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HOUSE BILL NO. 790

Offered January 8, 2020 Prefiled January 7, 2020

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 8.01-512.4, 34-4, 34-6, 34-14, 34-17, and 34-21 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 1 of Title 34 a section numbered 34-3.2; and to repeal § 34-3.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to homestead exemption; bankruptcy exemptions.

Patron—Simon

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 8.01-512.4, 34-4, 34-6, 34-14, 34-17, and 34-21 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 1 of Title 34 a section numbered 34-3.2 as follows:

§ 8.01-512.4. Notice of exemptions from garnishment and lien.

No summons in garnishment shall be issued or served, nor shall any notice of lien be served on a financial institution pursuant to § 8.01-502.1, unless a notice of exemptions and claim for exemption form are attached. The notice shall contain the following statement:

NOTICE TO JUDGMENT DEBTOR

HOW TO CLAIM EXEMPTIONS FROM GARNISHMENT AND LIEN

The attached Summons in Garnishment or Notice of Lien has been issued on request of a creditor who holds a judgment against you. The Summons may cause your property or wages to be held or taken to pay the judgment.

The law provides that certain property and wages cannot be taken in garnishment. Such property is said to be exempted. A summary of some of the major exemptions is set forth in the request for hearing form. There is no exemption solely because you are having difficulty paying your debts.

If you claim an exemption, you should (i) fill out the claim for exemption form and (ii) deliver or mail the form to the clerk's office of this court. You have a right to a hearing within seven business days from the date you file your claim with the court. If the creditor is asking that your wages be withheld, the method of computing the amount of wages which that are exempt from garnishment by law is indicated on the Summons in Garnishment attached. You do not need to file a claim for exemption to receive this exemption, but if you believe the wrong amount is being withheld you may file a claim for exemption.

On the day of the hearing you should come to court ready to explain why your property is exempted, and you should bring any documents which that may help you prove your case. If you do not come to court at the designated time and prove that your property is exempt, you may lose some of your rights.

It may be helpful to you to seek the advice of an attorney in this matter.

REOUEST FOR HEARING-GARNISHMENT/LIEN EXEMPTION CLAIM

I claim that the exemption(s) from garnishment or lien which that are checked below apply in this case:

MAJOR EXEMPTIONS UNDER FEDERAL AND STATE LAW

- __ 1. Social Security benefits and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) (42 U.S.C. § 407).
- 2. Veterans' benefits (38 U.S.C. § 5301).
- __ 3. Federal civil service retirement benefits (5 U.S.C. § 8346).
- __ 4. Annuities to survivors of federal judges (28 U.S.C. § 376(n)).
- 5. Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. § 916).
- 6. Black lung benefits.

Exemptions listed under 1 through 6 above may not be applicable in child support and alimony cases (42 U.S.C. § 659).

- 7. Seaman's, master's or fisherman's wages, except for child support or spousal support and maintenance (46 U.S.C. § 11109).
- 8. Unemployment compensation benefits (§ 60.2-600, Code of Virginia). This exemption may not be applicable in child support cases (§ 60.2-608, Code of Virginia).
 - __ 9. Portions or amounts of wages subject to garnishment (§ 34-29, Code of Virginia).
 - 10. Public assistance payments (§ 63.2-506, Code of Virginia).
- 11. Homestead exemption of \$5,000, or \$10,000 if the debtor is 65 years of age or older, in cash, and, in addition, real or personal property used as the principal residence of the householder or the

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59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76	householder's dependents not exceeding \$25,000 in value (§ 34-4, Code of Virginia). This exemption may not be claimed in certain cases, such as payment of spousal or child support (§ 34-5, Code of Virginia). 12. Property of disabled veterans — additional \$10,000 cash (§ 34-4.1, Code of Virginia). 13. Workers' Compensation benefits (§ 65.2-531, Code of Virginia). 14. Growing crops (§ 8.01-489, Code of Virginia). 15. Benefits from group life insurance policies (§ 38.2-3339, Code of Virginia). 16. Proceeds from industrial sick benefits insurance (§ 38.2-3549, Code of Virginia). 17. Assignments of certain salary and wages (§ 8.01-525.10, Code of Virginia). 18. Benefits for victims of crime (§ 19.2-368.12, Code of Virginia). 19. Preneed funeral trusts (§ 54.1-2823, Code of Virginia). 20. Certain retirement benefits (§ 34-34, Code of Virginia). 21. Child support payments (§ 20-108.1, Code of Virginia). 22. Support for dependent minor children (§ 34-4.2, Code of Virginia). To claim this exemption, the debtor shall attach to the claim for exemption form an affidavit that complies with the requirements of subsection B of § 34-4.2 and two items of proof showing that the debtor is entitled to this exemption. 23. Other (describe exemption): \$ I request a court hearing to decide the validity of my claim. Notice of the hearing should be given
76 77	me at:
78	
79	(address) (telephone no.)
80 81	The statements made in this request are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
82	(date) (signature of judgment debtor)
83	§ 34-3.2. Automatic adjustment of exemptions.
84 95	Beginning on July 1, 2023, and every three years thereafter, the dollar amount of the exemptions
85 86	provided in §§ 34-4, 34-4.1, 34-13, and 34-26 shall be adjusted triennially, rounded to the nearest \$25, based on the increases over the three full calendar years prior thereto in the United States Average
87	Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) for the South Region as published by the
88	Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor. The Executive Secretary of the Supreme
89 90	Court of Virginia shall publish the updated dollar amounts between January 1 and June 1 of each year in which an adjustment pursuant to this section shall occur.
90 91	§ 34-4. Exemption created.
92	Every householder shall be entitled, in addition to the property or estate exempt under §§ 23.1-707,
93	34-26, 34-27, 34-29, and 64.2-311, to hold exempt from creditor process arising out of a debt, real and
94 05	personal property, or either, to be selected by the householder, including money and debts due the
95 96	householder not exceeding \$5,000 in value or, if the householder is 65 years of age or older, not exceeding \$10,000 in value, and in addition, real or personal property used as the principal residence
97	of the householder or the householder's dependents not exceeding \$25,000 in value. In addition, upon a
98	showing that a householder supports dependents, the householder shall be entitled to hold exempt from
99	creditor process real and personal property, or either, selected by the householder, including money or
100	monetary obligations or liabilities due the householder, not exceeding \$500 in value for each dependent.
101	For the purposes of this section, "dependent" means an individual who derives support primarily
102 103	from the householder and who does not have assets sufficient to support himself, but in no case shall an individual be the dependent of more than one householder.
103 104	§ 34-6. How exemption of real estate secured; form to claim exemption of real property.
105	In order to secure the benefit of the exemptions of real estate under §§ 34-4 and 34-4.1, the
106	householder, by a writing signed by him and duly admitted to record, to be recorded as deeds are

In order to secure the benefit of the exemptions of real estate under §§ 34-4 and 34-4.1, the householder, by a writing signed by him and duly admitted to record, to be recorded as deeds are recorded, in the county or city wherein such real estate or any part thereof is located or, if such property is located outside of the Commonwealth, in the county or city in the Commonwealth where the householder resides, shall declare his intention to claim such benefit and select and set apart the real estate to be held by the householder as exempt, and describe the same with reasonable certainty, affixing to the description his cash valuation of the estate so selected and set apart. However, if such real estate is claimed exempt in a case filed under Title 11 of the United States Code, the official Schedule of Property Claimed as Exempt filed in the United States Bankruptcy Court claiming such exemptions shall be sufficient to set apart such property as exempt. Equitable as well as legal estates may be so selected and set apart. The following form, or one which is substantially similar, shall be used and shall be sufficient for the writing required by this section:

HOMESTEAD DEED FOR REAL PROPERTY

Name of Householder

 Name of title holder of record (if different)

Is the householder a disabled veteran entitled to claim the additional exemption under § 34-4.1?

-	Address of Householder
ĺ	Address of HouseholderName(s) and age(s) of dependent(s)County/city/state in which real property claimed as exempt is located
(County/city/state in which real property claimed as exempt is located
Ī	Description of property claimed as exempt
- - - -	Value of property described above Number of homestead deeds that have been filed by the Householder
Ī	Exemption amount previously claimed on prior homestead deeds
Ī	List the jurisdictions where previous homestead deeds were filed
-	(Signature of Householder) [ACKNOWLEDGMENT]
exei	Such writing or deed shall not be required to secure any exemption under this Code except mptions created by §§ 34-4 and 34-4.1.
apar certi valu cour a ca Exer apar duly pers	§ 34-14. How set apart in personal estate; form to claim exemption of personal property. Such personal estate selected by the householder and under §§ \$ 34-4, 34-4.1, or § 34-13 shall be the in a writing signed by him. He shall, in the writing, designate and describe with reasonal estate so selected and set apart and each parcel or article, affixing to each his nation thereof. Such writing shall be admitted to record, to be recorded as deeds are recorded inty or city wherein such householder resides. However, if such personal estate is claimed exemples as a filed under Title 11 of the United States Code, the official Schedule of Property Claimed and filed in the United States Bankruptcy Court claiming such exemptions shall be sufficient that such property as exempt. The following form, or one which is substantially similar, shall be used and shall be sufficient, and admitted to record in the county or city in which the householder resides, to exempt such described and property from creditor process: HOMESTEAD DEED FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY
1	Name of Householder
-	Address of Householder
1	Address of Householder Name(s) and age(s) of dependent(s)
(County/city in which householder resides
I	Description of property claimed as exempt and its value
Ī	Number of homestead deeds that have been filed by the Householder
Ī	Exemption amount previously claimed on prior homestead deeds
Ī	List the jurisdictions where previous homestead deeds were filed
-	(Signature of Householder) [ACKNOWLEDGMENT]
,	Such writing or deed shall not be required to secure any exemption under this Code except mptions created by §§ 34-4, 34-4.1 and 34-13.

A. The real or personal estate which that a householder is entitled to hold as exempt may be set apart at any time before it is subjected by sale under creditor process or by a trustee in bankruptcy, or, if such creditor process does not require sale of the property, before it is turned over to the creditor. To claim an exemption in bankruptcy, a householder who (i) files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy or (ii) against whom an involuntary petition in bankruptcy is filed shall set such real or personal property apart on or before the fifth day after the date of the meeting held pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 341, but not thereafter. A householder who converts a case from Chapters 11, 12, or 13 to Chapter 7 shall set such real or personal property apart on or before the fifth day after the date of the meeting held pursuant to

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182 11 U.S.C. § 341 in the Chapter 7 case, but not thereafter. Nothing in this section shall affect the right of the trustee in bankruptcy, with the approval of the court, to proceed immediately with the sale or other disposition of personal property which the trustee determines to be perishable or particularly susceptible to price deterioration or disbursed by the bankruptcy trustee.

B. A claim of homestead exemption to protect garnished wages may be filed by the debtor after the garnishment summons is served on the employer but prior to or upon the return date of the garnishment summons and shall be considered by the garnishing court.

§ 34-21. When householder's right to exemption is exhausted.

When the maximum an amount of property, whether real or personal, or both, has been once set apart to be held by a householder as exempt under § 34-4 or §, 34-4.1, he or 34-13, such amount shall not afterwards for a period of seven years from such setting apart be entitled to the exemption of any estate other than that so set apart or as otherwise provided by law applied against the maximum amount to which the householder is entitled to set apart as exempt under § 34-4, 34-4.1, or 34-13.

195 2. That § 34-3.1 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.

3. That the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia shall promulgate and update the forms necessary to comply with the provisions of the first enactment of this act.