2016 SESSION

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

Approved

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 38.2-231, 38.2-2113, and 38.2-2208 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 3 notices relating to certain insurance policies.

[S 192]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6 1. That §§ 38.2-231, 38.2-2113, and 38.2-2208 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted

7 8 as follows:

9 § 38.2-231. Notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage or increase in 10 premium of certain liability insurance policies.

A. 1. No cancellation or refusal to renew by an insurer of (i) a policy of insurance as defined in 11 12 38.2-117 or 38.2-118 insuring a business entity; (ii) a policy of insurance that includes as a part thereof insurance as defined in § 38.2-117 or 38.2-118 insuring a business entity; (iii) a policy of motor 13 vehicle insurance against legal liability of the insured as defined in § 38.2-124 insuring a business entity; 14 15 or (iv) a policy of miscellaneous casualty insurance as defined in subsection B of § 38.2-111 insuring a business entity shall be effective unless the insurer delivers or mails to the first named insured at the 16 17 address shown on the policy a written notice of cancellation or refusal to renew, or delivers such notice 18 electronically to the address provided by the first named insured. Such notice shall: 19

a. Be in a type size authorized under § 38.2-311;

20 b. State the date, which shall not be less than 45 days after the delivery or mailing of the notice of 21 cancellation or refusal to renew, on which such cancellation or refusal to renew shall become effective, except that such effective date may not be less than 15 days from the date of mailing or delivery when 22 23 the policy is being cancelled or not renewed for failure of the insured to discharge when due any of its 24 obligations in connection with the payment of premium for the policy; 25

c. State the specific reason or reasons of the insurer for cancellation or refusal to renew;

26 d. Advise the first named insured of its right to request in writing, within 15 days of the receipt of 27 the notice, that the Commissioner of Insurance review the action of the insurer; and

e. In the case of a policy of motor vehicle insurance, inform the first named insured of the possible 28 29 availability of other insurance which may be obtained through its agent, through another insurer, or 30 through the Virginia Automobile Insurance Plan.

31 2. Nothing in this subsection shall apply to any policy of insurance if the named insured or his duly 32 constituted attorney-in-fact has notified orally, or in writing, if the insurer requires such notification to 33 be in writing, the insurer or its agent that he wishes the policy to be canceled or that he does not wish 34 the policy to be renewed, or if, prior to the date of expiration, he fails to accept the offer of the insurer 35 to renew the policy.

3. Nothing in this subsection shall apply if an affiliated insurer has manifested its willingness to 36 37 provide coverage at a lower premium than would have been charged for the same exposures on the expiring policy. The affiliated insurer shall manifest its willingness to provide coverage by issuing a 38 39 policy with the types and limits of coverage at least equal to those contained in the expiring policy 40 unless the named insured has requested a change in coverage or limits. When such offer is made by an 41 affiliated insurer, an offer of renewal shall not be required of the insurer of the expiring policy, and the 42 policy issued by the affiliated insurer shall be deemed to be a renewal policy.

43 B. No insurer shall cancel or refuse to renew a policy of motor vehicle insurance against legal liability of the insured as defined in § 38.2-124 insuring a business entity solely because of lack of 44 45 supporting business or lack of the potential for acquiring such business.

C. No reduction in coverage for personal injury or property damage liability initiated by an insurer 46 47 and no insurer-initiated increase in the premium greater than 25 percent of (i) a policy of insurance defined in § 38.2-117 or 38.2-118 insuring a business entity; (ii) a policy of insurance that includes as a 48 part thereof insurance defined in § 38.2-117 or 38.2-118 insuring a business entity; (iii) a policy of 49 50 motor vehicle insurance against legal liability of the insured as defined in § 38.2-124 insuring a business entity; or (iv) a policy of miscellaneous casualty insurance as defined in subsection B of § 38.2-111 51 52 insuring a business entity, and which in the case of a reduction in coverage is subject to § 38.2-1912, 53 shall be effective unless the insurer delivers or mails to the first named insured at the address shown on 54 the policy, or delivers electronically to the address provided by the first named insured, a written notice 55 of such reduction in coverage or premium increase not later than 45 days prior to the effective date of 56 same. The increase in premium shall be the difference between the renewal premium and the premium

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charged by the insurer at the effective date of the expiring policy. Such notice shall: 57 58

1. Be in a type size authorized under § 38.2-311;

59 2. State the date, which shall not be less than 45 days after the delivery or mailing of the notice of 60 reduction in coverage or increase in premium, on which such reduction in coverage or increase in 61 premium shall become effective;

62 3. Advise the first named insured of the specific reason for the increase and the amount of the 63 increase, or, if in the case of a reduction in coverage, the specific reason for the reduction and the manner in which coverage will be reduced, or that such information may be obtained from the agent or 64 65 the insurer;

66 4. Advise the first named insured of its right to request in writing, within 15 days of receipt of the 67 notice, that the Commissioner of Insurance review the action of the insurer.

68 D. If an insurer does not provide notice in the manner required in subsection C, coverage shall 69 remain in effect until 45 days after written notice of reduction in coverage or increase in premium is 70 mailed or delivered to the first named insured at the address shown on the policy, or delivered 71 electronically to the address provided by the first named insured, unless the named insured obtains 72 replacement coverage or elects to cancel sooner in either of which cases coverage under the prior policy 73 shall cease on the effective date of the replacement coverage or the elected date of cancellation as the 74 case may be. If the named insured fails to accept or rejects the changed policy, coverage for any period 75 that extends beyond the expiration date will be under the prior policy's rates, terms and conditions as applied against the renewal policy's limits, rating exposures, and additional coverages. If the named 76 77 insured accepts the changed policy, the reduction in coverage or increase in premium shall take effect 78 upon the expiration of the prior policy. 79

E. Notice of reduction in coverage or increase in premium shall not be required if:

80 1. The insurer, after written demand, has not received, within 45 days after such demand has been mailed or delivered to the first named insured at the address shown on the policy, or delivered 81 electronically to the address provided by the first named insured, sufficient information from the named 82 83 insured to provide the required notice; 84

2. Such notice is waived in writing by the named insured;

85 3. The insurer delivers or mails to the first named insured a renewal policy or a renewal offer not less than 45 days prior to the effective date of the policy or, in the case of a medical malpractice 86 87 insurance policy, not less than 90 days prior to the effective date of the policy;

88 4. The policy is issued to a large commercial risk as defined in subsection C of § 38.2-1903.1 but 89 excluding policies of medical malpractice insurance; or

90 5. The policy is retrospectively rated, where the premium is adjusted at the end of the policy period 91 to reflect the risk's actual loss experience.

92 F. No written notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or increase in premium 93 that is mailed or delivered electronically by an insurer to a first named insured in accordance with this 94 section shall be effective unless the insurer complies with the applicable provisions of subdivisions 1 95 through 4:

96 1. If the notice is mailed, proof of mailing a notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in 97 coverage, or increase in premium shall be obtained using one of the following methods that 98 demonstrates the date that the notice was sent to the first named insured at the address stated in the 99 policy or to such insured's last known address:

100 a. It The notice is sent by registered or certified:

(1) Registered mail;

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(2) Certified mail; or any

103 (3) Any other similar first-class mail tracking method that is used or approved by the United States 104 Postal Service, including Intelligent Mail barcode Tracing (IMb Tracing); or

105 b. The notice is sent by another method of mailing for which a certificate of mailing is obtained from 106 the United States Postal Service at the time the notice is accepted for mailing. A certificate of mailing 107 from the United States Postal Service does not include a certificate of bulk mailing.

108 2. If the notice is delivered electronically, the insurer retains evidence of electronic transmittal or 109 receipt of the notification for at least one year from the date of the transmittal; and.

110 2. The 3. If the notice is mailed, the insurer retains a copy of the notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or increase in premium for at least one year from the date such action 111 was effective. If the notice is mailed, proof of mailing from the United States Postal Service consistent 112 with the mailing method utilized by the insurer shall be maintained for one year from the date the 113 114 cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or increase in premium is effective.

115 3. 4. a. If the terms of a policy of motor vehicle insurance insuring a business entity require the 116 notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or increase in premium to be given to any lienholder, then the insurer shall mail such notice and retain a copy of the notice in the manner 117

118 required by this subsection. If the notices sent to the first named insured and the lienholder are part of 119 the same form, the insurer may retain a single copy of the notice. The registered, certified or regular 120 mail postal receipt and the copy of the notices required by this subsection shall be retained by the 121 insurer for at least one year from the date of termination *Proof of mailing from the United States Postal* 122 Service consistent with the mailing method utilized by the insurer shall be maintained for one year from 123 the date the cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or increase in premium is effective.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 3 4 a, if the terms of the policy require the notice
of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or increase in premium to be given to any
lienholder, the insurer and lienholder may agree by separate agreement that such notices may be
transmitted electronically, provided that the insurer and lienholder agree upon the specifics for
transmittal and acknowledgement acknowledgment of notification. Evidence of transmittal or receipt of
the notification required by this subsection shall be retained by the insurer for at least one year from the

4. "Copy," as used in this subsection, shall include includes photographs, microphotographs,
 photostats, microfilm, microcard, printouts, or other reproductions of electronically stored data; or copies
 from optical disks, electronically transmitted facsimiles, or any other reproduction of an original from a
 process which that forms a durable medium for its recording, storing, and reproducing.

G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any insurer or agent from including in a notice of
 cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or premium increase any additional disclosure
 statements required by state or federal laws.

138 H. For the purpose of this section, the terms (i) "business entity" shall mean an entity as defined by 139 subsection A of § 13.1-543, § 13.1-603 or 13.1-803 and shall include an individual, a partnership, an 140 unincorporated association, the Commonwealth, a county, city, town, or an authority, board, commission, 141 sanitation, soil and water, planning or other district, public service corporation owned, operated or 142 controlled by the Commonwealth, a locality or other local governmental authority; (ii) "policy of motor 143 vehicle insurance" shall mean a policy or contract for bodily injury or property damage liability insuring 144 a business entity issued or delivered in this Commonwealth covering liability arising from the 145 ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle, but does not include (a) any policy issued through 146 the Virginia Automobile Insurance Plan, (b) any policy providing insurance only on an excess basis, or (c) any other contract providing insurance to the named insured even though the contract may 147 148 incidentally provide insurance on motor vehicles; and (iii) "reduction in coverage" shall mean, but not 149 be limited to, any diminution in scope of coverage, decrease in limits of liability, addition of exclusions, 150 increase in deductibles, or reduction in the policy term or duration except a reduction in coverage filed 151 with and approved by the Commission and applicable to an entire line, classification or subclassification 152 of insurance.

153 I. Within 15 days of receipt of the notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or 154 increase in premium, the named insured shall be entitled to request in writing to the Commissioner that 155 he review the action of the insurer. Upon receipt of the request, the Commissioner shall promptly begin 156 a review to determine whether the insurer's notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in 157 coverage, or premium increase complies with the requirements of this section. Where the Commissioner 158 finds from the review that the notice of cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or 159 premium increase does not comply with the requirements of this section, he shall immediately notify the 160 insurer, the named insured and any other person to whom such notice was required to be given by the 161 terms of the policy that such notice is not effective. Nothing in this section authorizes the Commissioner 162 to substitute his judgment as to underwriting for that of the insurer. Pending review by the Commission, this section shall not operate to relieve an insured from the obligation to pay any premium when due; 163 164 however, if the Commission finds that the notice required by this section was not proper, the 165 Commission may order the insurer to pay to the insured any overpayment of premium made by the 166 insured.

167 J. Every insurer shall maintain for at least one year records of cancellation, refusals to renew,
168 reductions in coverage, and premium increases to which this section applies and copies of every notice
169 or statement required by subsections A, C, F, and L of this section that it sends to any of its insureds.

K. There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against
(i) the Commissioner of Insurance or his subordinates; (ii) any insurer, its authorized representative, its agents, or its employees; or (iii) any firm, person, or corporation furnishing to the insurer information as to reasons for cancellation, refusal to renew, reduction in coverage, or premium increase, for any statement made by any of them in complying with this section or for providing information pertaining thereto.

176 L. Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, if an insurer cancels or refuses to renew
177 a policy of medical malpractice insurance as defined in § 38.2-2800, or if, as a result of an
178 insurer-initiated increase in premium, the premium increases for a medical malpractice insurance policy

179 by more than 25 percent of the previous policy's premium, the insurer shall provide no fewer than 90 180 days days' notice prior to the renewal effective date, or, if such policy is being cancelled or non-renewed for failure of the insured to discharge when due any of its obligations in connection with 181 182 the payment of premium for the policy, the effective date of cancellation or refusal to renew shall not be 183 less than 15 days from the date of mailing or delivery of the notice. The increase in the premium shall 184 be the difference between the renewal premium and the premium charged by the insurer at the effective 185 date of the expiring policy.

186 M. As used in this section, an "insurer-initiated increase in premium" means an increase in premium 187 other than one resulting from changes in (i) coverage requested by the insured, (ii) policy limits 188 requested by the insured, (iii) the insured's operation or location that result in a change in the 189 classification of the risk, or (iv) the rating exposures including, but not limited to, increases in payroll, 190 receipts, square footage, number of automobiles insured, or number of employees. 191

§ 38.2-2113. Mailing or electronic delivery of notice of cancellation or refusal to renew.

192 A. No written notice of cancellation of or refusal to renew a policy written to insure owner-occupied dwellings shall be effective when mailed or delivered electronically by an insurer unless *the insurer* 193 194 complies with the applicable provisions of subdivisions 1, 2, and 3:

195 1. If the notice is mailed, proof of mailing a notice of cancellation or refusal to renew shall be 196 obtained using one of the following methods that demonstrates the date that the notice was sent to the 197 named insured at the address stated in the policy or to the named insured's last known address:

198 a. It The notice is sent by registered or certified: 199

(1) Registered mail;

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(2) Certified mail; or any

201 (3) Any other similar first-class mail tracking method that is used or approved by the United States 202 Postal Service, including Intelligent Mail barcode Tracing (IMb Tracing); or

b. The notice is sent by another method of mailing for which a certificate of mailing is obtained from 203 204 the United States Postal Service at the time the notice is accepted for mailing. A certificate of mailing 205 from the United States Postal Service does not include a certificate of bulk mailing.

206 2. If the notice is delivered electronically, the insurer retains evidence of electronic transmittal or 207 receipt of the notification for at least one year from the date of the transmittal; and.

208 2. The 3. If the notice is mailed, the insurer retains a copy of the notice of cancellation or refusal to 209 renew for at least one year from the date such action was effective. If the notice is mailed, proof of 210 mailing from the United States Postal Service consistent with the mailing method utilized by the insurer 211 shall be maintained for one year from the date the cancellation or nonrenewal notice is effective. 212

3. [Repealed.]

213 B. This section shall not apply to policies written through the Virginia Property Insurance 214 Association or any other residual market facility established pursuant to Chapter 27 (§ 38.2-2700 et seq.) 215 of this title.

216 C. 1. If the terms of the policy require the notice of cancellation or refusal to renew to be given to 217 any lienholder, then the insurer shall mail such notice and retain a copy of the notice in the manner 218 required by subsection A of this section. If the notices sent to the insured and the lienholder are part of 219 the same form, the insurer may retain a single copy of the notice. The registered, certified or regular 220 mail postal receipt and copy of the notices required by this section shall be retained by the insurer for at 221 least one year from the date of termination Proof of mailing from the United States Postal Service 222 consistent with the mailing method utilized by the insurer shall be maintained for one year from the 223 date the cancellation or nonrenewal notice is effective.

224 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision C 1, if the terms of the policy require the notice of 225 cancellation or refusal to renew to be given to any lienholder, the insurer and lienholder may agree by 226 separate agreement that such notices may be transmitted electronically, provided that the insurer and 227 lienholder agree upon the specifics for transmittal and acknowledgement acknowledgment of notification. 228 Evidence of transmittal or receipt of the notification required by this subsection shall be retained by the 229 insurer for at least one year from the date of termination.

230 D. "Copy," as used in this section, shall include includes photographs, microphotographs, photostats, 231 microfilm, microcard, printouts, or other reproductions of electronically stored data or copies from 232 optical disks, electronically transmitted facsimiles, or any other reproduction of an original from a 233 process which that forms a durable medium for its recording, storing, and reproducing. 234

§ 38.2-2208. Notices of cancellation of or refusal to renew motor vehicle insurance policies.

235 A. No written notice of cancellation or refusal to renew that is mailed or delivered electronically by 236 an insurer to an insured in accordance with the provisions of a motor vehicle insurance policy shall be 237 effective unless the insurer complies with the applicable provisions of subdivisions 1, 2, and 3:

238 1. If the notice is mailed, proof of mailing a notice of cancellation or refusal to renew shall be obtained using one of the following methods that demonstrates the date that the notice was sent to the 239

240 named insured at the address stated in the policy or to the named insured's last known address:

241 a. It The notice is sent by registered or certified:

242 (1) Registered mail;

243 (2) Certified mail; or any

244 (3) Any other similar first-class mail tracking method that is used or approved by the United States 245 Postal Service, including Intelligent Mail barcode Tracing (IMb Tracing); or

246 b. The notice is sent by another method of mailing for which a certificate of mailing is obtained from 247 the United States Postal Service at the time the notice is accepted for mailing. A certificate of mailing 248 from the United States Postal Service does not include a certificate of bulk mailing.

249 2. If such notice is delivered electronically, the insurer retains evidence of electronic transmittal or 250 receipt of the notification for at least one year from the date of the transmittal; and.

251 2. The 3. If the notice is mailed, the insurer retains a copy of the notice of cancellation or refusal to 252 renew for at least one year from the date such action was effective. If the notice is mailed, proof of 253 mailing from the United States Postal Service consistent with the mailing method utilized by the insurer 254 shall be maintained for one year from the date the cancellation or nonrenewal notice is effective. 255

3. [Repealed.]

256 B. 1. If the terms of the policy require the notice of cancellation or refusal to renew to be given to 257 any lienholder, then the insurer shall mail such notice and retain a copy of the notice in the manner 258 required by subsection A of this section. If the notices sent to the insured and the lienholder are part of 259 the same form, the insurer may retain a single copy of the notice. The registered, certified or regular 260 mail postal receipt and the copy of the notices required by this section shall be retained by the insurer 261 for at least one year from the date of termination Proof of mailing from the United States Postal Service 262 consistent with the mailing method utilized by the insurer shall be maintained for one year from the date the cancellation or nonrenewal notice is effective. 263

264 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision B 1, if the terms of the policy require the notice of 265 cancellation or refusal to renew to be given to any lienholder, the insurer and lienholder may agree by 266 separate agreement that such notices may be transmitted electronically, provided that the insurer and lienholder agree upon the specifics for transmittal and acknowledgement acknowledgment of notification. 267 268 Evidence of transmittal or receipt of the notification required by this subsection shall be retained by the 269 insurer for at least one year from the date of termination.

270 C. "Copy," as used in this section, shall include includes photographs, microphotographs, photostats, 271 microfilm, microcard, printouts or other reproductions of electronically stored data, or copies from 272 optical disks, electronically transmitted facsimiles, or any other reproduction of an original from a 273 process which that forms a durable medium for its recording, storing, and reproducing.

274 2. That an emergency exists and this act is in force from its passage.