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SENATE BILL NO. 238

Offered January 8, 2020

Prefiled January 2, 2020

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-79.1 and 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to public schools; kindergarten instructional time.

Patron—Barker

Referred to Committee on Education and Health

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 22.1-79.1 and 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 22.1-79.1. Opening of the school year; approvals for certain alternative schedules.

A. Each local school board shall set the school calendar so that the first day students are required to attend school shall be no earlier than 14 days before Labor Day. In each school division in which the school board sets the school calendar so that the first day students are required to attend school is before Labor Day, such school board shall close each school in the school division from the Friday immediately preceding Labor Day through Labor Day. The Board of Education may waive this requirement based on a school board certifying that it meets the good cause requirements of subsection B.

B. For purposes of this section, "good cause" means a school division is providing its students, in the school year for which the waiver is sought, with instructional programs that are offered on a year-round basis by the school division in one or more of its elementary or middle or high schools. Any waiver provided pursuant to this subsection shall only apply to the opening date for those schools where such year-round instructional programs are offered.

C. Individual schools may propose, and local school boards may approve, pursuant to guidelines developed by the Board of Education, alternative school schedule plans providing for the operation of schools on a four-day weekly calendar, so long as a minimum of 990 hours of instructional time is provided for grades ~~one kindergarten~~ through 12 and ~~540 hours for kindergarten~~.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other provision of law, the school board of any school division located in Planning District 16 that was not granted a good cause waiver pursuant to this section for the 2018-2019 school year but would qualify for such a waiver pursuant to this section as it was in effect prior to July 1, 2019, for the 2019-2020 school year may set the school calendar so that the first day students are required to attend is earlier than Labor Day, including earlier than 14 days before Labor Day. Additionally, the school board of any school division located in Planning District 16 that is entirely surrounded by two school divisions that either were granted a waiver pursuant to Chapter 3 of the Acts of Assembly of 2012, Special Session I, or would qualify for a good cause waiver pursuant to this section as it was in effect prior to July 1, 2019, for the 2019-2020 school year may open schools on the same opening date as either such surrounding school division.

§ 22.1-253.13:2. Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, and other professional personnel.

B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors, and librarians, that are not greater than the following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained

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59 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

60 Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
61 ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
62 middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
63 one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

64 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
65 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional
66 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation
67 act. ~~Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day kindergarten programs. Beginning~~
68 ~~with the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school divisions offering half-day~~
69 ~~kindergarten with pupil/teacher ratios that exceed 30 to one shall adjust their average daily membership~~
70 ~~for kindergarten to reflect 85 percent of the total kindergarten average daily memberships, as provided in~~
71 ~~the appropriation act.~~

72 E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs
73 of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be
74 provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K
75 through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State
76 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and
77 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by
78 the local school boards.

79 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
80 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
81 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
82 shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

83 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year
84 programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act,
85 shall be provided to support 17 full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students
86 identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language teachers
87 who provide instruction in English and in a second language.

88 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English
89 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use
90 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to
91 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to
92 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to
93 supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ
94 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel
95 licensed by the Board of Education.

96 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local
97 school board shall employ the following reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time in each
98 elementary school at the discretion of the local school board. One reading specialist employed by each
99 local school board that employs a reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the
100 appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a
101 related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist
102 shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to
103 help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at
104 different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory,
105 explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations,
106 and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

107 To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
108 reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
109 Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
110 by the Board of Education.

111 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions
112 for any school that reports fall membership, according to the type of school and student enrollment:

113 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
114 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in high
115 schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

116 2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
117 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
118 in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient
119 number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools
120 within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are

elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors:

a. Effective with the 2019-2020 school year, in elementary schools, one hour per day per 75 students, one full-time at 375 students, one hour per day additional time per 75 students or major fraction thereof; in middle schools, one period per 65 students, one full-time at 325 students, one additional period per 65 students or major fraction thereof; in high schools, one period per 60 students, one full-time at 300 students, one additional period per 60 students or major fraction thereof.

b. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of school counselors to meet the school counselor staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision may assign school counselors to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except for school counselors, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment; school counselor staff requirements shall, however, be based on the enrollment at the various school organization levels, i.e., elementary, middle, or high school. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school courses.

O. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

182 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall
183 include the following:

184 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and
185 assistant superintendents;

186 2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

187 3. Student support positions, including (i) social workers and social work administrative positions; (ii)
188 school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) homebound
189 administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to truancy and
190 dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral positions, including school nurses and school
191 psychologists;

192 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and
193 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

194 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

195 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation
196 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

197 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional
198 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

199 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at
200 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each
201 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in
202 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and
203 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of
204 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to
205 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are
206 elementary, middle, or secondary.

207 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

208 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional
209 instructional services.

210 P. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional
211 and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to
212 include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

213 **2. That the provisions of the first enactment of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2022.**

214 **3. That the Board of Education shall adopt regulations establishing standards for accreditation**
215 **that include a requirement that the standard school day for students in kindergarten average at**
216 **least 5.5 instructional hours in order to qualify for full accreditation. The Board of Education**
217 **shall adopt such regulations by July 1, 2022.**