

## **Department of Planning and Budget 2016 Fiscal Impact Statement**

**1. Bill Number:** HB1464

<b>House of Origin</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Introduced	<input type="checkbox"/> Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/> Engrossed
<b>Second House</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> In Committee	<input type="checkbox"/> Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled

**2. Patron:** Sullivan

**3. Committee:** House Appropriations

**4. Title:** Felony conviction; compensation for wrongful incarceration.

**5. Summary:** Establishes a process for a person wrongfully incarcerated to submit a written request to the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia for the disbursement of the transition assistance grant of \$15,000 for payment from the Criminal Fund; provides a 30-day timeframe, or as soon as practicable, within which such grant must be paid; and removes the provision that such grant amount be deducted from any compensation awarded for wrongful incarceration. Current law does not specify the process for the person wrongfully incarcerated to receive such grant.

**6. Budget Amendment Necessary:** No

**7. Fiscal Impact Estimates:** Indeterminate (see Item #8)

**8. Fiscal Implications:** According to the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court (OES), it is not possible to determine the number of people who will become eligible for a transition assistance grant each year. For each person who becomes eligible and submits a request for a transition assistance grant, the fiscal impact will be \$15,000 to the Criminal Fund. In FY 2016, OES processed and paid two requests for transition assistance grants totaling \$30,000 (\$15,000 each).

**9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Courts

**10. Technical Amendment Necessary:** No

**11. Other Comments:** None