

## **Department of Planning and Budget**

### **2018 Fiscal Impact Statement**

**1. Bill Number:** SB 810

<b>House of Origin</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Introduced	<input type="checkbox"/> Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/> Engrossed
<b>Second House</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> In Committee	<input type="checkbox"/> Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled

**2. Patron:** Senator Marsden

**3. Committee:** Education and Health

**4. Title:** Permit in-state tuition eligibility for certain individuals who have applied for permanent residency

**5. Summary:** This bill declares eligible for in-state tuition any individual who:

- graduated from a public or private high school in the Commonwealth or passed a high school equivalency examination approved by the Board of Education;
- registers as an entering student or is enrolled in a public institution of higher education;
- has submitted evidence that he, or in the case of a dependent student, at least one parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis, has filed, unless exempted by state law, Virginia income tax returns for at least one year prior to the date of registration or enrollment; and
- provides an affidavit to the public institution of higher education in which he has registered as an entering student or is enrolled stating that he has filed an application to become a permanent resident of the United States and is actively pursuing such permanent residency or will do so as soon as he becomes eligible for such permanent residency.

**6. Budget Amendment Necessary:** No.

**7. Fiscal Impact Estimates:** Indeterminate (see Section 8)

**8. Fiscal Implications:** It is unknown how many individuals who have applied for permanent residency are either enrolled in or plan to attend Virginia's public institutions of higher education. If these individuals currently pay or would pay out-of-state tuition, there could be a reduction in out-of-state tuition revenue. However, if students are paying or would pay in-state tuition, nothing should change. Furthermore, the public institutions of higher education could choose to admit additional out-of-state students to offset any potential revenue loss resulting from the acceptance of students covered by this proposed legislation.

**9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Virginia's public institutions of higher education especially those located in regions with high immigrant populations.

**10. Technical Amendment Necessary:** No.

**11. Other Comments:** This bill is identical to HB 343 and similar to HB 19 and HB 1191.

**Date:** 01/12/18

c: Secretary of Education