2018 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 334

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance

on February 7, 2018)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Peake)

- 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact § 19.2-392.2 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia 7 by adding a section numbered 18.2-251.04, relating to expungement of certain offenses. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
- 8 9 1. That § 19.2-392.2 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of

10 Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 18.2-251.04 as follows: 11

§ 18.2-251.04. Heroin and Prescription Opioid Epidemic Fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Heroin 12 and Prescription Opioid Epidemic Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be 13 established on the books of the Comptroller. All moneys received from fees imposed under subsection L 14 15 of § 19.2-392.2 on orders of expungement entered under clause (iv) of subsection A of § 19.2-392.2 shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall 16 17 remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year that are not appropriated by the General Assembly shall not revert to the 18 general fund but shall remain in the Fund. All moneys in the Fund shall be subject to annual 19 20 appropriation by the General Assembly to the Department of Criminal Justice Services to be used solely 21 for prevention, treatment, and recovery services relating to the use of heroin and prescription opioid drugs. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants 22 23 issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director of the Department of Criminal 24 Justice Services. 25

§ 19.2-392.2. Expungement of police and court records.

A. If a person is charged with the commission of a crime or any offense defined in Title 18.2, and 1. Is (i) the person is acquitted, or

28 2. A; (ii) anolle prosequi is taken Θ ; (iii) the charge is otherwise dismissed, including dismissal by 29 accord and satisfaction pursuant to § $19.2-151_{\overline{z}}$; or (iv) (a) the person is charged with a violation of 30 § 4.1-305 and the charge is deferred and dismissed, (b) the person was under 21 years of age on the 31 date of the incident leading to the dismissal, (c) all court costs and fines and all orders of restitution 32 have been satisfied, and (d) the person seeking the expungement is at least 21 years of age and has no 33 other alcohol-related convictions, he may file a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting 34 expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the charge.

35 B. If any person whose name or other identification has been used without his consent or 36 authorization by another person who has been charged or arrested using such name or identification, he 37 may file a petition with the court disposing of the charge for relief pursuant to this section. Such person 38 shall not be required to pay any fees for the filing of a petition under this subsection. A petition filed 39 under this subsection shall include one complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints obtained from a 40 law-enforcement agency.

41 C. The petition with a copy of the warrant or indictment if reasonably available shall be filed in the 42 circuit court of the county or city in which the case was disposed of by acquittal or being otherwise 43 dismissed and shall contain, except where not reasonably available, the date of arrest and the name of the arresting agency. Where this information is not reasonably available, the petition shall state the 44 reason for such unavailability. The petition shall further state the specific criminal charge to be 45 expunged, the date of final disposition of the charge as set forth in the petition, the petitioner's date of 46 47 birth, and the full name used by the petitioner at the time of arrest.

D. A copy of the petition shall be served on the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or **48** 49 county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or 50 answer to the petition or may give written notice to the court that he does not object to the petition 51 within 21 days after it is served on him.

E. The petitioner shall obtain from a law-enforcement agency one complete set of the petitioner's 52 53 fingerprints and shall provide that agency with a copy of the petition for expungement. The 54 law-enforcement agency shall submit the set of fingerprints to the Central Criminal Records Exchange (CCRE) with a copy of the petition for expungement attached. The CCRE shall forward under seal to 55 the court a copy of the petitioner's criminal history, a copy of the source documents that resulted in the 56 57 CCRE entry that the petitioner wishes to expunge, and the set of fingerprints. Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall return the fingerprint card to the petitioner. If no hearing was conducted, upon 58 59 the entry of an order of expungement or an order denying the petition for expungement, the court shall

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cause the fingerprint card to be destroyed unless, within 30 days of the date of the entry of the order,the petitioner requests the return of the fingerprint card in person from the clerk of the court or providesthe clerk of the court a self-addressed, stamped envelope for the return of the fingerprint card.

63 F. After receiving the criminal history record information from the CCRE, the court shall conduct a 64 hearing on the petition. If the court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of 65 information relating to the arrest or charge of the petitioner causes or may cause circumstances which 66 that constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order requiring the expungement of the police and court records, including electronic records, relating to the arrest or charge. Otherwise, it 67 shall deny the petition. However, if the petitioner has no prior criminal record and the arrest or charge 68 69 was for a misdemeanor violation, the petitioner shall be entitled, in the absence of good cause shown to the contrary by the Commonwealth, to expungement of the police and court records relating to the arrest or charge, and the court shall enter an order of expungement. If the attorney for the 70 71 72 Commonwealth of the county or city in which the petition is filed (i) gives written notice to the court 73 pursuant to subsection D that he does not object to the petition and (ii) when the charge to be expunded 74 is a felony, stipulates in such written notice that the continued existence and possible dissemination of 75 information relating to the arrest of the petitioner causes or may cause circumstances which that 76 constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, the court may enter an order of expungement without 77 conducting a hearing.

78 G. The Commonwealth shall be made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.

H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when the *a* charge is dismissed because the
court finds that the person arrested or charged is not the person named in the summons, warrant,
indictment or presentment, the court dismissing the charge shall, upon motion of the person improperly
arrested or charged, enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the
charge. Such order shall contain a statement that the dismissal and expungement are ordered pursuant to
this subsection and shall be accompanied by the complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints filed with
his petition. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when a person has been granted an absolute
pardon for the commission of a crime that he did not commit, he may file in the circuit court of the
county or city in which the conviction occurred a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting
expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the charge and conviction, and the
court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge
and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this
subsection. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

J. Upon receiving a copy of a writ vacating a conviction pursuant to § 19.2-327.5 or 19.2-327.13, the court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this subsection. Upon the entry of the order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

98 K. Upon the entry of an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Department of State Police, which shall, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134, direct the manner by which the appropriate expungement or removal of such records shall be effected.

L. Costs shall be as provided by § 17.1-275, but shall not be recoverable against the Commonwealth. If the court enters an order of expungement for an arrest or a charge, the clerk of the court shall refund to the petitioner such costs paid by the petitioner. Costs shall not be refunded to the petitioner for an order of expungement entered under clause (iv) of subsection A. In addition to the costs provided by § 17.1-275, an additional \$300 fee shall be assessed to the petitioner for an order of expungement entered under clause (iv) of subsection A, of which \$150 shall be paid into the Heroin and Prescription Opioid Epidemic Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.04 and \$150 shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Department of State Police.

110 M. Any order entered where (i) the court or parties failed to strictly comply with the procedures set 111 forth in this section or (ii) the court enters an order of expungement contrary to law, shall be voidable 112 upon motion and notice made within three years of the entry of such order.

113 2. That the provisions of this act shall not become effective unless an appropriation effectuating 114 the purposes of this act is included in a general appropriation act passed in 2018 by the General

115 Assembly that becomes law.