

## Department of Planning and Budget 2017 Fiscal Impact Statement

**1. Bill Number: HB 1651**

House of Origin	<input type="checkbox"/>	Introduced	<input type="checkbox"/>	Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/>	Engrossed
Second House	<input type="checkbox"/>	In Committee	<input type="checkbox"/>	Substitute	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enrolled

**2. Patron: Kory**

**3. Committee: Passed both houses**

**4. Title: Inmate trust accounts**

**5. Summary:**

Current law requires the Department of Corrections (DOC) to deduct 10 percent of any funds received by an inmate and deposit the funds into a personal trust account to be maintained for the inmate and paid to him or her upon parole or final discharge. When the balance in the personal trust account reaches \$1,000, any funds received shall be deposited into the other account maintained for the inmate. An inmate may direct that additional funds be deposited into the personal trust account or be transferred from the personal trust account to any other account, as long as the balance of the personal trust account does not fall below \$1,000, after reaching that level. Inmates sentenced to be executed or sentenced to life without the possibility of parole are exempted from these requirements for the maintenance of a personal trust account.

The proposed legislation would expand the exemption from the requirement to maintain a personal trust account to include inmates sentenced to a term that makes them ineligible for release, excluding conditional geriatric release, prior to 75 years of age.

**6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No. See Item 7.**

**7. Fiscal Implications: Final.**

The proposed legislation may require that DOC make some adjustments to its automated inmate trust system, but any costs are expected to be minor and can be absorbed by the agency.

**8. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: Department of Corrections**

**9. Technical Amendment Necessary: None.**

**10. Other Comments: None.**

**Date:** 2/20/2017