18102884D **HOUSE BILL NO. 886** 1 2 Offered January 10, 2018 3 Prefiled January 9, 2018 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 32.1-127 of the Code of Virginia, relating to admissions for mental 5 health treatment; toxicology. 6 Patron-Stolle 7 8 Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 32.1-127 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 12 § 32.1-127. Regulations. 13 A. The regulations promulgated by the Board to carry out the provisions of this article shall be in 14 substantial conformity to the standards of health, hygiene, sanitation, construction and safety as 15 established and recognized by medical and health care professionals and by specialists in matters of 16 public health and safety, including health and safety standards established under provisions of Title XVIII and Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and to the provisions of Article 2 (§ 32.1-138 et seq.). 17 18 B. Such regulations: 19 1. Shall include minimum standards for (i) the construction and maintenance of hospitals, nursing 20 homes and certified nursing facilities to ensure the environmental protection and the life safety of its 21 patients, employees, and the public; (ii) the operation, staffing and equipping of hospitals, nursing homes 22 and certified nursing facilities; (iii) qualifications and training of staff of hospitals, nursing homes and 23 certified nursing facilities, except those professionals licensed or certified by the Department of Health Professions; (iv) conditions under which a hospital or nursing home may provide medical and nursing 24 25 services to patients in their places of residence; and (v) policies related to infection prevention, disaster preparedness, and facility security of hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities. For 26 27 purposes of this paragraph, facilities in which five or more first trimester abortions per month are 28 performed shall be classified as a category of "hospital"; 29 2. Shall provide that at least one physician who is licensed to practice medicine in this 30 Commonwealth shall be on call at all times, though not necessarily physically present on the premises, 31 at each hospital which operates or holds itself out as operating an emergency service; 3. May classify hospitals and nursing homes by type of specialty or service and may provide for 32 33 licensing hospitals and nursing homes by bed capacity and by type of specialty or service; 34 4. Shall also require that each hospital establish a protocol for organ donation, in compliance with 35 federal law and the regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), particularly 36 42 C.F.R. § 482.45. Each hospital shall have an agreement with an organ procurement organization 37 designated in CMS regulations for routine contact, whereby the provider's designated organ procurement 38 organization certified by CMS (i) is notified in a timely manner of all deaths or imminent deaths of 39 patients in the hospital and (ii) is authorized to determine the suitability of the decedent or patient for 40 organ donation and, in the absence of a similar arrangement with any eye bank or tissue bank in 41 Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association of America or the American Association of Tissue 42 Banks, the suitability for tissue and eye donation. The hospital shall also have an agreement with at least one tissue bank and at least one eye bank to cooperate in the retrieval, processing, preservation, storage, 43 and distribution of tissues and eyes to ensure that all usable tissues and eyes are obtained from potential 44 donors and to avoid interference with organ procurement. The protocol shall ensure that the hospital 45 46 collaborates with the designated organ procurement organization to inform the family of each potential 47 donor of the option to donate organs, tissues, or eyes or to decline to donate. The individual making contact with the family shall have completed a course in the methodology for approaching potential 48 49 donor families and requesting organ or tissue donation that (a) is offered or approved by the organ 50 procurement organization and designed in conjunction with the tissue and eye bank community and (b) 51 encourages discretion and sensitivity according to the specific circumstances, views, and beliefs of the 52 relevant family. In addition, the hospital shall work cooperatively with the designated organ procurement 53 organization in educating the staff responsible for contacting the organ procurement organization's personnel on donation issues, the proper review of death records to improve identification of potential 54 55 donors, and the proper procedures for maintaining potential donors while necessary testing and placement of potential donated organs, tissues, and eyes takes place. This process shall be followed, 56 without exception, unless the family of the relevant decedent or patient has expressed opposition to 57 58 organ donation, the chief administrative officer of the hospital or his designee knows of such opposition,

59 and no donor card or other relevant document, such as an advance directive, can be found;

5. Shall require that each hospital that provides obstetrical services establish a protocol for admissionor transfer of any pregnant woman who presents herself while in labor;

6. Shall also require that each licensed hospital develop and implement a protocol requiring written 62 63 discharge plans for identified, substance-abusing, postpartum women and their infants. The protocol shall 64 require that the discharge plan be discussed with the patient and that appropriate referrals for the mother 65 and the infant be made and documented. Appropriate referrals may include, but need not be limited to, treatment services, comprehensive early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities 66 and their families pursuant to Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 67 68 § 1471 et seq., and family-oriented prevention services. The discharge planning process shall involve, to the extent possible, the father of the infant and any members of the patient's extended family who may 69 participate in the follow-up care for the mother and the infant. Immediately upon identification, pursuant 70 71 to § 54.1-2403.1, of any substance-abusing, postpartum woman, the hospital shall notify, subject to federal law restrictions, the community services board of the jurisdiction in which the woman resides to 72 73 appoint a discharge plan manager. The community services board shall implement and manage the 74 discharge plan;

75 7. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility fully disclose to the applicant for admission the home's or facility's admissions policies, including any preferences given;

8. Shall require that each licensed hospital establish a protocol relating to the rights and responsibilities of patients which shall include a process reasonably designed to inform patients of such rights and responsibilities. Such rights and responsibilities of patients, a copy of which shall be given to patients on admission, shall be consistent with applicable federal law and regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services;

9. Shall establish standards and maintain a process for designation of levels or categories of care in neonatal services according to an applicable national or state-developed evaluation system. Such standards may be differentiated for various levels or categories of care and may include, but need not be limited to, requirements for staffing credentials, staff/patient ratios, equipment, and medical protocols;

86 10. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility train all employees who are
87 mandated to report adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation pursuant to § 63.2-1606 on such reporting
88 procedures and the consequences for failing to make a required report;

89 11. Shall permit hospital personnel, as designated in medical staff bylaws, rules and regulations, or 90 hospital policies and procedures, to accept emergency telephone and other verbal orders for medication 91 or treatment for hospital patients from physicians, and other persons lawfully authorized by state statute 92 to give patient orders, subject to a requirement that such verbal order be signed, within a reasonable 93 period of time not to exceed 72 hours as specified in the hospital's medical staff bylaws, rules and 94 regulations or hospital policies and procedures, by the person giving the order, or, when such person is not available within the period of time specified, co-signed by another physician or other person 95 96 authorized to give the order;

97 12. Shall require, unless the vaccination is medically contraindicated or the resident declines the offer
98 of the vaccination, that each certified nursing facility and nursing home provide or arrange for the
99 administration to its residents of (i) an annual vaccination against influenza and (ii) a pneumococcal
100 vaccination, in accordance with the most recent recommendations of the Advisory Committee on
101 Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;

102 13. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility register with the Department of
103 State Police to receive notice of the registration or reregistration of any sex offender within the same or
104 a contiguous zip code area in which the home or facility is located, pursuant to § 9.1-914;

105 14. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility ascertain, prior to admission,
106 whether a potential patient is a registered sex offender, if the home or facility anticipates the potential
107 patient will have a length of stay greater than three days or in fact stays longer than three days;

108 15. Shall require that each licensed hospital include in its visitation policy a provision allowing each adult patient to receive visits from any individual from whom the patient desires to receive visits, subject to other restrictions contained in the visitation policy including, but not limited to, those related to the patient's medical condition and the number of visitors permitted in the patient's room simultaneously;

113 16. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility shall, upon the request of the 114 facility's family council, send notices and information about the family council mutually developed by 115 the family council and the administration of the nursing home or certified nursing facility, and provided to the facility for such purpose, to the listed responsible party or a contact person of the resident's 116 choice up to six times per year. Such notices may be included together with a monthly billing statement 117 or other regular communication. Notices and information shall also be posted in a designated location 118 119 within the nursing home or certified nursing facility. No family member of a resident or other resident 120 representative shall be restricted from participating in meetings in the facility with the families or 121 resident representatives of other residents in the facility;

122 17. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility maintain liability insurance
123 coverage in a minimum amount of \$1 million, and professional liability coverage in an amount at least
124 equal to the recovery limit set forth in § 8.01-581.15, to compensate patients or individuals for injuries
125 and losses resulting from the negligent or criminal acts of the facility. Failure to maintain such
126 minimum insurance shall result in revocation of the facility's license;

127 18. Shall require each hospital that provides obstetrical services to establish policies to follow when a
128 stillbirth, as defined in § 32.1-69.1, occurs that meet the guidelines pertaining to counseling patients and
129 their families and other aspects of managing stillbirths as may be specified by the Board in its
130 regulations;

131 19. Shall require each nursing home to provide a full refund of any unexpended patient funds on
132 deposit with the facility following the discharge or death of a patient, other than entrance-related fees
133 paid to a continuing care provider as defined in § 38.2-4900, within 30 days of a written request for
134 such funds by the discharged patient or, in the case of the death of a patient, the person administering
135 the person's estate in accordance with the Virginia Small Estates Act (§ 64.2-600 et seq.); and

136 20. Shall require that each hospital that provides inpatient psychiatric services establish a protocol 137 that (i) requires, for any refusal to admit (i) a medically stable patient referred to its psychiatric unit, 138 direct verbal communication between the on-call physician in the psychiatric unit and the referring 139 physician, if requested by such referring physician, and (ii) prohibits on-call physicians or other hospital 140 staff from refusing a request for such direct verbal communication by a referring physician and (ii) a 141 patient for whom there is a question regarding the medical stability or medical appropriateness of 142 admission for inpatient psychiatric services due to a situation involving results of a toxicology 143 screening, the on-call physician in the psychiatric unit to which the patient is sought to be transferred to 144 participate in direct verbal communication, either in person or via telephone, with a clinical toxicologist 145 or other person who is a Certified Specialist in Poison Information employed by a poison control center that accredited by the American Association of Poison Control Centers to review the results of the 146 147 toxicology screen and determine whether a medical reason for refusing admission to the psychiatric unit 148 related to the results of the toxicology screen exists.

149 C. Upon obtaining the appropriate license, if applicable, licensed hospitals, nursing homes, and 150 certified nursing facilities may operate adult day care centers.

151 D. All facilities licensed by the Board pursuant to this article which provide treatment or care for 152 hemophiliacs and, in the course of such treatment, stock clotting factors, shall maintain records of all lot 153 numbers or other unique identifiers for such clotting factors in order that, in the event the lot is found to 154 be contaminated with an infectious agent, those hemophiliacs who have received units of this 155 contaminated clotting factor may be apprised of this contamination. Facilities which have identified a lot 156 which is known to be contaminated shall notify the recipient's attending physician and request that he 157 notify the recipient of the contamination. If the physician is unavailable, the facility shall notify by mail, 158 return receipt requested, each recipient who received treatment from a known contaminated lot at the 159 individual's last known address.