2020 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1576

FLOOR AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by Senator Saslaw

on February 27, 2020)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Kilgore)

A BILL to amend and reenact § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to electric utility regulation; energy efficiency programs; participation by industrial customers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

10 § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or 11 expire.

A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 12 13 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, 14 distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 15 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified 16 herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 17 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 18 19 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 20 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 21 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 22 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return 23 more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 24 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 25 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 26 27 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 28 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 29 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 30 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 31 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 32 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 33 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 34 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 35 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 36 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 37 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 38 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 39 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event 40 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 41 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 42 43 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 44 conduct reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and 45 transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following 46 47 provisions:

48 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 49 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. Pursuant to subsection A of 50 § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase I Utility in 2020, utilizing the three 51 successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2019. Thereafter, reviews for a Phase I Utility will be on a triennial basis with subsequent proceedings utilizing the three 52 53 successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such 54 review proceeding is conducted. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct 55 a review for a Phase II Utility in 2021, utilizing the four successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2020, with subsequent reviews on a triennial basis utilizing 56 the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which 57 such review proceeding is conducted. All such reviews occurring after December 31, 2017, shall be 58 59 referred to as triennial reviews. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an investor-owned

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incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case settlement adopted by
the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a Phase II Utility is an
investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

63 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, the fair rate of return on common equity applicable
64 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
65 combined, and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision 5 or 6, shall be determined
66 by the Commission during each such triennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
triennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

74 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall 75 first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of 76 the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 77 78 its final order regarding such triennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer 79 group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an 80 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 81 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 82 83 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose 84 facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 85 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such triennial review, and (iv) it is not 86 87 an affiliate of the utility subject to such triennial review.

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 91 92 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 93 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 94 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 95 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 96 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 97 98 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 99 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 100 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 101 102 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other 103 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 104 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, 105 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for 106 such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a 107 108 percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average 109 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 110 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 111 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

112 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that 113 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for 114 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial 115 Return for such utility.

116 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for 117 any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

118 "Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility 119 by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection 120 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

121 e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this

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section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitivewith costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

124 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and 125 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to 126 facilities described in subdivision 6.

127 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 128 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 129 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 130 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 131 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for 132 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 133 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned 134 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 135 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in 136 accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a 137 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the 138 provisions of this section. The provisions of this subdivision are subject to the provisions of subdivision 139 8.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent triennial review.

143 3. Each such utility shall make a triennial filing by March 31 of every third year, with such filings 144 commencing for a Phase I Utility in 2020, and such filings commencing for a Phase II Utility in 2021, 145 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 146 applications. Such filing shall encompass the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 147 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, except that the filing for a 148 Phase II Utility in 2021 shall encompass the four successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 149 2020, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be 150 segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 151 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 152 adjustment clauses previously implemented related to facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines 153 described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the 154 amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall 155 combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues and investments only after it makes its initial 156 determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or credits to customers' bills, and the amounts 157 thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein specified, they shall thereafter be considered part 158 of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the purposes of future triennial review proceedings. 159 In a triennial filing under this subdivision that does not result in an overall rate change a utility may 160 propose an adjustment to one or more tariffs that are revenue neutral to the utility.

161 4. (Expires December 31, 2023) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed 162 reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional 163 transmission entity of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; (ii) costs charged to the utility that 164 165 are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 166 and administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member; and (iii) costs incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in 167 168 order to provide service to a business park. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the expiration or 169 termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for 170 171 transmission service; charges for new and existing transmission facilities, including costs incurred by the 172 utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide 173 service to a business park; administrative charges; and ancillary service charges designed to recover 174 transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to 175 recover these costs shall be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate 176 schedules.

4. (Effective January 1, 2024) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable
and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity
of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved
by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated
with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and
administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a

utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any
12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs,
including, without limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission
facilities, administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs,
shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall
be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

189 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
190 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
191 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public
interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

200 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 201 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of 202 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 203 subdivision 2. Any such petition shall include a proposed budget for the design, implementation, and 204 operation of the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it 205 finds that the program is in the public interest. If the Commission determines that an energy efficiency 206 program or portfolio of programs is not in the public interest, its final order shall include all work 207 product and analysis conducted by the Commission's staff in relation to that program that has bearing 208 upon the Commission's determination. Such order shall adhere to existing protocols for extraordinarily 209 sensitive information. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the utility, shall 210 allow for the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The Commission 211 shall only allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue has not been 212 recovered through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that are directly 213 attributable to energy efficiency programs.

214 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 215 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any large general service customer. A As used in this 216 subdivision, "large general service customer is" means a customer that has a verifiable history of having 217 used more than 500 kilowatts one megawatt of demand from a single meter of delivery site.

218 Large general service customers shall be exempt from requirements that they participate in energy 219 efficiency programs if the Commission finds that the large general service customer has, at the 220 customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have produced or will produce 221 measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in 222 this section. The Commission shall, no later than June 30, 2021, adopt rules or regulations (i) 223 establishing the process for large general service customers to apply for such an exemption, (ii) establishing the administrative procedures by which eligible customers will notify the utility, and (iii) 224 225 defining the standard criteria that shall be satisfied by an applicant in order to notify the utility, 226 including means of evaluation measurement and verification and confidentiality requirements. At a 227 minimum, such rules and regulations shall require that each exempted large general service customer 228 certify to the utility and Commission that its implemented energy efficiency programs have delivered 229 measured and verified savings within the prior five years. In adopting such rules or regulations, the 230 Commission shall also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 231 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process, as well as its administration of energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. Savings from large 232 233 general service customers shall be accounted for in utility reporting in the standards in § 56-596.2.

234 The notice of nonparticipation by a large general service customer shall be for the duration of the 235 service life of the customer's energy efficiency measures. The Commission may on its own motion initiate 236 steps necessary to verify such nonparticipant's achievement of energy efficiency if the Commission has a 237 body of evidence that the nonparticipant has knowingly misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. 238 A utility shall not charge such large general service customer, as defined by the Commission, for the 239 costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond what is required to provide electric service and 240 meter such service on the customer's premises if the customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant proceedings pursuant to this section, the 241 242 Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic development, energy efficiency and 243 environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program

pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to § 56-585.2;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with
state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the
utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs
are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations; and

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission voltage, for a Phase I Utility.

Any rate adjustment clause approved under subdivision 5 c by the Commission shall remain in effect until the utility exhausts the approved budget for the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any other rate adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

262 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 263 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any 264 time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate 265 adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a 266 coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the 267 Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or 268 without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major 269 unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment upgrade, 270 system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating 271 license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, (iv) one or 272 more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69 273 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity generation 274 and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy resources as all or a portion of their 275 power source and such facilities and associated resources are located in the coalfield region of the 276 Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or 277 without the utility's service territory, or (vi) one or more electric distribution grid transformation 278 projects; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, the utility shall not file a petition 279 under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall not seek any annual incremental 280 increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that exceeds five percent of such 281 utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended 12-month 282 test period in the utility's latest review proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 and concluded by 283 final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all 284 proceedings regarding petitions filed under clause (iv) or (vi), the level of investments approved for 285 recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously 286 approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv) or (vi), as applicable. As of December 1, 287 2028, any costs recovered by a utility pursuant to clause (iv) shall be limited to any remaining costs 288 associated with conversions of overhead distribution facilities to underground facilities that have been 289 previously approved or are pending approval by the Commission through a petition by the utility under 290 this subdivision. Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, 291 facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities 292 described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility 293 that constructs or makes modifications to any such facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at 294 least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the 295 Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more 296 Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income, 297 through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any associated allowance for 298 funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle 299 costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs 300 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate 301 of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in determining the amounts 302 recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the Commission shall not 303 consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation and maintenance 304 costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground 305 facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced.

306 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain 307 eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility 308 filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of 309 generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that 310 utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may 311 propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such 312 facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility described in clause (i) or (ii) shall demonstrate that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party 313 314 market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs of the facility, other than return on projected 315 construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins 316 commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility 317 318 consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one 319 320 or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant 321 in service.

Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during 322 323 construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall 324 thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The 325 first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall 326 determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in 327 the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the 328 Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the 329 330 first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be 331 applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the 332 facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause 333 (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased 334 generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from 335 sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in 336 part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities or new electric distribution grid transformation projects are classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service 337 338 life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's 339 depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the 340 basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for 341 342 funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual 343 capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as 344 determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. 345 The construction of any facility described in clause (i) or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The 346 347 construction or purchase by a utility of one or more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of 348 generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated capacity that does not exceed 5,000 megawatts, 349 including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate 350 capacity of 50 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight or from wind and are located in the Commonwealth or off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, regardless of whether any of such 351 352 facilities are located within or without the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of 353 354 this title. A utility may enter into short-term or long-term power purchase contracts for the power 355 derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. 356 The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the 357 aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year 358 period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service reliability is in the public 359 interest. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate adjustment clauses for such new 360 underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered 361 thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title.

The conversion of any such facilities on or after September 1, 2016, is deemed to provide local and system-wide benefits and to be cost beneficial, and the costs associated with such new underground facilities are deemed to be reasonably and prudently incurred and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C or D, shall be approved for recovery by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, provided that the total costs associated with the replacement of any subset of existing overhead distribution tap lines proposed by the utility with new underground facilities, exclusive of financing 368 costs, shall not exceed an average cost per customer of \$20,000, with such customers, including those served directly by or downline of the tap lines proposed for conversion, and, further, such total costs 369 370 shall not exceed an average cost per mile of tap lines converted, exclusive of financing costs, of 371 \$750,000. A utility shall, without regard for whether it has petitioned for any rate adjustment clause 372 pursuant to clause (vi), petition the Commission, not more than once annually, for approval of a plan for 373 electric distribution grid transformation projects. Any plan for electric distribution grid transformation 374 projects shall include both measures to facilitate integration of distributed energy resources and measures 375 to enhance physical electric distribution grid reliability and security. In ruling upon such a petition, the 376 Commission shall consider whether the utility's plan for such projects, and the projected costs associated 377 therewith, are reasonable and prudent. Such petition shall be considered on a stand-alone basis without 378 regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility; without regard to whether the 379 costs associated with such projects will be recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 380 subdivision or through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services; and without regard to 381 whether such costs will be the subject of a customer credit offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 382 8 d. The Commission's final order regarding any such petition for approval of an electric distribution 383 grid transformation plan shall be entered by the Commission not more than six months after the date of 384 filing such petition. The Commission shall likewise enter its final order with respect to any petition by a 385 utility for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived 386 from sunlight, pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580, within six months after the date of filing such 387 petition. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced 388 rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table: 200

307	Tate of feturit shall be applied, shall var	y by type of fa	chity, as specified in the
390	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life
391	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
392 393	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
394 395	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
396	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
397	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
398 399	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion turbine	100	Between 10 and 20 years

For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power constructed pursuant to clause (ii) or those utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life.

407 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy 408 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such 409 facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the 410 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25 411 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in 412 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1, 413 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities constructed pursuant to clause (ii) shall be 100 basis points, 414 which shall be added to the utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2. Thirty 415 percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred 416 417 by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the 418 Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of 419 all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall 420 not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such 421 remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by 422 the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014. 423 Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the utility 424 incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 425 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 426 subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment 427 clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under 428 429 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through

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existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's nextreview filed after July 1, 2014.

432 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the
433 adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development
434 activities for a new nuclear generation facility or facilities are in the public interest.

In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore or offshore wind are in the public interest.

439 Construction, purchasing, or leasing activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating 440 facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from wind with an aggregate capacity of 441 5,000 megawatts, including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and 442 with an aggregate capacity of 50 megawatts, together with a new test or demonstration project for a 443 utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from offshore 444 wind with an aggregate capacity of not more than 16 megawatts, are in the public interest. To the extent 445 that a utility elects to recover the costs of any such new generation facility or facilities through its rates for generation and distribution services and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission 446 447 for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (ii), the Commission 448 shall, upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit 449 reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed 450 reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580 or in a 451 triennial review proceeding.

452 Electric distribution grid transformation projects are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility 453 elects to recover the costs of such electric distribution grid transformation projects through its rates for 454 generation and distribution services, and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for 455 recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (vi), the Commission shall, 456 upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed 457 458 reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding for approval of a plan for electric 459 distribution grid transformation projects pursuant to subdivision 6 or in a triennial review proceeding.

460 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 461 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 462 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 463 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 464 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 465 466 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 467 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 468 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced 469 from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by 470 methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 471 472 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 473 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 474 475 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 476 combusted.

477 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on478 common equity as it is determined by the Commission for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2.

479 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the triennial 480 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2021 that such utility has not filed applications for all **481** necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 482 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 483 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 484 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 485 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 486 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a **487** prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 488 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 489 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 490 subdivision.

491 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if a Phase II utility obtains approval from

492 the Commission of a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 associated with a test or 493 demonstration project involving a generation facility utilizing energy from offshore wind, and such 494 utility has not, as of July 1, 2023, commenced construction as defined for federal income tax purposes 495 of an offshore wind generation facility or facilities with a minimum aggregate capacity of 250 496 megawatts, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may direct that the costs associated 497 with any such rate adjustment clause involving said test or demonstration project shall thereafter no 498 longer be recovered through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 and shall instead be 499 recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, with no change in such rates 500 for generation and distribution services as a result of the combination of such costs with the other costs, 501 revenues, and investments included in the utility's rates for generation and distribution services. Any 502 such costs shall remain combined with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments included in its 503 rates for generation and distribution services until such costs are fully recovered.

504 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 505 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 506 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 507 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or 508 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to 509 new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and 510 records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any 511 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in 512 subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of 513 such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in 514 such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of 515 subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of 516 subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the 517 books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the 518 implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs 519 prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described 520 in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped 521 rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect 522 to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia 523 Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset 524 for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and 525 maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant 526 and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall 527 amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning 528 with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be 529 the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, 530 such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the 531 refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable 532 in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage 533 commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs 534 of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with 535 respect to triennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to 536 § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection 537 B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

8. In any triennial review proceeding, for the purposes of reviewing earnings on the utility's rates for 543 544 generation and distribution services, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed 545 for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the utility for 546 financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods under 547 review and deemed fully recovered in the period recorded: costs associated with asset impairments 548 related to early retirement determinations made by the utility for utility generation facilities fueled by coal, natural gas, or oil or for automated meter reading electric distribution service meters; costs 549 550 associated with projects necessary to comply with state or federal environmental laws, regulations, or judicial or administrative orders relating to coal combustion by-product management that the utility does 551 552 not petition to recover through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 5 e; costs associated

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553 with severe weather events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to 554 have been recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the 555 556 utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and 557 distribution services, result in the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the 558 combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of 559 return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall 560 more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for 561 562 such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such triennial review proceeding, authorize deferred recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over 563 future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not 564 565 exceed an amount that would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be 566 recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 567 568 50 basis points, for the combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after 569 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed 570 the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall 571 limit the Commission's authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including 572 specifically § 56-235.2, following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a triennial 573 review, for normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, 574 in determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 575 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

If the Commission determines as a result of such triennial review that:

577 a. The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more 578 than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, 579 for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 580 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its 581 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on 582 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the 583 Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 584 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 585 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 586 the rate increase necessary. However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 587 2021, for a Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order a rate increase, and in all triennial reviews 588 of a Phase I or Phase II utility, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds that the 589 resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of 590 providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and 591 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 592 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the 593 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and provided that, solely in connection with making 594 595 its determination concerning the necessity for such a rate increase or the amount thereof, the Commission shall, in any triennial review proceeding conducted prior to July 1, 2028, exclude from this 596 597 most recently ended 12-month test period any remaining investment levels associated with a prior 598 customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to subdivision d.

599 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 600 601 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 602 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 603 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any **604** return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 605 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivisions 8 d and 9, direct that 60 percent of 606 the amount of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 607 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 608 70 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair 609 combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as 610 determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, 611 612 and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last 613 614 approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

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c. In any triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2020, for a Phase I Utility or after 615 616 January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility in which the utility has, during the test period or test periods 617 under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 618 619 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis 620 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in 621 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect 622 to facilities described in subdivision 6, and the combined aggregate level of capital investment that the 623 Commission has approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for 624 recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the 625 test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding in new utility-owned generation facilities 626 utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and in electric distribution grid transformation projects, as determined pursuant to subdivision 8 d, does not equal or exceed 100 percent of the 627 628 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 629 generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the 630 631 actions authorized in subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. 632 However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, 633 any reduction to the utility's rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision shall not 634 exceed \$50 million in annual revenues, with any reduction allocated to the utility's rates for generation 635 services, and in each triennial review of a Phase I or Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order 636 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to 637 fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 638 on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return 639 on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, 640 using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any 641 rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and

642 d. (Expires July 1, 2028) In any triennial review proceeding conducted after December 31, 2017, 643 upon the request of the utility, the Commission shall determine, prior to directing that 70 percent of 644 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 645 generation and distribution services for the test period or periods under review be credited to customer 646 bills pursuant to subdivision 8 b, the aggregate level of prior capital investment that the Commission has 647 approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for recovery pursuant 648 to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test period or 649 periods under review in both (i) new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from 650 sunlight, or from onshore or offshore wind, and (ii) electric distribution grid transformation projects, as 651 determined by the utility's plant in service and construction work in progress balances related to such 652 investments as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting purposes as of the end of the most recent test period under review. Any such combined capital investment amounts shall offset any 653 654 customer bill credit amounts, on a dollar for dollar basis, up to the aggregate level of invested or 655 committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii). The aggregate level of qualifying invested or committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii) is referred to in this subdivision as the customer credit reinvestment 656 657 offset, which offsets the customer bill credit amount that the utility has invested or will invest in new solar or wind generation facilities or electric distribution grid transformation projects for the benefit of 658 659 customers, in amounts up to 100 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the 660 utility's fair rate of return on its generation and distribution services, and thereby reduce or eliminate 661 otherwise incremental rate adjustment clause charges and increases to customer bills, which is deemed to be in the public interest. If 100 percent of the amount of earnings that are more than 70 basis points **662** above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined 663 in subdivision 2, exceeds the aggregate level of invested capital in new utility-owned generation 664 665 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and electric distribution grid 666 transformation projects, as provided in clauses (i) and (ii), during the test period or periods under 667 review, then 70 percent of the amount of such excess shall be credited to customer bills as provided in 668 subdivision 8 b in connection with the triennial review proceeding. The portion of any costs associated 669 with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or 670 electric distribution grid transformation projects that is the subject of any customer credit reinvestment 671 offset pursuant to this subdivision shall not thereafter be recovered through the utility's rates for 672 generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall not thereafter be 673 included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review proceedings conducted 674 pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to 675 subdivision 6. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing

676 energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is 677 not the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision may be recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities 678 679 and shall be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review 680 proceedings conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 until such costs are fully recovered, and if such costs **681** are recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, they shall not be the 682 subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to subdivision 6. Only the portion of such costs of new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric 683 684 distribution grid transformation projects that has not been included in any customer credit reinvestment 685 offset pursuant to this subdivision, and not otherwise recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, may be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition by the utility pursuant **686** 687 to subdivision 6.

688 The Commission's final order regarding such triennial review shall be entered not more than eight 689 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 690 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 691 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such triennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 692 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent triennial review **693 694** filing under subdivision 3 and shall apply to applicable rate adjustment clauses under subdivisions 5 and 695 6 prospectively from the date the Commission's final order in the triennial review proceeding, utilizing rate adjustment clause true-up protocols as the Commission in its discretion may determine. 696

697 9. If, as a result of a triennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 698 699 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 700 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 701 702 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 703 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 704 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 705 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 706 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 707 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate 708 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently ended 12-month test period exceeded the 709 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 710 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 711 712 determined pursuant to the review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds 713 that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are more 714 consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under 715 review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more 716 than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu 717 718 of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c, provided that no credits shall be provided pursuant to this 719 subdivision in connection with any triennial review unless such bill credits would be payable pursuant to 720 the provisions of subdivision 8 d, and any credits under this subdivision shall be calculated net of any 721 customer credit reinvestment offset amounts under subdivision 8 d. Any such credits shall be amortized 722 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 723 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

736 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital

738 structure and cost of capital of such utility, excluding any debt associated with securitized bonds that are 739 the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional customers, unless the Commission finds that the debt to 740 equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may 741 utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate 742 adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 743 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 744 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 745 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 746 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 747 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax 748 costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any 749 consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 750 affiliates.

751 B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying 752 for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 753 applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined 754 pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and 755 purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

756 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

760 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection 761 762 with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the 763 764 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et 765 seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such 766 renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the 767 Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, and shall also consider whether the 768 769 costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by customers.

E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implementthe provisions of this section.

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