2014 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 810

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice

on February 17, 2014)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Carr)

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 17.1-805 and 18.2-280 of the Code of Virginia, relating to celebratory gunfire; penalty.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 17.1-805 and 18.2-280 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 17.1-805. Adoption of initial discretionary sentencing guideline midpoints.

11 A. The Commission shall adopt an initial set of discretionary felony sentencing guidelines which shall become effective on January 1, 1995. The initial recommended sentencing range for each felony 12 offense shall be determined first, by computing the actual time-served distribution for similarly situated 13 offenders, in terms of their conviction offense and prior criminal history, released from incarceration 14 15 during the base period of calendar years 1988 through 1992, increased by 13.4 percent, and second, by 16 eliminating from this range the upper and lower quartiles. The midpoint of each initial recommended 17 sentencing range shall be the median time served for the middle two quartiles and subject to the following additional enhancements: 18

1. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for first degree murder, second degree 19 20 murder, rape in violation of § 18.2-61, forcible sodomy, object sexual penetration, and aggravated sexual battery, shall be further increased by (i) 125 percent in cases in which the defendant has no previous conviction of a violent felony offense; (ii) 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously 21 22 23 been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years; 24 or (iii) 500 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony 25 offense punishable by a maximum punishment of 40 years or more, except that the recommended sentence for a defendant convicted of first degree murder who has previously been convicted of a 26 27 violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more shall be 28 imprisonment for life;

29 2. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for voluntary manslaughter, robbery, 30 aggravated malicious wounding, malicious wounding, and any burglary of a dwelling house or statutory 31 burglary of a dwelling house or any burglary committed while armed with a deadly weapon or any 32 statutory burglary committed while armed with a deadly weapon shall be further increased by (i) 100 percent in cases in which the defendant has no previous conviction of a violent felony offense, (ii) 300 33 34 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense 35 punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of less than 40 years, or (iii) 500 percent in cases in 36 which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a 37 maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more;

38 3. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for manufacturing, selling, giving or
39 distributing, or possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute a Schedule I or II
40 controlled substance shall be increased by (i) 200 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously
41 been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years
42 or (ii) 400 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony
43 offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more; and

44 4. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for felony offenses not specified in subdivision 1, 2, or 3 shall be increased by 100 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years, and by 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more.

B. For purposes of this chapter, previous convictions shall include prior adult convictions and juvenile convictions and adjudications of delinquency based on an offense which would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories.

C. For purposes of this chapter, violent felony offenses shall include any felony violation of
§ 16.1-253.2; solicitation to commit murder under § 18.2-29; any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-32,
18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, or 18.2-35; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-36.1; any violation of
§ 18.2-40 or 18.2-41; any violation of clause (c)(i) or (ii) of subsection B of § 18.2-46.3; any violation of
§ 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, or 18.2-46.7; any Class 5 felony violation of § 18.2-47; any felony violation of § 18.2-48, 18.2-48.1, or 18.2-49; any violation of § 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3,
18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.6, 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, or 18.2-55; any

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60 violation of subsection B of § 18.2-57; any felony violation of § 18.2-57.2; any violation of § 18.2-58 or 18.2-58.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-60.1, 18.2-60.3, or 18.2-60.4; any violation of § 18.2-61, 61 18.2-64.1, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, former § 18.2-67.2:1, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.5, or 18.2-67.5:1 involving a 62 63 third conviction of either sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4 or attempted sexual battery in 64 violation of subsection C of § 18.2-67.5; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-63; any violation of 65 subsection A of § 18.2-67.4:1; any violation of subsection A of § 18.2-77; any Class 3 felony violation 66 of § 18.2-79; any Class 3 felony violation of § 18.2-80; any violation of § 18.2-85, 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 18.2-91, 18.2-92, or 18.2-93; any felony violation of § 18.2-152.7; any Class 4 felony violation of 67 § 18.2-153; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-154; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-155; any 68 felony violation of § 18.2-162; any violation of § 18.2-279 involving an occupied dwelling; any felony 69 violation of subsection A Θ , B, or C of s 18.2-280; any violation of s 18.2-281; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-282; any felony violation of s 18.2-282.1; any violation of s 18.2-286.1, 18.2-287.2, 18.2-289, or 18.2-290; any violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of subsection A of s 18.2-280; any felony violation of s 18.2-280; any felony vi 70 71 72 subsection C of § 18.2-308.1 or 18.2-308.2; any violation of § 18.2-308.2:1 or subsection M or N of 73 74 § 18.2-308.2:2; any violation of § 18.2-308.3 or 18.2-312; any violation of subdivision (2) or (3) of 75 § 18.2-355; any violation of former § 18.2-358; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-366; any violation of § 18.2-368, 18.2-370, or 18.2-370.1; any 76 violation of subsection A of § 18.2-371.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-369 resulting in serious bodily 77 78 injury or disease; any violation of § 18.2-374.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-374.1; any violation of § 18.2-374.3 or 18.2-374.4; any second or subsequent offense under §§ 18.2-379 and 18.2-381; any 79 felony violation of § 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 18.2-408, 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 80 18.2-423.01, 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, or 18.2-433.2; any felony violation of § 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, or 81 18.2-477.1; any violation of § 18.2-477, 18.2-478, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, or 18.2-485; any violation of § 37.2-917; any violation of § 52-48; any violation of § 53.1-203; or any conspiracy or attempt to 82 83 84 commit any offense specified in this subsection, and any substantially similar offense under the laws of 85 any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. 86

§ 18.2-280. Willfully discharging firearms in public places.

87 A. If any person willfully discharges or causes to be discharged any firearm in any street in a city or 88 town, or in any place of public business or place of public gathering, and such conduct results in bodily 89 injury to another person, he shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. If such conduct does not result in bodily 90 injury to another person, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

91 B. If any person willfully discharges or causes to be discharged a projectile from any firearm into 92 the air with no discernible or designated target and such conduct results in the death of another person, 93 he is guilty of a Class 5 felony. If such conduct does not result in the death of another person, but does 94 result in bodily injury to another person, he is guilty of a Class 6 felony. If such conduct does not result 95 in bodily injury to another person, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

96 C. If any person willfully discharges or causes to be discharged any firearm upon the buildings and 97 grounds of any public, private or religious elementary, middle or high school, he shall be guilty of a 98 Class 4 felony, unless he is engaged in a program or curriculum sponsored by or conducted with 99 permission of a public, private or religious school.

C. D. If any person willfully discharges or causes to be discharged any firearm upon any public 100 101 property within 1,000 feet of the property line of any public, private or religious elementary, middle or 102 high school property he shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, unless he is engaged in lawful hunting.

103 D. E. This section shall not apply to any law-enforcement officer in the performance of his official 104 duties nor to any other person whose said willful act is otherwise justifiable or excusable at law in the 105 protection of his life or property, or is otherwise specifically authorized by law.

E. F. Nothing in this statute shall preclude the Commonwealth from electing to prosecute under any 106 107 other applicable provision of law instead of this section.

108 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 109 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot 110 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 806 of the Acts of Assembly of 2013 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to 111 112 assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to \$ 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the

113 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the

114 **Department of Juvenile Justice.**