## Department of Planning and Budget 2018 Fiscal Impact Statement

ı.	Bill Number	Der: HB 1191					
	House of Orig	in 🖂	Introduced		Substitute		Engrossed
	<b>Second House</b>		In Committee		Substitute		Enrolled
2.	Patron:	Delegate Bulova					
3.	Committee:	Rules					
4.	Title:	Permit in-state tuition eligibility for certain individuals who have applied for asylum					

- **5. Summary:** This bill declares eligible for in-state tuition any individual who:
  - attended a public or private high school in the Commonwealth for at least three years;
  - graduated from a public or private high school in the Commonwealth or passed a high school equivalency examination approved by the Board of Education;
  - registers as an entering student or is enrolled in a public institution of higher education;
  - provides an affidavit to the public institution of higher education in which he has registered as an entering student or is enrolled stating that he has filed an application with United States Citizenship and Immigration Services for asylum; and
  - submits evidence to the public institution of higher education at which he has registered as an entering student or is enrolled that he, or in the case of a dependent student, at least one parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis, has filed, unless exempted by state law, Virginia income tax returns for at least three years prior to the date of registration as an entering student or enrollment.

This bill also provides that any such individual will remain eligible for in-state tuition for as long as he maintains continuous enrollment in the public institution of higher education and his application for asylum has not been denied.

- **6.** Budget Amendment Necessary: No.
- 7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Indeterminate (see Section 8)
- **8. Fiscal Implications:** It is unknown how many individuals who have applied for asylum are either enrolled in or plan to attend Virginia's public institutions of higher education. If these individuals currently pay or would pay out-of-state tuition, there could be a reduction in out-of-state tuition revenue. However, if students are paying or would pay in-state tuition, nothing should change. Furthermore, the public institutions of higher education could choose to admit additional out-of-state students to offset any potential revenue loss resulting from the acceptance of students covered by this proposed legislation.

- **9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Virginia's public institutions of higher education especially those located in regions with high immigrant populations.
- 10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.
- 11. Other Comments: This bill is similar to HB 19, HB 343, and SB 810.

**Date:** 01/15/18

c: Secretary of Education