2019 SESSION

INTRODUCED

SB1718

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SENATE BILL NO. 1718

Offered January 15, 2019

- A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Standards of Quality; reading diagnostic tests.
- Patrons-Black, Dunnavant, Mason and Vogel; Delegates: Bell, John J., Bulova, Delaney, Hugo and Murphy

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Referred to Committee on Education and Health

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

11 § 22.1-253.13:1. Standard 1. Instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning and 12 other educational objectives.

13 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 14 public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are 15 necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision 16 17 of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote 18 19 student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 20 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia. 21 22

B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of
Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,
which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in
school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish
Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards
of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three shall be based on
 components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, phonics,
 fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

52 In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either 53 separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public 54 elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to 55 the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and 56 related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall 57 facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators. 58 School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their
59 school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to
60 achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
61 The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

62 The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the
63 study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
64 includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for health instruction in 65 emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, 66 including hands-on practice of the skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such 67 instruction shall be based on the current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care 68 guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator, such as a 69 70 program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross. No teacher who is in compliance with subdivision D 3 of § 22.1-298.1 shall be required to be certified as a trainer of 71 cardiopulmonary resuscitation to provide instruction for non-certification. 72

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise
the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English,
mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical
education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they
exist.

78 The Board shall establish content standards and curriculum guidelines for courses in career 79 investigation in elementary school, middle school, and high school. Each school board shall (i) require 80 each middle school student to take at least one course in career investigation or (ii) select an alternate means of delivering the career investigation course to each middle school student, provided that such 81 82 alternative is equivalent in content and rigor and provides the foundation for such students to develop their academic and career plans. Any school board may require (a) such courses in career investigation 83 84 at the high school level as it deems appropriate, subject to Board approval as required in subsection A 85 of § 22.1-253.13:4, and (b) such courses in career investigation at the elementary school level as it deems appropriate. The Board shall develop and disseminate to each school board career investigation 86 87 resource materials that are designed to ensure that students have the ability to further explore interest in 88 career and technical education opportunities in middle and high school. In developing such resource 89 materials, the Board shall consult with representatives of career and technical education, industry, skilled 90 trade associations, chambers of commerce or similar organizations, and contractor organizations.

91 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 92 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of 93 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 94 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, computer science and 95 computational thinking, including computer coding, and scientific concepts and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and world and United States 96 97 history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health and physical education, 98 environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in 99 the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be limited to, music and art, 100 and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education, gainful employment, or training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge 101 102 in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency.

103 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or 104 remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to 105 achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who 106 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include 107 components that are research-based.

Any student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning
 assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a
 remediation program.

Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

117 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students
118 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who
119 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also

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120 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic 121 courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of 122 remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the 123 division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are 124 required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall 125 not be charged tuition by the school division.

126 The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program 127 of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the 128 division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) 129 a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation 130 program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other 131 special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

132 The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that 133 shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof 134 required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, 135 136 state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in 137 the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the 138 Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

139 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

140 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to 141 enhance success.

142 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of 143 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such 144 programs shall include components that are research-based.

145 3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include: 146 a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to, 147 apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching 148 profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills; 149

b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades;

150 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, 151 career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor 152 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 153 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and 154 implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be 155 developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local comprehensive 156 community colleges and shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance 157 with the timelines established by federal law; and

d. Annual notice on its website to enrolled high school students and their parents of (i) the 158 159 availability of the postsecondary education and employment data published by the State Council of 160 Higher Education on its website pursuant to § 23.1-204.1 and (ii) the opportunity for such students to 161 obtain a nationally recognized career readiness certificate at a local public high school, comprehensive 162 community college, or workforce center.

163 4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education and financial 164 literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriate 165 166 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

167 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately 168 differentiated instructional programs.

7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in 169 170 these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with 171 the regulations of the Board of Education.

172 8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level. 173 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative 174 arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

175 9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority 176 that shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

177 10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a comprehensive community college in 178 the Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate degree or a one-year 179 Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a comprehensive community college concurrent with a high 180 school diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses and

181 Advanced Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher.

182 11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 183 placement classes; career and technical education programs, including internships, externships, 184 apprenticeships, credentialing programs, certification programs, licensure programs, and other work-based learning experiences; the International Baccalaureate Program and Academic Year Governor's School 185 186 Programs; the qualifications for enrolling in such classes, programs, and experiences; and the availability 187 of financial assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and International Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of 188 189 the agreement with a comprehensive community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to 190 complete an associate degree or a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a 191 high school diploma.

192 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in 193 appropriate instructional programs, which programs may include dual language programs whereby such 194 students receive instruction in English and in a second language.

195 13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with reading and mathematics problems 196 and provision of instructional strategies and reading and mathematics practices that benefit the 197 development of reading and mathematics skills for all students.

Local school divisions shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten through 198 199 grade three who demonstrate deficiencies based on their individual performance on the Standards of 200 Learning reading test or any reading diagnostic test that meets criteria established by the Department of 201 Education. The first diagnostic test administered to a student in the school year shall include a rapid automatized naming component. Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to 202 (i) parents, including subset scores, and (ii) the Department of Education on an annual basis, at a time 203 to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student who receives early 204 205 intervention reading services will be assessed again at the end of that school year. The local school division, in its discretion, shall provide such reading intervention services prior to promoting a student 206 207 from grade three to grade four. Reading intervention services may include the use of: special reading teachers; trained aides; volunteer tutors under the supervision of a certified teacher; computer-based 208 209 reading tutorial programs; aides to instruct in-class groups while the teacher provides direct instruction 210 to the students who need extra assistance; and extended instructional time in the school day or school 211 year for these students. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; at-risk; or early intervention reading may be used to meet the requirements of this 212 213 subdivision.

214 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades six 215 through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department of Education. 216 217 Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of Education on an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student 218 219 who receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school 220 year. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; 221 at-risk; or algebra readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this 222 subdivision.

223 14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the 224 elementary school level.

225 15. (Applicable to school years before the 2018-2019 school year) A program of physical fitness 226 available to all students with a goal of at least 150 minutes per week on average during the regular 227 school year. Such program may include any combination of (i) physical education classes, (ii) 228 extracurricular athletics, or (iii) other programs and physical activities deemed appropriate by the local 229 school board. Each local school board shall incorporate into its local wellness policy a goal for the 230 implementation of such program during the regular school year.

15. (Applicable beginning with the 2018-2019 school year) A program of physical activity available 231 232 to all students in grades kindergarten through five consisting of at least 20 minutes per day or an 233 average of 100 minutes per week during the regular school year and available to all students in grades six through 12 with a goal of at least 150 minutes per week on average during the regular school year. 234 235 Such program may include any combination of (i) physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular 236 athletics, (iii) recess, or (iv) other programs and physical activities deemed appropriate by the local 237 school board. Each local school board shall implement such program during the regular school year.

238 16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aid 239 students in their educational, social, and career development.

240 17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisions about the instructional program. 241 242

18. A program of instruction in the high school Virginia and U.S. Government course on all

243 information and concepts contained in the civics portion of the U.S. Naturalization Test.

244 E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 245 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 246 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 247 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will 248 enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 249 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 250 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family 251 involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 252 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 253 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. 254 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 255 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 256 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 257 Learning assessments.

F. Each local school board may enter into agreements for postsecondary credential, certification, or license attainment with comprehensive community colleges or other public institutions of higher education or educational institutions established pursuant to Title 23.1 that offer a career and technical education curriculum. Such agreements shall specify (i) the options for students to take courses as part of the career and technical education curriculum that lead to an industry-recognized credential, certification, or license concurrent with a high school diploma and (ii) the credentials, certifications, or licenses available for such courses.