# 2013 SESSION

**ENROLLED** 

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### VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-293, 63.2-100 as it shall become effective, and 63.2-905.1 of the
3 Code of Virginia, relating to foster children committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice;
4 independent living services.

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#### Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That §§ 16.1-293, 63.2-100 as it shall become effective, and 63.2-905.1 of the Code of Virginia 9 are amended and reenacted as follows:

10 § 16.1-293. Supervision of juvenile or person during commitment and on parole; placing 11 juvenile in halfway house.

12 At such time as the court commits a juvenile to the Department, the juvenile and domestic relations 13 district court service unit shall maintain contact with the juvenile during the juvenile's commitment.

If a person is placed on parole supervision following that person's release from commitment to the Department, the court services unit providing parole supervision shall furnish the person a written statement of the conditions of his parole and shall instruct him regarding the same. The conditions of the reenrollment plan may be included in the conditions of parole. Violations of parole shall be heard by the court pursuant to § 16.1-291. If the parole supervision is for an indeterminate period of time, the director of the supervising court services unit may approve termination of parole supervision.

20 The Department shall notify the school division superintendent in the locality where the person was 21 enrolled of his commitment to a facility. The court services unit shall, in consultation with the local school division, the Department's Division of Education and the juvenile correctional counselor, develop 22 23 a reenrollment plan if the person is of compulsory school attendance age or is eligible for special 24 education services pursuant to § 22.1-213. The reenrollment plan shall be in accordance with regulations 25 adopted by the Board of Education pursuant to § 22.1-17.1. The superintendent shall provide the 26 person's scholastic records, as defined in § 22.1-289, and the terms and conditions of any expulsion 27 which was in effect at the time of commitment or which will be in effect upon release. A court may not order a local school board to reenroll a person who has been expelled in accordance with the procedures 28 29 set forth in § 22.1-277.06. At least 14 days prior to the person's scheduled release, the Department shall 30 notify the school division superintendent in the locality where the person will reside.

In the event it is determined by the juvenile and domestic relations district court that a person may benefit from placement in the halfway house program operated by the Department, the person may be referred for care and treatment to a halfway house. Persons so placed in a halfway house shall remain in parole status and cannot be transferred or otherwise placed in another institutional setting or institutional placement operated by the Department except as elsewhere provided by law for those persons who have violated their parole status.

37 In the event that the person was in the custody of the local department of social services immediately 38 prior to his commitment to the Department and has not attained the age of 18 years, the local 39 department of social services shall resume custody upon the person's release from commitment, unless 40 an alternative arrangement for the custody of the person has been made and communicated in writing to 41 the Department. At least 90 days prior to the person's release from commitment on parole supervision, 42 (i) the court services unit shall consult with the local department of social services concerning return of 43 the person to the locality and the placement of the person and (ii) the local department of social services and the court services unit shall collaborate to develop a plan that prepares the person for successful 44 45 transition from the Department's commitment to the custody of the local department of social services or to an alternative custody arrangement if applicable. The plan shall identify the services necessary for 46 such transition and how the services are to be provided. The court services unit will be responsible for 47 supervising the person's terms and conditions of parole. **48** 

In the event that the person was in the custody of the local department of social services immediately 49 50 prior to his commitment to the Department, is between 18 and 21 years of age, provides written notice of his intent to receive independent living services to the local department of social services, and enters 51 into a written agreement with the local department of social services as set forth in § 63.2-905.1, the 52 53 person shall be eligible to receive independent living services from the local department or a 54 child-placing agency pursuant to § 63.2-905.1. At least 90 days prior to the person's release from 55 commitment on parole supervision, (i) the court services unit shall inform the person of the availability 56 of independent living services and shall consult with the local department of social services concerning

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57 return of the person to the locality and living arrangements for the person and (ii) the local department 58 of social services and the court services unit shall work collaboratively to develop a plan for the 59 successful transition of the person from the custody of the Department to independent living, which shall 60 identify the services necessary to facilitate the person's transition to independent living and describe 61 how the necessary services shall be provided.

62 In all cases in which a person who is in the custody of the local department of social services is 63 committed to the Department, the local department of social services and the Department shall work 64 cooperatively through the duration of the person's commitment to ensure communication of information 65 regarding the status of the person and to facilitate transition planning for the person prior to his 66 release. 67

#### § 63.2-100. (Effective July 1, 2013) Definitions.

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- As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- "Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 70 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 71 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 72 73 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 74 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 75 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 76 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 77 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

78 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 79 necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 80 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 81 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 82 83 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 84 85 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 86 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 87 88 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 89 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 90 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4; 91

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

92 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act 93 of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

94 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 95 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco 96 parentis; or

97 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 98 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 99 defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the 100 parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor 101 for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to  $\S$  9.1-902.

102 If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a 103 104 hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad that employs 105 emergency medical technicians, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental 106 rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected 107 child upon the ground of abandonment.

"Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a 108 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption. 109

110 "Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 111 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

"Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable 112 113 confinement of an adult.

114 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, 115 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by 116 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 117

118 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage.

119 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or120 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total

121 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

122 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's123 profit or advantage.

124 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a
 125 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three
 126 adults.

"Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide
for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and
that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being.
However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious
nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such
treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult
and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

"Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary toprotect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

"Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who
 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with
 activities of daily living.

139 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 140 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 141 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for 142 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board 143 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any 144 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility 145 serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 146 147 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 148 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the 149 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 150 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 151 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 152 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 153 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 154 155 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 156 individual.

"Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who
receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive
these benefits except for excess income.

160 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

161 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means 162 parent(s) by previous adoption.

163 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

164 "Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

"Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of
13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or
more children at any location.

"Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

171 "Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or
172 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster
173 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or
174 agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who
175 serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

176 "Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints
177 and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes
178 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child

179 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 180 abused or neglected.

181 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of 182 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or 183 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

184 "Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, family day home, family day system, or independent foster home. 185

"Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is 186 maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time 187 188 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services 189 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. 190 Children's residential facility shall not include:

191 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, 192 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer 193 vacation;

2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

196 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized 197 representative. 198

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

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199 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated 200 201 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining 202 203 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

"Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and 204 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, 205 206 repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or 207 repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the 208 209 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

210 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the 211 212 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care 213 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 214 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving six through 12 children, exclusive of the 215 216 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family 217 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own 218 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily 219 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all grandchildren of the provider 220 shall not be required to be licensed.

221 "Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system; 222 who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of 223 224 operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes; 225 inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to 226 available health and social services.

227 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or 228 guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an 229 entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

230 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a 231 child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

232 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned 233 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with 234 § 63.2-401.

235 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by 236 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein 237 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by 238 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of 239

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240 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

241 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over 242 and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning from 243 foster care to self-sufficiency.

244 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the 245 custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or 246 licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental 247 supervision.

248 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 249 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and 250 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 251 252 the age of 21 years or (ii) is at least 18 years of age but who has not yet reached 21 years of age and 253 who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a 254 local board of social services. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, 255 and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate 256 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

257 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living 258 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an 259 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

260 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other 261 262 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under 263 which it operates.

264 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care 265 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of 266 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or 267 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the 268 action of any court. 269

"Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

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"Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

271 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this 272 Commonwealth.

273 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 274 city or county.

275 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation 276 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel 277 Management.

278 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in 279 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

280 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 281 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child 282 care; and general relief.

283 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 284 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 285 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 286 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 287 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 288 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

289 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary 290 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a 291 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

"Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults 292 293 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of 294 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent 295 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

296 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic 297 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by 298 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 299 300 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under

301 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

302 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed 303 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A 304

special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the 305 306 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible 307 children.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the 308 309 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive 310 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for 311 Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

"Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social 312 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on 313 314 behalf of qualifying children. 315

## § 63.2-905.1. Independent living services.

Local departments and licensed child-placing agencies may provide independent living services to 316 317 any person between 18 and 21 years of age who is in the process of transitioning from foster care to 318 self-sufficiency. Any person who was committed or entrusted to a local board or licensed child-placing 319 agency may choose to discontinue receiving independent living services any time before his twenty-first 320 birthday in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board. The local board or licensed child-placing 321 agency shall restore independent living services at the request of that person provided that (i) the person 322 has not yet reached 21 years of age and (ii) the person has entered into a written agreement, less than 323 60 days after independent living services have been discontinued, with the local board or licensed 324 child-placing agency regarding the terms and conditions of his receipt of independent living services.

325 Local departments and licensed child-placing agencies may provide independent living services to any person between 18 and 21 years of age who (a) was in the custody of the local department of 326 social services immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, (b) is in the 327 328 process of transitioning from a commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice to self-sufficiency, and 329 (c) provides written notice of his intent to receive independent living services and enters into a written 330 agreement for the provision of independent living services, which sets forth the terms and conditions of the provision of independent living services, with the local board or licensed child-placing agency within 331 332 60 days of his release from commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice.

Local departments that provide independent living services to persons between 18 and 21 years of 333 334 age shall provide any person who chooses to leave foster care or terminate independent living services 335 before his twenty-first birthday written notice of his right to request restoration of independent living 336 services in accordance with this section by including such written notice in the person's transition plan. Such transition plan shall be created at least 90 days prior to the person's discharge from foster care. 337 Local departments and licensed child-placing agencies may provide independent living services as part of the foster care services provided to any child 14 years of age or older. All independent living services 338 339 340 shall be provided in accordance with regulations adopted by the board Board.