

1 VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 *An Act to amend and reenact §§ 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.02, and 54.1-3410 of the Code of Virginia,*
 3 *relating to prescriptions for controlled substances containing opiates; electronic prescription.*

4 [H 2165]
 5 Approved

6 **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**
 7 **1. That §§ 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.02, and 54.1-3410 of the Code of Virginia are amended and**
 8 **reenacted as follows:**

9 **§ 54.1-3401. Definitions.**

10 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

11 "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation,
 12 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by (i) a practitioner or by his
 13 authorized agent and under his direction or (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the
 14 presence of the practitioner.

15 "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than
 16 by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the
 17 purchase of drugs or devices.

18 "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer,
 19 distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or
 20 employee of the carrier or warehouseman.

21 "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related
 22 to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone.

23 "Animal" means any nonhuman animate being endowed with the power of voluntary action.

24 "Automated drug dispensing system" means a mechanical or electronic system that performs
 25 operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relating to pharmacy services,
 26 including the storage, dispensing, or distribution of drugs and the collection, control, and maintenance of
 27 all transaction information, to provide security and accountability for such drugs.

28 "Biological product" means a virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood
 29 component or derivative, allergenic product, protein other than a chemically synthesized polypeptide, or
 30 analogous product, or arsphenamine or any derivative of arsphenamine or any other trivalent organic
 31 arsenic compound, applicable to the prevention, treatment, or cure of a disease or condition of human
 32 beings.

33 "Biosimilar" means a biological product that is highly similar to a specific reference biological
 34 product, notwithstanding minor differences in clinically inactive compounds, such that there are no
 35 clinically meaningful differences between the reference biological product and the biological product that
 36 has been licensed as a biosimilar pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k) in terms of safety, purity, and potency
 37 of the product.

38 "Board" means the Board of Pharmacy.

39 "Bulk drug substance" means any substance that is represented for use, and that, when used in the
 40 compounding, manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug, becomes an active ingredient or a
 41 finished dosage form of the drug; however, "bulk drug substance" shall not include intermediates that
 42 are used in the synthesis of such substances.

43 "Change of ownership" of an existing entity permitted, registered, or licensed by the Board means (i)
 44 the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the entity or of any corporation that owns
 45 or controls the entity; (ii) the creation of a partnership by a sole proprietor, the dissolution of a
 46 partnership, or change in partnership composition; (iii) the acquisition or disposal of 50 percent or more
 47 of the outstanding shares of voting stock of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation
 48 of a wholly owned subsidiary owning the entity, except that this shall not apply to any corporation the
 49 voting stock of which is actively traded on any securities exchange or in any over-the-counter market;
 50 (iv) the merger of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation of a wholly-owned
 51 subsidiary owning the entity with another business or corporation; or (v) the expiration or forfeiture of a
 52 corporation's charter.

53 "Co-licensed partner" means a person who, with at least one other person, has the right to engage in
 54 the manufacturing or marketing of a prescription drug, consistent with state and federal law.

55 "Compounding" means the combining of two or more ingredients to fabricate such ingredients into a
 56 single preparation and includes the mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device (i) by

57 a pharmacist, or within a permitted pharmacy, pursuant to a valid prescription issued for a medicinal or
58 therapeutic purpose in the context of a bona fide practitioner-patient-pharmacist relationship, or in
59 expectation of receiving a valid prescription based on observed historical patterns of prescribing and
60 dispensing; (ii) by a practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine as
61 an incident to his administering or dispensing, if authorized to dispense, a controlled substance in the
62 course of his professional practice; or (iii) for the purpose of, or as incident to, research, teaching, or
63 chemical analysis and not for sale or for dispensing. The mixing, diluting, or reconstituting of a
64 manufacturer's product drugs for the purpose of administration to a patient, when performed by a
65 practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed under Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.), a person
66 supervised by such practitioner pursuant to subdivision A 6 or 19 of § 54.1-2901, or a person supervised
67 by such practitioner or a licensed nurse practitioner or physician assistant pursuant to subdivision A 4 of
68 § 54.1-2901 shall not be considered compounding.

69 "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI of
70 this chapter. The term shall not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms
71 are defined or used in Title 3.2 or Title 4.1. The term "controlled substance" includes a controlled
72 substance analog that has been placed into Schedule I or II by the Board pursuant to the regulatory
73 authority in subsection D of § 54.1-3443.

74 "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially
75 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and either (i) which has a
76 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar
77 to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a
78 controlled substance in Schedule I or II or (ii) with respect to a particular person, which such person
79 represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
80 system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect
81 on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. "Controlled substance
82 analog" does not include (a) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application as
83 defined under § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 355) or that is generally
84 recognized as safe and effective pursuant to §§ 501, 502, and 503 of the federal Food, Drug, and
85 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 351, 352, and 353) and 21 C.F.R. Part 330; (b) with respect to a particular
86 person, any substance for which an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that person under
87 § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to the extent that the conduct with respect to that
88 substance is pursuant to such exemption; or (c) any substance to the extent not intended for human
89 consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance.

90 "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice, or its successor
91 agency.

92 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of any item regulated by
93 this chapter, whether or not there exists an agency relationship.

94 "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, including their components, parts, and
95 accessories, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in
96 man or animals or to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.

97 "Dialysis care technician" or "dialysis patient care technician" means an individual who is certified
98 by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01
99 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) and who, under the supervision of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner,
100 physician assistant, or a registered nurse, assists in the care of patients undergoing renal dialysis
101 treatments in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility.

102 "Dialysis solution" means either the commercially available, unopened, sterile solutions whose
103 purpose is to be instilled into the peritoneal cavity during the medical procedure known as peritoneal
104 dialysis, or commercially available solutions whose purpose is to be used in the performance of
105 hemodialysis not to include any solutions administered to the patient intravenously.

106 "Dispense" means to deliver a drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the
107 lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing and administering, packaging, labeling, or
108 compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery. However, dispensing shall not include
109 the transportation of drugs mixed, diluted, or reconstituted in accordance with this chapter to other sites
110 operated by such practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice for the purpose of administration of
111 such drugs to patients of the practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice at such other sites. For
112 practitioners of medicine or osteopathy, "dispense" shall only include the provision of drugs by a
113 practitioner to patients to take with them away from the practitioner's place of practice.

114 "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

115 "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.

116 "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

117 "Drug" means (i) articles or substances recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia

118 National Formulary or official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to
 119 any of them; (ii) articles or substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or
 120 prevention of disease in man or animals; (iii) articles or substances, other than food, intended to affect
 121 the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; (iv) articles or substances intended for use
 122 as a component of any article specified in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); or (v) a biological product. "Drug"
 123 does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

124 "Drug product" means a specific drug in dosage form from a known source of manufacture, whether
 125 by brand or therapeutically equivalent drug product name.

126 "Electronic ~~transmission~~ prescription" means ~~any prescription, other than an oral or written~~
 127 ~~prescription or a prescription transmitted by facsimile machine, that is electronically transmitted directly~~
 128 ~~to a pharmacy without interception or intervention from a third party from a practitioner authorized to~~
 129 ~~prescribe or from one pharmacy to another pharmacy a written prescription that is generated on an~~
 130 ~~electronic application and is transmitted to a pharmacy as an electronic data file; Schedule II through V~~
 131 ~~prescriptions shall be transmitted in accordance with 21 C.F.R. Part 1300.~~

132 "Facsimile (FAX) prescription" means a written prescription or order that is transmitted by an
 133 electronic device over telephone lines that sends the exact image to the receiving pharmacy in hard copy
 134 form.

135 "FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

136 "Hashish oil" means any oily extract containing one or more cannabinoids, but shall not include any
 137 such extract with a tetrahydrocannabinol content of less than 12 percent by weight.

138 "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by
 139 regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use,
 140 and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a
 141 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.

142 "Interchangeable" means a biosimilar that meets safety standards for determining interchangeability
 143 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k)(4).

144 "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container of any
 145 article. A requirement made by or under authority of this chapter that any word, statement, or other
 146 information appear on the label shall not be considered to be complied with unless such word,
 147 statement, or other information also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any, of the retail
 148 package of such article or is easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.

149 "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter on an article or any of its
 150 containers or wrappers, or accompanying such article.

151 "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of any item
 152 regulated by this chapter, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or
 153 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
 154 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its
 155 container. This term does not include compounding.

156 "Manufacturer" means every person who manufactures, a manufacturer's co-licensed partner, or a
 157 repackager.

158 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis whether growing or not, its seeds, or
 159 its resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its
 160 seeds, or its resin. Marijuana shall not include any oily extract containing one or more cannabinoids
 161 unless such extract contains less than 12 percent of tetrahydrocannabinol by weight, nor shall marijuana
 162 include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the
 163 seeds of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the
 164 genus Cannabis. Marijuana shall not include industrial hemp as defined in § 3.2-4112 that is possessed,
 165 cultivated, or manufactured by a grower licensed pursuant to § 3.2-4115.

166 "Medical equipment supplier" means any person, as defined in § 1-230, engaged in the delivery to
 167 the ultimate consumer, pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, of hypodermic syringes and
 168 needles, medicinal oxygen, Schedule VI controlled devices, those Schedule VI controlled substances with
 169 no medicinal properties that are used for the operation and cleaning of medical equipment, solutions for
 170 peritoneal dialysis, and sterile water or saline for irrigation.

171 "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction
 172 from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a
 173 combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (i) opium, opiates, and any salt, compound, derivative,
 174 or preparation of opium or opiates; (ii) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof
 175 which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (i), but not
 176 including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium; (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; (iv) coca leaves and
 177 any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer,
 178 derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these

179 substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves which do not contain
180 cocaine or ecgonine.

181 "New drug" means (i) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a
182 new animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug is not generally recognized, among
183 experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs,
184 as safe and effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling,
185 except that such a drug not so recognized shall not be deemed to be a "new drug" if at any time prior
186 to the enactment of this chapter it was subject to the Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, as
187 amended, and if at such time its labeling contained the same representations concerning the conditions
188 of its use, or (ii) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a new
189 animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug, as a result of investigations to determine
190 its safety and effectiveness for use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but which has not,
191 otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or for a material time under such
192 conditions.

193 "Nuclear medicine technologist" means an individual who holds a current certification with the
194 American Registry of Radiological Technologists or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification
195 Board.

196 "Official compendium" means the official United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary, official
197 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them.

198 "Official written order" means an order written on a form provided for that purpose by the U.S. Drug
199 Enforcement Administration, under any laws of the United States making provision therefor, if such
200 order forms are authorized and required by federal law, and if no such order form is provided then on
201 an official form provided for that purpose by the Board of Pharmacy.

202 "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to
203 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or
204 addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under
205 Article 4 (§ 54.1-3437 et seq.), the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts
206 (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

207 "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum* L., except the seeds thereof.

208 "Original package" means the unbroken container or wrapping in which any drug or medicine is
209 enclosed together with label and labeling, put up by or for the manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor
210 for use in the delivery or display of such article.

211 "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs and is
212 currently registered as an outsourcing facility with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services and
213 that complies with all applicable requirements of federal and state law, including the Federal Food,
214 Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

215 "Person" means both the plural and singular, as the case demands, and includes an individual,
216 partnership, corporation, association, governmental agency, trust, or other institution or entity.

217 "Pharmacist-in-charge" means the person who, being licensed as a pharmacist, signs the application
218 for a pharmacy permit and assumes full legal responsibility for the operation of the relevant pharmacy in
219 a manner complying with the laws and regulations for the practice of pharmacy and the sale and
220 dispensing of controlled substances; the "pharmacist-in-charge" shall personally supervise the pharmacy
221 and the pharmacy's personnel as required by § 54.1-3432.

222 "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.

223 "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, licensed nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01,
224 licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, pharmacist pursuant to § 54.1-3300, TPA-certified
225 optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32, veterinarian, scientific investigator,
226 or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, prescribe and
227 administer, or conduct research with respect to a controlled substance in the course of professional
228 practice or research in the Commonwealth.

229 "Prescriber" means a practitioner who is authorized pursuant to §§ 54.1-3303 and 54.1-3408 to issue
230 a prescription.

231 "Prescription" means an order for drugs or medical supplies, written or signed or transmitted by word
232 of mouth, telephone, telegraph, or other means of communication to a pharmacist by a duly licensed
233 physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other practitioner authorized by law to prescribe and administer such
234 drugs or medical supplies.

235 "Prescription drug" means any drug required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only
236 pursuant to a prescription, including finished dosage forms and active ingredients subject to § 503(b) of
237 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 353(b)).

238 "Production" or "produce" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a
239 controlled substance or marijuana.

240 "Proprietary medicine" means a completely compounded nonprescription drug in its unbroken,
 241 original package which does not contain any controlled substance or marijuana as defined in this chapter
 242 and is not in itself poisonous, and which is sold, offered, promoted, or advertised directly to the general
 243 public by or under the authority of the manufacturer or primary distributor, under a trademark, trade
 244 name, or other trade symbol privately owned, and the labeling of which conforms to the requirements of
 245 this chapter and applicable federal law. However, this definition shall not include a drug that is only
 246 advertised or promoted professionally to licensed practitioners, a narcotic or drug containing a narcotic,
 247 a drug that may be dispensed only upon prescription or the label of which bears substantially the
 248 statement "Warning — may be habit-forming," or a drug intended for injection.

249 "Radiopharmaceutical" means any drug that exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei
 250 with the emission of nuclear particles or photons and includes any non-radioactive reagent kit or
 251 radionuclide generator that is intended to be used in the preparation of any such substance, but does not
 252 include drugs such as carbon-containing compounds or potassium-containing salts that include trace
 253 quantities of naturally occurring radionuclides. The term also includes any biological product that is
 254 labeled with a radionuclide or intended solely to be labeled with a radionuclide.

255 "Reference biological product" means the single biological product licensed pursuant to 42 U.S.C.
 256 § 262(a) against which a biological product is evaluated in an application submitted to the U.S. Food
 257 and Drug Administration for licensure of biological products as biosimilar or interchangeable pursuant to
 258 42 U.S.C. § 262(k).

259 "Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by any
 260 person, whether as an individual, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.

261 "Therapeutically equivalent drug products" means drug products that contain the same active
 262 ingredients and are identical in strength or concentration, dosage form, and route of administration and
 263 that are classified as being therapeutically equivalent by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration
 264 pursuant to the definition of "therapeutically equivalent drug products" set forth in the most recent
 265 edition of the Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, otherwise known as
 266 the "Orange Book."

267 "Third-party logistics provider" means a person that provides or coordinates warehousing of or other
 268 logistics services for a drug or device in interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale
 269 distributor, or dispenser of the drug or device but does not take ownership of the product or have
 270 responsibility for directing the sale or disposition of the product.

271 "USP-NF" means the current edition of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary.

272 "Warehouser" means any person, other than a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, or third-party
 273 logistics provider, engaged in the business of selling or otherwise distributing prescription drugs or
 274 devices to any person who is not the ultimate user or consumer. No person shall be subject to any state
 275 or local tax by reason of this definition.

276 "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than consumers or
 277 patients, subject to the exemptions set forth in the federal Drug Supply Chain Security Act.

278 "Wholesale distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer, a manufacturer's co-licensed
 279 partner, a third-party logistics provider, or a repackager that engages in wholesale distribution.

280 The words "drugs" and "devices" as used in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) and in this chapter
 281 shall not include surgical or dental instruments, physical therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus, or glasses
 282 or lenses for the eyes.

283 The terms "pharmacist," "pharmacy," and "practice of pharmacy" as used in this chapter shall be
 284 defined as provided in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) unless the context requires a different meaning.

285 **§ 54.1-3408.02. Transmission of prescriptions.**

286 A. Consistent with federal law and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board,
 287 prescriptions may be transmitted to a pharmacy ~~by as an electronic transmission prescription~~ or by
 288 facsimile machine and shall be treated as valid original prescriptions.

289 B. *Any prescription for a controlled substance that contains an opiate shall be issued as an*
 290 *electronic prescription.*

291 **§ 54.1-3410. When pharmacist may sell and dispense drugs.**

292 A. A pharmacist, acting in good faith, may sell and dispense drugs and devices to any person
 293 pursuant to a prescription of a prescriber as follows:

294 1. A drug listed in Schedule II shall be dispensed only upon receipt of a written prescription that is
 295 properly executed, dated and signed by the person prescribing on the day when issued and bearing the
 296 full name and address of the patient for whom, or of the owner of the animal for which, the drug is
 297 dispensed, and the full name, address, and registry number under the federal laws of the person
 298 prescribing, if he is required by those laws to be so registered. If the prescription is for an animal, it
 299 shall state the species of animal for which the drug is prescribed;

300 2. In emergency situations, Schedule II drugs may be dispensed pursuant to an oral prescription in

301 accordance with the Board's regulations;

302 3. Whenever a pharmacist dispenses any drug listed within Schedule II on a prescription issued by a
303 prescriber, he shall affix to the container in which such drug is dispensed, a label showing the
304 prescription serial number or name of the drug; the date of initial filling; his name and address, or the
305 name and address of the pharmacy; the name of the patient or, if the patient is an animal, the name of
306 the owner of the animal and the species of the animal; the name of the prescriber by whom the
307 prescription was written, except for those drugs dispensed to a patient in a hospital pursuant to a chart
308 order; and such directions as may be stated on the prescription.

309 B. A drug controlled by Schedules III through VI or a device controlled by Schedule VI shall be
310 dispensed upon receipt of a written or oral prescription as follows:

311 1. If the prescription is written, it shall be properly executed, dated and signed by the person
312 prescribing on the day when issued and bear the full name and address of the patient for whom, or of
313 the owner of the animal for which, the drug is dispensed, and the full name and address of the person
314 prescribing. If the prescription is for an animal, it shall state the species of animal for which the drug is
315 prescribed.

316 2. If the prescription is oral, the prescriber shall furnish the pharmacist with the same information as
317 is required by law in the case of a written prescription for drugs and devices, except for the signature of
318 the prescriber.

319 A pharmacist who dispenses a Schedule III through VI drug or device shall label the drug or device
320 as required in subdivision A 3 of this section.

321 C. A drug controlled by Schedule VI may be refilled without authorization from the prescriber if,
322 after reasonable effort has been made to contact him, the pharmacist ascertains that he is not available
323 and the patient's health would be in imminent danger without the benefits of the drug. The refill shall be
324 made in compliance with the provisions of § 54.1-3411.

325 If the written or oral prescription is for a Schedule VI drug or device and does not contain the
326 address or registry number of the prescriber, or the address of the patient, the pharmacist need not
327 reduce such information to writing if such information is readily retrievable within the pharmacy.

328 D. Pursuant to authorization of the prescriber, an agent of the prescriber on his behalf may orally
329 transmit a prescription for a drug classified in Schedules III through VI if, in such cases, the written
330 record of the prescription required by this subsection specifies the full name of the agent of the
331 prescriber transmitting the prescription.

332 *E. No pharmacist shall dispense a controlled substance that contains an opiate unless the*
333 *prescription for such controlled substance is issued as an electronic prescription.*

334 **2. That the provisions of the first enactment of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2020.**

335 **3. That the Secretary of Health and Human Resources shall convene a work group of interested**
336 **stakeholders, including the Medical Society of Virginia, the Virginia Hospital and Health Care**
337 **Association, the Virginia Dental Association, the Virginia Association of Health Plans, and the**
338 **Virginia Pharmacy Association to review actions necessary for the implementation of the**
339 **provisions of this act and shall make an interim progress report to the Chairmen of the House**
340 **Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Education and**
341 **Health by November 1, 2017 and shall make a final report to such Chairmen by November 1,**
342 **2018. In addition, the work group shall evaluate hardships on prescribers, the inability of**
343 **prescribers to comply with the deadline for electronic prescribing and make recommendations to**
344 **the General Assembly for any extension or exemption processes relative to compliance or**
345 **disruptions due to natural or manmade disasters or technology gaps, failures or interruptions of**
346 **services.**