2020 SESSION

20107362D **HOUSE BILL NO. 809** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions 4 on February 4, 2020) 5 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Delaney) 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 63.2-100 and 63.2-1508 of the Code of Virginia, relating to child 7 abuse and neglect; valid report or complaint; alleged abuser. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That §§ 63.2-100 and 63.2-1508 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 63.2-100. Definitions. 11 As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age: 12 13 1. Whose parents or parent, other person responsible for his care creates, or parent's intimate partner 14 who is regularly present in the home: 15 a. Creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such 16 child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, 17 disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental functions, including, but not limited to, a allowing the child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his care to be present either (i) during the 18 19 manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled substance, or (ii) during the 20 unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person responsible for his care, where 21 such manufacture, or attempted manufacture, or unlawful sale would constitute a felony violation of 22 § 18.2-248; 23 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects b. Neglects or refuses to provide 24 care necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 25 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 26 27 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 28 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical 29 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 30 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 31 32 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 33 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 34 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 35 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4; 36 3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons c. Abandons such child; 37 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits d. Commits or allows to be 38 committed any act of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a such child in violation of the law; or 39 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco 40 41 parentis: 42 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates e. Creates a substantial risk of 43 physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the such child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the such child is not related by blood or 44 45 marriage and who the parent or, other person responsible for his care, or parent's intimate partner who is regularly present in the home knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which 46 47 registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or **48** 2. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental 49 or physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 50 parentis: or 51 7. 3. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for 52 53 Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq. If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital 54 55 or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 56 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, within 14 days of the 57 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for

adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

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58 59

HOUS Η SUBSTITUTE

HB809H1

60 "Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a61 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

62 "Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 63 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

64 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable65 confinement of an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603.

66 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, 67 68 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 69 70 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or 71 72 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. 73

74 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal, unauthorized, improper, or fraudulent use of an adult as 75 defined in § 63.2-1603 or his funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets for another's profit, 76 benefit, or advantage, including a caregiver or person serving in a fiduciary capacity, or that deprives the adult of his rightful use of or access to such funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets. "Adult 77 78 exploitation" includes (i) an intentional breach of a fiduciary obligation to an adult to his detriment or 79 an intentional failure to use the financial resources of an adult in a manner that results in neglect of 80 such adult; (ii) the acquisition, possession, or control of an adult's financial resources or property through the use of undue influence, coercion, or duress; and (iii) forcing or coercing an adult to pay for 81 goods or services or perform services against his will for another's profit, benefit, or advantage if the 82 83 adult did not agree, or was tricked, misled, or defrauded into agreeing, to pay for such goods or services 84 or to perform such services.

85 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three adults.

88 "Adult neglect" means that an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 is living under such circumstances that 89 he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being. However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

95 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to protect an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

97 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who
98 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with
99 activities of daily living.

"Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 100 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 101 102 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board 103 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any 104 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or 105 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 106 107 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 108 109 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 110 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 111 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 112 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 113 114 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 115 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 116 117 individual.

"Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who
receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive
these benefits except for excess income.

121 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

HB809H1

"Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, meansparent(s) by previous adoption.

124 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

125 "Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

126 "Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 127 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or

128 more children at any location.

"Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

132 "Child-placing agency" means (i) any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or 133 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819, (ii) a local board that places children in foster homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221, or (iii) an entity that assists 134 parents with the process of delegating parental and legal custodial powers of their children pursuant to 135 Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20. "Child-placing agency" does not include the persons to whom 136 137 such parental or legal custodial powers are delegated pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 138 20. Officers, employees, or agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their 139 authority as such, who serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

140 "Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints 141 and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes 142 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child 143 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 144 abused or neglected.

145 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of
146 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or
147 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

148 "Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility,149 family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

"Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is
maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time
care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services
to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care.
Children's residential facility shall not include:

155 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events,
 156 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer
 157 vacation;

158 2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

159 3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

160 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized 161 representative.

162 "Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

163 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services
164 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated
165 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remainingafter the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

168 "Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and 169 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, 170 repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or 171 repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance 172 with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the 173 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

174 "Family and permanency team" means the group of individuals assembled by the local department to 175 assist with determining planning and placement options for a child, which shall include, as appropriate, 176 all biological relatives and fictive kin of the child, as well as any professionals who have served as a 177 resource to the child or his family, such as teachers, medical or mental health providers, and clergy 178 members. In the case of a child who is 14 years of age or older, the family and permanency team shall 179 also include any members of the child's case planning team that were selected by the child in 180 accordance with subsection A of § 16.1-281.

181 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home182 of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the

183 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care 184 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 185 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the 186 provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving five through 12 children, exclusive of the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family 187 188 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own 189 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily 190 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all related to the provider by 191 blood or marriage shall not be required to be licensed.

"Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to available health and social services.

198 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an199 established relationship with the child or his family.

"Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency. "Foster care placement" does not include placement of a child in accordance with a power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

"Foster home" means a residence licensed by a child-placing agency or local board in which any
child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person or a child who is the subject of a power of
attorney to delegate parental or legal custodial powers by his parents or legal custodian to the natural
person who has been designated the child's legal guardian pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of
Title 20 and who exercises legal authority over the child on a continuous basis for at least 24 hours
without compensation, resides as a member of the household.

"General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
 § 63.2-401.

214 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by 215 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein 216 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by 217 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such person; (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of 218 219 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8; and 220 (iii) a home in which are received only children who are the subject of a properly executed power of 221 attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

"Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over
and persons who are former foster care children or were formerly committed to the Department of
Juvenile Justice and are between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to self-sufficiency.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

231 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 232 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare 233 agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and 234 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 235 the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his 236 commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social 237 services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 238 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent 239 living arrangement. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money 240 management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate services to help 241 children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

242 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
243 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
244 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

HB809H1

245 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster 246 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other 247 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under 248 which it operates.

249 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care 250 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of 251 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or 252 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the 253 action of any court. 254

"Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

255 "Kinship guardian" means the adult relative of a child in a kinship guardianship established in 256 accordance with § 63.2-1305 who has been awarded custody of the child by the court after acting as the 257 child's foster parent.

258 "Kinship guardianship" means a relationship established in accordance with § 63.2-1305 between a 259 child and an adult relative of the child who has formerly acted as the child's foster parent that is 260 intended to be permanent and self-sustaining as evidenced by the transfer by the court to the adult 261 relative of the child of the authority necessary to ensure the protection, education, care and control, and 262 custody of the child and the authority for decision making for the child.

263 "Kinship Guardianship Assistance program" means a program consistent with 42 U.S.C. § 673 that 264 provides, subject to a kinship guardianship assistance agreement developed in accordance with 265 § 63.2-1305, payments to eligible individuals who have received custody of a relative child of whom 266 they had been the foster parents.

267 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

268 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this 269 Commonwealth.

270 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 271 city or county.

272 'Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation 273 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel 274 Management.

275 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in 276 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

277 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 278 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child 279 care; and general relief.

280 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 281 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 282 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 283 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 284 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 285 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

286 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of 287 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified 288 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are 289 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

290 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential 291 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that 292 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 293 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 294 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 295 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts 296 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 297 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 298 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever 299 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 300 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 301 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months 302 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an 303 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 304 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified 305 individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based,

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306 validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 307 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a 308 foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified 309 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 310 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals 311 established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and 312 long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282, 313 314 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

"Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary 315 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a 316 certificate of registration from the Commissioner. 317

318 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of 319 320 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent 321 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed. 322

"Sibling" means each of two or more children having one or more parents in common.

323 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic 324 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by 325 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 326 327 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under 328 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

329 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed 330 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A 331 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the 332 333 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible 334 children.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the 335 336 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive 337 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from Virginia Initiative for Education 338 and Work (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

339 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social 340 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on behalf of qualifying children. 341 342

§ 63.2-1508. Valid report or complaint.

343 A. A valid report or complaint means the local department has evaluated the information and 344 allegations of the report or complaint and determined that the local department shall conduct an 345 investigation or family assessment because the following elements are present:

1. The alleged victim child or children are under 18 years of age at the time of the complaint or 346 347 report;

348 2. The alleged abuser is the alleged victim child's parent or other caretaker, any other person who is 349 responsible for the care of the alleged child victim, or the alleged victim child's parent's intimate 350 partner who is regularly present in the home; 351

3. The local department receiving the complaint or report has jurisdiction; and

4. The circumstances described allege suspected child abuse or neglect.

353 B. A valid report or complaint regarding a child who has been identified as a victim of sex 354 trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 355 2000 (22 U.S.C § 7102 et seq.) and in the federal Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015 (P.L. 356 114-22) may be established if the alleged abuser is the alleged victim child's parent, other caretaker, or 357 any other person suspected to have caused such abuse or neglect.

358 C. Nothing in this section shall relieve any person specified in § 63.2-1509 from making a report 359 required by that section, regardless of the identity of the person suspected to have caused such abuse or 360 neglect.