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**SENATE BILL NO. 645**

Senate Amendments in [ ] — February 11, 2016

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-3701, 2.2-3704, and 2.2-3705.2 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 2.2-3705.2:1, relating to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act; exempt records concerning critical infrastructure, government infrastructure, or security information.*

Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator McPike

Referred to Committee on General Laws and Technology

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That §§ 2.2-3701, 2.2-3704, and 2.2-3705.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 2.2-3705.2:1 as follows:**

**§ 2.2-3701. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Closed meeting" means a meeting from which the public is excluded.

"Critical infrastructure" means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the Commonwealth, the United States, or both, that the incapacity or destruction of such systems and assets would have a debilitating impact on security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination thereof.

"Electronic communication" means any audio or combined audio and visual communication method.

"Emergency" means an unforeseen circumstance rendering the notice required by this chapter impossible or impracticable and which circumstance requires immediate action.

"Government infrastructure" means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, that are owned [ , contracted for, ] or operated by the Commonwealth or its political subdivisions, that have not been identified as critical infrastructure, and whose incapacity or destruction would have a significant impact on security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination thereof.

"Interdependency" means the mutual dependence of one critical or government infrastructure upon another for functionality, the failure of which would cause a debilitating impact on the safety and security of the Commonwealth, the United States, or both. These reciprocal relationships are created by the interactions between the physical, virtual, social, behavioral, and economic elements of critical and government infrastructure.

"Meeting" or "meetings" means the meetings including work sessions, when sitting physically, or through telephonic or video equipment pursuant to § 2.2-3708 or 2.2-3708.1, as a body or entity, or as an informal assemblage of (i) as many as three members or (ii) a quorum, if less than three, of the constituent membership, wherever held, with or without minutes being taken, whether or not votes are cast, of any public body. Neither the gathering of employees of a public body nor the gathering or attendance of two or more members of a public body (i) at any place or function where no part of the purpose of such gathering or attendance is the discussion or transaction of any public business, and such gathering or attendance was not called or prearranged with any purpose of discussing or transacting any business of the public body, or (ii) at a public forum, candidate appearance, or debate, the purpose of which is to inform the electorate and not to transact public business or to hold discussions relating to the transaction of public business, even though the performance of the members individually or collectively in the conduct of public business may be a topic of discussion or debate at such public meeting, shall be deemed a "meeting" subject to the provisions of this chapter.

"Open meeting" or "public meeting" means a meeting at which the public may be present.

"Public body" means any legislative body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district or agency of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including cities, towns and counties, municipal councils, governing bodies of counties, school boards and planning commissions; boards of visitors of public institutions of higher education; and other organizations, corporations or agencies in the Commonwealth supported wholly or principally by public funds. It shall include (i) the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program and its board of directors established pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 38.2-5000 et seq.) of Title 38.2 and (ii) any committee, subcommittee, or other entity however designated, of the public body created to perform delegated functions of the public body or to advise the public body. It shall not exclude any such committee, subcommittee or entity because it has private sector or citizen members. Corporations organized by the Virginia Retirement System are "public bodies" for purposes of this chapter.

For the purposes of the provisions of this chapter applicable to access to public records,

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60 constitutional officers and private police departments as defined in § 9.1-101 shall be considered public  
61 bodies and, except as otherwise expressly provided by law, shall have the same obligations to disclose  
62 public records as other custodians of public records.

63 "Public records" means all writings and recordings that consist of letters, words or numbers, or their  
64 equivalent, set down by handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostating, photography, magnetic impulse,  
65 optical or magneto-optical form, mechanical or electronic recording or other form of data compilation,  
66 however stored, and regardless of physical form or characteristics, prepared or owned by, or in the  
67 possession of a public body or its officers, employees or agents in the transaction of public business.  
68 Records that are not prepared for or used in the transaction of public business are not public records.

69 "Regional public body" means a unit of government organized as provided by law within defined  
70 boundaries, as determined by the General Assembly, whose members are appointed by the participating  
71 local governing bodies, and such unit includes two or more counties or cities.

72 "Scholastic records" means those records containing information directly related to a student or an  
73 applicant for admission and maintained by a public body that is an educational agency or institution or  
74 by a person acting for such agency or institution.

75 "Security information" means information that is (i) not generally available to the public through  
76 regulatory disclosure or otherwise and (ii) related to the protection of government infrastructure and  
77 critical infrastructure or protected systems, or related to any of the following:

78 1. An attack, criminal act, either physical or technology-based, or a natural disaster;

79 2. The ability of government infrastructure or critical infrastructure to resist such attack, criminal  
80 act, or natural disaster, including planned or past assessments of vulnerability and risk management  
81 planning;

82 3. Planned or past operational problems regarding government infrastructure or critical  
83 infrastructure;

84 4. Operational, procedural, transportation, and tactical planning or training manuals;

85 5. Cybersecurity threats or vulnerabilities or security plans and measures of an entity, facility,  
86 building structure, information technology system, or software program; or

87 6. Emergency response and continuity plans.

88 **§ 2.2-3704. Public records to be open to inspection; procedure for requesting records and**  
89 **responding to request; charges; transfer of records for storage, etc.**

90 A. Except as otherwise specifically provided by law, all public records shall be open to inspection  
91 and copying by any citizens of the Commonwealth during the regular office hours of the custodian of  
92 such records. Access to such records shall not be denied to citizens of the Commonwealth,  
93 representatives of newspapers and magazines with circulation in the Commonwealth, and representatives  
94 of radio and television stations broadcasting in or into the Commonwealth. The custodian may require  
95 the requester to provide his name and legal address. The custodian of such records shall take all  
96 necessary precautions for their preservation and safekeeping.

97 B. A request for public records shall identify the requested records with reasonable specificity. The  
98 request need not make reference to this chapter in order to invoke the provisions of this chapter or to  
99 impose the time limits for response by a public body. ~~Any~~ Except as provided in § 2.2-3705.2:1, any  
100 public body that is subject to this chapter and that is the custodian of the requested records shall  
101 promptly, but in all cases within five working days of receiving a request, provide the requested records  
102 to the requester or make one of the following responses in writing:

103 1. The requested records are being entirely withheld because their release is prohibited by law or the  
104 custodian has exercised his discretion to withhold the records in accordance with this chapter. Such  
105 response shall identify with reasonable particularity the volume and subject matter of withheld records,  
106 and cite, as to each category of withheld records, the specific Code section that authorizes the  
107 withholding of the records.

108 2. The requested records are being provided in part and are being withheld in part because the  
109 release of part of the records is prohibited by law or the custodian has exercised his discretion to  
110 withhold a portion of the records in accordance with this chapter. Such response shall identify with  
111 reasonable particularity the subject matter of withheld portions, and cite, as to each category of withheld  
112 records, the specific Code section that authorizes the withholding of the records. When a portion of a  
113 requested record is withheld, the public body may delete or excise only that portion of the record to  
114 which an exemption applies and shall release the remainder of the record.

115 3. The requested records could not be found or do not exist. However, if the public body that  
116 received the request knows that another public body has the requested records, the response shall include  
117 contact information for the other public body.

118 4. It is not practically possible to provide the requested records or to determine whether they are  
119 available within the five-work-day period. Such response shall specify the conditions that make a  
120 response impossible. If the response is made within five working days, the public body shall have an  
121 additional seven work days in which to provide one of the four preceding responses.

C. Any public body may petition the appropriate court for additional time to respond to a request for records when the request is for an extraordinary volume of records or requires an extraordinarily lengthy search, and a response by the public body within the time required by this chapter will prevent the public body from meeting its operational responsibilities. Before proceeding with the petition, however, the public body shall make reasonable efforts to reach an agreement with the requester concerning the production of the records requested.

D. Subject to the provisions of subsection G, no public body shall be required to create a new record if the record does not already exist. However, a public body may abstract or summarize information under such terms and conditions as agreed between the requester and the public body.

E. Failure to respond to a request for records shall be deemed a denial of the request and shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

F. A public body may make reasonable charges not to exceed its actual cost incurred in accessing, duplicating, supplying, or searching for the requested records. No public body shall impose any extraneous, intermediary or surplus fees or expenses to recoup the general costs associated with creating or maintaining records or transacting the general business of the public body. Any duplicating fee charged by a public body shall not exceed the actual cost of duplication. The public body may also make a reasonable charge for the cost incurred in supplying records produced from a geographic information system at the request of anyone other than the owner of the land that is the subject of the request. However, such charges shall not exceed the actual cost to the public body in supplying such records, except that the public body may charge, on a pro rata per acre basis, for the cost of creating topographical maps developed by the public body, for such maps or portions thereof, which encompass a contiguous area greater than 50 acres. All charges for the supplying of requested records shall be estimated in advance at the request of the citizen.

G. Public records maintained by a public body in an electronic data processing system, computer database, or any other structured collection of data shall be made available to a requester at a reasonable cost, not to exceed the actual cost in accordance with subsection F. When electronic or other databases are combined or contain exempt and nonexempt records, the public body may provide access to the exempt records if not otherwise prohibited by law, but shall provide access to the nonexempt records as provided by this chapter.

Public bodies shall produce nonexempt records maintained in an electronic database in any tangible medium identified by the requester, including, where the public body has the capability, the option of posting the records on a website or delivering the records through an electronic mail address provided by the requester, if that medium is used by the public body in the regular course of business. No public body shall be required to produce records from an electronic database in a format not regularly used by the public body. However, the public body shall make reasonable efforts to provide records in any format under such terms and conditions as agreed between the requester and public body, including the payment of reasonable costs. The excision of exempt fields of information from a database or the conversion of data from one available format to another shall not be deemed the creation, preparation or compilation of a new public record.

H. In any case where a public body determines in advance that charges for producing the requested records are likely to exceed \$200, the public body may, before continuing to process the request, require the requester to agree to payment of a deposit not to exceed the amount of the advance determination. The deposit shall be credited toward the final cost of supplying the requested records. The period within which the public body shall respond under this section shall be tolled for the amount of time that elapses between notice of the advance determination and the response of the requester.

I. Before processing a request for records, a public body may require the requester to pay any amounts owed to the public body for previous requests for records that remain unpaid 30 days or more after billing.

J. In the event a public body has transferred possession of public records to any entity, including but not limited to any other public body, for storage, maintenance, or archiving, the public body initiating the transfer of such records shall remain the custodian of such records for purposes of responding to requests for public records made pursuant to this chapter and shall be responsible for retrieving and supplying such public records to the requester. In the event a public body has transferred public records for storage, maintenance, or archiving and such transferring public body is no longer in existence, any public body that is a successor to the transferring public body shall be deemed the custodian of such records. In the event no successor entity exists, the entity in possession of the public records shall be deemed the custodian of the records for purposes of compliance with this chapter, and shall retrieve and supply such records to the requester. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to apply to records transferred to the Library of Virginia for permanent archiving pursuant to the duties imposed by the Virginia Public Records Act (§ 42.1-76 et seq.). In accordance with § 42.1-79, the Library of Virginia shall be the custodian of such permanently archived records and shall be responsible for responding to

183 requests for such records made pursuant to this chapter.

184 **§ 2.2-3705.2. Exclusions to application of chapter; records relating to public safety.**

185 The following records are excluded from the provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the  
186 custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law:

187 1. Confidential records, including victim identity, provided to or obtained by staff in a rape crisis  
188 center or a program for battered spouses.

189 2. Those portions of engineering and construction drawings and plans submitted for the sole purpose  
190 of complying with the Building Code in obtaining a building permit that would identify specific trade  
191 secrets or other information, the disclosure of which would be harmful to the competitive position of the  
192 owner or lessee. However, such information shall be exempt only until the building is completed.  
193 Information relating to the safety or environmental soundness of any building shall not be exempt from  
194 disclosure.

195 Those portions of engineering and construction drawings and plans that reveal critical structural  
196 components, security equipment and systems, ventilation systems, fire protection equipment, mandatory  
197 building emergency equipment or systems, elevators, electrical systems, telecommunications equipment  
198 and systems, and other utility equipment and systems submitted for the purpose of complying with the  
199 Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97 et seq.) or the Statewide Fire Prevention Code (§ 27-94 et  
200 seq.), the disclosure of which would jeopardize the safety or security of any public or private  
201 commercial office, multifamily residential or retail building or its occupants in the event of terrorism or  
202 other threat to public safety, to the extent that the owner or lessee of such property, equipment or  
203 system in writing (i) invokes the protections of this paragraph; (ii) identifies the drawings, plans, or  
204 other materials to be protected; and (iii) states the reasons why protection is necessary.

205 Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of information relating to any building in  
206 connection with an inquiry into the performance of that building after it has been subjected to fire,  
207 explosion, natural disaster or other catastrophic event.

208 3. Documentation or other information that describes the design, function, operation or access control  
209 features of any security system, whether manual or automated, which is used to control access to or use  
210 of any automated data processing or telecommunications system.

211 4. Plans and information to prevent or respond to terrorist activity, *criminal activity affecting critical*  
212 *infrastructure or government infrastructure,* ~~their interdependencies,~~ or cyber attacks, the disclosure of  
213 which would jeopardize the safety of any person, including (i) critical infrastructure sector or,  
214 *government infrastructure, and associated* structural components; (ii) ~~vulnerability assessments,~~  
215 ~~operational, procedural, transportation, and tactical planning or training manuals, security information~~ *[*  
216 *that is protected by the federal Critical Infrastructure Information Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. § 131 et seq.)*  
217 *provided to any state agency or political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or an authorized agent of a*  
218 *state agency or political subdivision,* ~~] and related staff meeting minutes or other related records; [ and~~  
219 ~~] (iii) engineering or architectural records, or records containing information derived from such records,~~  
220 to the extent such records reveal the location or operation of security equipment and systems, elevators,  
221 ventilation, fire protection, emergency, electrical, telecommunications or utility equipment and systems  
222 of any public building, structure or information storage facility, or telecommunications or utility  
223 equipment or systems ~~[ ; and (iv) ; and (iv) security information that is protected by the federal Critical~~  
224 *Infrastructure Information Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. § 131 et seq.) provided to any state agency or political*  
225 *subdivision of the Commonwealth, or an authorized agent of a state agency or political subdivision.]*  
226 ~~information not lawfully available to the public regarding specific cybersecurity threats or vulnerabilities~~  
227 ~~or security plans and measures of an entity, facility, building structure, information technology system,~~  
228 ~~or software program.~~

229 The same categories of records of any person or entity submitted to a public body for the purpose of  
230 antiterrorism response ~~planning or~~, cybersecurity planning or protection, *or government infrastructure or*  
231 *critical infrastructure security and resilience* may be withheld from disclosure if such person or entity in  
232 writing (a) invokes the protections of this subdivision, (b) identifies with specificity the records or  
233 portions thereof for which protection is sought, and (c) states with reasonable particularity why the  
234 protection of such records from public disclosure is necessary to meet the objective of antiterrorism or,  
235 cybersecurity planning or protection, *or government infrastructure or critical infrastructure security and*  
236 *resilience*. Such statement shall be a public record and shall be disclosed upon request. Nothing in this  
237 subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the disclosure of records relating to the structural or  
238 environmental soundness of any building, nor shall it prevent the disclosure of information relating to  
239 any building in connection with an inquiry into the performance of that building after it has been  
240 subjected to fire, explosion, natural disaster, or other catastrophic event.

241 5. Information that would disclose the security aspects of a system safety program plan adopted  
242 pursuant to 49 C.F.R. Part 659 by the Commonwealth's designated Rail Fixed Guideway Systems Safety  
243 Oversight agency; and information in the possession of such agency, the release of which would  
244 jeopardize the success of an ongoing investigation of a rail accident or other incident threatening railway

245 safety.

246 6. Engineering and architectural drawings, operational, procedural, tactical planning or training  
247 manuals, or staff meeting minutes or other records, the disclosure of which would reveal surveillance  
248 techniques, personnel deployments, alarm or security systems or technologies, or operational and  
249 transportation plans or protocols, to the extent such disclosure would jeopardize the security of any  
250 governmental facility, building or structure or the safety of persons using such facility, building or  
251 structure.

252 7. Security plans and specific assessment components of school safety audits, as provided in  
253 § 22.1-279.8.

254 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the disclosure of records relating to the  
255 effectiveness of security plans after (i) any school building or property has been subjected to fire,  
256 explosion, natural disaster or other catastrophic event, or (ii) any person on school property has suffered  
257 or been threatened with any personal injury.

258 8. [Expired.]

259 9. Records of the Commitment Review Committee concerning the mental health assessment of an  
260 individual subject to commitment as a sexually violent predator under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of  
261 Title 37.2; except that in no case shall records identifying the victims of a sexually violent predator be  
262 disclosed.

263 10. Subscriber data, which for the purposes of this subdivision, means the name, address, telephone  
264 number, and any other information identifying a subscriber of a telecommunications carrier, provided  
265 directly or indirectly by a telecommunications carrier to a public body that operates a 911 or E-911  
266 emergency dispatch system or an emergency notification or reverse 911 system, if the data is in a form  
267 not made available by the telecommunications carrier to the public generally. Nothing in this subdivision  
268 shall prevent the release of subscriber data generated in connection with specific calls to a 911  
269 emergency system, where the requester is seeking to obtain public records about the use of the system  
270 in response to a specific crime, emergency or other event as to which a citizen has initiated a 911 call.

271 11. Subscriber data, which for the purposes of this subdivision, means the name, address, telephone  
272 number, and any other information identifying a subscriber of a telecommunications carrier, collected by  
273 a local governing body in accordance with the Enhanced Public Safety Telephone Services Act  
274 (§ 56-484.12 et seq.), and other identifying information of a personal, medical, or financial nature  
275 provided to a local governing body in connection with a 911 or E-911 emergency dispatch system or an  
276 emergency notification or reverse 911 system, if such records are not otherwise publicly available.  
277 Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the release of subscriber data generated in connection with  
278 specific calls to a 911 emergency system, where the requester is seeking to obtain public records about  
279 the use of the system in response to a specific crime, emergency or other event as to which a citizen has  
280 initiated a 911 call.

281 12. Records of the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created by executive order  
282 for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing closure or realignment of  
283 federal military and national security installations and facilities located in Virginia and relocation of such  
284 facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization appointed by a local governing  
285 body, to the extent such records (i) contain information relating to strategies under consideration or  
286 development by the Council or such commission or organizations to prevent the closure or realignment  
287 of federal military installations located in Virginia or the relocation of national security facilities located  
288 in Virginia, to limit the adverse economic effect of such realignment, closure, or relocation, or to seek  
289 additional tenant activity growth from the Department of Defense or federal government or (ii) disclose  
290 trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), provided to the Council  
291 or such commission or organizations in connection with their work. In order to invoke the trade secret  
292 protection provided by clause (ii), the submitting entity shall, in writing and at the time of submission  
293 (a) invoke this exclusion, (b) identify with specificity the information for which such protection is  
294 sought, and (c) state the reason why such protection is necessary. Nothing in this subdivision shall be  
295 construed to authorize the withholding of all or part of any record, other than a trade secret that has  
296 been specifically identified as required by this subdivision, after the Department of Defense or federal  
297 agency has issued a final, unappealable decision, or in the event of litigation, a court of competent  
298 jurisdiction has entered a final, unappealable order concerning the closure, realignment, or expansion of  
299 the military installation or tenant activities, or the relocation of the national security facility, for which  
300 records are sought.

301 13. Documentation or other information as determined by the State Comptroller that describes the  
302 design, function, operation, or implementation of internal controls over the Commonwealth's financial  
303 processes and systems, and the assessment of risks and vulnerabilities of those controls, including the  
304 annual assessment of internal controls mandated by the State Comptroller, the disclosure of which would  
305 jeopardize the security of the Commonwealth's financial assets. However, records relating to the

306 investigation of and findings concerning the soundness of any fiscal process shall be disclosed in a form  
307 that does not compromise internal controls. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the  
308 Auditor of Public Accounts or the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission from reporting  
309 internal control deficiencies discovered during the course of an audit.

310 14. Documentation or other information relating to the Statewide Agencies Radio System (STARS)  
311 or any other similar local or regional public safety communications system that (i) describes the design,  
312 function, programming, operation, or access control features of the overall system, components,  
313 structures, individual networks, and subsystems of the STARS or any other similar local or regional  
314 communications system or (ii) relates to radio frequencies assigned to or utilized by STARS or any  
315 other similar local or regional communications system, code plugs, circuit routing, addressing schemes,  
316 talk groups, fleet maps, encryption, programming maintained by or utilized by STARS or any other  
317 similar local or regional public safety communications system; those portions of engineering and  
318 construction drawings and plans that reveal critical structural components, interconnectivity, security  
319 equipment and systems, network monitoring, network operation center, master sites, ventilation systems,  
320 fire protection equipment, mandatory building emergency equipment, electrical systems, and other utility  
321 equipment and systems related to STARS or any other similar local or regional public safety  
322 communications system; and special event plans, operational plans, storm plans, or other pre-arranged  
323 programming, the disclosure of which would reveal surveillance techniques, personnel deployments,  
324 alarm or security systems or technologies, or operational and transportation plans or protocols, to the  
325 extent such disclosure would jeopardize the security of any governmental facility, building, or structure  
326 or the safety of any person.

327 15. Records of a salaried or volunteer Fire/EMS company or Fire/EMS department, to the extent that  
328 the records disclose the telephone numbers for cellular telephones, pagers, or comparable portable  
329 communication devices provided to its personnel for use in the performance of their official duties.

330 16. Records of hospitals and nursing homes regulated by the Board of Health pursuant to Chapter 5  
331 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Title 32.1 provided to the Department of Health, to the extent such records reveal  
332 the disaster recovery plans or the evacuation plans for such facilities in the event of fire, explosion,  
333 natural disaster, or other catastrophic event. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the  
334 disclosure of records relating to the effectiveness of executed evacuation plans after the occurrence of  
335 fire, explosion, natural disaster, or other catastrophic event.

336 **§ 2.2-3705.2:1. Public safety exclusions; required procedure prior to discretionary disclosure.**

337 A. In the event that a custodian decides to exercise his discretion to disclose records excluded under  
338 § 2.2-3705.2, the following process shall be followed before the custodian may disclose such records:

339 1. The custodian shall notify the entity or person that is the subject of the records of his intent to  
340 disclose the records. This notification should provide sufficient notice of the records to be released, the  
341 identification of the person requesting the records, and the entity's or person's right to object to the  
342 release of the information and the process for objecting as described herein.

343 2. The entity or person that is the subject of the records shall have seven days after receiving the  
344 notification in subdivision 1 to respond to the custodian with a written objection to the release of the  
345 records, stating the entity's or person's reasons for objecting to the release.

346 3. If no timely objection is received by the custodian, then he may release the records. If the  
347 custodian receives an objection from the entity or person that is the subject of the records, the custodian  
348 shall have an additional seven days to decide whether to release the records.

349 4. The custodian shall then notify the entity or person that is the subject of the records of his  
350 decision on release of the records. The custodian shall wait at least seven days after this notification  
351 before releasing the records. If during this period the entity or person that is the subject of the records  
352 files a petition in the appropriate court seeking relief from the custodian's decision to release the  
353 records, then the custodian shall await resolution of the petition before releasing the documents.

354 B. After receiving the notice provided for in subdivision A 4, the entity or person that is the subject  
355 of the records may petition the appropriate court for mandamus or injunction to prevent the release of  
356 records described in this section. The provisions of § 2.2-3713 shall govern such petitions for mandamus  
357 or injunction, except that in order to prevail, the petitioner shall have the burden of establishing that  
358 the risk to public safety from release of the records substantially outweighs the public's interest in  
359 obtaining access to the information.