State Corporation Commission 2017 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Bill Number:	HB2303					
	House of Origin		Introduced		Substitute		Engrossed
	Second House		In Committee		Substitute	\square	Enrolled

- **2. Patron:** Minchew
- 3. Committee: Passed Both Houses
- **4. Title:** Small agricultural generators.
- 5. Summary: Small agricultural generators. Establishes the parameters of a program under which small agricultural generators may sell the electricity generated from a small agricultural generating facility to its utility. Effective July 1, 2019, enrollment by eligible agricultural customer-generators in an existing net energy metering program conducted by an electric cooperative will cease, though a cooperative's customers who were participating as eligible agricultural customer-generators before that date are allowed to remain in the net metering program for not more than 25 years. A small agricultural generator is defined in this measure as a customer who operates an electrical generating facility as part of an agricultural business, which generating facility, among other conditions, has a capacity of not more than 1.5 megawatts, uses renewable energy as its total source of fuel, has a capacity that does not exceed 150 percent of the customer's expected annual energy consumption based on the previous 12 months of billing history, uses not more than 25 percent of contiguous land owned or controlled by the agricultural business for purposes of the renewable energy generating facility, and is a PURPA qualifying small power production facility. The program for small agricultural generators requires the generator to enter into a power purchase agreement with its supplier to sell all of the electricity generated at a rate not less than the supplier's State Corporation Commission-approved avoided cost tariff for energy and capacity. The program also provides for utilities to recover distribution service costs and costs incurred to purchase electricity, capacity, and renewable energy certificates from the small agricultural generator through its Renewable Energy Portfolio Standard (RPS) rate adjustment clause if the utility has a Commission-approved RPS plan and rate adjustment clause or, if the utility does not have a Commission-approved RPS rate adjustment clause, then the costs shall be recoverable through the supplier's fuel adjustment clause or through the utility's cost of purchased power. Finally, the measure directs the Commission to conduct a single docketed proceeding to implement the provisions of this measure.

6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No

7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: The Fiscal Impact Estimate for the State Corporation Commission is final. See Item 8.

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7a. Expenditure Impact:

Fiscal Year	Dollars	Positions	Fund
2017	0	0	
2018	Less than	0	02080 (Cardinal)
	\$25,000		

- **8. Fiscal Implications:** The expense amount noted in Item 7a includes the cost of notice to the public in statewide newspapers.
- 9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: State Corporation Commission
- 10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No
- 11. Other Comments: None

LTO 2/22/17