2017 SESSION

INTRODUCED

SJ222

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1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 222
2	Offered January 11, 2017
3	Prefiled August 30, 2016
4 5 6	Proposing an amendment to Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution of Virginia, relating to qualifications of voters.
U	Patrons—Locke and McClellan
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8 9	Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 27 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring, a majority of the members elected to each house agreeing. That the following amendment to the Constitution of Virginia be, and the same hereby is, proposed and referred to the General Assembly at its first regular session held after the next general election of members of the House of Delegates for its concurrence in conformity with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XII of the Constitution of Virginia, namely: Amend Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution of Virginia, namely: Amend Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution of Virginia, namely: ARTICLE II FRANCHISE AND OFFICERS Section 1. Qualifications of voters. In elections by the people, the qualifications of voters shall be as follows: Each voter shall be a citizen of the United States, shall be registered to vote pursuant to this article. No person who has been convicted of a felony shall be qualified to vote unless his civil rights have been restored by the Governor or other appropriate authority. However, the General Assembly may provide by general law for the restoration of civil rights to persons who have been convicted of nonviolent felonies and who have completed service of their sentences, subject to the conditions, requirements, and definitions set forth in that law. As prescribed by law, no person adjudicated to be mentally incompetent shall be qualified to vote until his competency has been reestablished. The residence requirements shall be that each voter shall be a resident of the Commonwealth and of the precinct where he votes. Residence, for all purposes of qualification to vote, requires both domicile and a place of abode. The General Assembly may provide for persons who are employed overseas, and their spouses and dependents residence their residence from one precinct to another within the Commonwealth while overseas, to vote in the Commonwealth subject to conditions and time limits defined by law. The General Assembly may provide for persons who are equalified to vote ex