

Department of Planning and Budget

2015 Fiscal Impact Statement

1. Bill Number: HB1380

House of Origin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Introduced	<input type="checkbox"/>	Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/>	Engrossed
Second House	<input type="checkbox"/>	In Committee	<input type="checkbox"/>	Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enrolled

2. Patron: Farrell

3. Committee: Education

4. Title: Higher education institutions, four-year public; dual enrollment programs.

5. Summary: Permits four-year public institutions of higher education to offer at a public high school through a dual enrollment program courses similar to those offered by the comprehensive community college that serves the area when such community college is unable to offer its courses at the public high school despite good faith negotiations with the appropriate school board employees. The bill also removes obsolete provisions about extension programs and facilities for such programs.

6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No.

7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Indeterminate, see item 8.

8. Fiscal Implications: It is likely there will be some cost associated with any dual enrollment program offered by four-year institutions, including academic evaluation and readiness. The colleges and universities, however, could potentially collect additional tuition and fee revenues for students enrolling in these courses that would cover these costs. Students would also have to be academically eligible for those colleges or universities.

9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: All public colleges and universities; local high schools.

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.

11. Other Comments: This legislation allows four-year public colleges to offer dual enrollment courses, not mandate they do. It cannot be determined at this time how many of the four-year college and universities would elect to provide this dual enrollment course offerings. The companion bill is SB983.