

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 63.2-100 and 63.2-1606 of the Code of Virginia, relating to adult exploitation.

[H 1945]

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 63.2-100 and 63.2-1606 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 63.2-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis;

6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq.

If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

"Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

"Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

"Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable

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57 confinement of an adult *as defined in § 63.2-1603*.

58 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure
59 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged,
60 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by
61 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii)
62 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage.
63 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or
64 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total
65 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

66 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal, *unauthorized, improper, or fraudulent* use of an ~~incapacitated~~
67 adult *as defined in § 63.2-1603* or his *funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets* for another's
68 profit, benefit, or advantage, *including a caregiver or person serving in a fiduciary capacity, or that*
69 *deprives the adult of his rightful use of or access to such funds, property, benefits, resources, or other*
70 *assets. "Adult exploitation" includes (i) an intentional breach of a fiduciary obligation to an adult to his*
71 *detriment or an intentional failure to use the financial resources of an adult in a manner that results in*
72 *neglect of such adult; (ii) the acquisition, possession, or control of an adult's financial resources or*
73 *property through the use of undue influence, coercion, or duress; and (iii) forcing or coercing an adult*
74 *to pay for goods or services or perform services against his will for another's profit, benefit, or*
75 *advantage if the adult did not agree, or was tricked, misled, or defrauded into agreeing, to pay for such*
76 *goods or services or to perform such services.*

77 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a
78 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three
79 adults.

80 "Adult neglect" means that an adult *as defined in § 63.2-1603* is living under such circumstances that
81 he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical
82 and mental health and that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair
83 his well-being. However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is
84 receiving religious nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care,
85 provided that such treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious
86 practices of the adult and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

87 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to
88 protect an adult *as defined in § 63.2-1603* from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

89 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who
90 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with
91 activities of daily living.

92 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates
93 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for
94 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for
95 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board
96 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any
97 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or
98 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility
99 serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational
100 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as
101 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the
102 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled
103 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of
104 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing
105 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or
106 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total
107 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general
108 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled
109 individual.

110 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who
111 receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive
112 these benefits except for excess income.

113 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

114 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means
115 parent(s) by previous adoption.

116 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

117 "Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

"Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or more children at any location.

"Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

"Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

"Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being abused or neglected.

"Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or collect child support, or child and spousal support.

"Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

"Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. Children's residential facility shall not include:

1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer vacation;

2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized representative.

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

"Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

"Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

"Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving five through 12 children, exclusive of the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all related to the provider by blood or marriage shall not be required to be licensed.

"Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system; who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes; inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to

179 available health and social services.

180 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or
 181 guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an
 182 entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

183 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a
 184 child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

185 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
 186 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
 187 § 63.2-401.

188 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by
 189 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein
 190 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by
 191 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such
 192 person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of
 193 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

194 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over
 195 and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to
 196 self-sufficiency.

197 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the
 198 custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or
 199 licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental
 200 supervision.

201 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years
 202 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare
 203 agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and
 204 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached
 205 the age of 21 years or (ii) is at least 18 years of age but who has not yet reached 21 years of age and
 206 who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of
 207 a local board of social services. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment,
 208 and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate
 209 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

210 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
 211 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
 212 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

213 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
 214 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
 215 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
 216 which it operates.

217 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care
 218 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of
 219 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or
 220 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the
 221 action of any court.

222 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

223 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

224 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this
 225 Commonwealth.

226 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the
 227 city or county.

228 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation
 229 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel
 230 Management.

231 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in
 232 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

233 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the
 234 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child
 235 care; and general relief.

236 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services
 237 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for
 238 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the
 239 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents

of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

"Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

"Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

"Sibling" means each of two or more children having one or more parents in common.

"Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

"Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible children.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

"Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on behalf of qualifying children.

§ 63.2-1606. Protection of aged or incapacitated adults; mandated and voluntary reporting.

A. Matters giving reason to suspect the abuse, neglect or exploitation of adults shall be reported immediately upon the reporting person's determination that there is such reason to suspect. Medical facilities inspectors of the Department of Health are exempt from reporting suspected abuse immediately while conducting federal inspection surveys in accordance with § 1864 of Title XVIII and Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended, of certified nursing facilities as defined in § 32.1-123. Reports shall be made to the local department or the adult protective services hotline in accordance with requirements of this section by the following persons acting in their professional capacity:

1. Any person licensed, certified, or registered by health regulatory boards listed in § 54.1-2503, with the exception of persons licensed by the Board of Veterinary Medicine;

2. Any mental health services provider as defined in § 54.1-2400.1;

3. Any emergency medical services provider certified by the Board of Health pursuant to § 32.1-111.5, unless such provider immediately reports the suspected abuse, neglect or exploitation directly to the attending physician at the hospital to which the adult is transported, who shall make such report forthwith;

4. Any guardian or conservator of an adult;

5. Any person employed by or contracted with a public or private agency or facility and working with adults in an administrative, supportive or direct care capacity;

6. Any person providing full, intermittent or occasional care to an adult for compensation, including, but not limited to, companion, chore, homemaker, and personal care workers; and

7. Any law-enforcement officer.

B. The report shall be made in accordance with subsection A to the local department of the county or city wherein the adult resides or wherein the adult abuse, neglect or exploitation is believed to have occurred or to the adult protective services hotline. Nothing in this section shall be construed to eliminate or supersede any other obligation to report as required by law. If a person required to report under this section receives information regarding abuse, neglect or exploitation while providing professional services in a hospital, nursing facility or similar institution, then he may, in lieu of reporting, notify the person in charge of the institution or his designee, who shall report such information, in accordance with the institution's policies and procedures for reporting such matters, immediately upon his determination that there is reason to suspect abuse, neglect or exploitation. Any person required to make the report or notification required by this subsection shall do so either orally or in writing and shall disclose all information that is the basis for the suspicion of adult abuse, neglect or

exploitation. Upon request, any person required to make the report shall make available to the adult protective services worker and the local department investigating the reported case of adult abuse, neglect or exploitation any information, records or reports which document the basis for the report. All persons required to report suspected adult abuse, neglect or exploitation shall cooperate with the investigating adult protective services worker of a local department and shall make information, records and reports which are relevant to the investigation available to such worker to the extent permitted by state and federal law. Criminal investigative reports received from law-enforcement agencies shall not be further disseminated by the investigating agency nor shall they be subject to public disclosure; such reports may, however, be disclosed to the Adult Fatality Review Team as provided in § 32.1-283.5 or to a local or regional adult fatality review team as provided in § 32.1-283.6 and, if reviewed by the Team or a local or regional adult fatality review team, shall be subject to applicable confidentiality requirements of the Team or a local or regional adult fatality review team.

C. Any financial institution staff who suspects that an adult has been exploited financially may report such suspected exploitation to the local department of the county or city wherein the adult resides or wherein the exploitation is believed to have occurred or to the adult protective services hotline. For purposes of this section, "financial institution staff" means any employee, *agent, qualified individual, or representative* of a bank, *trust company*, savings institution, *loan association, consumer finance company*, credit union, *investment company, investment advisor*, securities firm, accounting firm, or insurance company.

D. Any person other than those specified in subsection A who suspects that an adult is an abused, neglected or exploited adult may report the matter to the local department of the county or city wherein the adult resides or wherein the abuse, neglect or exploitation is believed to have occurred or to the adult protective services hotline.

E. Any person who makes a report or provides records or information pursuant to subsection A, C, or D, or who testifies in any judicial proceeding arising from such report, records or information, or who takes or causes to be taken with the adult's or the adult's legal representative's informed consent photographs, video recordings, or appropriate medical imaging of the adult who is subject of a report shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability on account of such report, records, information, photographs, video recordings, appropriate medical imaging or testimony, unless such person acted in bad faith or with a malicious purpose.

F. An employer of a mandated reporter shall not prohibit a mandated reporter from reporting directly to the local department or to the adult protective services hotline. Employers whose employees are mandated reporters shall notify employees upon hiring of the requirement to report.

G. Any person 14 years of age or older who makes or causes to be made a report of adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation that he knows to be false shall be guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Any subsequent conviction of this provision shall be a Class 2 misdemeanor.

H. Any person who fails to make a required report or notification pursuant to subsection A shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$500 for the first failure and not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 for any subsequent failures. Civil penalties under subdivision A 7 shall be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, in its discretion. All other civil penalties under this section shall be determined by the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services or his designee. The Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services shall establish by regulation a process for imposing and collecting civil penalties, and a process for appeal of the imposition of such penalty pursuant to § 2.2-4026 of the Administrative Process Act.

I. Any mandated reporter who has reasonable cause to suspect that an adult died as a result of abuse or neglect shall immediately report such suspicion to the appropriate medical examiner and to the appropriate law-enforcement agency, notwithstanding the existence of a death certificate signed by a licensed physician. The medical examiner and the law-enforcement agency shall receive the report and determine if an investigation is warranted. The medical examiner may order an autopsy. If an autopsy is conducted, the medical examiner shall report the findings to law enforcement, as appropriate, and to the local department or to the adult protective services hotline.

J. No person or entity shall be obligated to report any matter if the person or entity has actual knowledge that the same matter has already been reported to the local department or to the adult protective services hotline.

K. All law-enforcement departments and other state and local departments, agencies, authorities and institutions shall cooperate with each adult protective services worker of a local department in the detection, investigation and prevention of adult abuse, neglect and exploitation.