Department of Planning and Budget 2014 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Bill Number:	SB 183					
	House of Origin		Introduced		Substitute		Engrossed
	Second House		In Committee		Substitute	\square	Enrolled
2.	Patron: M	[cWate	ers				

- **3. Committee:** Passed Both Houses
- 4. Title: Screening newborns for critical congenital heart defects
- **5. Summary:** The amended bill requires the Board of Health to include in its regulations governing hospitals a requirement that every hospital implement a protocol for testing newborn infants for critical congenital heart defects, including performing pulse oximetry screening for newborn infants and providing appropriate follow-up and treatment for infants diagnosed with a critical congenital heart defect. Furthermore, the bill allows any infant whose parent or guardian objects based on religious practices to be excluded from such screening tests. The bill adds a second enactment clause authorizing the Board of Health to promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of this act to be effective within 280 days of its enactment. The bill adds a third enactment clause requiring the Board of Health shall convene a work group of health care providers and other stakeholders, to provide information and recommendations for the development of regulations to implement the provisions of this act.
- 6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No.
- 7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Final.
- 8. Fiscal Implications: This bill would have a minimal impact on the Commonwealth. This bill requires hospitals to screen newborns for critical congenital heart defects. The agency has determined a minimal cost of staff resources associated with the development of these regulations and convening a workgroup, which can be absorbed in the agency's existing workload.
- 9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: Department of Health.

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.

11. Other Comments: HB387, introduced by Senator Comstock, is a companion bill.