2020 SESSION

20109073D 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 1251** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor 4 on February 24, 2020) 5 6 (Patrons Prior to Substitute—Delegates Torian, Adams [HB 1546], Bagby [HB 1494], Levine [HB189], Sickles [HB 901], and Ware [HB 58]) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 38.2-3438 and 38.2-3445 of the Code of Virginia, to amend the Code 7 of Virginia by adding sections numbered 38.2-3445.01 and 38.2-3445.02, and to repeal § 38.2-3445.1 8 9 of the Code of Virginia relating to health insurance; payment to out-of-network providers. 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 38.2-3438 and 38.2-3445 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that 11 the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 38.2-3445.01 and 38.2-3445.02 as 12 13 follows: 14 § 38.2-3438. Definitions. 15 As used this article, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Child" means a son, daughter, stepchild, adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, foster 16 child, or any other child eligible for coverage under the health benefit plan. 17 18 "Codes" has the same meaning ascribed to the term in § 65.2-605. 19 "Cost-sharing requirement" means a deductible, copayment amount, or coinsurance rate. 20 "Covered benefits" or "benefits" means those health care services to which an individual is entitled 21 under the terms of a health benefit plan. 22 "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber, enrollee, participant, or other individual covered 23 by a health benefit plan. 24 "Dependent" means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject to the applicable terms of the policy, contract, or plan covering the eligible employee. 25 26 "Emergency medical condition" means, regardless of the final diagnosis rendered to a covered *person*, a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe 27 pain, so that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could 28 29 reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in (i) serious jeopardy to the 30 mental or physical health of the individual, (ii) danger of serious impairment to bodily functions, (iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part, or (iv) in the case of a pregnant woman, serious 31 32 jeopardy to the health of the fetus. 33 "Emergency services" means with respect to an emergency medical condition: (i) a medical screening 34 examination as required under § 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1395dd) that is within the 35 capability of the emergency department of a hospital, including ancillary services routinely available to 36 the emergency department to evaluate such emergency medical condition and (ii) such further medical 37 examination and treatment, to the extent they are within the capabilities of the staff and facilities 38 available at the hospital, as are required under § 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1395dd 39 (e)(3)) to stabilize the patient. 40 "ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. "Essential health benefits" include the following general categories and the items and services 41 42 covered within the categories in accordance with regulations issued pursuant to the PPACA: (i) 43 ambulatory patient services; (ii) emergency services; (iii) hospitalization; (iv) laboratory services; (v) maternity and newborn care; (vi) mental health and substance abuse disorder services, including 44 45 behavioral health treatment; (vii) pediatric services, including oral and vision care; (viii) prescription drugs; (ix) preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and (x) rehabilitative and 46 47 habilitative services and devices. **48** "Facility" means an institution providing health care related services or a health care setting, 49 including but not limited to hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers; ambulatory surgical or 50 treatment centers; skilled nursing centers; residential treatment centers; diagnostic, laboratory, and 51 imaging centers; and rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings. "Fair market value" means the price that is determined on the basis of the amounts billed to and the 52 53 amounts accepted from health carriers or managed care plans by similar providers for comparable 54 out-of-network emergency services in the community where the services are rendered, including amounts 55 accepted under single case agreements, emergency-only participation agreements, and rental network 56 agreements. 57 "Genetic information" means, with respect to an individual, information about: (i) the individual's genetic tests; (ii) the genetic tests of the individual's family members; (iii) the manifestation of a disease 58 59 or disorder in family members of the individual; or (iv) any request for, or receipt of, genetic services,

2/26/20 8:31

HB1251S1

Ŋ

60 or participation in clinical research that includes genetic services, by the individual or any family member of the individual. "Genetic information" does not include information about the sex or age of 61

62 any individual. As used in this definition, "family member" includes a first-degree, second-degree, 63 third-degree, or fourth-degree relative of a covered person.

64 "Genetic services" means (i) a genetic test; (ii) genetic counseling, including obtaining, interpreting, 65 or assessing genetic information; or (iii) genetic education.

66 "Genetic test" means an analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites, if the analysis detects genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. "Genetic test" does not include an 67 analysis of proteins or metabolites that is directly related to a manifested disease, disorder, or 68 69 pathological condition.

"Grandfathered plan" means coverage provided by a health carrier to (i) a small employer on March 70 23, 2010, or (ii) an individual that was enrolled on March 23, 2010, including any extension of coverage 71 72 to an individual who becomes a dependent of a grandfathered enrollee after March 23, 2010, for as long as such plan maintains that status in accordance with federal law. 73

"Group health insurance coverage" means health insurance coverage offered in connection with a 74 75 group health benefit plan.

76 "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan as defined in § 3(1) of ERISA to the 77 extent that the plan provides medical care within the meaning of § 733(a) of ERISA to employees, 78 including both current and former employees, or their dependents as defined under the terms of the plan 79 directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or otherwise.

80 "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care services. "Health 81 benefit plan" includes short-term and catastrophic health insurance policies, and a policy that pays on a cost-incurred basis, except as otherwise specifically exempted in this definition. "Health benefit plan" 82 83 does not include the "excepted benefits" as defined in § 38.2-3431. 84

85 "Health care professional" means a physician or other health care practitioner licensed, accredited, or certified to perform specified health care services consistent with state law. 86 87

"Health care provider" or "provider" means a health care professional or facility.

"Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a 88 89 health condition, illness, injury, or disease.

90 "Health carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance laws and regulations of the Commonwealth 91 and subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission that contracts or offers to contract to provide, deliver, 92 arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care services, including an insurer licensed 93 to sell accident and sickness insurance, a health maintenance organization, a health services plan, or any 94 other entity providing a plan of health insurance, health benefits, or health care services.

"Health maintenance organization" means a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300 et 95 96 seq.).

'Health status-related factor" means any of the following factors: health status; medical condition, 97 including physical and mental illnesses; claims experience; receipt of health care services; medical 98 99 history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence: disability; or any other health status-related factor as determined by federal regulation. 100

"Individual health insurance coverage" means health insurance coverage offered to individuals in the 101 102 individual market, which includes a health benefit plan provided to individuals through a trust arrangement, association, or other discretionary group that is not an employer plan, but does not include 103 coverage defined as "excepted benefits" in § 38.2-3431 or short-term limited duration insurance. Student 104 health insurance coverage shall be considered a type of individual health insurance coverage. 105

"Individual market" means the market for health insurance coverage offered to individuals other than 106 107 in connection with a group health plan.

"Managed care plan" means a health benefit plan that either requires a covered person to use, or 108 creates incentives, including financial incentives, for a covered person to use health care providers 109 110 managed, owned, under contract with, or employed by the health carrier.

111 "Market-based value" means the health-carrier-specific median in-network rate as of January 1, 2019 112 with respect to health care services covered by a group health plan or group or individual health insurance coverage that is the median negotiated rate under the applicable plan or coverage recognized 113 114 under the plan or coverage as the total maximum payment for the service under the plan or coverage, for the same or a similar service that is provided by a provider in the same or similar specialty, and in 115 116 the geographic region in which the service is furnished.

117

"Network" means the group of participating providers providing services to a managed care plan. "Nonprofit data services organization" means the nonprofit organization with which the Commissioner of Health negotiates and enters into contracts or agreements for the compilation, storage, 118 119 120 analysis, and evaluation of data submitted by health care providers pursuant to § 32.1-276.4.

"Open enrollment" means, with respect to individual health insurance coverage, the period of time 121

HB1251S1

Ŋ

during which any individual has the opportunity to apply for coverage under a health benefit planoffered by a health carrier and must be accepted for coverage under the plan without regard to apreexisting condition exclusion.

125 "Out-of-network services" means services rendered to a covered person by a health care provider
126 that does not have an in-network participation agreement with the health carrier or managed care plan
127 that governs reimbursement of such services as a member of the health benefit plan's network.

"Participating health care professional" means a health care professional who, under contract with the
 health carrier or with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to
 covered persons with an expectation of receiving payments, other than coinsurance, copayments, or
 deductibles cost-sharing requirements, directly or indirectly from the health carrier.

"PPACA" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), as amended by the
Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-152), and as it may be further
amended.

135 "Preexisting condition exclusion" means a limitation or exclusion of benefits, including a denial of 136 coverage, based on the fact that the condition was present before the effective date of coverage, or if the 137 coverage is denied, the date of denial, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment 138 was recommended or received before the effective date of coverage. "Preexisting condition exclusion" 139 also includes a condition identified as a result of a pre-enrollment questionnaire or physical examination 140 given to an individual, or review of medical records relating to the pre-enrollment period.

141 "Premium" means all moneys paid by an employer, eligible employee, or covered person as a
142 condition of coverage from a health carrier, including fees and other contributions associated with the
143 health benefit plan.

"Primary care health care professional" means a health care professional designated by a covered
person to supervise, coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to the covered person and who
may be required by the health carrier to initiate a referral for specialty care and maintain supervision of
health care services rendered to the covered person.

148 "Regional average for commercial payments" means the fixed price, based on data submitted by data 149 suppliers in 2018 pursuant to subdivisions C 1 and 2 of § 32.1-276.7:1 and reported to the 150 Commission's Bureau of Insurance by the nonprofit data services organization, that is determined on the 151 basis of the amounts paid to and the amounts accepted by health care providers from health carriers by 152 category of providers for comparable out-of-network emergency services, identified by codes, in the 153 health planning region where the services were rendered, including amounts accepted under single case 154 agreements, emergency-only participation agreements, and rental network agreements.

155 "Rescission" means a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage under a health benefit plan that has156 a retroactive effect. "Rescission" does not include:

157 1. A cancellation or discontinuance of coverage under a health benefit plan if the cancellation or discontinuance of discontinuance of coverage has only a prospective effect, or the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is effective retroactively to the extent it is attributable to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions towards the cost of coverage; or

161 2. A cancellation or discontinuance of coverage when the health benefit plan covers active employees
162 and, if applicable, dependents and those covered under continuation coverage provisions, if the employee
163 pays no premiums for coverage after termination of employment and the cancellation or discontinuance
164 of coverage is effective retroactively back to the date of termination of employment due to a delay in
165 administrative recordkeeping.

"Stabilize" means with respect to an emergency medical condition, to provide such medical treatment
as may be necessary to assure, within reasonable medical probability, that no material deterioration of
the condition is likely to result from or occur during the transfer of the individual from a facility, or,
with respect to a pregnant woman, that the woman has delivered, including the placenta.

170 "Student health insurance coverage" means a type of individual health insurance coverage that is 171 provided pursuant to a written agreement between an institution of higher education, as defined by the 172 Higher Education Act of 1965, and a health carrier and provided to students enrolled in that institution 173 of higher education and their dependents, and that does not make health insurance coverage available 174 other than in connection with enrollment as a student, or as a dependent of a student, in the institution 175 of higher education, and does not condition eligibility for health insurance coverage on any health 176 status-related factor related to a student or a dependent of the student.

"Wellness program" means a program offered by an employer that is designed to promote health orprevent disease.

179 § 38.2-3445. Patient access to emergency services.

A. Notwithstanding any provision of § 38.2-3407.11, or 38.2-4312.3, or any other section of this title
to the contrary, if a health carrier providing individual or group health insurance coverage provides any
benefits with respect to services in an emergency department of a hospital, the health carrier shall

183 provide coverage for emergency services:

184 1. Without the need for any prior authorization determination, regardless of whether the emergency185 services are provided on an in-network or out-of-network basis;

186 2. Without regard to *the final diagnosis rendered to the covered person or* whether the health care provider furnishing the emergency services is a participating health care provider with respect to such services;

189 3. If such services are provided out-of-network, without imposing any administrative requirement or
 190 limitation on coverage that is more restrictive than the requirements or limitations that apply to such
 191 services received from an in-network provider;

192 4. If such services are provided out-of-network, a covered person shall not be required to pay an 193 out-of-network provider any amount other than the cost-sharing requirement, and any cost-sharing 194 requirement expressed as copayment amount or coinsurance rate cannot exceed the cost-sharing requirement that would apply if such services were provided in-network. However, an individual may be 195 required to pay the excess of the amount the out-of-network provider charges over the amount the health 196 197 carrier is required to pay under this section. The health carrier complies with this requirement if the 198 health carrier provides benefits with respect to an emergency service in an amount equal to the greatest 199 of (i) the amount negotiated with in-network providers for the emergency service, or if more than one 200 amount is negotiated, the median of these amounts; (ii) the amount for the emergency service calculated 201 using the same method the health carrier generally uses to determine payments for out-of-network 202 services, such as the usual, customary, and reasonable amount; and (iii) the amount that would be paid 203 under Medicare for the emergency service usual and customary commercial payment for such services in 204 the applicable health planning region as of January 1, 2019, as the initial payment. The health carrier shall pay any amount due the health care provider pursuant to this subdivision directly, less any cost-sharing requirement. Such payment shall be made within 40 days for a clean claim. The health 205 206 207 care provider shall not bill or otherwise seek payment from the covered person for any amount other 208 than the amount of any such cost-sharing requirement.

209 A deductible may be imposed with respect to out-of-network emergency services only as a part of a 210 deductible that generally applies to out-of-network benefits. If an out-of-pocket maximum generally 211 applies to out-of-network benefits, that out-of-pocket maximum shall apply to out-of-network emergency 212 services; and

5. Without regard to any term or condition of such coverage other than the exclusion of orcoordination of benefits or an affiliation or waiting period.

B. If, after the out-of-network provider receives payment from a health carrier, the out-of-network provider determines that the amount determined by the health carrier as the usual and customary payment for emergency services is not reasonable, the health care provider shall notify the health carrier within 90 days of such determination. The out-of-network provider and the health carrier shall make a good faith effort to reach a resolution on the reasonable amount of reimbursement for the emergency services provided.

C. If a resolution is not reached between the out-of-network provider and the health carrier within
 30 days of notification under subsection B, either party may request to enter into arbitration pursuant to
 § 38.2-3445.02.

D. Except for its facilitation of arbitration pursuant to § 38.2-3445.02, the Commission shall have no jurisdiction to adjudicate disputes arising out of this section.

E. This section shall apply to health coverage insurance offered to state employees pursuant to
§ 2.2-2818 and to health insurance coverage offered to employees of local governments, local officers,
teachers, and retirees, and the dependents of such employees, officers, teachers, and retirees pursuant to
§ 2.2-1204.

230 F. Except as provided in this subsection, the provisions of this section shall not apply to an entity 231 providing or administering an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in § 3(1) of the Employee 232 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1), that is self-insured or self-funded with respect to such plan. Such an entity may elect to be subject to the provisions of this section by 233 234 providing notice to the Commission annually, in a form and manner prescribed by the Commission, 235 attesting to the plan's participation and agreeing to be bound by the provisions of this section. Such 236 entity shall amend the plan, policies, contracts, and other documents to reflect such election. In 237 addition, the entity that elects to opt in pursuant to this section shall file current plan documentation 238 confirming the plan accepts the obligations pursuant to this section and attests that any amended plan 239 documents will be filed with the Commission before the effective date of such amendments. The 240 Commission shall post on its website a list of entities, including relevant plan information, that have 241 elected to be subject to the provisions of this section. The Commission shall update such list at least 242 once per quarter.

243 § 38.2-3445.01. Services provided at an in-network facility.

244 A. As used in this section, "in-network facility" means a facility having a contract with a carrier to

HB1251S1

245 provide health care services to a covered person under a health benefit plan as a member of the health 246 benefit plan's network.

247 B. If a covered person receives out-of-network services at an in-network facility and such services 248 would be covered if the services were received from an in-network provider, the covered person shall 249 not be required to pay any amount other than the cost-sharing requirement for such services, and no 250 cost-sharing requirement shall exceed the cost-sharing requirement that would apply if such services 251 were provided in-network. The health carrier complies with this requirement if the health carrier 252 provides benefits with respect to such services in an amount equal to the usual and customary 253 commercial payment for such services in the applicable health planning region as of January 1, 2019 as 254 the initial payment. The health carrier shall pay any amount due the health care provider pursuant to 255 this subsection directly, less any cost-sharing requirement. Such payment shall be made within 40 days 256 for a clean claim. The health care provider shall not bill or otherwise seek payment from the covered 257 person for any amount other than the amount of any such cost-sharing requirement.

258 C. If, after the out-of-network provider receives payment from a health carrier, the out-of-network 259 provider determines that the amount determined by the health carrier as the usual and customary 260 payment for services is not reasonable, the health care provider shall notify the health carrier within 90 261 days of such determination. The out-of-network provider and the health carrier shall make a good faith 262 effort to reach a resolution on the reasonable amount of reimbursement for the services provided.

263 D. If a resolution is not reached between the out-of-network provider and the health carrier within 264 30 days of notification under subsection C, either party may request to enter into arbitration pursuant to 265 § 38.2-3445.02.

266 E. This section shall apply to health insurance coverage offered to state employees pursuant to 267 § 2.2-2818 and to health insurance coverage offered to employees of local governments, local officers, 268 teachers, and retirees, and the dependents of such employees, officers, teachers, and retirees pursuant to 269 § 2.2-1204.

270 F. Except as provided in this subsection, the provisions of this section shall not apply to an entity 271 providing or administering an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in § 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1), that is self-insured or self-funded with 272 273 respect to such plan. Such an entity may elect to be subject to the provisions of this section by 274 providing notice to the Commission annually, in a form and manner prescribed by the Commission, 275 attesting to the plan's participation and agreeing to be bound by the provisions of this section. Such 276 entity shall amend the plan, policies, contracts, and other documents to reflect such election. In 277 addition, the entity that elects to opt in pursuant to this section shall file current plan documentation 278 confirming the plan accepts the obligations pursuant to this section and attests that any amended plan 279 documents will be filed with the Commission before the effective date of such amendments. The 280 Commission shall post on its website a list of entities, including relevant plan information, that have 281 elected to be subject to the provisions of this section. The Commission shall update such list at least 282 once per quarter. 283

§ 38.2-3445.02. Arbitration.

284 A. The Commission shall establish rules for an expedited arbitration process to settle disputes 285 between providers and health carriers arising out of §§ 38.2-3445 and 38.2-3445.01. Such rules shall 286 require that any claim submitted to arbitration be resolved by the arbitrator within 60 days of 287 submission of the claim.

288 B. The Commission shall (i) establish a portal on its website for the submission of arbitration claims, 289 (ii) contract with independent arbitrators to settle such disputes, (iii) ensure the arbitrators do not have 290 a conflict of interest with the parties and have experience in health care billing, and (iv) maintain a list 291 of such arbitrators on its website. 292

C. The cost of arbitration shall be split between the parties.

293 D. In determining the reasonable amount that a health carrier is required to pay for a service, an 294 arbitrator shall consider all relevant factors, including:

295 1. Whether there is a gross disparity between the fees charged by the provider for services rendered 296 as compared with:

297 a. Fees paid to the involved provider for the same services rendered by the provider to other 298 enrollees; and

299 b. In the case of a dispute involving a health carrier, fees paid by the health carrier to reimburse a 300 similarly qualified provider for the same services in the same region and fees paid to the provider by 301 other health carriers in the same region;

302 2. The level of training, education, and experience of the provider or for a facility, the availability of 303 specialized equipment, personnel, or services or training and expertise required to maintain such 304 specialized equipment, personnel, or services;

305 3. The provider's usual charge for comparable services with regard to patients in health benefit **306** *plans in which the provider is not participating;*

- 307 4. The circumstances and complexity of the particular case, including time and place of the service;
 308 5. Individual patient characteristics;
- **309** 6. The history of network contracting between the parties;
- 30 7. The market-based value, the regional average for commercial payments, and the fair market

311 value; and

- 312 8. The impact on the cost of insurance premiums.
- 313 E. A party shall be permitted to bundle claims involving a single health carrier for arbitration.
- 314 F. The provisions of this section shall not affect any existing right to appeal or other legal remedies.
- 315 *G.* This section shall not apply to services when the provider's fees are subject to schedules or other 316 monetary limitations under any other law, including the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act, and this 317 section shall not preempt any such law.
- H. The Commission shall require in any contract with an independent arbitrator entered into
 pursuant to this section provisions requiring the arbitrator to report to the Commission information
 regarding the frequency, nature, and disposition of disputes submitted for arbitration and any other such
 figures and information as the Commission determines to be necessary to fulfill its obligations to report
 information to the public or the General Assembly regarding arbitration between health carriers and
 providers under this section.
- 324 2. That § 38.2-3445.1 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.
- 325 3. That the nonprofit data services organization (the nonprofit organization) with which the 326 Commissioner of Health negotiates and enters into contracts or agreements for the compilation, 327 storage, analysis, and evaluation of data submitted by health care providers pursuant to § 32.1-276.4 of the Code of Virginia shall submit a report (the report) by July 1, 2020, to the State 328 329 Corporation Commission's Bureau of Insurance (the Bureau) establishing the regional average for 330 commercial payments, as defined in § 38.2-3438 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, for emergency services. The report shall not identify individual health plans or 331 332 health-care-provider-specific reimbursement amounts. Prior to submission of the report to the 333 Bureau, the nonprofit organization shall submit the report to the Virginia All-Payer Claims 334 Database Data Review Committee for review and approval.
- 335 4. That any health carrier providing individual or group health insurance coverage shall report to 336 the State Corporation Commission's Bureau of Insurance (the Bureau) no later than September 1, 337 2020, the number of out-of-network claims for emergency services paid pursuant to subdivision A 338 4 of § 38.2-3445 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, in fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 339 2019. Thereafter, any health carrier providing individual or group health insurance coverage shall 340 report to the Bureau, no later than November 1 of each year, the number of (i) out-of-network 341 claims for emergency services paid pursuant to subdivision A 4 of § 38.2-3445 of the Code of 342 Virginia, as amended by this act, and (ii) out-of-network claims for services provided at in-network facilities paid pursuant to § 38.2-3445.01 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, 343 344 for the previous fiscal year.
- 345 5. That any health carrier providing individual or group health insurance coverage shall report to 346 the State Corporation Commission's Bureau of Insurance no later than September 1 of each year the number and identity of health care providers in the health carrier's network of emergency 347 348 services providers whose participation in the network was terminated by either the health carrier 349 or the health care provider in the previous year and, if applicable, whether participation was subsequently reinstated in the same year. For any terminated health care providers identified by 350 351 the health carrier in such report, the health carrier shall include (i) a description of the health 352 care provider's or health carrier's stated reason for terminating participation and (ii) a description 353 of the nature and extent of differences in payment levels for emergency services prior to 354 termination and after reinstatement, if applicable, including a determination of whether such 355 payment levels after reinstatement were higher or lower than those applied prior to termination.
- 6. That the State Corporation Commission's Bureau of Insurance (the Bureau) shall notify the 356 Chairmen of the House Committee on Labor and Commerce and the Senate Committee on 357 358 Commerce and Labor of the information reported to the Bureau pursuant to the third, fourth, 359 and fifth enactments of this act and other information specified in this enactment no later than 360 December 1 of each year. Such notice shall include (i) the number of out-of-network claims for emergency services paid pursuant to subdivision A 4 of § 38.2-3445 of the Code of Virginia, as 361 362 amended by this act, for the previous fiscal year; (ii) the number of out-of-network claims for services provided at in-network facilities paid pursuant to § 38.2-3445.01 of the Code of Virginia, 363 364 as created by this act; (iii) the number and identity of health care providers in the health carrier's network of emergency services providers whose participation in the network was terminated by 365 the health carrier or the health care provider in the previous year and whether participation was 366 subsequently reinstated in the same year; (iv) a summary of the stated reasons for terminating 367

participation; (v) a summary of the nature and extent of differences in payment levels prior to 368 369 termination and after reinstatement, if applicable, including a determination of whether such 370 payment levels after reinstatement were higher or lower than those applied prior to termination; 371 (vi) an assessment by the Bureau of the potential impact of any changes in network participation 372 or payment levels for emergency services on health insurance premiums in the time period to which the report applies; and (vii) the number and type of claims resolved by arbitration and 373 figures on the disposition of those arbitrations, including in which party's favor the dispute was 374 resolved, and information on the variation between the initial payment and final settlement 375 376 amounts.