-1503, 63.2-1506, and 63.2-1732 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry. 6

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Approved

9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

10 1. That §§ 2.2-515.2, 9.1-900, 9.1-901, 9.1-902, 9.1-903, 9.1-904, as it shall become effective, 9.1-906

through 9.1-914, 9.1-918, 15.2-2283.1, 16.1-228, 18.2-348.1, 18.2-370.5, 18.2-472.1, 22.1-79, 23.1-407, 11

32.1-127, 46.2-116, 46.2-117, 46.2-118, 46.2-323, 46.2-324, 46.2-330, 46.2-345, 46.2-2011.33, 63.2-100, 12 13 63.2-1205.1, 63.2-1503, 63.2-1506, and 63.2-1732 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 14 reenacted as follows:

15 § 2.2-515.2. Address confidentiality program established; victims of domestic violence, stalking, sexual violence, or human trafficking; application; disclosure of records. 16

17 A. As used in this section:

"Address" means a residential street address, school address, or work address of a person as specified 18 19 on the person's application to be a program participant.

- "Applicant" means a person who is a victim of domestic violence, stalking, or sexual violence or is a 20 21 parent or guardian of a minor child or incapacitated person who is the victim of domestic violence, 22 stalking, or sexual violence.
- 23 "Domestic violence" means an act as defined in § 38.2-508 and includes threat of such acts 24 committed against an individual in a domestic situation, regardless of whether these acts or threats have 25 been reported to law-enforcement officers. Such threat must be a threat of force which would place any 26 person in reasonable apprehension of death or bodily injury.
- 27 "Program participant" means a person certified by the Office of the Attorney General as eligible to 28 participate in the Address Confidentiality Program.
- 29 "Sexual or domestic violence programs" means public and not-for-profit agencies the primary mission 30 of which is to provide services to victims of sexual or domestic violence, or stalking. Such programs 31 may also include specialized services for victims of human trafficking.
- 32 "Sexual violence" means conduct that is prohibited under clause (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of § 18.2-48, or § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.4, 18.2-67.5, 18.2-348, 18.2-348.1, 18.2-349, 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, 18.2-357.1, or 18.2-368, regardless of whether the 33 34 35 conduct has been reported to a law-enforcement officer or the assailant has been charged with or 36 convicted of the alleged violation.
- 37 "Stalking" means conduct that is prohibited under § 18.2-60.3, regardless of whether the conduct has 38 been reported to a law-enforcement officer or the assailant has been charged with or convicted for the 39 alleged violation.
- 40 B. The Statewide Facilitator for Victims of Domestic Violence shall establish a program to be known as the "Address Confidentiality Program" to protect victims of domestic violence, stalking, or sexual 41 42 violence by authorizing the use of designated addresses for such victims. An individual who is at least 43 18 years of age, a parent or guardian acting on behalf of a minor, a guardian acting on behalf of an incapacitated person, or an emancipated minor may apply in person at (i) sexual or domestic violence 44 programs that have been accredited by the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Program Professional 45 Standards Committee established pursuant to § 9.1-116.3 and are qualified to (a) assist the eligible 46 person in determining whether the address confidentiality program should be part of such person's 47 overall safety plan, (b) explain the address confidentiality program services and limitations, (c) explain 48 the program participant's responsibilities, and, (d) assist the person eligible for participation with the 49 50 completion of application materials or (ii) crime victim and witness assistance programs. The Office of the Attorney General shall approve an application if it is filed in the manner and on the form prescribed 51 by the Attorney General and if the application contains the following: 52
- 53 1. A sworn statement by the applicant declaring to be true and correct under penalty of perjury that 54 the applicant has good reason to believe that:
- 55 a. The applicant, or the minor or incapacitated individual on whose behalf the application is made, is 56 a victim of domestic violence, sexual violence, or stalking;

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57 b. The applicant fears further acts of violence, stalking, retribution, or intimidation from the 58 applicant's assailant, abuser, or trafficker; and

59 c. The applicant is not on active parole or probation supervision requirements under federal, state, or 60 local law.

61 2. A designation of the Office of the Attorney General as agent for the purpose of receiving mail on 62 behalf of the applicant;

63 3. The applicant's actual address to which mail can be forwarded and a telephone number where the 64 applicant can be called;

65 4. A listing of any minor children residing at the applicant's actual address, each minor child's date 66 of birth, and each minor child's relationship to the applicant; and

67 5. The signature of the applicant and any person who assisted in the preparation of the application 68 and the date.

69 C. Upon approval of a completed application, the Office of the Attorney General shall certify the 70 applicant as a program participant. An applicant shall be certified for three years following the date of 71 the approval, unless the certification is withdrawn or invalidated before that date. A program participant 72 may apply to be recertified every three years.

73 D. Upon receipt of first-class mail addressed to a program participant, the Attorney General or his designee shall forward the mail to the actual address of the program participant. The actual address of a 74 75 program participant shall be available only to the Attorney General and to those employees involved in 76 the operation of the Address Confidentiality Program and to law-enforcement officers. A program 77 participant's actual address may be entered into the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN) 78 system so that it may be made known to law-enforcement officers accessing the VCIN system for law-enforcement purposes. 79 80

E. The Office of the Attorney General may cancel a program participant's certification if:

1. The program participant requests withdrawal from the program;

2. The program participant obtains a name change through an order of the court and does not 82 83 provide notice and a copy of the order to the Office of the Attorney General within seven days after 84 entry of the order;

85 3. The program participant changes his residence address and does not provide seven days' notice to 86 the Office of the Attorney General prior to the change of address;

4. The mail forwarded by the Office of the Attorney General to the address provided by the program 87 88 participant is returned as undeliverable; 89

5. Any information contained in the application is false;

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90 6. The program participant has been placed on parole or probation while a participant in the address 91 confidentiality program; or

92 7. The applicant is required to register as a sex offender with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1. 93

94 For purposes of the address confidentiality program, residents of temporary housing for 30 days or 95 less are not eligible to enroll in the address confidentiality program until a permanent residential address 96 is obtained.

97 The application form shall contain a statement notifying each applicant of the provisions of this 98 subsection.

99 F. A program participant may request that any state or local agency use the address designated by 100 the Office of the Attorney General as the program participant's address, except when the program participant is purchasing a firearm from a dealer in firearms. The agency shall accept the address 101 102 designated by the Office of the Attorney General as a program participant's address, unless the agency 103 has received a written exemption from the Office of the Attorney General demonstrating to the 104 satisfaction of the Attorney General that:

105 1. The agency has a bona fide statutory basis for requiring the program participant to disclose to it 106 the actual location of the program participant; and

107 2. The disclosed confidential address of the program participant will be used only for that statutory 108 purpose and will not be disclosed or made available in any way to any other person or agency.

109 A state agency may request an exemption by providing in writing to the Office of the Attorney General identification of the statute or administrative rule that demonstrates the agency's bona fide 110 requirement and authority for the use of the actual address of an individual. A request for a waiver from 111 112 an agency may be for an individual program participant, a class of program participants, or all program participants. The denial of an agency's exemption request shall be in writing and include a statement of 113 the specific reasons for the denial. Acceptance or denial of an agency's exemption request shall 114 115 constitute final agency action.

116 Any state or local agency that discloses the program participant's confidential address provided by the Office of the Attorney General shall be immune from civil liability unless the agency acted with 117

118 gross negligence or willful misconduct. 119

A program participant's actual address shall be disclosed pursuant to a court order.

120 G. Records submitted to or provided by the Office of the Attorney General in accordance with this 121 section shall be exempt from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et 122 seq.) to the extent such records contain information identifying a past or current program participant, 123 including such person's name, actual and designated address, telephone number, and any email address. 124 However, access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject thereof, or the parent or legal 125 guardian of a program participant in cases where the program participant is a minor child or an 126 incapacitated person, except when the parent or legal guardian is named as the program participant's 127 assailant.

128 H. Neither the Office of the Attorney General, its officers or employees, or others who have a 129 responsibility to a program participant under this section shall have any liability nor shall any cause of 130 action arise against them in their official or personal capacity from the failure of a program participant 131 to receive any first class mail forwarded to him by the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to this 132 section. Nor shall any such liability or cause of action arise from the failure of a program participant to 133 timely receive any first class mail forwarded by the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to this 134 section. 135

§ 9.1-900. Purpose of the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry.

136 The purpose of the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry (Registry) shall be to assist 137 the efforts of law-enforcement agencies and others to protect their communities and families from repeat 138 sex offenders and to protect children from becoming victims of criminal offenders by helping to prevent 139 such individuals from being allowed to work directly with children. 140

§ 9.1-901. Persons for whom registration required.

141 A. Every person convicted on or after July 1, 1994, including a juvenile tried and convicted in the 142 circuit court pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as an adult or juvenile, of an offense set forth 143 in § 9.1-902 and every juvenile found delinquent of an offense for which registration is required under 144 subsection G C of § 9.1-902 shall register and, reregister, and verify his registration information as 145 required by this chapter. Every person serving a sentence of confinement on or after July 1, 1994, for a conviction of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and, reregister, and verify his registration 146 information as required by this chapter. Every person under community supervision as defined by 147 148 § 53.1-1 or any similar form of supervision under the laws of the United States or any political 149 subdivision thereof, on or after July 1, 1994, resulting from a conviction of an offense set forth in 150 § 9.1-902 shall register and, reregister, and verify his registration information as required by this 151 chapter.

152 B. Every person found not guilty by reason of insanity on or after July 1, 2007, of an offense set 153 forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and, reregister, and verify his registration information as required by this 154 chapter. Every person in the custody of the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental 155 Services, or on conditional release on or after July 1, 2007, because of a finding of not guilty by reason 156 of insanity of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and, reregister, and verify his registration 157 information as required by this chapter.

158 C. Unless a specific effective date is otherwise provided, all provisions of the Sex Offender and 159 Crimes Against Minors Registry Act shall apply retroactively. This subsection is declaratory of existing 160 law. 161

§ 9.1-902. Offenses requiring registration. 162

A. For purposes of this chapter:

163 "Murder" means a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate § 18.2-31 or 18.2-32 164 where the victim is (i) under 15 years of age or (ii) where the victim is at least 15 years of age but under 18 years of age and the murder is related to an offense listed in this section or a violation of 165 former § 18.1-21 where the victim is (a) under 15 years of age or (b) at least 15 years of age but under 166 18 years of age and the murder is related to an offense listed in this section. 167

"Offense for which registration is required" includes:

169 1. Any Tier I, Tier II, or Tier III offense listed in subsection B;

170 2. Criminal homicide;

171 3. Murder;

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172 4. A sexually violent offense;

173 5. 3. Any offense similar to those listed in subdivisions 1 through 4 a Tier I, Tier II, or Tier III 174 offense under the laws of any foreign country or any political subdivision thereof or the United States or 175 any political subdivision thereof; and

176 $\overline{6}$. 4. Any offense for which registration in a sex offender and crimes against minors registry is 177 required under the laws of the jurisdiction where the offender was convicted.

B. The offenses included under this subsection include "Tier I offense" means (i) any homicide in 178

179 conjunction with a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate clause (i) of § 18.2-371 180 or § 18.2-371.1, when the offenses arise out of the same incident, or (ii) any violation of, attempted 181 violation of, or conspiracy to violate:

182 1. § 18.2-63 unless registration is required pursuant to subdivision E 1 of the definition of Tier III 183 offense; § 18.2-64.1; former § 18.2-67.2:1; § 18.2-90 with the intent to commit rape; former § 18.1-88 184 with the intent to commit rape; any felony violation of § 18.2-346; any violation of subdivision (4) of § 18.2-355; any violation of subsection C of § 18.2-357.1; subsection B or C of § 18.2-374.1:1; former 185 186 subsection D of § 18.2-374.1:1 as it was in effect from July 1, 1994, through June 30, 2007; former 187 clause (iv) of subsection B of § 18.2-374.3 as it was in effect on June 30, 2007; subsection $B_7 C_7$ or D_7 188 of § 18.2-374.3; or a third or subsequent conviction of (i) § 18.2-67.4, (ii) § 18.2-67.4:2, (iii) subsection 189 C of § 18.2-67.5, or (iv) § 18.2-386.1.

190 If the offense was committed on or after July 1, 2006, § 18.2-91 with the intent to commit any 191 felony offense listed in this section; subsection A of § 18.2-374.1:1; or a felony under § 18.2-67.5:1.

192 2. Where the victim is a minor or is physically helpless or mentally incapacitated as defined in § 18.2-67.10, subsection A of § 18.2-47, clause (i) of § 18.2-48, § 18.2-67.4, subsection C of § 18.2-67.5, § 18.2-361, § 18.2-366, or a felony violation of former § 18.1-191. 193 194 195

3. § 18.2-370.6.

196 4. If the offense was committed on or after July 1, 2016, and where the perpetrator is 18 years of 197 age or older and the victim is under the age of 13, any violation of § 18.2-51.2.

198 5. If the offense was committed on or after July 1, 2016, any violation of § 18.2-356 punishable as a 199 Class 3 felony or any violation of § 18.2-357 punishable as a Class 3 felony.

200 6. If the offense was committed on or after July 1, 2019, any felony violation of § 18.2-348 or 201 18.2-349.

202 C. "Criminal homicide" means a homicide in conjunction with a violation of, attempted violation of, 203 or conspiracy to violate clause (i) of § 18.2-371 or § 18.2-371.1, when the offenses arise out of the same 204 incident.

205 D. "Murder" means a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate § 18.2-31 or 206 § 18.2-32 where the victim is (i) under 15 years of age or (ii) where the victim is at least 15 years of 207 age but under 18 years of age and the murder is related to an offense listed in this section or a violation 208 of former § 18.1-21 where the victim is (a) under 15 years of age or (b) at least 15 years of age but 209 under 18 years of age and the murder is related to an offense listed in this section.

210 E. "Sexually violent offense" "Tier II offense" means any violation of, attempted violation of, or 211 conspiracy to violate § 18.2-64.1, subsection C of § 18.2-374.1:1, or subsection C, D, or E of 212 § 18.2-374.3. 213

"Tier III offense" means a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate:

214 1. Clause (ii) and (iii) of § 18.2-48, former § 18.1-38 with the intent to defile or, for the purpose of concubinage or prostitution, a felony violation of subdivision (2) or (3) of former § 18.1-39 that involves 215 assisting or aiding in such an abduction, § 18.2-61, former § 18.1-44 when such act is accomplished 216 against the complaining witness's will, by force, or through the use of the complaining witness's mental 217 218 incapacity or physical helplessness, or if the victim is under 13 years of age, subsection A of § 18.2-63 219 where the perpetrator is more than five years older than the victim, § 18.2-67.1, § 18.2-67.2, § 18.2-67.3, 220 former § 18.1-215 when the complaining witness is under 13 years of age, § 18.2-67.4 where the 221 perpetrator is 18 years of age or older and the victim is under the age of six, subsections A and B of 222 § 18.2-67.5, § 18.2-370, subdivision (1), (2), or (4) of former § 18.1-213, former § 18.1-214, 223 § 18.2-370.1, or § 18.2-374.1;

224 2. § 18.2-63, § 18.2-64.1, former § 18.2-67.2:1, § 18.2-90 with the intent to commit rape or, where 225 the victim is a minor or is physically helpless or mentally incapacitated as defined in § 18.2-67.10, 226 subsection A of § 18.2-47, § 18.2-67.4, subsection C of § 18.2-67.5, clause (i) of § 18.2-48, § 18.2-361, 227 § 18.2-366, or subsection C of § 18.2-374.1:1. An offense listed under this subdivision shall be deemed 228 a sexually violent *Tier III* offense only if the person has been convicted or adjudicated delinquent of any 229 two or more such offenses, provided that person had been at liberty between such convictions or 230 adjudications;

231 3. If the offense was committed on or after July 1, 2006, § 18.2-91 with the intent to commit any 232 felony offense listed in this section. An offense listed under this subdivision shall be deemed a sexually 233 violent Tier III offense only if the person has been convicted or adjudicated delinquent of any two or 234 more such offenses, provided that the person had been at liberty between such convictions or 235 adjudications; or

236 4. Chapter 117 (18 U.S.C. § 2421 et seq.) of Title 18 of the United States Code or sex trafficking (as 237 described in § 1591 of Title 18, U.S.C.).

238 F. "Any offense listed in subsection B," "criminal homicide" B. "Tier I offense" as defined in this section, "Tier II offense" as defined in this section, "Tier III offense" as defined in this section, and 239

"murder" as defined in this section, and "sexually violent offense" as defined in this section includes (i) 240 241 include any similar offense under the laws of any foreign country or any political subdivision thereof or 242 the United States or any political subdivision thereof or (ii) any offense for which registration in a sex 243 offender and crimes against minors registry is required under the laws of the jurisdiction where the 244 offender was convicted.

245 G. C. Juveniles adjudicated delinquent shall not be required to register; however, where the offender 246 is a juvenile over the age of 13 at the time of the offense who is tried as a juvenile and is adjudicated 247 delinquent on or after July 1, 2005, of any offense for which registration is required, the court may, in 248 its discretion and upon motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth, find that the circumstances of the 249 offense require offender registration. In making its determination, the court shall consider all of the 250 following factors that are relevant to the case: (i) the degree to which the delinquent act was committed 251 with the use of force, threat, or intimidation, (ii) the age and maturity of the complaining witness, (iii) 252 the age and maturity of the offender, (iv) the difference in the ages of the complaining witness and the 253 offender, (v) the nature of the relationship between the complaining witness and the offender, (vi) the 254 offender's prior criminal history, and (vii) any other aggravating or mitigating factors relevant to the 255 case. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file such a motion at any time during which the offender 256 is within the jurisdiction of the court for the offense that is the basis for such motion. Prior to any 257 hearing on such motion, the court shall appoint a qualified and competent attorney-at-law to represent 258 the offender unless an attorney has been retained and appears on behalf of the offender or counsel has 259 already been appointed.

260 H. D. Prior to entering judgment of conviction of an offense for which registration is required if the 261 victim of the offense was a minor, physically helpless, or mentally incapacitated, when the indictment, 262 warrant, or information does not allege that the victim of the offense was a minor, physically helpless, 263 or mentally incapacitated, the court shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence whether the 264 victim of the offense was a minor, physically helpless, or mentally incapacitated, as defined in 265 § 18.2-67.10, and shall also determine the age of the victim at the time of the offense if it determines 266 the victim to be a minor. When such a determination is required, the court shall advise the defendant of 267 its determination and of the defendant's right to make a motion to withdraw a plea of guilty or nolo 268 contendere pursuant to § 19.2-296. If the court grants the defendant's motion to withdraw his plea of 269 guilty or of nolo contendere, his case shall be heard by another judge, unless the parties agree otherwise. 270 Failure to make such determination or so advise the defendant does not otherwise invalidate the 271 underlying conviction. 272

§ 9.1-903. Registration and reregistration procedures.

273 A. Every person convicted, including juveniles tried and convicted in the circuit courts pursuant to 274 § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as an adult or juvenile, of an offense for which registration is required 275 and every juvenile found delinquent of an offense for which registration is required under subsection G 276 C of § 9.1-902 shall be required upon conviction to register and, reregister, and verify his registration 277 information with the Department of State Police. The court shall order the person to provide to the local 278 law-enforcement agency of the county or city where he physically resides all information required by the 279 State Police for inclusion in the Registry. The court shall immediately remand the person to the custody 280 of the local law-enforcement agency for the purpose of obtaining the person's fingerprints and 281 photographs of a type and kind specified by the State Police for inclusion in the Registry. Upon 282 conviction, the local law-enforcement agency shall forthwith forward to the State Police all the necessary 283 registration information.

B. Every person required to register shall register in person within three days of his release from 284 confinement in a state, local or juvenile correctional facility, in a state civil commitment program for 285 286 sexually violent predators or, if a sentence of confinement is not imposed, within three days of 287 suspension of the sentence or in the case of a juvenile of disposition. A person required to register shall 288 register, and as part of the registration shall submit to be photographed, submit to have a sample of his 289 blood, saliva, or tissue taken for DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis and submission to the DNA 290 databank to determine identification characteristics specific to the person, provide electronic mail address information, any instant message, chat or other Internet communication name or identity information that 291 292 the person uses or intends to use, submit to have his fingerprints and palm prints taken, provide 293 information regarding his place of employment, and provide motor vehicle, watercraft and aircraft 294 registration information for all motor vehicles, watercraft and aircraft owned by him. The local 295 law-enforcement agency shall obtain from the person who presents himself for registration or 296 reregistration one set of fingerprints, electronic mail address information, any instant message, chat or 297 other Internet communication name or identity information that the person uses or intends to use, one 298 set of palm prints, place of employment information, motor vehicle, watercraft and aircraft registration 299 information for all motor vehicles, watercraft and aircraft owned by the registrant, proof of residency 300 and a photograph of a type and kind specified by the State Police for inclusion in the Registry and

advise the person of his duties regarding reregistration and verification of his registration information.
The local law-enforcement agency shall obtain from the person who presents himself for registration a sample of his blood, saliva or tissue taken for DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) analysis to determine identification characteristics specific to the person. If a sample has been previously taken from the person, as indicated by the Local Inmate Data System (LIDS), no additional sample shall be taken. The local law-enforcement agency shall forthwith forward to the State Police all necessary registration information.

C. To establish proof of residence in Virginia, a person who has a permanent physical address shall
present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the Commonwealth which
contains the person's complete name, gender, date of birth and complete physical address. The local
law-enforcement agency shall forthwith forward to the State Police a copy of the identification presented
by the person required to register.

D. Any person required to register shall also reregister in person with the local law-enforcement 313 314 agency following any change of name or any change of residence, whether within or without the 315 Commonwealth. The person shall register in person with the local law-enforcement agency within three 316 days following his change of name. If his new residence is within the Commonwealth, the person shall 317 register in person with the local law-enforcement agency where his new residence is located within three 318 days following his change in residence. If the new residence is located outside of the Commonwealth, 319 the person shall register in person with the local law-enforcement agency where he previously registered 320 within 10 days prior to his change of residence. If a probation or parole officer becomes aware of a 321 change of name or residence for any of his probationers or parolees required to register, the probation or 322 parole officer shall notify the State Police forthwith of learning of the change. Whenever a person 323 subject to registration changes residence to another state, the State Police shall notify the designated 324 law-enforcement agency of that state.

325 E. Any person required to register shall reregister in person with the local law-enforcement agency 326 where his residence is located within three days following any change of the place of employment, whether within or without the Commonwealth. If a probation or parole officer becomes aware of a 327 328 change of the place of employment for any of his probationers or parolees required to register, the 329 probation or parole officer shall notify the State Police forthwith upon learning of the change of the 330 person's place of employment. Whenever a person subject to registration changes his place of 331 employment to another state, the State Police shall notify the designated law-enforcement agency of that 332 state.

333 F. Any person required to register shall reregister in person with the local law-enforcement agency 334 where his residence is located within three days following any change of owned motor vehicle, 335 watercraft and aircraft registration information, whether within or without the Commonwealth. If a 336 probation or parole officer becomes aware of a change of owned motor vehicle, watercraft and aircraft registration information for any of his probationers or parolees required to register, the probation or 337 338 parole officer shall notify the State Police forthwith upon learning of the change of the person's owned 339 motor vehicle, watercraft and aircraft registration information. Whenever a person required to register 340 changes his owned motor vehicle, watercraft and aircraft registration information to another state, the 341 State Police shall notify the designated law-enforcement agency of that state.

342 G. Any person required to register shall reregister either in person or electronically with the local 343 law-enforcement agency where his residence is located within 30 minutes following any change of the 344 electronic mail address information, any instant message, chat or other Internet communication name or 345 identity information that the person uses or intends to use, whether within or without the 346 Commonwealth. If a probation or parole officer becomes aware of a change of the electronic mail 347 address information, any instant message, chat or other Internet communication name or identity 348 information for any of his probationers or parolees required to register, the probation or parole officer 349 shall notify the State Police forthwith upon learning of the change.

H. Every person required to register shall submit to be photographed by a local law-enforcement
agency every two years, during such person's required verification month and time interval pursuant to
subsection B of § 9.1-904, commencing with the date of initial verification. The local law-enforcement
agency shall forthwith forward the photograph of a type and kind specified by the State Police to the
State Police. Where practical, the local law-enforcement agency may electronically transfer a digital
photograph containing the required information to the Registry.

I. Upon registration and every two years thereafter during such person's required verification month
and time interval pursuant to subsection B of § 9.1-904, every person required to register shall be
required to execute a consent form consistent with applicable law that authorizes a business or
organization that offers electronic communications or remote computer services to provide to the
Department of State Police any information pertaining to that person necessary to determine the
veracity of his electronic identity information in the Registry.

362 J. The registration shall be maintained in the Registry and shall include the person's name, any 363 former name if he has lawfully changed his name during the period for which he is required to register, 364 all aliases that he has used or under which he may have been known, the date and locality of the conviction for which registration is required, his fingerprints and a photograph of a type and kind 365 366 specified by the State Police, his date of birth, social security number, current physical and mailing 367 address and a description of the offense or offenses for which he was convicted. The registration shall 368 also include the locality of the conviction and a description of the offense or offenses for previous 369 convictions for the offenses set forth in § 9.1-902.

370 H. K. The local law-enforcement agency shall forthwith forward to the State Police all necessary registration or reregistration information received by it. Upon receipt of registration or reregistration 371 372 information the State Police shall forthwith notify the chief law-enforcement officer of the locality listed 373 as the person's address on the registration and reregistration.

374 J_{τ} L. If a person required to register does not have a legal residence, such person shall designate a 375 location that can be located with reasonable specificity where he resides or habitually locates himself. For the purposes of this section, "residence" shall include such a designated location. If the person 376 377 wishes to change such designated location, he shall do it pursuant to the terms of this section. 378

§ 9.1-904. (Effective July 1, 2020) Periodic verification.

379 A. Every person required to register shall reregister with the State Police on a schedule pursuant to 380 this section. Reregistration For purposes of this chapter, "verify his registration information" means that 381 the person required to register has notified the State Police; confirmed his current physical and mailing 382 address and electronic mail address information and any instant message, chat, or other Internet 383 communication name or identity information that he uses or intends to use; and provided such other 384 information, including identifying information, that the State Police may require. Upon registration and 385 as may be necessary thereafter, the

386 B. Any person required to register shall verify his registration information with the State Police, 387 during such person's required verification month and time interval, commencing with the date of initial 388 registration, as follows:

389 1. Any person convicted of a Tier III offense or murder, four times each year at three-month 390 intervals, including the person's birth month; and

391 2. Any person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-472.1, in which such person was included on the 392 Registry for a conviction of a Tier III offense or murder, every month.

393 C. The State Police shall provide make available to the person with an address verification form to 394 be used for reregistration verification of his registration information. The form shall contain in bold 395 print a statement indicating that failure to comply with the registration verification required is punishable 396 as provided in § 18.2-472.1. Copies of all forms to be used for reregistration verification and guidelines for submitting such forms, including month and time reregistration verification intervals pursuant to subsections C and D, shall be available through distribution by the State Police, from local 397 398 399 law-enforcement agencies, and in a format capable of being downloaded and printed from a website 400 maintained by the State Police. Upon registration and as may be necessary thereafter, the person shall 401 likewise be required to execute a consent form consistent with applicable law that authorizes a business 402 or organization that offers electronic communications or remote computer services to provide to the 403 Department of State Police any information pertaining to that person necessary to determine the veracity 404 of his electronic identity information in the registry.

405 B. Every person required to register pursuant to this chapter shall submit to be photographed by a 406 local law-enforcement agency every two years, during such person's required reregistration month and time interval pursuant to subsections C and D, commencing with the date of initial reregistration. 407 408 Photographs shall be in color, be taken with the registrant facing the camera, and clearly show the 409 registrant's face and shoulders only. No person other than the registrant may appear in the photograph 410 submitted. The photograph shall indicate the registrant's full name, date of birth and the date the 411 photograph was taken. The local law-enforcement agency shall forthwith forward the photograph and the 412 registration form to the State Police. Where practical, the local law-enforcement agency may 413 electronically transfer a digital photograph containing the required information to the Sex Offender and 414 Crimes Against Minors Registry within the State Police.

415 C. Every person required to register, other than a person convicted of a sexually violent offense or 416 murder, shall reregister with the State Police once each year during such person's birth month. Every 417 person convicted of a sexually violent offense or murder shall reregister with the State Police four times 418 each year at three-month intervals, including the person's birth month. Any person convicted of a 419 violation of § 18.2-472.1, other than a person convicted of a sexually violent offense or murder, shall 420 reregister with the State Police twice each year: once in the person's birth month and once in the month 421 that is six months from the person's birth month. Any person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-472.1, in 422 which such person was included on the Registry for a conviction of a sexually violent offense or

423 murder, shall reregister with the State Police every month.

424 D. Persons required to register with last names beginning with A through L shall reregister verify 425 their registration information with the State Police from the first to the fifteenth of such person's 426 reregistration verification months pursuant to subsection C B, and persons required to register with last 427 names beginning with M through Z shall reregister verify their registration information with the State 428 Police from the sixteenth to the last day of the month during such person's reregistration verification 429 months pursuant to subsection $\in B$. The last name shall be the last name in the person's name pursuant 430 to \S 9.1-903 as it appears in the Registry.

431 E. For the period of July 1, 2020, to July 1, 2021, any person required to reregister verify his 432 registration information shall continue to reregister verify his resignation information with the State 433 Police on such person's reregistration verification schedule in place prior to July 1, 2020, until such 434 person has reregistered verified his registration information pursuant to the new reregistration *verification* schedule provided in subsections \in and $\stackrel{\circ}{D}$ subsection B, at which time such person shall 435 continue to reregister verify his registration information pursuant to the new reregistration verification 436 437 schedule provided in subsections C and D. 438

§ 9.1-906. Enrollment or employment at institution of higher education; information required.

439 A. Persons required to register or, reregister, or verify their registration information who are enrolled 440 in or employed at institutions of higher education shall, in addition to other registration requirements, 441 indicate on their registration and, reregistration, and verification form the name and location of the 442 institution attended by or employing the registrant whether such institution is within or without the 443 Commonwealth. In addition, persons required to register or, reregister, or verify their registration 444 information shall notify the local law-enforcement agency in person within three days of any change in 445 their enrollment or employment status with an institution of higher education. The local law-enforcement 446 agency shall forthwith forward to the State Police all necessary registration or reregistration information 447 received by it.

448 B. Upon receipt of a registration or, reregistration, or verification of registration information 449 indicating enrollment or employment with an institution of higher education or notification of a change 450 in status, the State Police shall notify the chief law-enforcement officer of the institution's 451 law-enforcement agency or, if there is no institutional law-enforcement agency, the local 452 law-enforcement agency serving that institution, of the registration, reregistration, verification of 453 registration information, or change in status. The law-enforcement agency receiving notification under 454 this section shall make such information available upon request.

455 C. For purposes of this section:

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456 "Employment" includes full- or part-time, temporary or permanent or contractual employment at an 457 institution of higher education either with or without compensation.

458 "Enrollment" includes both full- and part-time.

"Institution of higher education" means any postsecondary school, trade or professional institution, or 459 460 institution of higher education.

§ 9.1-907. Procedures upon a failure to register, reregister, or verify registration information.

462 A. Whenever it appears from the records of the State Police that a person has failed to comply with 463 the duty to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information, the State Police shall promptly 464 investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe a violation has occurred, obtain a warrant or assist 465 in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the person 466 last registered or, reregistered, or verified his registration information or, if the person failed to comply 467 with the duty to register, in the jurisdiction in which the person was last convicted of an offense for 468 which registration or reregistration is required or if the person was convicted of an offense requiring 469 registration outside the Commonwealth, in the jurisdiction in which the person resides. The State Police 470 shall forward to the jurisdiction an affidavit signed by a custodian of the records that such person failed 471 to comply with the duty to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information. If such affidavit 472 is admitted into evidence, it shall constitute prima facie evidence of the failure to comply with the duty 473 to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information in any trial or hearing for the violation of 474 § 18.2-472.1, provided that in a trial or hearing other than a preliminary hearing, the requirements of 475 subsection G of § 18.2-472.1 have been satisfied and the accused has not objected to the admission of 476 the affidavit pursuant to subsection H of § 18.2-472.1. The State Police shall also promptly notify the 477 local law-enforcement agency of the jurisdiction of the person's last known residence as shown in the 478 records of the State Police.

479 B. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a law-enforcement officer employed by a sheriff's office or 480 police department of a locality from enforcing the provisions of this chapter, including obtaining a **481** warrant, or assisting in obtaining an indictment for a violation of § 18.2-472.1. The local 482 law-enforcement agency shall notify the State Police forthwith of such actions taken pursuant to this 483 chapter or under the authority granted pursuant to this section.

484 C. The State Police shall physically verify or cause to be physically verified the registration 485 information within 30 days of the initial registration and semiannually each year thereafter and within 30 486 days of a change of address of those persons who are not under the control of the Department of 487 Corrections or community supervision as defined by § 53.1-1, who are required to register pursuant to 488 this chapter. Whenever it appears that a person has provided false registration information, the State 489 Police shall promptly investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred, 490 obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the 491 jurisdiction in which the person last registered or, reregistered, or verified his registration information. 492 The State Police shall forward to the jurisdiction an affidavit signed by a custodian of the records that 493 such person failed to comply with the provisions of this chapter. If such affidavit is admitted into 494 evidence, it shall constitute prima facie evidence of the failure to comply with the provisions of this 495 chapter in any trial or hearing for the violation of § 18.2-472.1, provided that in a trial or hearing other than a preliminary hearing, the requirements of subsection G of § 18.2-472.1 have been satisfied and the 496 497 accused has not objected to the admission of the affidavit pursuant to subsection H of § 18.2-472.1. The 498 State Police shall also promptly notify the local law-enforcement agency of the jurisdiction of the 499 person's last known residence as shown in the records of the State Police.

500 D. The Department of Corrections or community supervision as defined by § 53.1-1 shall physically 501 verify or cause to be physically verified by the State Police the registration information within 30 days of the original registration and semiannually each year thereafter and within 30 days of a change of 502 503 address of all persons who are under the control of the Department of Corrections or community 504 supervision, and those who are under supervision pursuant to § 37.2-919, who are required to register pursuant to this chapter. The Department of Corrections or community supervision, upon request, shall 505 506 provide the State Police the verification information, in an electronic format approved by the State 507 Police, regarding persons under their control who are required to register pursuant to the chapter. Whenever it appears that a person has provided false registration information, the Department of 508 509 Corrections or community supervision shall promptly notify the State Police, who shall investigate and, 510 if there is probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred, obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the person last registered 511 512 or, reregistered, or verified his registration information. The State Police shall forward to the jurisdiction 513 an affidavit signed by a custodian of the records that such person failed to comply with the provisions 514 of this chapter. If such affidavit is admitted into evidence, it shall constitute prima facie evidence of the 515 failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter in any trial or hearing for the violation of 516 § 18.2-472.1, provided that in a trial or hearing other than a preliminary hearing, the requirements of 517 subsection G of § 18.2-472.1 have been satisfied and the accused has not objected to the admission of 518 the affidavit pursuant to subsection H of § 18.2-472.1. The State Police shall also promptly notify the 519 local law-enforcement agency of the jurisdiction of the person's last known residence as shown in the 520 records of the State Police. 521

§ 9.1-908. Duration of registration requirement.

536

522 Any person required to register Θ , reregister, or verify his registration information shall be required 523 to register until the duty to register and, reregister, or verify his registration information is terminated by 524 a court order as set forth in § 9.1-910, except that any person who has been convicted of (i) any 525 sexually violent Tier III offense, (ii) murder or (iii) former § 18.2-67.2:1 shall have a continuing duty to 526 reregister or verify his registration information for life.

527 Any period of confinement in a federal, state, or local correctional facility, hospital, or any other 528 institution or facility during the otherwise applicable period shall toll the registration or verification 529 period and the duty to reregister or verify his registration information shall be extended. Persons 530 confined in a federal, state, or local correctional facility shall not be required to reregister or verify his 531 registration information until released from custody. Persons civilly committed pursuant to Chapter 9 532 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2 shall not be required to reregister or verify his registration information 533 until released from custody. Persons confined in a federal, state, or local correctional facility or civilly 534 committed pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2 shall notify the Registry within three 535 days following any change of name.

§ 9.1-909. Relief from registration, reregistration, or verification.

537 A. Upon expiration of three years from the date upon which the duty to register as a sexually violent 538 *Tier III* offender or murderer is imposed, the person required to register may petition the court in which 539 he was convicted or, if the conviction occurred outside of the Commonwealth, the circuit court in the 540 jurisdiction where he currently resides, for relief from the requirement to reregister every 90 days verify 541 his registration information four times each year at three-month intervals. After five years from the date of his last conviction for a violation of § 18.2-472.1, a sexually violent Tier III offender or murderer 542 may petition for relief from the requirement to reregister monthly verify his registration information 543 544 every month. A person who is required to register may similarly petition the circuit court for relief from

545 the requirement to reregister every 180 days verify his registration twice each year after five years from 546 the date of his last conviction for a violation of § 18.2-472.1. The court shall hold a hearing on the 547 petition, on notice to the attorney for the Commonwealth, to determine whether the person suffers from 548 a mental abnormality or a personality disorder that makes the person a menace to the health and safety 549 of others or significantly impairs his ability to control his sexual behavior. Prior to the hearing the court 550 shall order a comprehensive assessment of the applicant by a panel of three certified sex offender 551 treatment providers as defined in § 54.1-3600. A report of the assessment shall be filed with the court 552 prior to the hearing. The costs of the assessment shall be taxed as costs of the proceeding.

553 If, after consideration of the report and such other evidence as may be presented at the hearing, the 554 court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person does not suffer from a mental abnormality 555 or a personality disorder that makes the person a menace to the health and safety of others or significantly impairs his ability to control his sexual behavior, the petition shall be granted and the duty 556 557 to reregister verify his registration information more frequently than once a year shall be terminated. 558 The court shall promptly notify the State Police upon entry of an order granting the petition. The person 559 shall, however, be under a continuing duty to register annually for life. If the petition is denied, the duty 560 to reregister verify his registration information with the same frequency as before shall continue. An 561 appeal from the denial of a petition shall lie to the Supreme Court.

562 A petition for relief pursuant to this subsection may not be filed within three years from the date on 563 which any previous petition for such relief was denied.

564 B. The duly appointed guardian of a person convicted of an offense requiring registration Θ , 565 reregistration, or verification of his registration information as either a sex offender, sexually violent 566 Tier I, Tier II, or Tier III offender or murderer, who due to a physical condition is incapable of (i) 567 reoffending and (ii) reregistering or verifying his registration information, may petition the court in 568 which the person was convicted for relief from the requirement to reregister or verify his registration information. The court shall hold a hearing on the petition, on notice to the attorney for the 569 570 Commonwealth, to determine whether the person suffers from a physical condition that makes the 571 person (i) no longer a menace to the health and safety of others and (ii) incapable of reregistering or 572 verifying his registration information. Prior to the hearing the court shall order a comprehensive 573 assessment of the applicant by at least two licensed physicians other than the person's primary care 574 physician. A report of the assessment shall be filed with the court prior to the hearing. The costs of the 575 assessment shall be taxed as costs of the proceeding.

576 If, after consideration of the report and such other evidence as may be presented at the hearing, the 577 court finds by clear and convincing evidence that due to his physical condition the person (i) no longer 578 poses a menace to the health and safety of others and (ii) is incapable of reregistering or verifying his 579 registration information, the petition shall be granted and the duty to reregister or verify his registration 580 information shall be terminated. However, for a person whose duty to reregister or verify his registration information was terminated under this subsection, the Department of State Police shall, annually for sex 581 582 offenders Tier I or Tier II offenders and quarterly for persons convicted of sexually violent Tier III 583 offenses and murder, verify and report to the attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction in 584 which the person resides that the person continues to suffer from the physical condition that resulted in 585 such termination.

586 The court shall promptly notify the State Police upon entry of an order granting the petition to 587 terminate the duty to reregister.

588 If the petition is denied, the duty to reregister shall continue. An appeal from the denial of a petition 589 shall be to the Virginia Supreme Court.

590 A petition for relief pursuant to this subsection may not be filed within three years from the date on 591 which any previous petition for such relief was denied.

592 If, at any time, the person's physical condition changes so that he is capable of reoffending or, 593 reregistering, or verifying his registration information, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall file a 594 petition with the circuit court in the jurisdiction where the person resides and the court shall hold a 595 hearing on the petition, with notice to the person and his guardian, to determine whether the person still 596 suffers from a physical condition that makes the person (i) no longer a menace to the health and safety 597 of others and (ii) incapable of reregistering or verifying his registration information. If the petition is 598 granted, the duty to reregister shall commence from the date of the court's order. An appeal from the 599 denial or granting of a petition shall be to the Virginia Supreme Court. Prior to the hearing the court 600 shall order a comprehensive assessment of the applicant by at least two licensed physicians other than 601 the person's primary care physician. A report of the assessment shall be filed with the court prior to the 602 hearing. The costs of the assessment shall be taxed as costs of the proceeding. 603

§ 9.1-910. Removal of name and information from Registry.

604 A. Any person required to register, other than a person who has been convicted of any (i) sexually violent Tier III offense, (ii) two or more offenses for which registration is required, (iii) a violation of 605

606 former § 18.2-67.2:1, or (iv) murder, may petition the circuit court in which he was convicted or the **607** circuit court in the jurisdiction where he then resides for removal of his name and all identifying information from the Registry. A person who is required to register for a single Tier I offense may 608 609 petition may not be filed the court no earlier than 15 years, or 25 years for violations of § 18.2-64.1, 610 subsection C of § 18.2-374.1:1, or subsection C, D, or E of § 18.2-374.3, or of any similar offense under the laws of any foreign country or any political subdivision thereof or the United States or any political 611 612 subdivision thereof, after from the later of the date of initial registration nor earlier than 15 years, or 25 613 years for violations of § 18.2-64.1, subsection C of § 18.2-374.1:1, or subsection C, D, or E of 614 <u>§ 18.2-374.3</u>, or of any similar offense under the laws of any foreign country or any political subdivision thereof or the United States or any political subdivision thereof, from or the date of his last conviction 615 616 for (a) a violation of § 18.2-472.1 or (b) any felony. A person who is required to register for a single Tier II offense may petition the court no earlier than 25 years from the later of the date of initial 617 registration or the date of his last conviction for (1) a violation of § 18.2-472.1 or (2) any felony. 618

619 B. A petition may not be filed until all court ordered treatment, counseling, and restitution has been 620 completed. The court shall obtain a copy of the petitioner's complete criminal history and registration and, reregistration, and verification of registration information history from the Registry and then hold a **621** 622 hearing on the petition at which the applicant and any interested persons may present witnesses and 623 other evidence. The Commonwealth shall be made a party to any action under this section. If, after such 624 hearing, the court is satisfied that such person no longer poses a risk to public safety, the court shall 625 grant the petition. In the event the petition is not granted, the person shall wait at least 24 months from 626 the date of the denial to file a new petition for removal from the Registry.

627 B. C. The State Police shall remove from the Registry the name of any person and all identifying 628 information upon receipt of an order granting a petition pursuant to subsection A B.

629 § 9.1-911. Registry maintenance.

The Registry shall include conviction data received from the courts, including the disposition records for juveniles tried and convicted in the circuit courts pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, on convictions for offenses for which registration is required and registrations and, reregistrations, and verification of registration information received from persons required to do so. The Registry shall also include a separate indication that a person has been convicted of a sexually violent *Tier III* offense. The State Police shall forthwith transmit the appropriate information as required by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the National Sex Offender Registry.

637 § 9.1-912. Registry access and dissemination; fees.

638 A. Except as provided in § 9.1-913 and subsection B or C of this section, Registry information shall 639 be disseminated upon request made directly to the State Police or to the State Police through a local 640 law-enforcement agency. Such information may be disclosed to any person requesting information on a 641 specific individual in accordance with subsection B. The State Police shall make Registry information 642 available, upon request, to criminal justice agencies including local law-enforcement agencies through 643 the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN). Registry information provided under this section 644 shall be used for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice, for the screening of current or 645 prospective employees or volunteers or otherwise for the protection of the public in general and children 646 in particular. The Superintendent of State Police may by regulation establish a fee not to exceed \$15 for responding to requests for information from the Registry. Any fees collected shall be deposited in a 647 648 special account to be used to offset the costs of administering the Registry.

649 B. Information regarding a specific person shall be disseminated upon receipt of an official request 650 form that may be submitted directly to the State Police or to the State Police through a local 651 law-enforcement agency. The official request form shall include a statement of the reason for the 652 request; the name and address of the person requesting the information; the name, address and, if 653 known, the social security number of the person about whom information is sought; and such other 654 information as the State Police may require to ensure reliable identification.

655 C. Registry information regarding all registered offender's electronic mail address information, any 656 instant message, chat or other Internet communication name or identity information may be 657 electronically transmitted by the Department of State Police to a business or organization that offers 658 electronic communication or remote computing services for the purpose of prescreening users or for 659 comparison with information held by the requesting business or organization. In order to obtain the 660 information from the Department of State Police, the requesting business or organization that offers 661 electronic communication or remote computing services shall agree to notify the Department of State 662 Police forthwith when a comparison indicates that any such registered sex offender's electronic mail address information, any instant message, chat or other Internet communication name or identity 663 information is being used on their system. The requesting business or organization shall also agree that 664 665 the information will not be further disseminated.

666 § 9.1-913. Public dissemination by means of the Internet.

667 The State Police shall develop and maintain a system for making certain Registry information on 668 persons convicted of an offense for which registration is required publicly available by means of the 669 Internet. The information to be made available shall include the offender's name; all aliases that he has 670 used or under which he may have been known; the date and locality of the conviction and a brief 671 description of the offense; his age, current address, and photograph; his current work address; the name 672 of any institution of higher education at which he is currently enrolled; and such other information as 673 the State Police may from time to time determine is necessary to preserve public safety, including but 674 not limited to the fact that an individual is wanted for failing to register or, reregister, or verify his 675 *registration information.* The system shall be secure and not capable of being altered except by the State 676 Police. The system shall be updated each business day with newly received registrations and, 677 reregistrations and verifications of registration information. The State Police shall remove all 678 information that it knows to be inaccurate from the Internet system.

679 § 9.1-914. Automatic notification of registration to certain entities; electronic notification to 680 requesting persons.

681 Any school, day-care service and child-minding service, state-regulated or state-licensed child day 682 center, child day program, children's residential facility, family day home, assisted living facility or foster home as defined in § 63.2-100, nursing home or certified nursing facility as defined in § 32.1-123, 683 684 association of a common interest community as defined in § 54.1-2345, and institution of higher 685 education may request from the State Police and, upon compliance with the requirements therefor **686** established by the State Police, shall be eligible to receive from the State Police electronic notice of the **687** registration or, reregistration, or verification of registration information of any sex offender and if such 688 entities do not have the capability of receiving such electronic notice, the entity may register with the 689 State Police to receive written notification of sex offender registration or verification 690 of registration information. Within three business days of receipt by the State Police of registration Θ_{π} , reregistration, or verification of registration information, the State Police shall electronically or in writing notify an entity listed above that has requested such notification, has complied with the 691 692 requirements established by the State Police and is located in the same or a contiguous zip code area as 693 694 the address of the offender as shown on the registration.

695 The Virginia Council for Private Education shall annually provide the State Police, in an electronic 696 format approved by the State Police, with the location of every private school in the Commonwealth that is accredited through one of the approved accrediting agencies of the Council, and an electronic **697** 698 mail address for each school if available, for purposes of receiving notice under this section.

699 Any person may request from the State Police and, upon compliance with the requirements therefor 700 established by the State Police, shall be eligible to receive from the State Police electronic notice of the 701 registration or, reregistration, or verification of registration information of any sex offender. Within three 702 business days of receipt by the State Police of registration or, reregistration, or verification of registration information, the State Police shall electronically notify a person who has requested such 703 704 notification, has complied with the requirements established by the State Police and is located in the 705 same or a contiguous zip code area as the address of the offender as shown on the registration.

706 The State Police shall establish reasonable guidelines governing the automatic dissemination of 707 Registry information, which may include the payment of a fee, whether a one-time fee or a regular 708 assessment, to maintain the electronic access. The fee, if any, shall defray the costs of establishing and 709 maintaining the electronic notification system and notice by mail. 710

For the purposes of this section:

"Child-minding service" means provision of temporary custodial care or supervisory services for the 711 712 minor child of another;

713 "Day-care service" means provision of supplementary care and protection during a part of the day for 714 the minor child of another; and

715 "School" means any public, religious or private educational institution, including any preschool, 716 elementary school, secondary school, post-secondary school, trade or professional institution, or 717 institution of higher education. 718

§ 9.1-918. Misuse of registry or supplement information; penalty.

Use of registry information or information from the Supplement to the Registry established pursuant 719 720 to § 9.1-923 for purposes not authorized by this chapter is prohibited, the unlawful use of the 721 information contained in or derived from the Registry or Supplement for purposes of intimidating or 722 harassing another is prohibited, and a willful violation of this chapter is a Class 1 misdemeanor. For 723 purposes of this section, absent other aggravating circumstances, the mere republication or reasonable 724 distribution of material contained on or derived from the publicly available Internet sex offender 725 database shall not be deemed intimidation or harassment. 726

§ 15.2-2283.1. Prohibition of sexual offender treatment office in residentially zoned subdivision.

727 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no individual shall knowingly provide sex offender

728 treatment services to a convicted sex offender person required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 in an office or

729 730 similar facility located in a residentially zoned subdivision.

§ 16.1-228. Definitions.

731

732 When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

733 "Abused or neglected child" means any child:

734 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 735 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 736 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement or impairment of bodily or mental 737 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 738 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 739 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 740 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 741 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

742 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 743 necessary for his health; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 744 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 745 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child;

746 3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

747 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any 748 sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

749 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 750 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 751 parentis;

752 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 753 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 754 defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who 755 the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a 756 minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

757 7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in 758 the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for Victims 759 of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq.

760 If a civil proceeding under this chapter is based solely on the parent having left the child at a 761 hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely 762 delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 763 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services personnel, within 14 days of the 764 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for 765 adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

766 "Adoptive home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which a child resides as a 767 member of the household and in which he has been placed for the purposes of adoption or in which he 768 has been legally adopted by another member of the household.

769 "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

770 "Ancillary crime" or "ancillary charge" means any delinquent act committed by a juvenile as a part 771 of the same act or transaction as, or which constitutes a part of a common scheme or plan with, a 772 delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

773 "Boot camp" means a short term secure or nonsecure juvenile residential facility with highly 774 structured components including, but not limited to, military style drill and ceremony, physical labor, 775 education and rigid discipline, and no less than six months of intensive aftercare. 776

"Child," "juvenile," or "minor" means a person less than 18 years of age.

777 "Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results 778 in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child or (ii) a child under the age of 14 779 whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and 780 physical safety of another person; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by 781 spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 782 religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor 783 shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a 784 result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, 785 emotional or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone.

786 However, to find that a child falls within these provisions, (i) the conduct complained of must 787 present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another 788 person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being

789 received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or 790 services needed by the child or his family. 791

"Child in need of supervision" means:

792 1. A child who, while subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually and without justification 793 absent from school, and (i) the child has been offered an adequate opportunity to receive the benefit of 794 any and all educational services and programs that are required to be provided by law and which meet 795 the child's particular educational needs, (ii) the school system from which the child is absent or other 796 appropriate agency has made a reasonable effort to effect the child's regular attendance without success, 797 and (iii) the school system has provided documentation that it has complied with the provisions of 798 § 22.1-258; or

799 2. A child who, without reasonable cause and without the consent of his parent, lawful custodian or 800 placement authority, remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian on more 801 than one occasion or escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility in which he has been placed by the court, and (i) such conduct presents a clear and substantial danger to 802 the child's life or health, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not 803 804 presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, 805 rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family.

806 "Child welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, child-caring institution or independent foster 807 home as defined in § 63.2-100.

808 "The court" or the "juvenile court" or the "juvenile and domestic relations court" means the juvenile 809 and domestic relations district court of each county or city.

810 "Delinquent act" means (i) an act designated a crime under the law of the Commonwealth, or an 811 ordinance of any city, county, town, or service district, or under federal law, (ii) a violation of 812 § 18.2-308.7, or (iii) a violation of a court order as provided for in § 16.1-292, but shall not include an act other than a violation of § 18.2-308.7, which is otherwise lawful, but is designated a crime only if committed by a child. For purposes of §§ 16.1-241 and 16.1-278.9, the term shall include a refusal to take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance of any county, city, or town. 813 814 815

816 "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act or an adult who has committed 817 a delinquent act prior to his 18th birthday, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been 818 terminated under the provisions of § 16.1-269.6.

819 "Department" means the Department of Juvenile Justice and "Director" means the administrative head 820 in charge thereof or such of his assistants and subordinates as are designated by him to discharge the 821 duties imposed upon him under this law.

822 "Family abuse" means any act involving violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or 823 places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by 824 a person against such person's family or household member. Such act includes, but is not limited to, any 825 forceful detention, stalking, criminal sexual assault in violation of Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of 826 Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any criminal offense that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable 827 apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury.

828 "Family or household member" means (i) the person's spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the 829 same home with the person, (ii) the person's former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same 830 home with the person, (iii) the person's parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, 831 half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in 832 the same home with the person, (iv) the person's mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, 833 daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) 834 any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that 835 individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits 836 or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them 837 then residing in the same home with the person.

"Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an 838 839 established relationship with the child or his family.

840 "Foster care services" means the provision of a full range of casework, treatment and community 841 services for a planned period of time to a child who is abused or neglected as defined in § 63.2-100 or 842 in need of services as defined in this section and his family when the child (i) has been identified as 843 needing services to prevent or eliminate the need for foster care placement, (ii) has been placed through 844 an agreement between the local board of social services or a public agency designated by the community policy and management team and the parents or guardians where legal custody remains with 845 846 the parents or guardians, (iii) has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services or 847 child welfare agency, or (iv) has been placed under the supervisory responsibility of the local board 848 pursuant to § 16.1-293.

849 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in

850 the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing 851 agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 852 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of 853 Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute 854 parental supervision.

855 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 856 of age or older and who has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services 857 858 and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet 859 reached the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his 860 commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 861 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent 862 living arrangement. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money 863 864 management skills development and access to essential documents and other appropriate services to help 865 children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

866 "Intake officer" means a juvenile probation officer appointed as such pursuant to the authority of this867 chapter.

[°]Jail" or "other facility designed for the detention of adults" means a local or regional correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1, except those facilities utilized on a temporary basis as a court holding cell for a child incident to a court hearing or as a temporary lock-up room or ward incident to the transfer of a child to a juvenile facility.

872 "The judge" means the judge or the substitute judge of the juvenile and domestic relations district873 court of each county or city.

874 "This law" or "the law" means the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Law embraced in875 this chapter.

876 "Legal custody" means (i) a legal status created by court order which vests in a custodian the right to
877 have physical custody of the child, to determine and redetermine where and with whom he shall live,
878 the right and duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education
879 and ordinary medical care, all subject to any residual parental rights and responsibilities or (ii) the legal
880 status created by court order of joint custody as defined in § 20-107.2.

881 "Permanent foster care placement" means the place of residence in which a child resides and in 882 which he has been placed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 63.2-900 and 63.2-908 with the expectation 883 and agreement between the placing agency and the place of permanent foster care that the child shall 884 remain in the placement until he reaches the age of majority unless modified by court order or unless 885 removed pursuant to § 16.1-251 or 63.2-1517. A permanent foster care placement may be a place of 886 residence of any natural person or persons deemed appropriate to meet a child's needs on a long-term 887 basis.

888 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of
889 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified
890 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are
891 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

892 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential 893 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that **894** meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 895 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 896 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 897 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts 898 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 899 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 900 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever 901 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 902 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 903 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months 904 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an 905 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 906 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based, 907 908 validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 909 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a 910 foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified

911 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 912 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals 913 established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to 914 915 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282,

916 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

"Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means all rights and responsibilities remaining with the 917 918 parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the person, including but not limited to the 919 right of visitation, consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation and the responsibility 920 for support.

921 "Secure facility" or "detention home" means a local, regional or state public or private locked 922 residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement 923 and activities of children held in lawful custody.

924 "Shelter care" means the temporary care of children in physically unrestricting facilities. "State Board" means the State Board of Juvenile Justice.

925

926 "Status offender" means a child who commits an act prohibited by law which would not be criminal 927 if committed by an adult.

928 "Status offense" means an act prohibited by law which would not be an offense if committed by an 929 adult.

930 "Violent juvenile felony" means any of the delinquent acts enumerated in subsection B or C of 931 § 16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older. 932

§ 18.2-348.1. Promoting travel for prostitution; penalty.

933 It is unlawful for any travel agent to knowingly promote travel services, as defined in § 59.1-445, for 934 the purposes of prostitution or any act in violation of an offense set forth in subdivision E 1 of the definition of Tier III offense as defined in § 9.1-902, made punishable within the Commonwealth, 935 936 whether committed within or without. Violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct 937 offense, and any person violating this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Punishment for a violation of this section shall be separate and apart from any punishment received from any other 938 939 offense. For the purposes of this section "travel agent" means any person who for a consideration 940 consults with or advises persons concerning travel services in the course of his business. 941

§ 18.2-370.5. Offenses prohibiting entry onto school or other property; penalty.

942 A. Every adult who is convicted of a sexually violent Tier III offense, as defined in § 9.1-902, shall 943 be prohibited from entering or being present (i) during school hours, and during school-related or 944 school-sponsored activities upon any property he knows or has reason to know is a public or private 945 elementary or secondary school or child day center property; (ii) on any school bus as defined in 946 § 46.2-100; or (iii) upon any property, public or private, during hours when such property is solely 947 being used by a public or private elementary or secondary school for a school-related or 948 school-sponsored activity.

949 B. The provisions of clauses (i) and (iii) of subsection A shall not apply to such adult if (i) he is a 950 lawfully registered and qualified voter, and is coming upon such property solely for purposes of casting 951 his vote; (ii) he is a student enrolled at the school; or (iii) he has obtained a court order pursuant to 952 subsection C allowing him to enter and be present upon such property, has obtained the permission of 953 the school board or of the owner of the private school or child day center or their designee for entry 954 within all or part of the scope of the lifted ban, and is in compliance with such school board's, school's 955 or center's terms and conditions and those of the court order.

956 C. Every adult who is prohibited from entering upon school or child day center property pursuant to 957 subsection A may after notice to the attorney for the Commonwealth and either (i) the proprietor of the 958 child day center, (ii) the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the chairman of the school board of 959 the school division in which the school is located, or (iii) the chief administrator of the school if such 960 school is not a public school, petition the circuit court in the county or city where the school or child 961 day center is located for permission to enter such property. The court shall direct that the petitioner shall 962 cause notice of the time and place of the hearing on his petition to be published once a week for two 963 successive weeks in a newspaper meeting the requirements of § 8.01-324. The newspaper notice shall 964 contain a provision stating that written comments regarding the petition may be submitted to the clerk of court at least five days prior to the hearing. For good cause shown, the court may issue an order 965 966 permitting the petitioner to enter and be present on such property, subject to whatever restrictions of 967 area, reasons for being present, or time limits the court deems appropriate.

968 D. A violation of this section is punishable as a Class 6 felony.

§ 18.2-472.1. Providing false information or failing to provide registration information; penalty; 969 970 prima facie evidence.

971 A. Any person subject to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, other than a person convicted of

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a sexually violent Tier III offense or murder as defined in § 9.1-902, who knowingly fails to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information, or who knowingly provides materially false information to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this subsection is a Class 6 felony.

B. Any person convicted of a sexually violent Tier III offense or murder, as defined in § 9.1-902,
who knowingly fails to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information, or who knowingly
provides materially false information to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry is guilty
of a Class 6 felony. A second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this subsection is a Class 5
felony.

981 C. A prosecution pursuant to this section shall be brought in the city or county where the offender
982 can be found or where the offender last registered or, reregistered, or verified his registration
983 information or, if the offender failed to comply with the duty to register, where the offender was last
984 convicted of an offense for which registration or reregistration is required.

D. At any preliminary hearing pursuant to this section, an affidavit from the State Police issued as required in § 9.1-907 shall be admitted into evidence as prima facie evidence of the failure to comply with the duty to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information. A copy of such affidavit shall be provided to the registrant or his counsel seven days prior to hearing or trial by the attorney for the Commonwealth.

990 E. The accused in any preliminary hearing in which an affidavit from the State Police issued as
991 required in § 9.1-907 is offered into evidence pursuant to this section shall have the right to summon
992 and call a custodian of records issuing the affidavit and examine him in the same manner as if he had
993 been called as an adverse witness. Such witness shall appear at the cost of the Commonwealth.

F. At any trial or hearing other than a preliminary hearing conducted pursuant to this section, an affidavit from the State Police issued as required in § 9.1-907 shall constitute prima facie evidence of the failure to comply with the duty to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information, provided the requirements of subsection G have been satisfied and the accused has not objected to the admission of the affidavit pursuant to subsection H.

999 G. If the attorney for the Commonwealth intends to offer the affidavit into evidence in lieu of testimony at a trial or hearing, other than a preliminary hearing, he shall:

1001 1. Provide by mail, delivery, or otherwise, a copy of the affidavit to counsel of record for the accused, or to the accused if he is proceeding pro se, at no charge, no later than 28 days prior to the hearing or trial;

1004 2. Provide simultaneously with the copy of the affidavit so provided under subdivision 1 a notice to the accused of his right to object to having the affidavit admitted without the presence and testimony of a custodian of the records; and

1007 3. File a copy of the affidavit and notice with the clerk of the court hearing the matter on the day 1008 that the affidavit and notice are provided to the accused.

1009 H. In any trial or hearing, other than a preliminary hearing, the accused may object in writing to 1010 admission of the affidavit, in lieu of testimony, as evidence of the facts stated therein. Such objection 1011 shall be filed with the court hearing the matter, with a copy to the attorney for the Commonwealth, no more than 14 days after the affidavit and notice were filed with the clerk by the attorney for the 1012 Commonwealth, or the objection shall be deemed waived. If timely objection is made, the affidavit shall 1013 1014 not be admissible into evidence unless (i) the objection is waived by the accused or his counsel in 1015 writing or before the court, or (ii) the parties stipulate before the court to the admissibility of the 1016 affidavit.

1017 I. Where a custodian of the records is not available for hearing or trial and the attorney for the 1018 Commonwealth has used due diligence to secure the presence of the person, the court shall order a 1019 continuance. Any continuances ordered pursuant to this subsection shall total not more than 90 days if 1020 the accused has been held continuously in custody and not more than 180 days if the accused has not 1021 been held continuously in custody.

1022 J. Any objection by counsel for the accused, or the accused if he is proceeding pro se, to timeliness 1023 of the receipt of notice required by subsection G shall be made before hearing or trial upon his receipt 1024 of actual notice unless the accused did not receive actual notice prior to hearing or trial. A showing by 1025 the Commonwealth that the notice was mailed, delivered, or otherwise provided in compliance with the 1026 time requirements of this section shall constitute prima facie evidence that the notice was timely 1027 received by the accused. If the court finds upon the accused's objection made pursuant to this 1028 subsection, that he did not receive timely notice pursuant to subsection G, the accused's objection shall 1029 not be deemed waived and if the objection is made prior to hearing or trial, a continuance shall be 1030 ordered if requested by either party. Any continuance ordered pursuant to this subsection shall be subject 1031 to the time limitations set forth in subsection I.

1032 K. For the purposes of this section any conviction for a substantially similar offense under the laws

1033 of (i) any foreign country or any political subdivision thereof, or (ii) any state or territory of the United
 1034 States or any political subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, or the United States shall be
 1035 considered a prior conviction.

1036 § 22.1-79. Powers and duties.

1037 A school board shall:

1038 1. See that the school laws are properly explained, enforced and observed;

1039 2. Secure, by visitation or otherwise, as full information as possible about the conduct of the public1040 schools in the school division and take care that they are conducted according to law and with the1041 utmost efficiency;

1042 3. Care for, manage and control the property of the school division and provide for the erecting,
1043 furnishing, equipping, and noninstructional operating of necessary school buildings and appurtenances
1044 and the maintenance thereof by purchase, lease, or other contracts;

1045 4. Provide for the consolidation of schools or redistricting of school boundaries or adopt pupil 1046 assignment plans whenever such procedure will contribute to the efficiency of the school division;

1047 5. Insofar as not inconsistent with state statutes and regulations of the Board of Education, operate
1048 and maintain the public schools in the school division and determine the length of the school term, the
1049 studies to be pursued, the methods of teaching and the government to be employed in the schools;

1050 6. In instances in which no grievance procedure has been adopted prior to January 1, 1991, establish 1051 and administer by July 1, 1992, a grievance procedure for all school board employees, except the 1052 division superintendent and those employees covered under the provisions of Article 2 (§ 22.1-293 et 1053 seq.) and Article 3 (§ 22.1-306 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of this title, who have completed such 1054 probationary period as may be required by the school board, not to exceed 18 months. The grievance 1055 procedure shall afford a timely and fair method of the resolution of disputes arising between the school 1056 board and such employees regarding dismissal or other disciplinary actions, excluding suspensions, and 1057 shall be consistent with the provisions of the Board of Education's procedures for adjusting grievances. 1058 Except in the case of dismissal, suspension, or other disciplinary action, the grievance procedure 1059 prescribed by the Board of Education pursuant to § 22.1-308 shall apply to all full-time employees of a 1060 school board, except supervisory employees;

1061 7. Perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by the Board of Education or as are imposed by 1062 law;

1063 8. Obtain public comment through a public hearing not less than 10 days after reasonable notice to 1064 the public in a newspaper of general circulation in the school division prior to providing (i) for the 1065 consolidation of schools; (ii) the transfer from the public school system of the administration of all 1066 instructional services for any public school classroom or all noninstructional services in the school 1067 division pursuant to a contract with any private entity or organization; or (iii) in school divisions having 1068 15,000 pupils or more in average daily membership, for redistricting of school boundaries or adopting any pupil assignment plan affecting the assignment of 15 percent or more of the pupils in average daily 1069 1070 membership in the affected school. Such public hearing may be held at the same time and place as the 1071 meeting of the school board at which the proposed action is taken if the public hearing is held before 1072 the action is taken. If a public hearing has been held prior to the effective date of this provision on a 1073 proposed consolidation, redistricting or pupil assignment plan which is to be implemented after the 1074 effective date of this provision, an additional public hearing shall not be required;

9. (Expires July 1, 2025) At least annually, survey the school division to identify critical shortages of
teachers and administrative personnel by subject matter, and report such critical shortages to the
Superintendent of Public Instruction and to the Virginia Retirement System; however, the school board
may request the division superintendent to conduct such survey and submit such report to the school
board, the Superintendent, and the Virginia Retirement System; and

1080 10. Ensure that the public schools within the school division are registered with the Department of 1081 State Police to receive from the State Police electronic notice of the registration Θ , reregistration, or 1082 verification of registration information of any sex offender person required to register with the Sex 1083 Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 1084 within that school division pursuant to § 9.1-914.

1085 § 23.1-407. Reporting of enrollment information to Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors 1086 Registry.

A. Each associate-degree-granting and baccalaureate (i) public institution of higher education and (ii) private institution of higher education shall electronically transmit the complete name, social security number or other identifying number, date of birth, and gender of each applicant accepted to attend the institution to the Department of State Police, in a format approved by the Department of State Police, for comparison with information contained in the Virginia Criminal Information Network and National Crime Information Center Sex Offender Registry File. Such data shall be transmitted (a) before an accepted applicant becomes a student in attendance pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(a)(6) or (b) in the

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case of institutions with a rolling or instantaneous admissions policy, in accordance with guidelinesdeveloped by the Department of State Police in consultation with the Council.

B. Whenever it appears from the records of the Department of State Police that an accepted applicant has failed to comply with the duty to register or, reregister, or verify his registration information pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, the Department of State Police shall promptly investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe a violation has occurred, obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the institution of higher education is located.

§ 32.1-127. Regulations.

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A. The regulations promulgated by the Board to carry out the provisions of this article shall be in substantial conformity to the standards of health, hygiene, sanitation, construction and safety as established and recognized by medical and health care professionals and by specialists in matters of public health and safety, including health and safety standards established under provisions of Title XVIII and Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and to the provisions of Article 2 (§ 32.1-138 et seq.).
B. Such regulations:

1109 1. Shall include minimum standards for (i) the construction and maintenance of hospitals, nursing 1110 homes and certified nursing facilities to ensure the environmental protection and the life safety of its 1111 patients, employees, and the public; (ii) the operation, staffing and equipping of hospitals, nursing homes 1112 and certified nursing facilities; (iii) qualifications and training of staff of hospitals, nursing homes and 1113 certified nursing facilities, except those professionals licensed or certified by the Department of Health 1114 Professions; (iv) conditions under which a hospital or nursing home may provide medical and nursing services to patients in their places of residence; and (v) policies related to infection prevention, disaster 1115 1116 preparedness, and facility security of hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities. For 1117 purposes of this paragraph, facilities in which five or more first trimester abortions per month are 1118 performed shall be classified as a category of "hospital";

1119 2. Shall provide that at least one physician who is licensed to practice medicine in this
1120 Commonwealth shall be on call at all times, though not necessarily physically present on the premises,
1121 at each hospital which operates or holds itself out as operating an emergency service;

1122 3. May classify hospitals and nursing homes by type of specialty or service and may provide for 1123 licensing hospitals and nursing homes by bed capacity and by type of specialty or service;

1124 4. Shall also require that each hospital establish a protocol for organ donation, in compliance with 1125 federal law and the regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), particularly 1126 42 C.F.R. § 482.45. Each hospital shall have an agreement with an organ procurement organization 1127 designated in CMS regulations for routine contact, whereby the provider's designated organ procurement 1128 organization certified by CMS (i) is notified in a timely manner of all deaths or imminent deaths of 1129 patients in the hospital and (ii) is authorized to determine the suitability of the decedent or patient for 1130 organ donation and, in the absence of a similar arrangement with any eye bank or tissue bank in 1131 Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association of America or the American Association of Tissue 1132 Banks, the suitability for tissue and eye donation. The hospital shall also have an agreement with at least 1133 one tissue bank and at least one eye bank to cooperate in the retrieval, processing, preservation, storage, 1134 and distribution of tissues and eyes to ensure that all usable tissues and eyes are obtained from potential 1135 donors and to avoid interference with organ procurement. The protocol shall ensure that the hospital 1136 collaborates with the designated organ procurement organization to inform the family of each potential 1137 donor of the option to donate organs, tissues, or eyes or to decline to donate. The individual making 1138 contact with the family shall have completed a course in the methodology for approaching potential 1139 donor families and requesting organ or tissue donation that (a) is offered or approved by the organ 1140 procurement organization and designed in conjunction with the tissue and eye bank community and (b) 1141 encourages discretion and sensitivity according to the specific circumstances, views, and beliefs of the 1142 relevant family. In addition, the hospital shall work cooperatively with the designated organ procurement 1143 organization in educating the staff responsible for contacting the organ procurement organization's 1144 personnel on donation issues, the proper review of death records to improve identification of potential 1145 donors, and the proper procedures for maintaining potential donors while necessary testing and 1146 placement of potential donated organs, tissues, and eyes takes place. This process shall be followed, 1147 without exception, unless the family of the relevant decedent or patient has expressed opposition to 1148 organ donation, the chief administrative officer of the hospital or his designee knows of such opposition, 1149 and no donor card or other relevant document, such as an advance directive, can be found;

5. Shall require that each hospital that provides obstetrical services establish a protocol for admissionor transfer of any pregnant woman who presents herself while in labor;

6. Shall also require that each licensed hospital develop and implement a protocol requiring written
discharge plans for identified, substance-abusing, postpartum women and their infants. The protocol shall
require that the discharge plan be discussed with the patient and that appropriate referrals for the mother

1155 and the infant be made and documented. Appropriate referrals may include, but need not be limited to, 1156 treatment services, comprehensive early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities 1157 and their families pursuant to Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1158 § 1471 et seq., and family-oriented prevention services. The discharge planning process shall involve, to 1159 the extent possible, the father of the infant and any members of the patient's extended family who may 1160 participate in the follow-up care for the mother and the infant. Immediately upon identification, pursuant 1161 to § 54.1-2403.1, of any substance-abusing, postpartum woman, the hospital shall notify, subject to 1162 federal law restrictions, the community services board of the jurisdiction in which the woman resides to 1163 appoint a discharge plan manager. The community services board shall implement and manage the 1164 discharge plan;

7. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility fully disclose to the applicant for admission the home's or facility's admissions policies, including any preferences given;

8. Shall require that each licensed hospital establish a protocol relating to the rights and responsibilities of patients which shall include a process reasonably designed to inform patients of such rights and responsibilities. Such rights and responsibilities of patients, a copy of which shall be given to patients on admission, shall be consistent with applicable federal law and regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services;

9. Shall establish standards and maintain a process for designation of levels or categories of care in neonatal services according to an applicable national or state-developed evaluation system. Such standards may be differentiated for various levels or categories of care and may include, but need not be limited to, requirements for staffing credentials, staff/patient ratios, equipment, and medical protocols;

1176 10. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility train all employees who are
1177 mandated to report adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation pursuant to § 63.2-1606 on such reporting
1178 procedures and the consequences for failing to make a required report;

1179 11. Shall permit hospital personnel, as designated in medical staff bylaws, rules and regulations, or 1180 hospital policies and procedures, to accept emergency telephone and other verbal orders for medication 1181 or treatment for hospital patients from physicians, and other persons lawfully authorized by state statute 1182 to give patient orders, subject to a requirement that such verbal order be signed, within a reasonable 1183 period of time not to exceed 72 hours as specified in the hospital's medical staff bylaws, rules and 1184 regulations or hospital policies and procedures, by the person giving the order, or, when such person is 1185 not available within the period of time specified, co-signed by another physician or other person 1186 authorized to give the order;

1187 12. Shall require, unless the vaccination is medically contraindicated or the resident declines the offer
of the vaccination, that each certified nursing facility and nursing home provide or arrange for the
administration to its residents of (i) an annual vaccination against influenza and (ii) a pneumococcal
vaccination, in accordance with the most recent recommendations of the Advisory Committee on
Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;

1192 13. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility register with the Department of
1193 State Police to receive notice of the registration or verification of registration
1194 information of any sex offender person required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against
1195 Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 within the same or a contiguous
1196 zip code area in which the home or facility is located, pursuant to § 9.1-914;

1197 14. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility ascertain, prior to admission,
1198 whether a potential patient is a registered sex offender required to register with the Sex Offender and
1199 Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, if the home or
1200 facility anticipates the potential patient will have a length of stay greater than three days or in fact stays
1201 longer than three days;

1202 15. Shall require that each licensed hospital include in its visitation policy a provision allowing each
1203 adult patient to receive visits from any individual from whom the patient desires to receive visits,
1204 subject to other restrictions contained in the visitation policy including, but not limited to, those related
1205 to the patient's medical condition and the number of visitors permitted in the patient's room
1206 simultaneously;

1207 16. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility shall, upon the request of the 1208 facility's family council, send notices and information about the family council mutually developed by 1209 the family council and the administration of the nursing home or certified nursing facility, and provided 1210 to the facility for such purpose, to the listed responsible party or a contact person of the resident's 1211 choice up to six times per year. Such notices may be included together with a monthly billing statement 1212 or other regular communication. Notices and information shall also be posted in a designated location 1213 within the nursing home or certified nursing facility. No family member of a resident or other resident 1214 representative shall be restricted from participating in meetings in the facility with the families or 1215 resident representatives of other residents in the facility;

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1216 17. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility maintain liability insurance
1217 coverage in a minimum amount of \$1 million, and professional liability coverage in an amount at least
1218 equal to the recovery limit set forth in § 8.01-581.15, to compensate patients or individuals for injuries
1219 and losses resulting from the negligent or criminal acts of the facility. Failure to maintain such
1220 minimum insurance shall result in revocation of the facility's license;

1221 18. Shall require each hospital that provides obstetrical services to establish policies to follow when a stillbirth, as defined in § 32.1-69.1, occurs that meet the guidelines pertaining to counseling patients and their families and other aspects of managing stillbirths as may be specified by the Board in its regulations;

1225 19. Shall require each nursing home to provide a full refund of any unexpended patient funds on deposit with the facility following the discharge or death of a patient, other than entrance-related fees paid to a continuing care provider as defined in § 38.2-4900, within 30 days of a written request for such funds by the discharged patient or, in the case of the death of a patient, the person administering the person's estate in accordance with the Virginia Small Estates Act (§ 64.2-600 et seq.);

1230 20. Shall require that each hospital that provides inpatient psychiatric services establish a protocol 1231 that requires, for any refusal to admit (i) a medically stable patient referred to its psychiatric unit, direct 1232 verbal communication between the on-call physician in the psychiatric unit and the referring physician, 1233 if requested by such referring physician, and prohibits on-call physicians or other hospital staff from 1234 refusing a request for such direct verbal communication by a referring physician and (ii) a patient for 1235 whom there is a question regarding the medical stability or medical appropriateness of admission for 1236 inpatient psychiatric services due to a situation involving results of a toxicology screening, the on-call 1237 physician in the psychiatric unit to which the patient is sought to be transferred to participate in direct 1238 verbal communication, either in person or via telephone, with a clinical toxicologist or other person who 1239 is a Certified Specialist in Poison Information employed by a poison control center that is accredited by 1240 the American Association of Poison Control Centers to review the results of the toxicology screen and 1241 determine whether a medical reason for refusing admission to the psychiatric unit related to the results 1242 of the toxicology screen exists, if requested by the referring physician;

1243 21. Shall require that each hospital that is equipped to provide life-sustaining treatment shall develop 1244 a policy governing determination of the medical and ethical appropriateness of proposed medical care, 1245 which shall include (i) a process for obtaining a second opinion regarding the medical and ethical 1246 appropriateness of proposed medical care in cases in which a physician has determined proposed care to 1247 be medically or ethically inappropriate; (ii) provisions for review of the determination that proposed 1248 medical care is medically or ethically inappropriate by an interdisciplinary medical review committee 1249 and a determination by the interdisciplinary medical review committee regarding the medical and ethical 1250 appropriateness of the proposed health care; and (iii) requirements for a written explanation of the 1251 decision reached by the interdisciplinary medical review committee, which shall be included in the 1252 patient's medical record. Such policy shall ensure that the patient, his agent, or the person authorized to 1253 make medical decisions pursuant to § 54.1-2986 (a) are informed of the patient's right to obtain his 1254 medical record and to obtain an independent medical opinion and (b) afforded reasonable opportunity to participate in the medical review committee meeting. Nothing in such policy shall prevent the patient, 1255 1256 his agent, or the person authorized to make medical decisions pursuant to § 54.1-2986 from obtaining 1257 legal counsel to represent the patient or from seeking other remedies available at law, including seeking 1258 court review, provided that the patient, his agent, or the person authorized to make medical decisions 1259 pursuant to § 54.1-2986, or legal counsel provides written notice to the chief executive officer of the 1260 hospital within 14 days of the date on which the physician's determination that proposed medical treatment is medically or ethically inappropriate is documented in the patient's medical record; 1261

22. Shall require every hospital with an emergency department to establish protocols to ensure that
security personnel of the emergency department, if any, receive training appropriate to the populations
served by the emergency department, which may include training based on a trauma-informed approach
in identifying and safely addressing situations involving patients or other persons who pose a risk of
harm to themselves or others due to mental illness or substance abuse or who are experiencing a mental
health crisis;

1268 23. Shall require that each hospital establish a protocol requiring that, before a health care provider 1269 arranges for air medical transportation services for a patient who does not have an emergency medical 1270 condition as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1395dd(e)(1), the hospital shall provide the patient or his authorized 1271 representative with written or electronic notice that the patient (i) may have a choice of transportation by 1272 an air medical transportation provider or medically appropriate ground transportation by an emergency 1273 medical services provider and (ii) will be responsible for charges incurred for such transportation in the 1274 event that the provider is not a contracted network provider of the patient's health insurance carrier or 1275 such charges are not otherwise covered in full or in part by the patient's health insurance plan; and

1276 24. Shall establish an exemption, for a period of no more than 30 days, from the requirement to

1277 obtain a license to add temporary beds in an existing hospital or nursing home when the Commissioner 1278 has determined that a natural or man-made disaster has caused the evacuation of a hospital or nursing 1279 home and that a public health emergency exists due to a shortage of hospital or nursing home beds.

1280 C. Upon obtaining the appropriate license, if applicable, licensed hospitals, nursing homes, and 1281 certified nursing facilities may operate adult day care centers.

1282 D. All facilities licensed by the Board pursuant to this article which provide treatment or care for 1283 hemophiliacs and, in the course of such treatment, stock clotting factors, shall maintain records of all lot 1284 numbers or other unique identifiers for such clotting factors in order that, in the event the lot is found to 1285 be contaminated with an infectious agent, those hemophiliacs who have received units of this 1286 contaminated clotting factor may be apprised of this contamination. Facilities which have identified a lot 1287 which is known to be contaminated shall notify the recipient's attending physician and request that he 1288 notify the recipient of the contamination. If the physician is unavailable, the facility shall notify by mail, 1289 return receipt requested, each recipient who received treatment from a known contaminated lot at the 1290 individual's last known address.

1291 § 46.2-116. Registration with Department of Criminal Justice Services required for tow truck 1292 drivers; penalty. 1293

A. As used in this section and §§ 46.2-117, 46.2-118, and 46.2-119:

1294 "Consumer" means a person who (i) has vested ownership, dominion, or title to the vehicle; (ii) is 1295 the authorized agent of the owner as defined in clause (i); or (iii) is an employee, agent, or 1296 representative of an insurance company representing any party involved in a collision that resulted in a 1297 police-requested tow who represents in writing that the insurance company had obtained the oral or 1298 written consent of the title owner or his agent or the lessee of the vehicle to obtain possession of the 1299 vehicle. 1300

"Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

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"Tow truck driver" means an individual who drives a tow truck as defined in § 46.2-100.

"Towing and recovery operator" means any person engaging in the business of providing or offering 1302 1303 to provide services involving the use of a tow truck and services incidental to use of a tow truck. 1304 "Towing and recovery operator" shall not include a franchised motor vehicle dealer as defined in 1305 § 46.2-1500 using a tow truck owned by a dealer when transporting a vehicle to or from a repair facility owned by the dealer when the dealer does not receive compensation from the vehicle owner for towing 1306 1307 of the vehicle or when transporting a vehicle in which the dealer has an ownership or security interest.

1308 B. On and after January 1, 2013, no tow truck driver shall drive any tow truck without being 1309 registered with the Department, except that this requirement shall not apply to any holder of a tow truck 1310 driver authorization document issued pursuant to former § 46.2-2814 until the expiration date of such 1311 document. The Department may offer a temporary registration or driver authorization document that is 1312 effective upon the submission of an application and that expires upon the issuance or denial of a 1313 permanent registration. Every applicant for an initial registration or renewal of registration pursuant to 1314 this section shall submit his registration application, fingerprints, and personal descriptive information to the Department and a nonrefundable application fee of \$100. The Department shall forward the personal 1315 1316 descriptive information along with the applicant's fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records 1317 Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining a national criminal history 1318 record check regarding such applicant. The cost of the fingerprinting and criminal history record check 1319 shall be paid by the applicant.

1320 The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that no 1321 record exists, shall make a report to the Department. If an applicant is denied registration as a tow truck 1322 driver because of the information appearing in his criminal history record, the Department shall notify 1323 the applicant that information obtained from the Central Criminal Records Exchange contributed to such 1324 denial. The information shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

1325 C. No registration shall be issued to any person who (i) is required to register as a sex offender as 1326 provided in § 9.1-901 with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 1327 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 or in a substantially similar law of any other state, the United States, or 1328 any foreign jurisdiction; (ii) has been convicted of a violent crime as defined in subsection C of 1329 § 17.1-805 unless such person held a valid tow truck driver authorization document on January 1, 2013, 1330 issued by the Board of Towing and Recovery Operators pursuant to former Chapter 28 (§ 46.2-2800 et 1331 seq.), and has not been convicted of a violent crime as defined in subsection C of § 17.1-805 subsequent 1332 to the abolition of the Board; or (iii) has been convicted of any crime involving the driving of a tow 1333 truck, including drug or alcohol offenses, but not traffic infraction convictions. Any person registered 1334 pursuant to this section shall report to the Department within 10 days of conviction any convictions for 1335 felonies or misdemeanors that occur while he is registered with the Department.

1336 D. Any tow truck driver failing to register with the Department as required by this section is guilty 1337 of a Class 3 misdemeanor. A tow truck driver registered with the Department shall have such

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1338 registration in his possession whenever driving a tow truck on the highways.

1339 E. Registrations issued by the Department pursuant to this section shall be valid for a period not to 1340 exceed 24 months, unless revoked or suspended by the Department in accordance with § 46.2-117.

1341 § 46.2-117. Revocation and suspension of registration of tow truck driver; notice and hearing; 1342 assessment of costs.

1343 A. Upon receipt of written notice from the Division of Consumer Counsel of the Office of the 1344 Attorney General that it has obtained a civil judgment against a tow truck driver for a violation of 1345 subsection A of § 46.2-118 or § 46.2-1217, 46.2-1231, or 46.2-1233.1 or upon the failure of a tow truck 1346 driver to report to the Department within 10 days any conviction for a felony or misdemeanor that 1347 occurred while he is registered in accordance with § 46.2-116, the Department may revoke or suspend 1348 the registration of a tow truck driver after notice and hearing as provided in subsection C.

1349 B. Furthermore, the Department shall, after notice and hearing as provided in subsection C, revoke or 1350 suspend the registration of a tow truck driver for:

1351 1. Conviction of any crime for which a person must register as a sex offender as provided in 1352 § 9.1-901 with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 1353 et seq.) of Title 9.1 or in a substantially similar law of any other state, the United States, or any foreign 1354 jurisdiction; 1355

2. Conviction of a violent crime as defined in subsection C of § 17.1-805; or

1356 3. Conviction of any crime involving the driving of a tow truck, including drug or alcohol offenses, 1357 but not traffic infraction convictions.

1358 C. Before suspending or revoking any registration, reasonable notice of such proposed action shall be given to the tow truck driver by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-4020 of the 1359 1360 Administrative Process Act. In suspending or revoking the registration of a tow truck driver, the 1361 Department may assess the tow truck driver the cost of conducting the hearing unless the Department 1362 determines that the violation was inadvertent or done in a good faith belief that such act did not violate 1363 a statute. Any costs assessed by the Department shall be limited to (i) the reasonable hourly rate of the 1364 hearing officer and (ii) the actual cost of recording the hearing.

§ 46.2-118. Prohibited acts by tow truck drivers and towing and recovery operators.

A. No tow truck driver shall:

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1. Use fraud or deceit in the offering or delivering of towing and recovery services;

1368 2. Conduct his business or offer services in such a manner as to endanger the health and welfare of 1369 the public;

1370 3. Use alcohol or drugs to the extent such use renders him unsafe to provide towing and recovery 1371 services; 1372

4. Obtain any fee by fraud or misrepresentation;

1373 5. Remove or tow a trespassing vehicle, as provided in § 46.2-1231, or a vehicle towed or removed 1374 at the request of a law-enforcement officer to any location outside the Commonwealth; or

1375 6. Violate, or assist, induce, or cooperate with others to violate, any provision of law related to the 1376 offering or delivery of towing and recovery services. 1377

B. No towing and recovery operator shall:

1. Use fraud or deceit in the offering or delivering of towing and recovery services;

1379 2. Conduct his business or offer services in such a manner as to endanger the health and welfare of 1380 the public;

1381 3. Use alcohol or drugs to the extent such use renders him unsafe to provide towing and recovery 1382 services;

1383 4. Neglect to maintain on record at the towing and recovery operator's principal office a list of all 1384 drivers employed by the towing and recovery operator;

- 1385 5. Obtain any fee by fraud or misrepresentation;
- 1386 6. Advertise services in any manner that deceives, misleads, or defrauds the public;
- 1387 7. Advertise or offer services under a name other than one's own name;

1388 8. Fail to accept for payment cash, insurance company check, certified check, money order, or at 1389 least one of two commonly used, nationally recognized credit cards, except those towing and recovery 1390 operators who have an annual gross income of less than \$10,000 derived from the performance of 1391 towing and recovery services shall not be required to accept credit cards, other than when providing 1392 police-requested towing as defined in § 46.2-1217, but shall be required to accept personal checks;

1393 9. Fail to display at the towing and recovery operator's principal office in a conspicuous place a 1394 listing of all towing, recovery, and processing fees for vehicles;

1395 10. Fail to have readily available at the towing and recovery operator's principal office, at the 1396 customer's request, the maximum fees normally charged by the towing and recovery operator for basic 1397 services for towing and initial hookup of vehicles;

1398 11. Knowingly charge excessive fees for towing, storage, or administrative services or charge fees for **1399** services not rendered;

1400 12. Fail to maintain all towing records, which shall include itemized fees, for a period of one year1401 from the date of service;

1402 13. Willfully invoice payment for any services not stipulated or otherwise incorporated in a contract
1403 for services rendered between the towing and recovery operator and any locality or political subdivision
1404 of the Commonwealth;

1405 14. Employ a driver required to register as a sex offender as provided in § 9.1-901 with the Sex
 1406 Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1;

1407 15. Remove or tow a trespassing vehicle, as provided in § 46.2-1231, or a vehicle towed or removed1408 at the request of a law-enforcement officer to any location outside the Commonwealth;

1409 16. Refuse, at the towing and recovery operator's place of business, to make change, up to \$100, for
1410 the owner of the vehicle towed without the owner's consent if the owner pays in cash for charges for
1411 towing and storage of the vehicle;

1412 17. Violate, or assist, induce, or cooperate with others to violate, any provision of law related to the 1413 offering or delivery of towing and recovery services; or

1414 18. Fail to provide the owner of a stolen vehicle written notice of his right under law to be reimbursed for towing and storage of his vehicle out of the state treasury from the appropriation for criminal charges as required in § 46.2-1209.

1417 C. No tow truck driver as defined in § 46.2-116 or towing and recovery operator as defined in 1418 § 46.2-100 shall knowingly permit another person to occupy a motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-100 while such motor vehicle is being towed.

1420 § 46.2-323. Application for driver's license; proof of completion of driver education program; 1421 penalty.

A. Every application for a driver's license, temporary driver's permit, learner's permit, or motorcycle
learner's permit shall be made on a form prescribed by the Department and the applicant shall write his
usual signature in ink in the space provided on the form. The form shall include notice to the applicant
of the duty to register with the Department of State Police as provided in Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.)
of Title 9.1, if the applicant has been convicted of an offense for which registration with the Sex
Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry is required.

1428 B. Every application shall state the full legal name, year, month, and date of birth, social security 1429 number, sex, and residence address of the applicant; whether or not the applicant has previously been 1430 licensed as a driver and, if so, when and by what state, and whether or not his license has ever been 1431 suspended or revoked and, if so, the date of and reason for such suspension or revocation. The 1432 Department, as a condition for the issuance of any driver's license, temporary driver's permit, learner's 1433 permit, or motorcycle learner's permit shall require the surrender of any driver's license or, in the case of 1434 a motorcycle learner's permit, a motorcycle license issued by another state and held by the applicant. 1435 The applicant shall also answer any questions on the application form or otherwise propounded by the Department incidental to the examination. The applicant may also be required to present proof of 1436 1437 identity, residency, and social security number or non-work authorized status, if required to appear in 1438 person before the Department to apply.

1439 The Commissioner shall require that each application include a certification statement to be signed by1440 the applicant under penalty of perjury, certifying that the information presented on the application is true1441 and correct.

1442 If the applicant fails or refuses to sign the certification statement, the Department shall not issue the 1443 applicant a driver's license, temporary driver's permit, learner's permit or motorcycle learner's permit.

1444 Any applicant who knowingly makes a false certification or supplies false or fictitious evidence shall 1445 be punished as provided in § 46.2-348.

1446 C. Every application for a driver's license shall include a photograph of the applicant supplied under arrangements made by the Department. The photograph shall be processed by the Department so that the photograph can be made part of the issued license.

1449 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-334, every applicant for a driver's license who is under
1450 18 years of age shall furnish the Department with satisfactory proof of his successful completion of a
1451 driver education program approved by the State Department of Education.

E. Every application for a driver's license submitted by a person less than 18 years old and attending a public school in the Commonwealth shall be accompanied by a document, signed by the applicant's parent or legal guardian, authorizing the principal, or his designee, of the school attended by the applicant to notify the juvenile and domestic relations district court within whose jurisdiction the minor resides when the applicant has had 10 or more unexcused absences from school on consecutive school days.

1458 F. The Department shall electronically transmit application information to the Department of State 1459 Police, in a format approved by the State Police, for comparison with information contained in the 1460 Virginia Criminal Information Network and National Crime Information Center Convicted Sexual 1461 Offender Registry Files, at the time of issuance of a driver's license, temporary driver's permit, learner's 1462 permit, or motorcycle learner's permit. Whenever it appears from the records of the State Police that a 1463 person has failed to comply with the duty to register Θ , reregister, or verify his registration information 1464 pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, the State Police shall promptly investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe a violation has occurred, obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an 1465 1466 indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the person made application 1467 of licensure.

§ 46.2-324. Applicants and license holders to notify Department of change of address; fee.

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1469 A. Whenever any person, after applying for or obtaining a driver's license or special identification 1470 card shall move from the address shown in the application or on the license or special identification 1471 card, he shall, within 30 days, notify the Department of his change of address. If the Department 1472 receives notification from the person or any court or law-enforcement agency that a person's residential 1473 address has changed to a non-Virginia address, unless the person (i) is on active duty with the armed 1474 forces of the United States, (ii) provides proof that he is a U.S. citizen and resides outside the United 1475 States because of his employment or the employment of a spouse or parent, or (iii) provides proof 1476 satisfactory to the Commissioner that he is a bona fide resident of Virginia, the Department shall (i) 1477 mail, by first-class mail, no later than three days after the notice of address change is received by the 1478 Department, notice to the person that his license and/or special identification card will be cancelled by 1479 the Department and (ii) cancel the driver's license and/or special identification card 30 days after notice 1480 of cancellation has been mailed.

1481 B. The Department may contract with the United States Postal Service or an authorized agent to use 1482 the National Change of Address System for the purpose of obtaining current address information for a 1483 person whose name appears in customer records maintained by the Department. If the Department 1484 receives information from the National Change of Address System indicating that a person whose name 1485 appears in a Department record has submitted a permanent change of address to the Postal Service, the 1486 Department may then update its records with the mailing address obtained from the National Change of 1487 Address System.

1488 C. There may be imposed upon anyone failing to notify the Department of his change of address as 1489 required by this section a fee of \$5, which fee shall be used to defray the expenses incurred by the 1490 Department. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this subsection, no fee shall be imposed on any 1491 person whose address is obtained from the National Change of Address System.

1492 D. The Department shall electronically transmit change of address information to the Department of 1493 State Police, in a format approved by the State Police, for comparison with information contained in the 1494 Virginia Criminal Information Network and National Crime Information Center Convicted Sexual 1495 Offender Registry Files, at the time of the change of address. Whenever it appears from the records of 1496 the State Police that a person has failed to comply with the duty to register Θ , reregister, or verify his 1497 registration information pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, the State Police shall 1498 promptly investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe a violation has occurred, obtain a warrant 1499 or assist in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the 1500 person last registered or, reregistered, or verified his registration information or in the jurisdiction where 1501 the person made application for change of address.

1502 E. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss 1503 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the 1504 court date. 1505

§ 46.2-330. Expiration and renewal of licenses; examinations required.

1506 A. Every driver's license shall expire on the applicant's birthday at the end of the period of years for 1507 which a driver's license has been issued. At no time shall any driver's license be issued for more than 1508 eight years or less than five years, unless otherwise provided by law. Thereafter the driver's license shall 1509 be renewed on or before the birthday of the licensee and shall be valid for a period not to exceed eight 1510 years except as otherwise provided by law. Any driver's license issued to a person age 75 or older shall be issued for a period not to exceed five years. Notwithstanding these limitations, the Commissioner 1511 1512 may extend the validity period of an expiring license if (i) the Department is unable to process an 1513 application for renewal due to circumstances beyond its control, (ii) the extension has been authorized 1514 under a directive from the Governor, and (iii) the license was not issued as a temporary driver's license 1515 under the provisions of subsection B of § 46.2-328.1. However, in no event shall the validity period be 1516 extended more than 90 days per occurrence of such conditions. In determining the number of years for 1517 which a driver's license shall be renewed, the Commissioner shall take into consideration the 1518 examinations, conditions, requirements, and other criteria provided under this title that relate to the 1519 issuance of a license to operate a vehicle. Any driver's license issued to a person required to register pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 shall expire on the applicant's birthday in years 1520

1521 which the applicant attains an age equally divisible by five.

1522 B. Within one year prior to the date shown on the driver's license as the date of expiration, the 1523 Department shall send notice, to the holder thereof, at the address shown on the records of the 1524 Department in its driver's license file, that his license will expire on a date specified therein, whether he 1525 must be reexamined, and when he may be reexamined. Nonreceipt of the notice shall not extend the 1526 period of validity of the driver's license beyond its expiration date. The license holder may request the 1527 Department to send such renewal notice to an email or other electronic address, upon provision of such 1528 address to the Department.

1529 Any driver's license may be renewed by application after the applicant has taken and successfully completed those parts of the examination provided for in §§ 46.2-311, 46.2-325, and the Virginia 1530 Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.), including vision and written tests, other than the 1531 1532 parts of the examination requiring the applicant to drive a motor vehicle. All drivers applying in person 1533 for renewal of a license shall take and successfully complete the examination each renewal year. Every 1534 applicant for a renewal shall appear in person before the Department, unless specifically notified by the 1535 Department that renewal may be accomplished in another manner as provided in the notice. Applicants 1536 who are required to appear in person before the Department to apply for a renewal may also be required to present proof of identity, legal presence, residency, and social security number or non-work 1537 1538 authorized status.

1539 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Commissioner, in his discretion, may 1540 require any applicant for renewal to be fully examined as provided in §§ 46.2-311 and 46.2-325 and the 1541 Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). Furthermore, if the applicant is less 1542 than 75 years old, the Commissioner may waive the vision examination for any applicant for renewal of 1543 a driver's license that is not a commercial driver's license and the requirement for the taking of the 1544 written test as provided in subsection B of this section, § 46.2-325, and the Virginia Commercial 1545 Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). However, in no case shall there be any waiver of the vision 1546 examination for applicants for renewal of a commercial driver's license or of the knowledge test required 1547 by the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act for the hazardous materials endorsement on a 1548 commercial driver's license. No driver's license or learner's permit issued to any person who is 75 years 1549 old or older shall be renewed unless the applicant for renewal appears in person and either (i) passes a 1550 vision examination or (ii) presents a report of a vision examination, made within 90 days prior thereto 1551 by an ophthalmologist or optometrist, indicating that the applicant's vision meets or exceeds the 1552 standards contained in § 46.2-311.

1553 D. Every applicant for renewal of a driver's license, whether renewal shall or shall not be dependent 1554 on any examination of the applicant, shall appear in person before the Department to apply for renewal, 1555 unless specifically notified by the Department that renewal may be accomplished in another manner as 1556 provided in the notice.

E. This section shall not modify the provisions of § 46.2-221.2.

1557 1558 F. 1. The Department shall electronically transmit application information, including a photograph, to 1559 the Department of State Police, in a format approved by the State Police, for comparison with 1560 information contained in the Virginia Criminal Information Network and National Crime Information 1561 Center Convicted Sexual Offender Registry files, at the time of the renewal of a driver's license. 1562 Whenever it appears from the records of the State Police that a person has failed to comply with the 1563 duty to register Θ , reregister, or verify his registration information pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et 1564 seq.) of Title 9.1, the State Police shall promptly investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe a 1565 violation has occurred, obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of 1566 § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the person last registered or, reregistered, or verified his 1567 registration information or in the jurisdiction where the person made application for licensure. The 1568 Department of State Police shall electronically transmit to the Department, in a format approved by the 1569 Department, for each person required to register pursuant to Chapter 9 of Title 9.1, registry information 1570 consisting of the person's name, all aliases that he has used or under which he may have been known, 1571 his date of birth, and his social security number as set out in § 9.1-903.

1572 2. For each person required to register pursuant to Chapter 9 of Title 9.1, the Department may not 1573 waive the requirement that each such person shall appear for each renewal or the requirement to obtain 1574 a photograph in accordance with subsection C of § 46.2-323. 1575

§ 46.2-345. Issuance of special identification cards; fee; confidentiality; penalties.

1576 A. On the application of any person who is a resident of the Commonwealth or the parent or legal 1577 guardian of any such person who is under the age of 15, the Department shall issue a special 1578 identification card to the person, provided that:

1579 1. Application is made on a form prescribed by the Department and includes the applicant's full legal 1580 name; year, month, and date of birth; social security number; sex; and residence address;

1581 2. The applicant presents, when required by the Department, proof of identity, legal presence,

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1582 residency, and social security number or non-work authorized status;

1583 3. The Department is satisfied that the applicant needs an identification card or the applicant shows 1584 he has a bona fide need for such a card; and

1585 4. The applicant does not hold a driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary driver's **1586** permit, learner's permit, motorcycle learner's permit, or special identification card without a photograph.

1587 Persons 70 years of age or older may exchange a valid Virginia driver's license for a special identification card at no fee. Special identification cards subsequently issued to such persons shall be subject to the regular fees for special identification cards.

B. The fee for the issuance of an original, duplicate, reissue, or renewal special identification card is
\$2 per year, with a \$10 minimum fee. Persons 21 years old or older may be issued a scenic special identification card for an additional fee of \$5.

1593 C. Every special identification card shall expire on the applicant's birthday at the end of the period of 1594 years for which a special identification card has been issued. At no time shall any special identification 1595 card be issued for less than three nor more than eight years, except under the provisions of subsection B 1596 of § 46.2-328.1 and except that those cards issued to children under the age of 15 shall expire on the 1597 child's sixteenth birthday. Notwithstanding these limitations, the Commissioner may extend the validity 1598 period of an expiring card if (i) the Department is unable to process an application for renewal due to 1599 circumstances beyond its control, (ii) the extension has been authorized under a directive from the 1600 Governor, and (iii) the card was not issued as a temporary special identification card under the 1601 provisions of subsection B of § 46.2-328.1. However, in no event shall the validity period be extended 1602 more than 90 days per occurrence of such conditions. Any special identification card issued to a person 1603 required to register pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 shall expire on the applicant's 1604 birthday in years which the applicant attains an age equally divisible by five. For each person required 1605 to register pursuant to Chapter 9 of Title 9.1, the Department may not waive the requirement that each such person shall appear for each renewal or the requirement to obtain a photograph in accordance with 1606 1607 subsection C of § 46.2-323.

1608 D. A special identification card issued under this section may be similar in size, shape, and design to 1609 a driver's license, and include a photograph of its holder, but the card shall be readily distinguishable 1610 from a driver's license and shall clearly state that it does not authorize the person to whom it is issued 1611 to drive a motor vehicle. Every applicant for a special identification card shall appear in person before 1612 the Department to apply for a renewal, duplicate or reissue unless specifically permitted by the 1613 Department to apply in another manner.

E. Special identification cards, for persons at least 15 years old but less than 21 years old, shall be immediately and readily distinguishable from those issued to persons 21 years old or older. Distinguishing characteristics shall include unique design elements of the document and descriptors within the photograph area to identify persons who are at least 15 years old but less than 21 years old.
These descriptors shall include the month, day, and year when the person will become 21 years old.

1619 F. Special identification cards for persons under age 15 shall bear a full face photograph. The special identification card issued to persons under age 15 shall be readily distinguishable from a driver's license and from other special identification cards issued by the Department. Such cards shall clearly indicate that it does not authorize the person to whom it is issued to drive a motor vehicle.

G. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, a valid Virginia driver's license shall be surrendered upon application for a special identification card without the applicant's having to present proof of legal presence as required by § 46.2-328.1 if the Virginia driver's license is unexpired and it has not been revoked, suspended, or cancelled. The special identification card shall be considered a reissue and the expiration date shall be the last day of the month of the surrendered driver's license's month of expiration.

H. Any personal information, as identified in § 2.2-3801, which is retained by the Department from an application for the issuance of a special identification card is confidential and shall not be divulged to any person, association, corporation, or organization, public or private, except to the legal guardian or the attorney of the applicant or to a person, association, corporation, or organization nominated in writing by the applicant, his legal guardian, or his attorney. This subsection shall not prevent the Department from furnishing the application or any information thereon to any law-enforcement agency.

1635 I. Any person who uses a false or fictitious name or gives a false or fictitious address in any 1636 application for an identification card or knowingly makes a false statement or conceals a material fact or 1637 otherwise commits a fraud in any such application shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. However, 1638 where the name or address is given, or false statement is made, or fact is concealed, or fraud committed, 1639 with the intent to purchase a firearm or where the identification card is obtained for the purpose of 1640 committing any offense punishable as a felony, a violation of this section shall constitute a Class 4 1641 felony.

1642 J. The Department shall utilize the various communications media throughout the Commonwealth to

1643 inform Virginia residents of the provisions of this section and to promote and encourage the public to 1644 take advantage of its provisions.

1645 K. The Department shall electronically transmit application information to the Department of State 1646 Police, in a format approved by the State Police, for comparison with information contained in the 1647 Virginia Criminal Information Network and National Crime Information Center Convicted Sexual 1648 Offender Registry Files, at the time of issuance of a special identification card. Whenever it appears 1649 from the records of the State Police that a person has failed to comply with the duty to register or, 1650 reregister, or verify his registration information pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, 1651 the State Police shall promptly investigate and, if there is probable cause to believe a violation has 1652 occurred, obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an indictment charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in 1653 the jurisdiction in which the person made application for the special identification card.

1654 L. When requested by the applicant, the applicant's parent if the applicant is a minor, or the 1655 applicant's guardian, and upon presentation of a signed statement by a licensed physician confirming the 1656 applicant's condition, the Department shall indicate on the applicant's special identification card that the applicant has any condition listed in subsection K of § 46.2-342 or that the applicant is blind or vision 1657 1658 impaired.

§ 46.2-2011.33. Prohibition on taxicab operators; registered sex offender.

1660 No person who is required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry 1661 pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 for a sexually violent Tier III offense, as defined in subsection E of § 9.1-902, or who is listed on the U.S. Department of Justice's National Sex Offender 1662 1663 Public Website for an offense that is similar to a sexually violent *Tier III* offense may operate a taxicab 1664 for the transportation of passengers for remuneration over the highways of the Commonwealth. 1665

§ 63.2-100. Definitions.

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As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 1668 1669 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 1670 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 1671 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 1672 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 1673 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 1674 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 1675 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

1676 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 1677 necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 1678 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 1679 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 1680 1681 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical 1682 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 1683 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; 1684 (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 1685 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 1686 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 1687 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 1688 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4; 1689

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

1690 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act 1691 of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

1692 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 1693 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco 1694 parentis;

1695 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 1696 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 1697 defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who 1698 the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a 1699 minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

1700 7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in 1701 the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq. 1702

1703 If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital

or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely
delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency
medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, within 14 days of the
child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for
adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

1709 "Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a1710 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

1711 "Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 1712 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

1713 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable
1714 confinement of an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603.

1715 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure 1716 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, 1717 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by 1718 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 1719 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. 1720 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or 1721 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total 1722 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

1723 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal, unauthorized, improper, or fraudulent use of an adult as 1724 defined in § 63.2-1603 or his funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets for another's profit, benefit, or advantage, including a caregiver or person serving in a fiduciary capacity, or that deprives the 1725 1726 adult of his rightful use of or access to such funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets. "Adult exploitation" includes (i) an intentional breach of a fiduciary obligation to an adult to his detriment or 1727 1728 an intentional failure to use the financial resources of an adult in a manner that results in neglect of 1729 such adult; (ii) the acquisition, possession, or control of an adult's financial resources or property 1730 through the use of undue influence, coercion, or duress; and (iii) forcing or coercing an adult to pay for 1731 goods or services or perform services against his will for another's profit, benefit, or advantage if the 1732 adult did not agree, or was tricked, misled, or defrauded into agreeing, to pay for such goods or services 1733 or to perform such services.

1734 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a
1735 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three
1736 adults.

1737 "Adult neglect" means that an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 is living under such circumstances that
1738 he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical
1739 and mental health and that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair
1740 his well-being. However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is
1741 receiving religious nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care,
1742 provided that such treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious
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1744 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to 1745 protect an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

1746 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who
1747 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with
1748 activities of daily living.

1749 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 1750 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 1751 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for 1752 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board 1753 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any 1754 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or 1755 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 1756 1757 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 1758 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the 1759 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 1760 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 1761 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 1762 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 1763 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total 1764 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general

1765 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 1766 individual.

1767 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who 1768 receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive 1769 these benefits except for excess income.

1770 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

1771 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means 1772 parent(s) by previous adoption.

1773 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

1774 "Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

1775 "Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 1776 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or 1777 more children at any location.

1778 "Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the 1779 absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the 1780 supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

"Child-placing agency" means (i) any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or 1781 1782 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819, (ii) a local board that places children in foster 1783 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221, or (iii) an entity that assists 1784 parents with the process of delegating parental and legal custodial powers of their children pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20. "Child-placing agency" does not include the persons to whom 1785 1786 such parental or legal custodial powers are delegated pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 1787 20. Officers, employees, or agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their 1788 authority as such, who serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

"Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes 1789 1790 1791 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child 1792 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 1793 abused or neglected.

1794 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of 1795 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or 1796 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

1797 "Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, 1798 family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

1799 "Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is 1800 maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time 1801 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services 1802 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. 1803 Children's residential facility shall not include:

1804 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, 1805 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer 1806 vacation; 1807

2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

1808

1809 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized representative. 1810 1811

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

1812 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services 1813 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated 1814 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

1815 "Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining 1816 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

"Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and 1817 1818 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, 1819 repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance 1820 1821 with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the 1822 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

1823 "Family and permanency team" means the group of individuals assembled by the local department to 1824 assist with determining planning and placement options for a child, which shall include, as appropriate, all biological relatives and fictive kin of the child, as well as any professionals who have served as a 1825

resource to the child or his family, such as teachers, medical or mental health providers, and clergy members. In the case of a child who is 14 years of age or older, the family and permanency team shall also include any members of the child's case planning team that were selected by the child in accordance with subsection A of § 16.1-281.

1830 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home 1831 of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the 1832 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care 1833 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 1834 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the 1835 provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving five through 12 children, exclusive of the 1836 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family 1837 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own 1838 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily 1839 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all related to the provider by 1840 blood or marriage shall not be required to be licensed.

1841 "Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
1842 who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual
1843 arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of
1844 operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
1845 inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to
1846 available health and social services.

1847 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an established relationship with the child or his family.

1849 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency. "Foster care placement" does not include placement of a child in accordance with a power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

1854 "Foster home" means a residence licensed by a child-placing agency or local board in which any child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person or a child who is the subject of a power of attorney to delegate parental or legal custodial powers by his parents or legal custodian to the natural person who has been designated the child's legal guardian pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20 and who exercises legal authority over the child on a continuous basis for at least 24 hours without compensation, resides as a member of the household.

1860 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
1861 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
1862 § 63.2-401.

1863 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by 1864 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by 1865 1866 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such 1867 person; (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of 1868 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8; and 1869 (iii) a home in which are received only children who are the subject of a properly executed power of 1870 attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

1871 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over and persons who are former foster care children or were formerly committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice and are between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to self-sufficiency.

1874 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in 1875 the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing 1876 agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 1877 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of 1878 Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute 1879 parental supervision.

1880 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 1881 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare 1882 agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was

1887 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent 1888 living arrangement. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money 1889 management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate services to help 1890 children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

1891 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living 1892 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an 1893 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

1894 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster 1895 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other 1896 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under 1897 which it operates.

1898 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care 1899 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of 1900 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or 1901 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the 1902 action of any court. 1903

"Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

1904 "Kinship guardian" means the adult relative of a child in a kinship guardianship established in 1905 accordance with § 63.2-1305 who has been awarded custody of the child by the court after acting as the 1906 child's foster parent.

1907 "Kinship guardianship" means a relationship established in accordance with § 63.2-1305 between a 1908 child and an adult relative of the child who has formerly acted as the child's foster parent that is 1909 intended to be permanent and self-sustaining as evidenced by the transfer by the court to the adult 1910 relative of the child of the authority necessary to ensure the protection, education, care and control, and 1911 custody of the child and the authority for decision making for the child.

1912 "Kinship Guardianship Assistance program" means a program consistent with 42 U.S.C. § 673 that 1913 provides, subject to a kinship guardianship assistance agreement developed in accordance with 1914 § 63.2-1305, payments to eligible individuals who have received custody of a relative child of whom 1915 they had been the foster parents. 1916

"Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

1917 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this 1918 Commonwealth.

1919 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 1920 city or county.

1921 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation 1922 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel 1923 Management.

1924 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in 1925 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

1926 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 1927 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child care; and general relief. 1928

1929 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 1930 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 1931 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 1932 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 1933 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 1934 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

1935 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of 1936 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified 1937 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are 1938 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

1939 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential 1940 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that 1941 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 1942 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 1943 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 1944 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts 1945 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 1946 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 1947 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever

1948 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 1949 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 1950 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months 1951 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an 1952 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 1953 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified 1954 individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based, 1955 validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 1956 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a 1957 foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified 1958 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 1959 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals 1960 established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to 1961 1962 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282, 1963 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

1964 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary 1965 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a 1966 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

1967 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults 1968 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of 1969 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent 1970 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed. 1971

"Sibling" means each of two or more children having one or more parents in common.

1972 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic 1973 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by 1974 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 1975 1976 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under 1977 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

1978 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed 1979 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A 1980 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

1981 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the 1982 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible 1983 children.

1984 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the 1985 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive 1986 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from Virginia Initiative for Education 1987 and Work (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

1988 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social 1989 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on 1990 behalf of qualifying children.

1991 § 63.2-1205.1. Certain offenders prohibited from adopting a child.

1992 No petition for adoption shall be granted if the person seeking to adopt has been convicted of a 1993 sexually violent offense or an offense requiring registration pursuant to § 9.1-902.

1994 § 63.2-1503. Local departments to establish child-protective services; duties.

1995 A. Each local department shall establish child-protective services under a departmental coordinator 1996 within such department or with one or more adjacent local departments that shall be staffed with 1997 qualified personnel pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board. The local department shall be the 1998 public agency responsible for receiving and responding to complaints and reports, except that (i) in cases 1999 where the reports or complaints are to be made to the court and the judge determines that no local 2000 department within a reasonable geographic distance can impartially respond to the report, the court shall 2001 assign the report to the court services unit for evaluation; and (ii) in cases where an employee at a 2002 private or state-operated hospital, institution or other facility, or an employee of a school board is 2003 suspected of abusing or neglecting a child in such hospital, institution or other facility, or public school, 2004 the local department shall request the Department and the relevant private or state-operated hospital, 2005 institution or other facility, or school board to assist in conducting a joint investigation in accordance 2006 with regulations adopted by the Board, in consultation with the Departments of Education, Health, 2007 Medical Assistance Services, Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Juvenile Justice and 2008 Corrections.

2009 B. The local department shall ensure, through its own personnel or through cooperative arrangements
2010 with other local agencies, the capability of receiving reports or complaints and responding to them
2011 promptly on a 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-per-week basis.

2012 C. The local department shall widely publicize a telephone number for receiving complaints and 2013 reports.

2014 D. The local department shall notify the local attorney for the Commonwealth and the local 2015 law-enforcement agency of all complaints of suspected child abuse or neglect involving (i) any death of 2016 a child; (ii) any injury or threatened injury to the child in which a felony or Class 1 misdemeanor is 2017 also suspected; (iii) any sexual abuse, suspected sexual abuse or other sexual offense involving a child, 2018 including but not limited to the use or display of the child in sexually explicit visual material, as defined 2019 in § 18.2-374.1; (iv) any abduction of a child; (v) any felony or Class 1 misdemeanor drug offense 2020 involving a child; or (vi) contributing to the delinquency of a minor in violation of § 18.2-371, immediately, but in no case more than two hours of receipt of the complaint, and shall provide the 2021 2022 attorney for the Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency with records and information of 2023 the local department, including records related to any complaints of abuse or neglect involving the 2024 victim or the alleged perpetrator, related to the investigation of the complaint. The local department shall 2025 notify the local attorney for the Commonwealth of all complaints of suspected child abuse or neglect 2026 involving the child's being left alone in the same dwelling with a person to whom the child is not 2027 related by blood or marriage and who has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which 2028 registration is required as a violent sexual Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902, immediately, but in no 2029 case more than two hours of receipt of the complaint, and shall provide the attorney for the 2030 Commonwealth with records and information of the local department that would help determine whether 2031 a violation of post-release conditions, probation, parole, or court order has occurred due to the nonrelative sexual offender's contact with the child. The local department shall not allow reports of the 2032 2033 death of the victim from other local agencies to substitute for direct reports to the attorney for the 2034 Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency. The local department shall develop, when 2035 practicable, memoranda of understanding for responding to reports of child abuse and neglect with local 2036 law enforcement and the attorney for the Commonwealth.

2037 In each case in which the local department notifies the local law-enforcement agency of a complaint 2038 pursuant to this subsection, the local department shall, within two business days of delivery of the 2039 notification, complete a written report, on a form provided by the Board for such purpose, which shall 2040 include (a) the name of the representative of the local department providing notice required by this 2041 subsection; (b) the name of the local law-enforcement officer who received such notice; (c) the date and 2042 time that notification was made; (d) the identity of the victim; (e) the identity of the person alleged to 2043 have abused or neglected the child, if known; (f) the clause or clauses in this subsection that describe 2044 the reasons for the notification; and (g) the signatures, which may be electronic signatures, of the 2045 representatives of the local department making the notification and the local law-enforcement officer 2046 receiving the notification. Such report shall be included in the record of the investigation and may be 2047 submitted either in writing or electronically.

2048 E. When abuse or neglect is suspected in any case involving the death of a child, the local 2049 department shall report the case immediately to the regional medical examiner and the local 2050 law-enforcement agency.

F. The local department shall use reasonable diligence to locate (i) any child for whom a report of suspected abuse or neglect has been received and is under investigation, receiving family assessment, or for whom a founded determination of abuse and neglect has been made and a child-protective services case opened and (ii) persons who are the subject of a report that is under investigation or receiving family assessment, if the whereabouts of the child or such persons are unknown to the local department.

G. When an abused or neglected child and the persons who are the subject of an open child-protective services case have relocated out of the jurisdiction of the local department, the local department shall notify the child-protective services agency in the jurisdiction to which such persons have relocated, whether inside or outside of the Commonwealth, and forward to such agency relevant portions of the case record. The receiving local department shall arrange protective and rehabilitative services as required by this section.

2062 H. When a child for whom a report of suspected abuse or neglect has been received and is under 2063 investigation or receiving family assessment and the child and the child's parents or other persons 2064 responsible for the child's care who are the subject of the report that is under investigation or family 2065 assessment have relocated out of the jurisdiction of the local department, the local department shall 2066 notify the child-protective services agency in the jurisdiction to which the child and such persons have 2067 relocated, whether inside or outside of the Commonwealth, and complete such investigation or family 2068 assessment by requesting such agency's assistance in completing the investigation or family assessment. 2069 The local department that completes the investigation or family assessment shall forward to the receiving

agency relevant portions of the case record in order for the receiving agency to arrange protective andrehabilitative services as required by this section.

2072 I. Upon receipt of a report of child abuse or neglect, the local department shall determine the validity
2073 of such report and shall make a determination to conduct an investigation pursuant to § 63.2-1505 or, if
2074 designated as a child-protective services differential response agency by the Department according to
2075 § 63.2-1504, a family assessment pursuant to § 63.2-1506.

2076 J. The local department shall foster, when practicable, the creation, maintenance and coordination of 2077 hospital and community-based multidisciplinary teams that shall include where possible, but not be 2078 limited to, members of the medical, mental health, social work, nursing, education, legal and 2079 law-enforcement professions. Such teams shall assist the local departments in identifying abused and 2080 neglected children; coordinating medical, social, and legal services for the children and their families; 2081 developing innovative programs for detection and prevention of child abuse; promoting community 2082 concern and action in the area of child abuse and neglect; and disseminating information to the general 2083 public with respect to the problem of child abuse and neglect and the facilities and prevention and treatment methods available to combat child abuse and neglect. These teams may be the family 2084 2085 assessment and planning teams established pursuant to § 2.2-5207. Multidisciplinary teams may develop 2086 agreements regarding the exchange of information among the parties for the purposes of the 2087 investigation and disposition of complaints of child abuse and neglect, delivery of services and child 2088 protection. Any information exchanged in accordance with the agreement shall not be considered to be a 2089 violation of the provisions of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

2090 The local department shall also coordinate its efforts in the provision of these services for abused and **2091** neglected children with the judge and staff of the court.

K. The local department may develop multidisciplinary teams to provide consultation to the local department during the investigation of selected cases involving child abuse or neglect, and to make recommendations regarding the prosecution of such cases. These teams may include, but are not limited to, members of the medical, mental health, legal and law-enforcement professions, including the attorney for the Commonwealth or his designee; a local child-protective services representative; and the guardian ad litem or other court-appointed advocate for the child. Any information exchanged for the purpose of such consultation shall not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

2099 L. The local department shall report annually on its activities concerning abused and neglected2100 children to the court and to the Child-Protective Services Unit in the Department on forms provided by2101 the Department.

2102 M. Statements, or any evidence derived therefrom, made to local department child-protective services 2103 personnel, or to any person performing the duties of such personnel, by any person accused of the 2104 abuse, injury, neglect or death of a child after the arrest of such person, shall not be used in evidence in 2105 the case-in-chief against such person in the criminal proceeding on the question of guilt or innocence 2106 over the objection of the accused, unless the statement was made after such person was fully advised (i) 2107 of his right to remain silent, (ii) that anything he says may be used against him in a court of law, (iii) 2108 that he has a right to the presence of an attorney during any interviews, and (iv) that if he cannot afford 2109 an attorney, one will be appointed for him prior to any questioning.

N. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the local department, in accordance with Board
regulations, shall transmit information regarding reports, complaints, family assessments, and
investigations involving children of active duty members of the United States Armed Forces or members
of their household to family advocacy representatives of the United States Armed Forces.

O. The local department shall notify the custodial parent and make reasonable efforts to notify the noncustodial parent as those terms are defined in § 63.2-1900 of a report of suspected abuse or neglect of a child who is the subject of an investigation or is receiving family assessment, in those cases in which such custodial or noncustodial parent is not the subject of the investigation.

2118 P. The local department shall (i) notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction without delay when 2119 an individual holding a license issued by the Board of Education is the subject of a founded complaint 2120 of child abuse or neglect and shall transmit identifying information regarding such individual if the local 2121 department knows the person holds a license issued by the Board of Education and (ii) notify the 2122 Superintendent of Public Instruction without delay if the founded complaint of child abuse or neglect is 2123 dismissed following an appeal pursuant to § 63.2-1526. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 2124 affect the rights of any individual holding a license issued by the Board of Education to any hearings or 2125 appeals otherwise provided by law. Any information exchanged for the purpose of this subsection shall 2126 not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

2127 § 63.2-1506. Family assessments by local departments.

2128 A. A family assessment requires the collection of information necessary to determine:

- **2129** 1. The immediate safety needs of the child;
- 2130 2. The protective and rehabilitative services needs of the child and family that will deter abuse or

2131 neglect;

2132 3. Risk of future harm to the child;

2133 4. Whether the mother of a child who was exposed in utero to a controlled substance sought 2134 substance abuse counseling or treatment prior to the child's birth; and

2135 5. Alternative plans for the child's safety if protective and rehabilitative services are indicated and the 2136 family is unable or unwilling to participate in services.

2137 B. When a local department has been designated as a child-protective services differential response 2138 system participant by the Department pursuant to § 63.2-1504 and responds to the report or complaint 2139 by conducting a family assessment, the local department shall:

2140 1. Conduct an immediate family assessment and, if the report or complaint was based upon one of the factors specified in subsection B of § 63.2-1509, the local department may file a petition pursuant to 2141 2142 § 16.1-241.3;

2143 2. Obtain and consider the results of a search of the child abuse and neglect registry for any 2144 individual who is the subject of a family assessment. The local board shall determine whether the 2145 individual has resided in another state within at least the preceding five years, and, if he has resided in 2146 another state, the local board shall request a search of the child abuse and neglect registry or equivalent 2147 registry maintained by such state. The local board also may obtain and consider, in accordance with 2148 regulations of the Board, statewide criminal history record information from the Central Criminal 2149 Records Exchange for any individual who is the subject of a family assessment;

2150 3. Immediately contact the subject of the report and the family of the child alleged to have been 2151 abused or neglected and give each a written and an oral explanation of the family assessment procedure. 2152 The family assessment shall be in writing and shall be completed in accordance with Board regulation;

2153 4. Complete the family assessment within 45 days and transmit a report to such effect to the 2154 Department and to the person who is the subject of the family assessment. However, upon written 2155 justification by the local department, the family assessment may be extended, not to exceed a total of 60 2156 days;

2157 5. Consult with the family to arrange for necessary protective and rehabilitative services to be 2158 provided to the child and his family. Families have the option of declining the services offered as a 2159 result of the family assessment. If the family declines the services, the case shall be closed unless the 2160 local department determines that sufficient cause exists to redetermine the case as one that needs to be 2161 investigated. In no instance shall a case be redetermined as an investigation solely because the family 2162 declines services; 2163

6. Petition the court for services deemed necessary;

2164 7. Make no disposition of founded or unfounded for reports in which a family assessment is 2165 completed. Reports in which a family assessment is completed shall not be entered into the central 2166 registry contained in § 63.2-1515; and

2167 8. Commence an immediate investigation, if at any time during the completion of the family 2168 assessment, the local department determines that an investigation is required.

2169 C. When a local department has been designated as a child-protective services differential response 2170 agency by the Department, the local department may investigate any report of child abuse or neglect, 2171 but the following valid reports of child abuse or neglect shall be investigated: (i) sexual abuse, (ii) child 2172 fatality, (iii) abuse or neglect resulting in serious injury as defined in § 18.2-371.1, (iv) cases involving a 2173 child's being left alone in the same dwelling with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or 2174 marriage and who has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as 2175 a violent sexual Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902, (v) child has been taken into the custody of the 2176 local department, or (vi) cases involving a caretaker at a state-licensed child day center, religiously 2177 exempt child day center, licensed, registered or approved family day home, private or public school, 2178 hospital or any institution. If a report or complaint is based upon one of the factors specified in 2179 subsection B of § 63.2-1509, the local department shall (a) conduct a family assessment, unless an 2180 investigation is required pursuant to this subsection or other provision of law or is necessary to protect 2181 the safety of the child, and (b) develop a plan of safe care in accordance with federal law, regardless of 2182 whether the local department makes a finding of abuse or neglect.

D. Any individual who is the subject of a family assessment conducted under this section shall notify 2183 2184 the local department prior to changing his place of residence and provide the local department with the 2185 address of his new residence. 2186

§ 63.2-1732. Regulations for assisted living facilities.

2187 A. The Board shall have the authority to adopt and enforce regulations to carry out the provisions of 2188 this subtitle and to protect the health, safety, welfare and individual rights of residents of assisted living 2189 facilities and to promote their highest level of functioning. Such regulations shall take into consideration 2190 cost constraints of smaller operations in complying with such regulations and shall provide a procedure 2191 whereby a licensee or applicant may request, and the Commissioner may grant, an allowable variance to

2192 a regulation pursuant to § 63.2-1703.

B. Regulations shall include standards for staff qualifications and training; facility design, functional design and equipment; services to be provided to residents; administration of medicine; allowable medical conditions for which care can be provided; and medical procedures to be followed by staff, including provisions for physicians' services, restorative care, and specialized rehabilitative services. The Board shall adopt regulations on qualifications and training for employees of an assisted living facility in a direct care position. "Direct care position" means supervisors, assistants, aides, or other employees of a facility who assist residents in their daily living activities.

2200 C. Regulations for a Medication Management Plan in a licensed assisted living facility shall be 2201 developed by the Board, in consultation with the Board of Nursing and the Board of Pharmacy. Such 2202 regulations shall (i) establish the elements to be contained within a Medication Management Plan, 2203 including a demonstrated understanding of the responsibilities associated with medication management 2204 by the facility; standard operating and record-keeping procedures; staff qualifications, training and 2205 supervision; documentation of daily medication administration; and internal monitoring of plan 2206 conformance by the facility; (ii) include a requirement that each assisted living facility shall establish 2207 and maintain a written Medication Management Plan that has been approved by the Department; and 2208 (iii) provide that a facility's failure to conform to any approved Medication Management Plan shall be 2209 subject to the sanctions set forth in § 63.2-1709 or 63.2-1709.2.

D. Regulations shall require all licensed assisted living facilities with six or more residents to be able
to connect by July 1, 2007, to a temporary emergency electrical power source for the provision of
electricity during an interruption of the normal electric power supply. The installation shall be in
compliance with the Uniform Statewide Building Code.

2214 É. Regulations for medical procedures in assisted living facilities shall be developed in consultation
2215 with the State Board of Health and adopted by the Board, and compliance with these regulations shall
2216 be determined by Department of Health or Department inspectors as provided by an interagency
2217 agreement between the Department and the Department of Health.

F. In developing regulations to determine the number of assisted living facilities for which an assisted living facility administrator may serve as administrator of record, the Board shall consider (i) the number of residents in each of the facilities, (ii) the travel time between each of the facilities, and (iii) the qualifications of the on-site manager under the supervision of the administrator of record.

G. Regulations shall require that each assisted living facility register with the Department of State Police to receive notice of the registration Θr , reregistration, or verification of registration information of any sex offender person required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1 within the same or a contiguous zip code area in which the facility is located, pursuant to § 9.1-914.

H. Regulations shall require that each assisted living facility ascertain, prior to admission, whether a potential resident is a registered sex offender required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, if the facility anticipates the potential resident will have a length of stay greater than three days or in fact stays longer than three days.

2232 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 2233 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 2234 necessary appropriation is \$0 for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and 2235 cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile 2236 Justice.