

## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

*An Act to amend and reenact §§ 4.1-119 and 4.1-215 of the Code of Virginia, relating to alcoholic beverage control; distiller licensee; samples; special events.*

[S 486]

Approved

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That §§ 4.1-119 and 4.1-215 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

**§ 4.1-119. Operation of government stores.**

A. Subject to the requirements of §§ 4.1-121 and 4.1-122, the Board may establish, maintain, and operate government stores for the sale of alcoholic beverages, other than beer and wine not produced by farm wineries, vermouth, mixers, products used in connection with distilled spirits, including any garnish or garnishment applied to the rim of a glass of distilled spirits, as may be approved by the Board from time to time, and products licensed by the Virginia Tourism Corporation as specified in § 4.1-103 in such counties, cities, and towns considered advisable by the Board. The Board may discontinue any such store.

B. With respect to the sale of wine or cider produced by farm wineries, the Board may give preference to farm wineries that produce 2,500 cases or less of wine or cider per year.

C. The Board shall fix the wholesale and retail prices at which the various classes, varieties and brands of alcoholic beverages and other Board-approved products that are sold in government stores. Differences in the cost of operating stores, and market competition and conditions may be reflected in the sale price of alcoholic beverages sold at government stores. The Board may sell alcoholic beverages to federal instrumentalities (i) authorized and operating under the laws of the United States and regulations of the United States Department of Defense and (ii) located within the boundaries of federal enclaves or reservations over which the United States has acquired jurisdiction, at prices which may be greater or less than the wholesale price charged other authorized purchasers. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the authority of the Board to fix the retail price of alcoholic beverages sold at government stores, which retail price may include promotional, volume, or other discounts deemed appropriate by the Board.

D. Alcoholic beverages at government stores shall be sold by employees of the Authority who shall carry out the provisions of this title and Board regulations governing the operation of government stores and the sale of alcoholic beverages, except that the Board may appoint the holder of a distiller's license or its officers and employees as agents of the Board for the sale of spirits, manufactured by or for, or blended by such licensee on the licensed premises, at government stores established by the Board (i) on the distiller's licensed premises or (ii) at the site of an event licensed by the Board and conducted for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about spirits products.

Such agents shall sell the spirits in accordance with the provisions of this title, Board regulations, and the terms of the agency agreement between the Authority and the licensed distiller.

For the purposes of this subsection, "blended" means the receipt by a licensed distiller of deliveries and shipments of alcoholic beverages, other than wine and beer, in accordance with subdivision 6 of § 4.1-201 to be (i) additionally aged by the receiving distillery in order to increase the quality and flavor of such alcoholic beverages and (ii) bottled by the receiving distillery.

E. (Effective until July 1, 2022) No Class 1 neutral grain spirit or alcohol, as defined by federal regulations, that is without distinctive character, aroma, taste or color shall be sold in government stores at a proof greater than 151 except upon permits issued by the Board for industrial, commercial, culinary, or medical use.

E. (Effective July 1, 2022) No Class 1 neutral grain spirit or alcohol, as defined by federal regulations, that is without distinctive character, aroma, taste or color shall be sold in government stores at a proof greater than 101 except upon permits issued by the Board for industrial, commercial, culinary, or medical use.

F. All alcoholic beverages sold in government stores, except for tasting samples pursuant to subsection G sold in government stores established by the Board on a distiller's licensed premises, shall be in closed containers, sealed and affixed with labels prescribed by the Board.

G. No alcoholic beverages shall be consumed in a government store by any person unless it is part of an organized tasting event conducted by (i) an employee of a manufacturer of distilled spirits or farm winery or (ii) an authorized representative of a manufacturer of distilled spirits or farm winery with a permit issued by the Board pursuant to subdivision A 15 of § 4.1-212, at which the samples of alcoholic

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57 beverages provided to any consumer do not exceed the limits for spirits or wine set forth in subdivision  
 58 A 5 of § 4.1-201.1. No sample may be consumed by any individual to whom alcoholic beverages may  
 59 not lawfully be sold pursuant to § 4.1-304.

60 Notwithstanding the provision of this subsection to the contrary, an agent of the Board appointed  
 61 pursuant to subsection D may give samples of spirits, beer, wine, or cider to persons to whom alcoholic  
 62 beverages may be lawfully sold for on-premises consumption, provided that (i) the spirits, beer, wine, or  
 63 cider samples are manufactured within the same licensed premises or on contiguous premises of such  
 64 agent licensed as a distillery, brewery, or winery or cider; (ii) no single sample shall exceed four ounces  
 65 of beer, two ounces of wine, or one-half ounce of spirits, unless served as a mixed beverage, in which  
 66 case a single sample of spirits may contain up to one and one-half ounces of spirits; (iii) no more than  
 67 four total samples of alcoholic beverage products or, in the case of spirits samples, no more than three  
 68 ounces of spirits shall be given or sold to any person per day; and (iv) in the case of spirits samples, a  
 69 method is used to track the consumption of each consumer. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit such  
 70 agent from serving samples of spirits as part of a mixed beverage. *Such mixed beverage samples may*  
 71 *contain spirits or vermouth not manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the*  
 72 *licensed distillery, provided that at least 75 percent of the alcohol used in such samples is manufactured*  
 73 *on the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery. An agent of the Board*  
 74 *appointed pursuant to subsection D may keep on the licensed premises no more than 10 varieties of*  
 75 *spirits or vermouth not manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed*  
 76 *distillery. Any spirits or vermouth used in such samples that are not manufactured on the licensed*  
 77 *premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery shall be purchased from the Board.*

78 The Board shall establish guidelines governing tasting events conducted pursuant to this subsection.

79 H. With respect to purchases by licensees at government stores, the Authority shall (i) accept in  
 80 payment for any purchase or series of purchases cash, electronic fund transfer, credit or debit card, or  
 81 check payable to the Authority, in the exact amount of any such purchase or series of purchases and (ii)  
 82 provide notice to licensees on Board policies relating to the assignment of government stores from  
 83 which licensees may purchase products and any procedure for the licensee to elect to make purchases  
 84 from an alternative government store.

85 I. With respect to purchases by consumers at government stores, the Authority shall accept cash in  
 86 payment for any purchase or series of purchases. The Board may adopt regulations which provide for  
 87 accepting a credit card or debit card as payment. Such regulations may provide for the collection, where  
 88 appropriate, of related fees, penalties and service charges for the use of a credit card or debit card by  
 89 any consumer.

90 J. Before the Authority implements any increase in the markup on distilled spirits or any change to  
 91 the markup formula for distilled spirits pursuant to § 4.1-235 that would result in an increase in the  
 92 retail price of distilled spirits sold to the public, the Authority shall (i) provide at least 45 days' public  
 93 notice before such a price increase takes effect; (ii) provide the opportunity for submission of written  
 94 comments regarding the proposed price increase; (iii) conduct a public meeting for the purpose of  
 95 receiving verbal comment regarding the proposed price increase; and (iv) consider any written or verbal  
 96 comments before implementing such a price increase.

97 **§ 4.1-215. Limitation on manufacturers, bottlers and wholesalers; exemptions.**

98 A. 1. Unless exempted pursuant to subsection B, no retail license for the sale of alcoholic beverages  
 99 shall be granted to any (i) manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages, whether licensed  
 100 in the Commonwealth or not; (ii) officer or director of any such manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler; (iii)  
 101 partnership or corporation, where any partner or stockholder is an officer or director of any such  
 102 manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler; (iv) corporation which is a subsidiary of a corporation which owns  
 103 or has interest in another subsidiary corporation which is a manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler of  
 104 alcoholic beverages; or (v) manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages who has a  
 105 financial interest in a corporation which has a retail license as a result of a holding company, which  
 106 owns or has an interest in such manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages. Nor shall  
 107 such licenses be granted in any instances where such manufacturer, bottler or wholesaler and such  
 108 retailer are under common control, by stock ownership or otherwise.

109 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title:

110 a. A manufacturer of malt beverages, whether licensed in the Commonwealth or not, may obtain a  
 111 banquet license as provided in § 4.1-209 upon application to the Board, provided that the event for  
 112 which a banquet license is obtained is ~~(a)~~ (i) at a place approved by the Board and ~~(b)~~ (ii) conducted for  
 113 the purposes of featuring and educating the consuming public about malt beverage products. Such  
 114 manufacturer shall be limited to eight banquet licenses for such events per year without regard to the  
 115 number of breweries owned or operated by such manufacturer or by any parent, subsidiary, or company  
 116 under common control with such manufacturer. Where the event occurs on no more than three  
 117 consecutive days, a manufacturer need only obtain one such license for the event; or

b. A manufacturer of wine, whether licensed in the Commonwealth or not, may obtain a banquet license as provided in § 4.1-209 upon application to the Board, provided that the event for which a banquet license is obtained is (i) at a place approved by the Board and (ii) conducted for the purposes of featuring and educating the consuming public about wine products. Such manufacturer shall be limited to eight banquet licenses for such events per year without regard to the number of wineries owned or operated by such manufacturer or by any parent, subsidiary, or company under common control with such manufacturer. Where the event occurs on no more than three consecutive days, a manufacturer need only obtain one such license for the event.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a manufacturer of distilled spirits, whether licensed in the Commonwealth or not, may obtain a banquet license for a special event as provided in subdivision A 4 of § 4.1-210 upon application to the Board, provided that such event is ~~(1)~~ (i) at a place approved by the Board and ~~(2)~~ (ii) conducted for the purposes of featuring and educating the consuming public about the manufacturer's spirits products. Such manufacturer shall be limited to no more than ~~four~~ *eight* banquet licenses for such special events per year. Where the event occurs on no more than three consecutive days, a manufacturer need only obtain one such license for the event. Such banquet license shall authorize the manufacturer to *sell or* give samples of spirits to any person to whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold in designated areas at the special event, provided that ~~(A)~~ (a) no single sample shall exceed one-half ounce per spirits product offered, unless served as a mixed beverage, in which case a single sample may contain up to one and one-half ounces of spirits, and ~~(B)~~ (b) no more than three ounces of spirits may be offered to any patron *per day*. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit such manufacturer from serving such samples as part of a mixed beverage.

B. This section shall not apply to:

1. Corporations operating dining cars, buffet cars, club cars or boats;  
2. Brewery, distillery, or winery licensees engaging in conduct authorized by subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201;

3. Farm winery licensees engaging in conduct authorized by subdivision 5 of § 4.1-207;

4. Manufacturers, bottlers or wholesalers of alcoholic beverages who do not (i) sell or otherwise furnish, directly or indirectly, alcoholic beverages or other merchandise to persons holding a retail license or banquet license as described in subsection A and (ii) require, by agreement or otherwise, such person to exclude from sale at his establishment alcoholic beverages of other manufacturers, bottlers or wholesalers;

5. Wineries, farm wineries, or breweries engaging in conduct authorized by § 4.1-209.1 or 4.1-212.1;  
or

6. One out-of-state winery, not under common control or ownership with any other winery, that is under common ownership or control with one restaurant licensed to sell wine at retail in Virginia, so long as any wine produced by that winery is purchased from a Virginia wholesale wine licensee by the restaurant before it is offered for sale to consumers.

C. The General Assembly finds that it is necessary and proper to require a separation between manufacturing interests, wholesale interests and retail interests in the production and distribution of alcoholic beverages in order to prevent suppliers from dominating local markets through vertical integration and to prevent excessive sales of alcoholic beverages caused by overly aggressive marketing techniques. The exceptions established by this section to the general prohibition against tied interests shall be limited to their express terms so as not to undermine the general prohibition and shall therefore be construed accordingly.