# 2017 SESSION

#### **ENROLLED**

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# VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

- An Act to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-69.48:1, 46.2-324, 46.2-613, 46.2-711, 46.2-715, 46.2-716, 46.2-752, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1003, 46.2-1052, and 46.2-1053 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 2 3 4 dismissal of certain traffic violations for proof of compliance with law.
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### Approved

[S 1276]

7 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That §§ 16.1-69.48:1, 46.2-324, 46.2-613, 46.2-711, 46.2-715, 46.2-716, 46.2-752, 46.2-1000,

46.2-1003, 46.2-1052, and 46.2-1053 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 9 10 § 16.1-69.48:1. Fixed fee for misdemeanors, traffic infractions and other violations in district court; additional fees to be added. 11

12 A. Assessment of the fees provided for in this section shall be based on (i) an appearance for court 13 hearing in which there has been a finding of guilty; (ii) a written appearance with waiver of court hearing and entry of guilty plea; (iii) for a defendant failing to appear, a trial in his or her absence 14 15 resulting in a finding of guilty; (iv) an appearance for court hearing in which the court requires that the defendant successfully complete traffic school, a mature driver motor vehicle crash prevention course, or 16 a driver improvement clinic, in lieu of a finding of guilty; (v) a deferral of proceedings pursuant to 17 §§ 4.1-305, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-57.3, 18.2-251 or 19.2-303.2; or (vi) proof of compliance with 18 19 law under §§ 46.2-104, 46.2-324, 46.2-613, 46.2-711, 46.2-715, 46.2-716, 46.2-752, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1003, 46.2-1052, 46.2-1053, and 46.2-1158.02. 20

21 In addition to any other fee prescribed by this section, a fee of \$35 shall be taxed as costs whenever 22 a defendant fails to appear, unless, after a hearing requested by such person, good cause is shown for 23 such failure to appear. No defendant with multiple charges arising from a single incident shall be taxed the applicable fixed fee provided in subsection B, C, or D more than once for a single appearance or 24 25 trial in absence related to that incident. However, when a defendant who has multiple charges arising 26 from the same incident and who has been assessed a fixed fee for one of those charges is later convicted of another charge that arises from that same incident and that has a higher fixed fee, he shall 27 28 be assessed the difference between the fixed fee earlier assessed and the higher fixed fee.

29 A defendant with charges which arise from separate incidents shall be taxed a fee for each incident 30 even if the charges from the multiple incidents are disposed of in a single appearance or trial in absence. 31 In addition to the fixed fees assessed pursuant to this section, in the appropriate cases, the clerk shall

- 32 also assess any costs otherwise specifically provided by statute.
- 33 B. In misdemeanors tried in district court, except for those proceedings provided for in subsection C, 34 there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$61. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for 35 the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts 36 designated: 37
  - 1. Processing fee (General Fund) (.573770);
- 38 2. Virginia Črime Victim-Witness Fund (.049180);
- 39 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.016393);
- 40 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.032787);
- 41 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.098361);
- 42 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.065574);
- 43 7. Sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund) (.131148); and
- 44 8. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.032787).

45 C. In criminal actions and proceedings in district court for a violation of any provision of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$136. **46** 

- The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to 47 48 the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:
- 49 1. Processing fee (General Fund) (.257353);
- 50 2. Virginia Črime Victim-Witness Fund (.022059);
- 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.007353); 51
- 52 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.014706);
- 53 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.044118);
- 54 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.029412);
- 55 7. Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund (.551471);
- 56 8. Forensic laboratory fee and sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund) (.058824); and

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57 9. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.014706).

58 D. In traffic infractions tried in district court, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of 59 \$51. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by 60 law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

- 61 1. Processing fee (General Fund) (.764706);
- 62 2. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.058824);
- 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.019608); 63
- 64 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.039216);
- 65 5. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.078431); and
- 66 6. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.039216).
- 67 § 46.2-324. Applicants and license holders to notify Department of change of address; fee.

68 A. Whenever any person, after applying for or obtaining a driver's license or special identification card shall move from the address shown in the application or on the license or special identification 69 70 card, he shall, within 30 days, notify the Department of his change of address. If the Department 71 receives notification from the person or any court or law-enforcement agency that a person's residential address has changed to a non-Virginia address, unless the person (i) is on active duty with the armed 72 73 forces of the United States, (ii) provides proof that he is a U.S. citizen and resides outside the United 74 States because of his employment or the employment of a spouse or parent, or (iii) provides proof 75 satisfactory to the Commissioner that he is a bona fide resident of Virginia, the Department shall (i) 76 mail, by first-class mail, no later than three days after the notice of address change is received by the 77 Department, notice to the person that his license and/or special identification card will be cancelled by 78 the Department and (ii) cancel the driver's license and/or special identification card 30 days after notice 79 of cancellation has been mailed.

80 B. The Department may contract with the United States Postal Service or an authorized agent to use the National Change of Address System for the purpose of obtaining current address information for a 81 person whose name appears in customer records maintained by the Department. If the Department 82 83 receives information from the National Change of Address System indicating that a person whose name 84 appears in a Department record has submitted a permanent change of address to the Postal Service, the 85 Department may then update its records with the mailing address obtained from the National Change of 86 Address System.

C. There may be imposed upon anyone failing to notify the Department of his change of address as 87 88 required by this section a fee of \$5, which fee shall be used to defray the expenses incurred by the 89 Department. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this subsection, no fee shall be imposed on any 90 person whose address is obtained from the National Change of Address System.

91 D. The Department shall electronically transmit change of address information to the Department of 92 State Police, in a format approved by the State Police, for comparison with information contained in the Virginia Criminal Information Network and National Crime Information Center Convicted Sexual 93 Offender Registry Files, at the time of the change of address. Whenever it appears from the records of 94 the State Police that a person has failed to comply with the duty to register or reregister pursuant to 95 Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, the State Police shall promptly investigate and, if there is 96 97 probable cause to believe a violation has occurred, obtain a warrant or assist in obtaining an indictment 98 charging a violation of § 18.2-472.1 in the jurisdiction in which the person last registered or reregistered 99 or in the jurisdiction where the person made application for change of address.

100 E. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss 101 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the 102 court date. 103

§ 46.2-613. Offenses relating to registration, licensing, and certificates of title; penalty.

A. No person shall:

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105 1. Operate or permit the operation of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer owned, leased, or 106 otherwise controlled by him to be operated on a highway unless (i) it is registered, (ii) a certificate of title therefor has been issued, and (iii) it has displayed on it the license plate or plates and decal or 107 decals, if any, assigned to it by the Department for the current registration period, subject to the 108 109 exemptions mentioned in Article 5 (§ 46.2-655 et seq.) and Article 6 (§ 46.2-662 et seq.) of this chapter. 110 The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to the registration, licensing, and titling of mopeds on or 111 after July 1, 2014.

112 2. Display, cause or permit to be displayed, any registration card, certificate of title, or license plate 113 or decal which he knows is fictitious or which he knows has been cancelled, revoked, suspended, or 114 altered; or display or cause or permit to be displayed on any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer any 115 license plate or decal that he knows is currently issued for another vehicle. Violation of this subdivision 116 shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor.

117 3. Possess or lend or knowingly permit the use of any registration card, license plate, or decal by

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118 anyone not entitled to it.

119 4. Fail or refuse to surrender to the Department or the Department of State Police, on demand, any 120 certificate of title, registration card, or license plate or decal which has been suspended, cancelled, or revoked. Violation of this subdivision shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor. 121

122 5. Use a false name or address in any application for the registration of any motor vehicle, trailer, or 123 semitrailer or for a certificate of title or for any renewal or duplicate certificate, or knowingly to make a 124 false statement of a material fact or to conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in any 125 registration application. Violation of this subdivision shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor.

126 B. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss 127 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the 128 court date. 129

# § 46.2-711. Furnishing number and design of plates; displaying on vehicles required.

130 A. The Department shall furnish one license plate for every registered moped, motorcycle, autocycle, 131 tractor truck, semitrailer, or trailer, and two license plates for every other registered motor vehicle, 132 except to licensed motor vehicle dealers and persons delivering unladen vehicles who shall be furnished 133 one license plate. The license plates for trailers, semitrailers, commercial vehicles, and trucks, other than 134 license plates for dealers, may be of such design as to prevent removal without mutilating some part of 135 the indicia forming a part of the license plate, when secured to the bracket.

136 B. The Department shall issue appropriately designated license plates for:

137 1. Passenger-carrying vehicles for rent or hire for the transportation of passengers for private trips, 138 other than TNC partner vehicles as defined in § 46.2-2000 and emergency medical services vehicles 139 pursuant to clause (iii) of § 46.2-649.1:1; 140

2. Taxicabs; 141

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3. Passenger-carrying vehicles operated by common carriers or restricted common carriers;

4. Property-carrying motor vehicles to applicants who operate as private carriers only;

143 5. Applicants, other than TNC partners as defined in § 46.2-2000 and emergency medical services 144 vehicles pursuant to clause (iii) of § 46.2-649.1:1, who operate motor vehicles as carriers for rent or 145 hire:

6. Vehicles operated by nonemergency medical transportation carriers as defined in § 46.2-2000; and

7. Trailers and semitrailers.

147 148 C. The Department shall issue appropriately designated license plates for motor vehicles held for 149 rental as defined in § 58.1-1735.

D. The Department shall issue appropriately designated license plates for low-speed vehicles.

151 E. No vehicles shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth without displaying the 152 license plates required by this chapter. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles used 153 to collect and deliver the Unites States mail to the extent that their rear license plates may be covered by the "CAUTION, FREQUENT STOPS, U.S. MAIL" sign when the vehicle is engaged in the 154 155 collection and delivery of the United States mail.

F. Pickup or panel trucks are exempt from the provisions of subsection B with reference to 156 157 displaying for-hire license plates when operated as a carrier for rent or hire. However, this exemption 158 shall not apply to pickup or panel trucks subject to regulation under Chapter 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.).

159 G. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss 160 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the 161 court date. 162

# § 46.2-715. Display of license plates.

163 License plates assigned to a motor vehicle, other than a moped, motorcycle, autocycle, tractor truck, 164 trailer, or semitrailer, or to persons licensed as motor vehicle dealers or transporters of unladen vehicles, shall be attached to the front and the rear of the vehicle. The license plate assigned to a moped, 165 motorcycle, autocycle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be attached to the rear of the vehicle. The license plate 166 assigned to a tractor truck shall be attached to the front of the vehicle. The license plates issued to 167 168 licensed motor vehicle dealers and to persons licensed as transporters of unladen vehicles shall consist of 169 one plate for each set issued and shall be attached to the rear of the vehicle to which it is assigned.

170 For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the 171 summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the court 172 date.

#### 173 § 46.2-716. How license plates fastened to vehicle; altering appearance of license plates.

174 A. Every license plate shall be securely fastened to the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to which 175 it is assigned:

- 176 1. So as to prevent the plate from swinging,
- 177 2. In a position to be clearly visible, and
- 178 3. In a condition to be clearly legible.

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179 B. No colored glass, colored plastic, bracket, holder, mounting, frame, or any other type of covering 180 shall be placed, mounted, or installed on, around, or over any license plate if such glass, plastic, bracket, 181 holder, mounting, frame, or other type of covering in any way alters or obscures (i) the alpha-numeric 182 information, (ii) the color of the license plate, (iii) the name or abbreviated name of the state wherein 183 the vehicle is registered, or (iv) any character or characters, decal, stamp, or other device indicating the 184 month or year in which the vehicle's registration expires. No insignia, emblems, or trailer hitches or 185 couplings shall be mounted in such a way as to hide or obscure any portion of the license plate or 186 render any portion of the license plate illegible.

C. The Superintendent may make such regulations as he may deem advisable to enforce the proper 187 188 mounting and securing of the license plate on the vehicle.

189 D. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss 190 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the 191 court date.

192 § 46.2-752. Taxes and license fees imposed by counties, cities, and towns; limitations on 193 amounts; disposition of revenues; requiring evidence of payment of personal property taxes and 194 certain fines; prohibiting display of licenses after expiration; failure to display valid local license 195 required by other localities; penalty.

196 A. Except as provided in § 46.2-755, counties, cities, and towns may levy and assess taxes and 197 charge license fees on motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers. However, none of these taxes and 198 license fees shall be assessed or charged by any county on vehicles owned by residents of any town 199 located in the county when such town constitutes a separate school district if the vehicles are already 200 subject to town license fees and taxes, nor shall a town charge a license fee to any new resident of the 201 town, previously a resident of a county within which all or part of the town is situated, who has 202 previously paid a license fee for the same tax year to such county. The amount of the license fee or tax 203 imposed by any county, city, or town on any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall not be greater than the annual or one-year fee imposed by the Commonwealth on the motor vehicle, trailer, or 204 semitrailer. The license fees and taxes shall be imposed in such manner, on such basis, for such periods, 205 206 and subject to proration for fractional periods of years, as the proper local authorities may determine.

Owners or lessees of motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers who have served outside of the United 207 208 States in the armed services of the United States shall have a 90-day grace period, beginning on the date 209 they are no longer serving outside the United States, in which to comply with the requirements of this section. For purposes of this section, "the armed services of the United States" includes active duty 210 211 service with the regular Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard or other reserve 212 component. 213

Local licenses may be issued free of charge for any or all of the following:

214 1. Vehicles powered by clean special fuels as defined in § 46.2-749.3, including dual-fuel and bi-fuel 215 vehicles, 216

2. Vehicles owned by volunteer emergency medical services agencies,

3. Vehicles owned by volunteer fire departments,

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218 4. Vehicles owned or leased by active members or active auxiliary members of volunteer emergency 219 medical services agencies,

220 5. Vehicles owned or leased by active members or active auxiliary members of volunteer fire 221 departments, 222

6. Vehicles owned or leased by auxiliary police officers,

7. Vehicles owned or leased by volunteer police chaplains,

224 8. Vehicles owned by surviving spouses of persons qualified to receive special license plates under 225 § 46.2-739, 226

9. Vehicles owned or leased by auxiliary deputy sheriffs or volunteer deputy sheriffs,

10. Vehicles owned by persons qualified to receive special license plates under § 46.2-739,

228 11. Vehicles owned by any of the following who served at least 10 years in the locality: former members of volunteer emergency medical services agencies, former members of volunteer fire departments, former auxiliary police officers, members and former members of authorized police 229 230 231 volunteer citizen support units, members and former members of authorized sheriff's volunteer citizen 232 support units, former volunteer police chaplains, and former volunteer special police officers appointed under former § 15.2-1737. In the case of active members of volunteer emergency medical services 233 234 agencies and active members of volunteer fire departments, applications for such licenses shall be 235 accompanied by written evidence, in a form acceptable to the locality, of their active affiliation or 236 membership, and no member of an emergency medical services agency or member of a volunteer fire 237 department shall be issued more than one such license free of charge, 238

12. All vehicles having a situs for the imposition of licensing fees under this section in the locality,

13. Vehicles owned or leased by deputy sheriffs; however, no deputy sheriff shall be issued more 239

240 than one such license free of charge,

14. Vehicles owned or leased by police officers; however, no police officer shall be issued more thanone such license free of charge,

15. Vehicles owned or leased by officers of the State Police; however, no officer of the State Policeshall be issued more than one such license free of charge,

245 16. Vehicles owned or leased by salaried firefighters; however, no salaried firefighter shall be issued246 more than one such license free of charge,

247 17. Vehicles owned or leased by salaried emergency medical services personnel; however, no salaried emergency medical services personnel shall be issued more than one such license free of charge,

249 18. Vehicles with a gross weight exceeding 10,000 pounds owned by museums officially designated250 by the Commonwealth,

19. Vehicles owned by persons, or their surviving spouses, qualified to receive special license platesunder subsection A of § 46.2-743, and

253 20. Vehicles owned or leased by members of the Virginia Defense Force; however, no member of254 the Virginia Defense Force shall be issued more than one such license free of charge.

255 The governing body of any county, city, or town issuing licenses under this section may by 256 ordinance provide for a 50 percent reduction in the fee charged for the issuance of any such license 257 issued for any vehicle owned or leased by any person who is 65 years old or older. No such discount, 258 however, shall be available for more than one vehicle owned or leased by the same person.

The governing body of any county, city, or town issuing licenses free of charge under this subsection may by ordinance provide for (i) the limitation, restriction, or denial of such free issuance to an otherwise qualified applicant, including without limitation the denial of free issuance to a taxpayer who has failed to timely pay personal property taxes due with respect to the vehicle and (ii) the grounds for such limitation, restriction, or denial.

The situs for the imposition of licensing fees under this section shall in all cases, except as hereinafter provided, be the county, city, or town in which the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is normally garaged, stored, or parked. If it cannot be determined where the personal property is normally garaged, stored, or parked, the situs shall be the domicile of its owner. In the event the owner of the motor vehicle is a full-time student attending an institution of higher education, the situs shall be the domicile of such student, provided the student has presented sufficient evidence that he has paid a personal property tax on the motor vehicle in his domicile.

B. The revenue derived from all county, city, or town taxes and license fees imposed on motor vehicles, trailers, or semitrailers shall be applied to general county, city, or town purposes.

273 C. A county, city, or town may require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be locally 274 licensed until the applicant has produced satisfactory evidence that all personal property taxes on the 275 motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be licensed have been paid and satisfactory evidence that any 276 delinquent motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer personal property taxes owing have been paid which 277 have been properly assessed or are assessable against the applicant by the county, city, or town. A 278 county, city, or town may also provide that no motor vehicle license shall be issued unless the tangible 279 personal property taxes properly assessed or assessable by that locality on any tangible personal property 280 used or usable as a dwelling titled by the Department of Motor Vehicles and owned by the taxpayer 281 have been paid. Any county and any town within any such county may by agreement require that all 282 personal property taxes assessed by either the county or the town on any vehicle be paid before 283 licensure of such vehicle by either the county or the town.

284 C1. The Counties of Dinwiddie, Lee, and Wise may, by ordinance or resolution adopted after public 285 notice and hearing and, with the consent of the treasurer, require that no license may be issued under 286 this section unless the applicant has produced satisfactory evidence that all fees, including delinquent 287 fees, payable to such county or local solid waste authority, for the disposal of solid waste pursuant to 288 the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5100 et seq.), or pursuant to § 15.2-2159, have 289 been paid in full. For purposes of this subsection, all fees, including delinquent fees, payable to a county 290 for waste disposal services described herein, shall be paid to the treasurer of such county; however, in 291 Wise County, the fee shall be paid to the county or its agent.

D. The Counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William and towns within them and any city may require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be licensed by that jurisdiction unless all fines owed to the jurisdiction by the owner of the vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for violation of the jurisdiction's ordinances governing parking of vehicles have been paid. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or companies in the business of renting motor vehicles.

E. If in any county imposing license fees and taxes under this section, a town therein imposes like fees and taxes on vehicles of owners resident in the town, the owner of any vehicle subject to the fees or taxes shall be entitled, on the owner's displaying evidence that he has paid the fees or taxes, to receive a credit on the fees or taxes imposed by the county to the extent of the fees or taxes he has paid 301 to the town. Nothing in this section shall deprive any town now imposing these licenses and taxes from 302 increasing them or deprive any town not now imposing them from hereafter doing so, but subject to the 303 limitations provided in subsection D. The governing body of any county and the governing body of any 304 town in that county wherein each imposes the license tax herein provided may provide mutual 305 agreements so that not more than one license plate or decal in addition to the state plate shall be 306 required.

307 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection E, in a consolidated county wherein a tier-city exists, 308 the tier-city may, in accordance with the provisions of the agreement or plan of consolidation, impose 309 license fees and taxes under this section in addition to those fees and taxes imposed by the county, 310 provided that the combined county and tier-city rates do not exceed the maximum provided in 311 subsection A. No credit shall be allowed on the fees or taxes imposed by the county for fees or taxes 312 paid to the tier-city, except as may be provided by the consolidation agreement or plan. The governing 313 body of any county and the governing body of any tier-city in such county wherein each imposes the license tax herein may provide by mutual agreement that no more than one license plate or decal in 314 315 addition to the state license plate shall be required.

316 G. Any county, city, or town may by ordinance provide that it shall be unlawful for any owner or 317 operator of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer (i) to fail to obtain and, if any required by such 318 ordinance, to display the local license required by any ordinance of the county, city or town in which 319 the vehicle is registered, or (ii) to display upon a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer any such local 320 license, required by ordinance to be displayed, after its expiration date. The ordinance may provide that 321 a violation shall constitute a misdemeanor the penalty for which shall not exceed that of a Class 4 322 misdemeanor and may, in the case of a motor vehicle registered to a resident of the locality where such 323 vehicle is registered, authorize the issuance by local law-enforcement officers of citations, summonses, 324 parking tickets, or uniform traffic summonses for violations. Any such ordinance may also provide that 325 a violation of the ordinance by the registered owner of the vehicle may not be discharged by payment of 326 a fine except upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the required license has been obtained. 327 Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a county, city, or town to issue a decal or any other 328 tangible evidence of a local license to be displayed on the licensed vehicle if the county's, city's, or 329 town's ordinance does not require display of a decal or other evidence of payment. No ordinance 330 adopted pursuant to this section shall require the display of any local license, decal, or sticker on any 331 vehicle owned by a public service company, as defined in § 56-76, having a fleet of at least 2,500 332 vehicles garaged in the Commonwealth.

H. Except as provided by subsections E and F, no vehicle shall be subject to taxation under the
provisions of this section in more than one jurisdiction. Furthermore, no person who has purchased a
local vehicle license, decal, or sticker for a vehicle in one county, city, or town and then moves to and
garages his vehicle in another county, city, or town shall be required to purchase another local license,
decal, or sticker from the county, city, or town to which he has moved and wherein his vehicle is now
garaged until the expiration date of the local license, decal, or sticker issued by the county, city, or town

I. Purchasers of new or used motor vehicles shall be allowed at least a 10-day grace period,
 beginning with the date of purchase, during which to pay license fees charged by local governments
 under authority of this section.

343 J. The treasurer or director of finance of any county, city, or town may enter into an agreement with 344 the Commissioner whereby the Commissioner will refuse to issue or renew any vehicle registration of 345 any applicant therefor who owes to such county, city or town any local vehicle license fees or 346 delinquent tangible personal property tax or parking citations. Before being issued any vehicle 347 registration or renewal of such license or registration by the Commissioner, the applicant shall first 348 satisfy all such local vehicle license fees and delinquent taxes or parking citations and present evidence 349 satisfactory to the Commissioner that all such local vehicle license fees and delinquent taxes or parking 350 citations have been paid in full. The Commissioner shall charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs of 351 such enforcement action, and the treasurer or director of finance may add the cost of this fee to the 352 delinquent tax bill or the amount of the parking citation. The treasurer or director of finance of any 353 county, city, or town seeking to collect delinquent taxes or parking citations through the withholding of 354 registration or renewal thereof by the Commissioner as provided for in this subsection shall notify the 355 Commissioner in the manner provided for in his agreement with the Commissioner and supply to the 356 Commissioner information necessary to identify the debtor whose registration or renewal is to be denied. 357 Any agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall provide the debtor notice 358 of the intent to deny renewal of registration at least 30 days prior to the expiration date of a current 359 vehicle registration. For the purposes of this subsection, notice by first-class mail to the registrant's address as maintained in the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles shall be deemed sufficient. In 360 the case of parking violations, the Commissioner shall only refuse to issue or renew the vehicle 361

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registration of any applicant therefor pursuant to this subsection for the vehicle that incurred the parkingviolations. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or companies inthe business of renting motor vehicles.

K. The governing bodies of any two or more counties, cities, or towns may enter into compacts for 365 366 the regional enforcement of local motor vehicle license requirements. The governing body of each 367 participating jurisdiction may by ordinance require the owner or operator of any motor vehicle, trailer, 368 or semitrailer to display on his vehicle a valid local license issued by another county, city, or town that 369 is a party to the regional compact, provided that the owner or operator is required by the jurisdiction of 370 situs, as provided in § 58.1-3511, to obtain and display such license. The ordinance may also provide 371 that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be locally licensed until the applicant has produced 372 satisfactory evidence that (i) all personal property taxes on the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be 373 licensed have been paid to all participating jurisdictions and (ii) any delinquent motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer personal property taxes that have been properly assessed or are assessable by any 374 375 participating jurisdiction against the applicant have been paid. Any city and any county having the urban 376 county executive form of government, the counties adjacent to such county and towns within them may 377 require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be licensed by that jurisdiction or any other 378 jurisdiction in the compact unless all fines owed to any participating jurisdiction by the owner of the 379 vehicle for violation of any participating jurisdiction's ordinances governing parking of vehicles have 380 been paid. The ordinance may further provide that a violation shall constitute a misdemeanor the penalty 381 for which shall not exceed that of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Any such ordinance may also provide that a 382 violation of the ordinance by the owner of the vehicle may not be discharged by payment of a fine and 383 applicable court costs except upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the required license has 384 been obtained. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or 385 companies in the business of renting motor vehicles.

1386 L. In addition to the taxes and license fees permitted in subsection A, counties, cities, and towns may 1387 charge a license fee of no more than \$1 per motor vehicle, trailer, and semitrailer. Except for the 1388 provisions of subsection B, such fee shall be subject to all other provisions of this section. All funds 1389 collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid pursuant to \$51.1-1204 to the Volunteer Firefighters' 1390 and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund to the accounts of all members of the Fund who are 1391 volunteers for fire departments or emergency medical services agencies within the jurisdiction of the 1392 particular county, city, or town.

393 M. In any county, the county treasurer or comparable officer and the treasurer of any town located 394 wholly or partially within such county may enter into a reciprocal agreement, with the approval of the 395 respective local governing bodies, that provides for the town treasurer to collect current, non-delinquent 396 license fees or taxes on any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer owed to the county or for the county 397 treasurer to collect current, non-delinquent license fees or taxes owed to the town. A treasurer or 398 comparable officer collecting any such license fee or tax pursuant to an agreement entered into under 399 this subsection shall account for and pay over such amounts to the locality owed such license fee or tax in the same manner as provided by law. As used in this subsection, with regard to towns, "treasurer" 400 401 means the town officer or employee vested with authority by the charter, statute, or governing body to 402 collect local taxes.

403 N. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss
404 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the
405 court date.

406 § 46.2-1000. Department to suspend registration of vehicles lacking certain equipment; officer to
407 take possession of registration card, license plates and decals when observing defect in motor
408 vehicle; when to be returned.

409 The Department shall suspend the registration of any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer which the 410 Department or the Department of State Police determines is not equipped with proper (i) brakes, (ii) 411 lights, (iii) horn or warning device, (iv) turn signals, (v) safety glass when required by law, (vi) mirror, 412 (vii) muffler, (viii) windshield wiper, (ix) steering gear adequate to ensure the safe movement of the 413 vehicle as required by this title or when such vehicle is equipped with a smoke screen device or cutout 414 or when such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is otherwise unsafe to be operated.

415 Any law-enforcement officer shall, when he observes any defect in a motor vehicle as described 416 above, take possession of the registration card, license plates, and decals of any such vehicle and retain 417 the same in his possession for a period of fifteen 15 days unless the owner of the vehicle corrects the 418 defects or obtains a new safety inspection sticker from an authorized safety inspection station. When the 419 defect or defects are corrected as indicated above the registration card, license plates, and decals shall be 420 returned to the owner.

421 For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the 422 summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the court

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423 date.

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# 424 § 46.2-1003. Illegal use of defective or unsafe equipment.

425 It shall be unlawful for any person to use or have as equipment on a motor vehicle operated on a426 highway any device or equipment mentioned in § 46.2-1002 which is defective or in unsafe condition.

427 For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the 428 summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the court 429 date.

# § 46.2-1052. Tinting films, signs, decals, and stickers on windshields, etc.; penalties.

A. Except as otherwise provided in this article or permitted by federal law, it shall be unlawful for
any person to operate any motor vehicle on a highway with any sign, poster, colored or tinted film,
sun-shading material, or other colored material on the windshield, front or rear side windows, or rear
windows of such motor vehicle. This provision, however, shall not apply to any certificate or other
paper required by law or permitted by the Superintendent to be placed on a motor vehicle's windshield
or window.

437 The size of stickers or decals used by counties, cities, and towns in lieu of license plates shall be in
438 compliance with regulations promulgated by the Superintendent. Such stickers shall be affixed on the
439 windshield at a location designated by the Superintendent.

B. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, whenever a motor vehicle is equipped
with a mirror on each side of such vehicle, so located as to reflect to the driver of such vehicle a view
of the highway for at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle, any or all of the following shall be
lawful:

1. To drive a motor vehicle equipped with one optically grooved clear plastic right-angle rear view
lens attached to one rear window of such motor vehicle, not exceeding 18 inches in diameter in the case
of a circular lens or not exceeding 11 inches by 14 inches in the case of a rectangular lens, which
enables the driver of the motor vehicle to view below the line of sight as viewed through the rear
window;

449 2. To have affixed to the rear side windows, rear window or windows of a motor vehicle any sticker450 or stickers, regardless of size; or

451 3. To drive a motor vehicle when the driver's clear view of the highway through the rear window or 452 windows is otherwise obstructed.

453 C. Except as provided in § 46.2-1053, but notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, 454 no sun-shading or tinting film may be applied or affixed to any window of a motor vehicle unless such 455 motor vehicle is equipped with a mirror on each side of such motor vehicle, so located as to reflect to 456 the driver of the vehicle a view of the highway for at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle, and the 457 sun-shading or tinting film is applied or affixed in accordance with the following:

458 1. No sun-shading or tinting films may be applied or affixed to the rear side windows or rear
459 window or windows of any motor vehicle operated on the highways of the Commonwealth that reduce
460 the total light transmittance of such window to less than 35 percent;

461 2. No sun-shading or tinting films may be applied or affixed to the front side windows of any motor
462 vehicle operated on the highways of the Commonwealth that reduce total light transmittance of such
463 window to less than 50 percent;

464 3. No sun-shading or tinting films shall be applied or affixed to any window of a motor vehicle that465 (i) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent or (ii) produce a holographic or prism effect.

Any person who operates a motor vehicle on the highways of the Commonwealth with sun-shading
or tinting films that (i) have a total light transmittance less than that required by subdivisions 1 and 2,
(ii) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent, or (iii) produce holographic or prism effects is
guilty of a traffic infraction but shall not be awarded any demerit points by the Commissioner for the
violation.

471 Any person or firm who applies or affixes to the windows of any motor vehicle in Virginia
472 sun-shading or tinting films that (i) reduce the light transmittance to levels less than that allowed in
473 subdivisions 1 and 2, (ii) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent, or (iii) produce holographic
474 or prism effects is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor for the first offense and of a Class 2 misdemeanor
475 for any subsequent offense.

476 D. The Division of Purchases and Supply, pursuant to § 2.2-1112, shall determine the proper
477 standards for equipment or devices used to measure light transmittance through windows of motor
478 vehicles. Law-enforcement officers shall use only such equipment or devices to measure light
479 transmittance through windows that meet the standards established by the Division. Such measurements
480 made by law-enforcement officers shall be given a tolerance of minus seven percentage points.

481 E. No film or darkening material may be applied on the windshield except to replace the sunshield in482 the uppermost area as installed by the manufacturer of the vehicle.

483 F. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the affixing to the rear window of a motor vehicle of a

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484 single sticker no larger than 20 square inches if such sticker is totally contained within the lower five 485 inches of the glass of the rear window, nor shall subsection B apply to a motor vehicle to which but one 486 such sticker is so affixed.

487 G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit applying to the rear side windows or rear window of any 488 multipurpose passenger vehicle or pickup truck sun-shading or tinting films that reduce the total light 489 transmittance of such window or windows below 35 percent.

490 H. As used in this article:

510

491 "Front side windows" means those windows located adjacent to and forward of the driver's seat;

492 "Holographic effect" means a picture or image that may remain constant or change as the viewing 493 angle is changed;

494 "Multipurpose passenger vehicle" means any motor vehicle that is (i) designed to carry no more than 495 10 persons and (ii) constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road 496 use;

497 "Prism effect" means a visual, iridescent, or rainbow-like effect that separates light into various 498 colored components that may change depending on viewing angle; 499

"Rear side windows" means those windows located to the rear of the driver's seat;

500 "Rear window" or "rear windows" means those windows which are located to the rear of the 501 passenger compartment of a motor vehicle and which are approximately parallel to the windshield.

502 I. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, sun-shading material which was applied 503 or installed prior to July 1, 1987, in a manner and on which windows not then in violation of Virginia 504 law, shall continue to be lawful, provided that it can be shown by appropriate receipts that such material 505 was installed prior to July 1, 1987.

506 J. Where a person is convicted within one year of a second or subsequent violation of this section 507 involving the operation of the same vehicle having a tinted or smoked windshield, the court, in addition 508 to any other penalty, may order the person so convicted to remove such tinted or smoked windshield 509 from the vehicle.

K. The provisions of this section shall not apply to law-enforcement vehicles.

511 L. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the rear windows or rear side windows of any 512 emergency medical services vehicle used to transport patients.

513 M. The provisions of subdivision C 1 shall not apply to sight-seeing carriers as defined in 514 § 46.2-2000 and contract passenger carriers as defined in § 46.2-2000.

515 N. For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss 516 the summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the 517 court date.

518 § 46.2-1053. Equipping certain motor vehicles with sun-shading or tinting films or applications.

519 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-1052, a motor vehicle operated by or regularly used to 520 transport any person with a medical condition which renders him susceptible to harm or injury from 521 exposure to sunlight or bright artificial light may be equipped, on its windshield and any or all of its 522 windows, with sun-shading or tinting films or applications which reduce the transmission of light into 523 the vehicle to levels not less than thirty-five 35 percent. Such sun-shading or tinting film when applied 524 to the windshield of a motor vehicle shall not cause the total light transmittance to be reduced to any 525 level less than seventy 70 percent except for the upper five inches of such windshield or the AS-1 line, 526 whichever is closer to the top of the windshield. Vehicles equipped with such sun-shading or tinting 527 films shall not be operated on any highway unless, while being so operated, the driver or an occupant of 528 the vehicle has in his possession a written authorization issued by the Commissioner of the Department 529 of Motor Vehicles authorizing such operation. The Commissioner shall issue such written authorization 530 only upon receipt of a signed statement from a licensed physician or licensed optometrist (i) identifying 531 with reasonable specificity the person seeking the written authorization and (ii) stating that, in the physician's or optometrist's professional opinion, the equipping of a vehicle with sun-shading or tinting 532 533 films or applications is necessary to safeguard the health of the person seeking the written authorization. 534 Written authorizations issued by the Commissioner under this section shall be valid so long as the 535 condition requiring the use of sun-shading or tinting films or applications persists or until the vehicle is 536 sold, whichever first occurs. Such written authorizations shall permit the approval of any such vehicle 537 upon its safety inspection as required by this chapter if such vehicle otherwise qualifies for inspection 538 approval. In the discretion of the Commissioner, one or more written authorizations may be issued to an individual or a family. The Division of Purchases and Supply, pursuant to § 2.2-1112, shall determine 539 540 the proper standards for equipment or devices used to measure light transmittance through windows of 541 motor vehicles. Law-enforcement officers shall use only such equipment or devices to measure light 542 transmittance through windows that meet the standards established by the Division. Such measurements 543 made by law-enforcement officers shall be given a tolerance of minus seven percentage points.

544 For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the **545** summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the court **546** date.