# **2019 SESSION**

#### **ENROLLED**

[H 2305]

## 1

## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-1128, 15.2-1130, 15.2-1201.1, 15.2-1212, 15.2-1228, 15.2-2257, 2 15.2-4602, 15.2-4701, 15.2-4702, 15.2-4801, 15.2-5118, and 15.2-5120 of the Code of Virginia, 3 4 relating to Title 15.2 sections not set out in Code of Virginia.

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### Approved

#### 7 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 8

1. That §§ 15.2-1128, 15.2-1130, 15.2-1201.1, 15.2-1212, 15.2-1228, 15.2-2257, 15.2-4602, 15.2-4701, 15.2-4702, 15.2-4801, 15.2-5118, and 15.2-5120 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 15.2-1128. City of Norfolk authorized to exchange information regarding criminal history.

12 Applicants for employment as paramedics or emergency medical technicians making application to 13 the personnel office of any city having a population of not less than 260,000 nor more than 264,000 according to the 1990 United States Census the City of Norfolk shall be required to submit to 14 fingerprinting and to provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with the applicant's 15 fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for 16 17 the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information regarding such applicant; however, such applicants may be required, if required by local ordinance, to pay the cost of the fingerprinting or 18 19 criminal records check or both.

The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that no 20 21 record exists, shall make a report to the eity City of Norfolk. If an applicant is denied employment because of information appearing in his criminal history record, the locality City of Norfolk shall provide 22 23 a copy of the information obtained from the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the applicant. The 24 information shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

#### § 15.2-1130. Liability for failure to provide adequate security or crowd control.

26 Any city having a population between 100,000 and 110,000 or between 150,000 and 160,000 The 27 Cities of Chesapeake and Portsmouth may provide by ordinance that any person who has negligently failed to provide adequate security or crowd control at a sporting event, restaurant, night club, or other 28 29 business or commercial activity that draws large crowds of people may be liable in a separate civil 30 action for the cost associated with any emergency response by the law-enforcement agency or 31 emergency medical services personnel of such city caused by the sponsor, owner, or tenant of any 32 sporting event, restaurant, night club, or other business or commercial establishment who negligently 33 failed to provide adequate security or crowd control. Such person shall be liable to the city in an 34 amount not to exceed \$1,000. 35

#### § 15.2-1201.1. Discharging employee for service on board prohibited; civil penalty.

A board member of a county with a population between 31,000 and 31,500 in Buchanan County 36 37 shall not be discharged from employment as a result of his absence from employment due to attendance at regular board meetings upon giving reasonable notice to his employer of such absence. Any employer 38 39 violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$2,500. 40

## § 15.2-1212. Frederick County; resolution of board of supervisors; referendum; election.

41 A. Upon resolution passed by the board of supervisors of Frederick County and filed with the circuit 42 court asking for a referendum on the question of Frederick County being governed by a board of 43 supervisors, one or more, elected from each magisterial district and a chairman elected from the county at large, the court shall by order entered of record, require the regular election officials at the 44 45 November, nineteen hundred seventy-four 1974 regular election to open a poll and take the sense of the qualified voters of the county on the question submitted as herein provided. The clerk of the county 46 47 shall cause a notice of such election to be published in a newspaper published in or having a general circulation in the county, once a week for three consecutive weeks, and shall post a copy of such notice 48 49 at the door of the courthouse of the county.

50 B. The regular election officers of the county at the time designated in the order authorizing the vote shall open the polls at the various voting places in the county and conduct the election in such manner 51 52 as is provided by law for other elections, insofar as the same is applicable. The election shall be by 53 ballot, and the ballots shall be prepared by the electoral board and distributed to the various election 54 precincts as in other elections. The ballots used shall be printed to read as follows:

55 "Do you approve the adoption of the county's board of supervisors being elected by magisterial districts and the chairman elected from the county at large? 56

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[] Yes 57

[ ] No" 58

59 The squares to be printed in such ballots shall not be less than one quarter nor more than one-half 60 inch in size.

61 Any person voting at such election shall place a () or a cross (X) or (+) mark or a line (-) in the 62 square before the appropriate word indicating how he desires to vote on the question submitted.

63 The ballots shall be counted, returns made and canvassed as in other elections, and the results 64 certified by the commissioners of election to the circuit court, and the circuit court, or the judge thereof 65 in vacation, shall enter of record the results of the election. If it shall appear appears by the report of 66 the commissioners of election that a majority of the qualified voters of the county voting approve the adoption of the county's board of supervisors being elected from magisterial districts and the chairman 67 being elected from the county at large, the circuit court of the county, or the judge thereof in vacation, 68 69 shall enter of record such fact.

70 C. At the next succeeding election, following approval of the plan provided for herein, at which the 71 county's board of supervisors are to be elected, the form of organization of such county's board of 72 supervisors shall be in accordance with the form provided for herein.

73 D. All county and district officers of such county, unless otherwise sooner removed, shall continue to 74 hold office until their successors are elected and have qualified.

75 E. A referendum as described hereinabove in this section to revert to the former method of electing 76 the chairman and supervisors may be conducted upon a resolution of the board of supervisors as 77 provided hereinabove in this section. In lieu of such resolution by the board of supervisors, a 78 referendum as described hereinabove in this section may be conducted upon a petition filed with the 79 circuit court of the county, or the judge thereof in vacation, and signed by ten 10 percent of the 80 qualified voters of such county requesting such referendum, and the court of or the judge shall proceed as in the case of a resolution by the board of supervisors. 81 82

§ 15.2-1228. Repair of foundation damage in Chesterfield County.

83 Any county having a county charter with a population between 200,000 and 215,000 Chesterfield County may by ordinance provide that the county may use public funds to repair existing residential 84 85 dwellings damaged by foundation failures caused by high clay content soil subject to moisture-related shrinking and swelling. Such ordinance may place conditions on the use or expenditure of such public 86 funds. The expenditure of such public funds by the county under this subsection section during a fiscal 87 88 year shall not exceed two percent of the county's locally derived revenues from that fiscal year.

89 For purposes of this subsection section, the term "public funds" shall include includes only general 90 tax revenues from real and personal property, and shall does not include any special fee assessment, or 91 other tax or charge, however denominated.

92 The county shall keep funds collected for building permit fees and any funds received from any 93 other fees collected under any special act in separate accounts, and separate from other locally derived revenues, and may not use fees collected for building permits or fees collected under any special act, 94 95 directly or indirectly, for purposes authorized under this subsection section.

§ 15.2-2257. Procedure to modify certain covenants in Shenandoah County.

97 Upon a verified petition signed by the owners, other than the original subdivider, of ten 10 percent 98 of the lots in any subdivision previously recorded, the circuit court for any county with a 1980 population of more than 27,500 but less than 29,000 Shenandoah County, in which such subdivision 99 lies, shall have authority to conduct a hearing and modify any and all covenant provisions of any 100 101 previously recorded deed of dedication or other document relating to road maintenance fees as to any 102 roads located within the subdivision. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall, if all owners of lots within such subdivision are not before the court, enter an order of publication under the provisions of 103 104 subdivision A 3 of § 8.01-316, making the owners of all lots not owned by petitioners parties to the 105 cause, which shall then be docketed and set for trial on the chancery side of the court. Should the court, 106 after hearing evidence and argument of counsel, find that the streets and roads in the subdivision require 107 maintenance in excess of that provided for with the road maintenance funds specified in the covenants 108 to permit emergency vehicles ready access to the residents of the subdivision to ensure the public health, 109 safety, and welfare, the court may increase the fees required for road maintenance to the extent 110 reasonably necessary to permit emergency vehicles ready access to the residents of the subdivision. The funds collected shall be accounted for as provided in § 15.2-2256. Nothing herein shall be construed to 111 prohibit the members of a subdivision association from proceeding under the provisions of subsection C 112 113 of § 55-344 the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55-508 et seq.).

#### 114 § 15.2-4602. Definitions.

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- 115 As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates another meaning or intent:
- 116 "Commission" means the governing body of the local district.
- "Cost" means all or any part of the cost of acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, 117

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118 landscaping, or enlargement of a public mass transit system or highway which that is located in counties 119 which that are authorized by this chapter to create a transportation improvement district, including the 120 cost of the acquisition of land, rights-of-way, property rights, easements and interests acquired for such 121 construction, alteration or expansion, the cost of demolishing or removing any structure on land so 122 acquired, including the cost of acquiring any lands to which such structures may be removed, the cost of 123 all labor, materials, machinery and equipment, financing charges, insurance, interest on all bonds prior to 124 and during construction and, if deemed advisable by the commission, for a reasonable period after 125 completion of such construction, reserves for principal and interest and for extensions, enlargements, 126 additions, replacements, renovations, and improvements, provisions for working capital, the cost of 127 surveys, engineering and architectural expenses, borings, plans and specifications and other engineering 128 and architectural services, legal expenses, studies, estimates of costs and revenues, administrative 129 expenses, and such other expenses as may be necessary, or incident to, the construction of the project 130 or, solely as to districts created pursuant to this chapter after July 1, 1990, the creation of the district 131 (the costs of which creation shall not exceed \$150,000), and of such subsequent additions thereto or 132 expansion thereof, and to determining the feasibility or practicability of such construction, the cost of 133 financing such construction, additions, or expansion and placing the project and such additions or 134 expansion in operation.

135 "County" means any county having a population of more than 500,000 and any adjoining county 136 Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William Counties.

137 "District" or "local district" means any transportation improvement district created under the 138 provisions of § 15.2-4603.

139 "District advisory board" or "advisory board" means the board appointed by the commission in 140 accordance with § 15.2-4605.

141 "Federal agency" means and includes the United States of America or any department, bureau, 142 agency, or instrumentality thereof.

143 "Owner" or "landowner" means the person or entity which that has the usufruct, control, or 144 occupation of the taxable real property as determined by the commissioner of the revenue of the 145 jurisdiction in which the subject real property is located pursuant to § 58.1-3281.

146 "Revenues" means any or all fees, tolls, taxes, rents, notes, receipts, assessments, moneys, and 147 income derived by the local district and includes any cash contributions or payments made to the local 148 district by the Commonwealth or any agency, department, or political subdivision thereof or by any 149 other source. 150

"Town" means any town having a population of more than 1,000.

151 "Transportation improvements" means any and all real or personal property utilized in constructing 152 and improving (i) any mass transportation project and (ii) any primary highway or portion thereof, located within any district created pursuant § 15.2.4603. Such improvements include, without limitation, 153 154 public mass transit systems, public highways, all buildings, structures, approaches, and other facilities 155 and appurtenances thereto, rights-of-way, bridges, tunnels, transportation stations, terminals, areas for 156 parking, and all related equipment and fixtures.

## § 15.2-4701. Definitions.

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158 As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates another meaning or intent:

159 "Commission" means the governing body of the local district.

160 "Cost" means all or any part of the cost of acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, landscaping, utilities, parking, or enlargement of a public mass transit system or highway which that is 161 162 located in localities which that are authorized by this chapter to create a transportation improvement district, including the cost of the acquisition of land, rights-of-way, property rights, easements and 163 164 interests acquired for such construction, alteration, or expansion, the cost of demolishing or removing any structure on land so acquired, including the cost of acquiring any lands to which such structures 165 166 may be removed, the cost of all labor, materials, machinery and equipment, financing charges, insurance, interest on all bonds prior to and during construction and, if deemed advisable by the commission, for a 167 reasonable period after completion of such construction, reserves for principal and interest and for extensions, enlargements, additions, replacements, renovations, and improvements, provisions for 168 169 170 working capital, the cost of surveys, engineering and architectural expenses, borings, plans and 171 specifications, and other engineering and architectural services, legal expenses, studies, estimates of costs 172 and revenues, administrative expenses, and such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the 173 construction of the project<sub>7</sub> or creation of the district (which shall not exceed \$150,000), and of such 174 subsequent additions thereto or expansion thereof, and to determining the feasibility or practicability of 175 such construction, the cost of financing such construction, additions, or expansion and placing the 176 project and such additions or expansion in operation.

177 "District" or "local district" means any transportation improvement district created under the provisions of § 15.2.4702. 178

179 "District advisory board" or "advisory board" means the board appointed by the commission in 180 accordance with § 15.2-4704.

"Federal agency" means and includes the United States of America or any department, bureau, 181 182 agency, or instrumentality thereof.

183 "Locality" means (i) any county that has the county executive form of government and is located 184 adjacent to a county with a population of more than 500,000 according to the 1980 or any subsequent census, (ii) any county that has been granted a county charter and has a population of more than 185 100,000 according to the 1980 or any subsequent census, and (iii) any city that is located adjacent to a 186 county that has been granted a county charter and has a population of more than 100,000 according to 187 188 the 1980 or any subsequent census Chesterfield and Prince William Counties and the City of Richmond.

189 "Owner" or "landowner" means the person or entity which that has the usufruct, control, or 190 occupation of the taxable real property as determined by the commissioner of the revenue of the 191 jurisdiction in which the subject real property is located pursuant to § 58.1-3281.

192 "Revenues" means any or all fees, tolls, taxes, rents, notes, receipts, assessments, moneys, and 193 income derived by the local district and includes any cash contributions or payments made to the local 194 district by the Commonwealth or any agency, department, or political subdivision thereof or by any 195 other source. 196

"Town" means any town having a population of more than 1,000, as determined by the 1980 census.

197 "Transportation improvements" means any and all real or personal property utilized in constructing 198 and improving any public mass transit system or any highway or portion or interchange thereof, 199 including utilities and parking facilities within the secondary, primary, or interstate highway system 200 Interstate Highway System of the Commonwealth or any highway included in the county's land use and 201 transportation plan located within the district created pursuant to § 15.2-4702. Such improvements 202 include, without limitation, public mass transit systems or public highways, all buildings, structures, 203 approaches, and other facilities and appurtenances thereto, rights-of-way, bridges, tunnels, transportation 204 stations, terminals, areas for parking, and all related equipment and fixtures.

## § 15.2-4702. Creation of district.

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A. A transportation improvement district shall be created under this chapter only by the resolution of 206 207 the local governing body of the locality in which the proposed district is located, upon the petition to 208 the governing body (i) of the owners of at least fifty-one 51 percent of either the land area or assessed value of land which that is within the boundaries of the proposed district and which that has been zoned 209 for commercial or industrial use or is used for such purposes or (ii) in a county with a population of 210 more than 100,000 according to the 1980 or any subsequent census which has been granted a county 211 212 charter Chesterfield County, of fifty one 51 percent of the owners of land which that is designated for 213 such purposes in the county's land use and transportation plan and is not zoned for residential use at the 214 time the district is created.

215 The roads, intersections, and rights-of-way thereof which that form boundaries of these districts shall 216 be considered as part of each respective district. Any proposed district may include any land within a 217 town in such county. Such petitions should shall: 218

1. Set forth the name and describe the boundaries of the proposed district;

2. Describe the transportation facilities proposed within the district;

220 3. Describe a proposed plan for providing such transportation facilities within the district and 221 describe specific terms and conditions with respect to all commercial and industrial zoning classifications 222 and uses, densities, and criteria related thereto which that the petitioners request for the proposed 223 district;

224 4. Describe the benefits which that can be expected from the provision of such transportation 225 facilities within the district; and

226 5. Request the local governing body to establish the proposed district for the purposes set forth in the 227 petition.

228 B. Upon the filing of such a petition, the governing body shall fix a day for a hearing on the question of whether the proposed district shall be created. The hearing shall consider whether the 229 230 residents and owners of real property within the proposed district would benefit from the establishment 231 of the proposed district. All interested persons who either reside in or who own taxable real property 232 within the boundaries of the proposed district shall have the right to appear and show cause why any 233 property or properties should not be included in the proposed district. If real property within a town is included in the proposed district, the governing body shall deliver a copy of the petition and notice of 234 235 the public hearing thereon to the town council at least thirty 30 days prior to the public hearing, and the 236 town council may, by resolution, determine if it wishes such property to be included within the proposed 237 district, and shall deliver a copy of any such resolution to the board of supervisors at the public hearing 238 required hereunder; the resolution shall be binding upon the governing body with respect to the inclusion or exclusion of such properties within the proposed district. The petition shall comply with the 239

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240 provisions of this section with respect to minimum acreage or assessed valuation. Notice of the hearing 241 shall be given by publication once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general 242 circulation within the locality. At least ten 10 days shall intervene between the third publication and the 243 date set for the hearing.

244 C. If the local governing body finds the creation of the proposed district would be in furtherance of 245 the applicable comprehensive plan for the development of the area, in the best interests of the residents 246 and owners of real property within the proposed district, and in furtherance of the public health, safety, 247 and general welfare, the governing body of the qualifying locality may, at its option, pass a resolution, 248 which shall be reasonably consistent with the petition, creating the district and providing for the 249 appointment of an advisory board in accordance with § 15.2-4704. The resolution shall provide: (i) a 250 description with specific terms and conditions of all commercial and industrial zoning classifications 251 which that shall be in force in the district upon its creation, together with any related criteria, and a 252 term of years, not to exceed twenty 20 years, as to which each such zoning classification and each 253 related criteria set forth therein shall not be eliminated, reduced, or restricted, except upon the written 254 request or approval of the owner of any property affected by a change, or as specifically required to 255 comply with the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 10.1-2100 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or other state law 256 and (ii) that the district shall expire either thirty-five 35 years from the date upon which the resolution is 257 passed or when the district is abolished in accordance with § 15.2-4714.

258 After the public hearing, the local governing body shall deliver a true copy of its proposed resolution 259 creating the district to the petitioning landowners or their attorney-in-fact. Any petitioning landowner 260 may then withdraw his signature on the petition in writing at any time prior to the vote of the local 261 governing body. If any signatures on the petition are withdrawn as provided herein, the local governing 262 body may pass the proposed resolution in conformance herewith only upon certification that the petition 263 continues to meet the provisions of subsection A of this section with respect to minimum acreage or assessed value, as the case may be. After the local governing body has adopted resolutions creating the 264 district, the district shall be established and the name of the district shall be "The 265 266 Transportation Improvement District."

## § 15.2-4801. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates another meaning or intent:

269 "Board of supervisors" means the governing body of a county empowered to act under the provisions 270 of this chapter.

"Commission" means the governing body of the district created under § 15.2-4802.

271 "Cost" means all or any part of the cost of acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, 272 273 landscaping, enlargement, conservation, remodeling, or equipping of a transportation facility or portion 274 thereof, including the cost of the acquisition of land, rights-of-way, property rights, easements and 275 interests acquired for such construction, alteration, or expansion, the cost of demolishing or removing 276 any structure on land so acquired, including the cost of acquiring any lands to which such structures 277 may be removed, the cost of all labor, materials, machinery and equipment, financing charges, insurance, interest on all bonds prior to and during construction and, if deemed advisable by the governing body, 278 279 for a reasonable period after completion of such construction, reserves for principal and interest and for 280 extensions, enlargements, additions, replacements, renovations, and improvements, provisions for 281 working capital, the cost of surveys, engineering and architectural expenses, borings, plans and 282 specifications, and other engineering and architectural services, legal expenses, studies, estimates of costs 283 and revenues, administrative expenses, and such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the 284 creation of the district (which shall not exceed \$150,000), construction of the project, and the provision 285 of equipment therefor, and of such subsequent additions thereto or expansion thereof, and to determining 286 the feasibility or practicality of such construction, the cost of financing such construction, additions, or 287 expansion, and placing the project and such additions or expansion in operation.

288 "County" means (i) any county organized under the urban county executive form of government, (ii) 289 any county adjoining a county organized under the urban county executive form of government, and (iii) 290 any county with a population of at least 32,000 but not more than 36,000 according to the most recent 291 United States census Arlington, Fairfax, James City, Loudoun, Prince William, Pulaski, and Smyth 292 Counties. 293

"District" means any transportation service district created under the provisions of § 15.2-4802.

294 "District advisory board" means the board appointed by the board of supervisors in accordance with 295 § 15.2-4804.

296 "Federal agency" means and includes the United States of America or any department, bureau, 297 agency, or instrumentality thereof.

298 "Owner" or "landowner" means the person or entity which that has the usufruct, control, or 299 occupation of the real property as determined annually by the county.

"Public highways" includes any public highways, roads, or streets, whether maintained by the 300

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301 Commonwealth or otherwise.

"Revenues" means any or all fees, tolls, rents, notes, receipts, assessments, taxes, moneys, and 302 303 income derived by the district and includes any cash contributions or payments made to the district by 304 the Commonwealth, any political subdivision thereof, or by any other source.

305 "Town" means any town having a population of more than 1,000, as determined by the 1980 census.

306 "Transportation facilities" means any real or personal property acquired, constructed or improved, or utilized in constructing or improving any public highway or portion thereof or any publicly owned mass 307 transit systems situated or operated within the district created pursuant to appurtenances thereto, 308 309 rights-of-way, bridges, tunnels, transportation stations, terminals, areas for parking, and all related 310 equipment and fixtures. 311

## § 15.2-5118. Powers of Authority; streetlights in King George County.

312 Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law in this chapter, an authority may lease as lessee or 313 otherwise contract for the provision of, operate, and maintain streetlights in a county having a population between 13,200 and 14,000 according to the 1990 United States Census King George County. 314 315 The lessor or other contractual provider of such streetlights shall be a public service corporation which 316 that holds a certificate of public convenience and necessity to provide retail electric service in the territory in which such streetlights are located. King George County may contribute funds to the 317 318 authority by act of its governing body for use by the authority in carrying out the authority's powers 319 listed in this section. In addition, the authority may fix, charge, and collect *fees*, rates, fees and charges 320 for the use of the service described in this section or for such service furnished by the authority. Such 321 fees, rates, fees, and charges shall be charged to and collected from any person contracting for the 322 service, or lessee, or tenant, or any other person who uses or occupies any real estate served by or 323 benefiting from the service. 324

## § 15.2-5120. Powers of authority in certain counties and cities.

325 An authority or authorities created pursuant to the provisions of this chapter by counties that have 326 adopted the county manager plan of government and a city contiguous thereto having a 1980 population of more than 100,000 Arlington County and the City of Alexandria, singularly or jointly, two or all of 327 328 such counties and eities may enter into contracts relating to the furnishing of services and facilities for 329 refuse collection and disposal and conversion of same to energy (system) with any person or partnership 330 or corporation (entity). The contract shall not have a term in excess of thirty 30 years from the date on 331 which service is first provided. It may make provisions for:

332 1. The use by the authority of all or a portion of the disposal capacity of such system for the 333 authority's present or future requirements.

334 2. The delivery by or for the account of the authority of specified quantities of refuse, whether or not 335 the authority collects such refuse,;

336 3. The making of payments in respect of such quantities of refuse, whether or not the refuse is 337 delivered, including payments in respect of revenues lost if such refuse is not delivered;

338 4. Adjustments to payments to be made by the authority because of inflation, changes in energy prices or residue disposal costs, taxes imposed upon the system, or other events beyond the control of 339 340 the entity or in respect of the actual costs of maintaining, repairing, or operating the system, including 341 debt service or capital lease payments, capital costs, or other financing charges relating to the system, 342 and

343 5. The collection by the entity of fees, rates, or charges from persons using disposal capacity for 344 which the authority has contracted.

345 The authority may fix, charge, and collect fees, rates, and charges for services furnished or made 346 available by the entity operating the system to provide sufficient funds at all times during the term of 347 the contract, together with other funds available to the authority for such purposes, to pay all amounts 348 due from time to time under such contract and to provide a margin of safety for such payment. The 349 authority may covenant with the entity to establish and maintain fees, rates, and charges at such levels 350 during the term of the contract for such purposes.

351 Such fees, rates, and charges shall not apply to refuse generated, purchased, or utilized by any 352 enterprise located in the service area and engaged in the business of manufacturing, mining, processing, 353 refining, or conversion, which that is not disposed at or through such system.

354 The *fees*, rates, fees and charges may be imposed upon the owners, tenants, or occupants of each 355 occupied lot or parcel of land which that the authority determines (with the concurrence at the time of 356 such determination of the local government in which such parcel is located) is in the service area, or 357 portion thereof, of the system for which the authority has contracted, whether or not refuse generated 358 from such parcel are is actually delivered to such system.

359 The *fees*, rates, fees and charges shall be fixed in accordance with the procedures set forth in the subsection D of § 15.2-5136. Such fees, rates, fees and charges may be allocated among the owners, 360 tenants, or occupants of each lot or parcel of land which that the authority determines is in the service 361

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area, or portion thereof, of the system for which the authority has contracted. Such allocation may bebased upon:

364 1. Waste generation estimates, the average number of persons residing, working in, or otherwise
 365 connected with such premises, the type and character of such premises, or upon any combination of the
 366 foregoing factors, or;

- 367 2. The amount of refuse delivered to such system, or;
- **368** 3. The assessed value of such parcels;; or
- **369** 4. A combination of the foregoing.

There shall be a lien on real estate for the amount of such fees, rates, and charges as provided in
§ 15.2-5139. The authority is empowered by resolution or other lawful action to enforce the payment of
the lien by means of the actions described in § 15.2-5138.

373 The power to establish such fees, rates, and charges shall be in addition to any other powers granted 374 hereunder, and such fees, rates, and charges shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of any commission, authority, or other unit of government. The entity contracting with the authority, except to the extent 375 376 that rights herein given may be restricted by the contract, either at law or in equity, by suit, mandamus, 377 or other proceedings, may protect and enforce any and all rights granted under such contract and may 378 face and compel the performance of all duties required by this chapter or by such contract to be 379 performed by the authority or by any officer thereof, including without limitation the fixing, charging, 380 and collecting of *fees*, rates, fees and charges in accordance with this chapter and such contract.

381 Such contract, with the irrevocable consent of the entity, may be made directly with the trustee for 382 indebtedness issued to finance such system and provide for payment directly to such trustee. The 383 authority may pledge fees, rates, and charges made in respect of the contract with the entity, and such 384 pledge shall be valid and binding from the time when it is made. Fees, rates, and charges so pledged and thereafter received by the authority shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without 385 386 any physical delivery or further act, and the lien of such pledge shall be valid and binding against all 387 parties having claims of any kind, in tort, contract, or otherwise, irrespective of whether such parties 388 have notice thereof. Neither the contract nor any assignment thereof need be filed or recorded except in 389 the records of the authority.

390 The requirements and restrictions of § 15.2-5121 shall not apply to any contract of the authority with 391 respect to the system if the entity for such system will not collect refuse from the generators of the 392 same, and there are no such facilities located in the area served by the authority.