2018 SESSION

ENGROSSED

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SB922E

18102900D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 922** 2 Senate Amendments in [] - February 8, 2018 3 A BILL to amend and reenact § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the regulation of 4 investor-owned electric utilities. 5 6 Patron Prior to Engrossment-Senator Chafin 7 8 Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11 1. That § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or 12 13 expire. 14 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 15 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 16 17 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 18 19 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use 20 any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 21 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 22 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 23 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 24 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 25 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 26 27 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 28 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 29 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 30 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 31 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 32 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 33 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 34 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 35 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 36 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 37 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 38 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 39 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 40 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 41 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event 42 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer 43 classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 44 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 45 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 46 47 conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following **48** 49 provisions: 50 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis,

51 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission 52 53 may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive 54 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings 55 utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year 56 in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an 57 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case 58 59 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a

60 Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

61 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
62 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
63 combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall 71 72 first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the 73 group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 74 75 its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an 76 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are 77 78 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 79 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 80 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal 81 operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 82 83 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not 84 an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review.

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

88 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 89 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 90 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 91 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 92 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 93 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 94 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 95 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 96 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 97 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and 98 industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 99 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other 100 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 101 102 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for 103 104 such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average 105 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 106 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 107 108 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for
a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial
Return for such utility.

"Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

115 "Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility 116 by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection 117 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

121 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and

specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard tofacilities described in subdivision 6.

g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 124 125 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 126 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 127 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 128 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for 129 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 130 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 131 132 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in 133 accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a 134 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the 135 provisions of this section.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent biennial review.

139 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011, 140 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 141 applications; however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial reviews of utilities 142 as provided in subdivision 1, then each Phase I Utility shall commence biennial filings in 2011 and each 143 Phase II Utility shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two successive 144 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is 145 conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 146 147 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 148 adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or those related to facilities 149 utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the 150 utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment 151 clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues 152 and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or 153 credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein 154 specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the 155 purposes of future biennial review proceedings. A Phase I Utility shall delay for one year the filing of 156 its biennial review from March 31, 2013, to March 31, 2014, and shall not defer on its books for future recovery any costs incurred during calendar year 2011, other than as provided in subdivision 7 or 157 § 56-249.6, and its subsequent biennial filing shall be made by March 31, 2016, and every two years 158 159 thereafter. In a biennial filing under this subdivision [that does not result in an overall rate change] a 160 utility may propose an adjustment to one or more tariffs that [does not change the utility's rates, and the Commission shall approve such an adjustment if it finds that the adjustment is in the public interest 161 are revenue neutral to the utility]. 162

163 4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for 164 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a 165 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy 166 Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional 167 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the 168 expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the 169 170 Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without 171 limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities, 172 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be 173 174 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

186 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 187 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of 188 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 189 subdivision 2. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the 190 public interest. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the utility, shall allow for 191 the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The Commission shall only 192 allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue has not been recovered 193 through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that are directly attributable 194 to energy efficiency programs.

195 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 196 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any customer that has a verifiable history of having used more 197 than 10 megawatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. Nor shall any of the costs of new energy 198 efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of revenue reductions, be incurred by any 199 large general service customer as defined herein that has notified the utility of non-participation in such 200 energy efficiency program or programs. A large general service customer is a customer that has a 201 verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. 202 Non-participation in energy efficiency programs shall be allowed by the Commission if the large general 203 service customer has, at the customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have 204 produced or will produce measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than November 15, 2009, 205 206 promulgate rules and regulations to accommodate the process under which such large general service 207 customers shall file notice for such an exemption and (i) establish the administrative procedures by 208 which eligible customers will notify the utility and (ii) define the standard criteria that must be satisfied 209 by an applicant in order to notify the utility. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the 210 Commission may also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 211 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process as well as its administration of energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. The notice of 212 213 non-participation by a large general service customer, to be given by March 1 of a given year, shall be 214 for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency program. The Commission on its 215 own motion may initiate steps necessary to verify such non-participants' achievement of energy 216 efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the non-participant has knowingly 217 misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. A utility shall not charge such large general service customer, as defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond 218 219 what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the 220 customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant 221 proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic 222 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with
state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the
utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs
are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations; and

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution
rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the
large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or
transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission
voltage, for a Phase I Utility.

237 The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any238 adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or

245 without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major 246 unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment upgrade, system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating 247 248 license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, (iv) one or 249 more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69 250 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, or (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity 251 generation and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy resources as all or a 252 portion of their power source and such facilities and associated resources are located in the coalfield 253 region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's service territory; however, subject to the provisions of the following 254 255 sentence, the utility shall not file a petition under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such 256 petition, shall not seek any annual incremental increase in the level of investments associated with such 257 a petition that exceeds five percent of such utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended 12-month test period in the utility's latest biennial review 258 259 proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 and concluded by final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all proceedings regarding petitions filed under 260 261 clause (iv), the level of investments approved for recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, 262 and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously approved for recovery in prior proceedings under 263 clause (iv). Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, 264 facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities 265 described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility 266 that constructs or makes modifications to any such facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at 267 least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the 268 Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more 269 Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income, 270 through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any associated allowance for 271 funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle 272 costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs 273 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate 274 of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in determining the amounts 275 recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the Commission shall not 276 consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation and maintenance 277 costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground 278 facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced. 279 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain 280 eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility 281 filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that 282 283 utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may 284 propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such 285 facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility described in clause (i) 286 or (ii) shall demonstrate that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party 287 market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs of the facility, other than return on projected 288 construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered 289 prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) begins 290 commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility 291 consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and 292 located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one 293 or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant 294 in service. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used 295 during construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility 296 and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the 297 facility. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the 298 Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the 299 range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and 300 shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the 301 energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of 302 303 return shall be applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service 304 life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described 305 in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a

306 purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy 307 derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in 308 whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are 309 classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the 310 life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return 311 on common equity shall be calculated by adding the basis points specified in the table below to the 312 utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the 313 subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for funds used during construction shall be calculated 314 for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an 315 enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any facility described in clause (i) 316 317 or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission 318 shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The construction or purchase by a utility of one or 319 more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated 320 capacity that does not exceed 500 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight and are located in 321 the Commonwealth, regardless of whether any of such facilities are located within or without the utility's 322 service territory, is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the 323 Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. A utility may enter into short-term or 324 long-term power purchase contracts for the power derived from sunlight generated by such generation 325 facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing 326 overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned 327 outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service reliability is in the public interest. In determining whether to approve petitions 328 329 for rate adjustment clauses for such new underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining 330 the level of costs to be recovered thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of 331 this title. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the conversion of such facilities will provide local 332 and system-wide benefits, that such new underground facilities are cost beneficial, and that the costs 333 associated with such new underground facilities are reasonably and prudently incurred. The basis points 334 to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on common 335 equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced rate of return shall be 336 applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

337	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life
338	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
339	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
340	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
341	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
342	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
343	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion turbine	100	Between 10 and 20 years

For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power constructed pursuant to clause (ii) or those utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life.

351 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy 352 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the 353 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25 354 355 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in 356 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1, 357 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities constructed pursuant to clause (ii) shall be 100 basis points, which shall be added to the utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2. Thirty 358 359 percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between July 1, 360 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred 361 by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the 362 Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of 363 all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall 364 not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by 365 the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next biennial review filed after July 1, 366 367 2014. Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the

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utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after 368 369 December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under 370 this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment 371 clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 372 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under 373 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through 374 existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next 375 biennial review filed after July 1, 2014.

In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new nuclear generation facility or facilities are in the public interest.

In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight with an aggregate capacity of 500 megawatts, or from offshore wind, are in the public interest.

384 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 385 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 386 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 387 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 388 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 389 390 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 391 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

392 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 393 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 394 395 396 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 397 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used 398 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 399 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 400 combusted.

401 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on 402 common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to 403 subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first 404 biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility 405 in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

406 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial 407 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all 408 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 409 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 410 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 411 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 412 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 413 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 414 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 415 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 416 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 417 subdivision.

418 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 419 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 420 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 421 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or 422 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to 423 new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and 424 records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any 425 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in 426 subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of 427 such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in 428 such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of

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429 subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of 430 subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the 431 books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the 432 implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs 433 prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described 434 in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped 435 rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect 436 to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset 437 438 for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and 439 maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall 440 441 amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning 442 with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be 443 the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, 444 such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the 445 refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable 446 in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage 447 commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs 448 of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with 449 respect to biennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to 450 § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection 451 B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

457 8. In any biennial review proceeding, the following utility generation and distribution costs not 458 proposed for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the 459 utility for financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods 460 under review: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations made by 461 the utility prior to December 31, 2012, for utility generation plant; costs associated with severe weather 462 events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to have been recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test periods 463 under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the utility's other costs, 464 465 revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, result in 466 the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under 467 468 subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase 469 II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall more than 70 basis points below the 470 fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods. In such cases, the 471 Commission shall, in such biennial review proceeding, authorize deferred recovery of such costs and 472 allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the 473 Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not exceed an amount that would, 474 together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for 475 generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution 476 services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, for the 477 combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a 478 Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return 479 authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall limit the Commission's 480 authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2, 481 following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a biennial review, for 482 normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, in 483 determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 484 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

a. The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more
than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or,
for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31,
2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its
generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on

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491 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the 492 Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 493 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 494 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 495 the rate increase necessary. However, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds 496 that the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs 497 of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation 498 and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity 499 or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently 500 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the 501 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof;

502 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 503 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 504 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 505 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 506 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 507 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 508 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount 509 of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after 510 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 70 511 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to 512 513 customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be 514 515 allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of 516 return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation 517 of revenues used to design base rates; or

518 c. Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, during the 519 test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above 520 a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period 521 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I 522 Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 523 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter 524 determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the 525 provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in subdivision b, also order 526 reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, the Commission may not order such rate 527 reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully 528 recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on its 529 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using 530 531 the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate 532 reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof.

The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than eight months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined pursuant to subdivision 2 in such biennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent biennial review filing under subdivision 3.

540 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 541 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 542 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 543 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 544 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 545 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 546 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 547 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 548 549 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 550 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the 551

552 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 553 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 554 555 determined pursuant to the biennial review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless 556 it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are 557 more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods 558 under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period 559 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I 560 Utility, more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to 561 customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c. Any such credits shall be amortized and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 562 563 subdivision:

564 "Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected 565 to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 566 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test 567 period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this 568 subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

576 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 577 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period [578 unconsolidated] capital structure and cost of capital of such utility, [excluding any debt associated with 579 securitized bonds that are the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional customers,] unless the 580 Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, 581 in which case the Commission may utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such 582 utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the 583 cost of capital, capital structure, revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such 584 utility may be affiliated. In particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the 585 federal and state income tax costs for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the 586 applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) 587 such utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax 588 589 rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable 590 income or loss of its affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined
pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and
purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

596 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the
597 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation,
598 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the
599 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

600 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the 601 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection 602 with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or 603 prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the **604** reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et 605 seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its 606 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such 607 renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, and shall also consider whether the 608 609 costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by consumers.

610 E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 611 the provisions of this section.