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SENATE BILL NO. 1339

Senate Amendments in [] — January 31, 2013

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-585.1 and 56-585.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the regulation of investor-owned electric utilities.

Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator Saslaw

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

That §§ 56-585.1 and 56-585.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
 § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or
 expire.

14 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 15 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 16 17 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 18 19 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use 20 any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 21 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 22 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 23 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 24 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 25 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 26 27 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 28 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 29 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 30 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 31 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 32 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 33 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 34 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 35 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 36 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 37 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 38 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 39 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 40 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 41 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event 42 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 43 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 44 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 45 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 46 47 conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following **48** 49 provisions:

50 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 51 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission 52 53 may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive 54 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings 55 utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year 56 in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an 57 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case 58 59 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a

60 Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

61 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
62 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
63 combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

71 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall 72 first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the 73 group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 74 75 its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an 76 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are 77 78 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 79 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 80 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal 81 operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 82 83 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not 84 an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review.

85 c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the 86 enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease such the 87 utility's combined rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards 88 89 determined by the Commission to be appropriate for such purposes, such action being referred to in this 90 section as a Performance Incentive. If the Commission adopts such Performance Incentive, it shall remain in effect without change until the next biennial review for such utility is concluded and shall not 91 be modified pursuant to any provision of the remainder of this subsection the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance. 92 93

d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 94 95 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 96 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 97 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 98 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 99 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 100 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall be made without regard to any Performance Incentive adopted by the Commission, or any enhanced rate 101 102 of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration of overall economic conditions, the level of 103 104 interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of goods and services, the effect on the 105 utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were 106 utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other factors as the Commission may deem 107 108 relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that use of the Current Return for the 109 Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for such utility shall be calculated, 110 111 for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the 112 increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States 113 114 Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. For 115 purposes of this subdivision:

116 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
117 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for
118 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial
119 Return for such utility.

120 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for 121 any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

128 f. The determination of such returns, including the determination of whether to adopt a Performance 129 Incentive and the amount thereof, shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and 130 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to 131 facilities described in subdivision 6.

g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by both the generation and distribution
services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined *or*, *for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined*, such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or
insufficient, respectively.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent biennial review.

140 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011, 141 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 142 applications; however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial reviews of utilities 143 as provided in subdivision 1, then Phase I utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2011 and Phase II 144 utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two successive 145 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be 146 segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 147 148 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 149 adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5 or those related to facilities 150 utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the 151 utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment 152 clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues 153 and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or 154 credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein 155 specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the 156 purposes of future biennial review proceedings.

157 4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for 158 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a 159 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy 160 Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional 161 162 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the 163 expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the 164 Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without 165 limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities, 166 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be 167 168 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

169 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
170 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
171 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1,
2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring
such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of
§ 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that
comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency
 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of
 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in

subdivision A 2 of this section. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the
program is in the public interest. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the
utility, shall allow for the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The
Commission shall only allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue
has not been recovered through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that
are directly attributable to energy efficiency programs.

189 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 190 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any customer that has a verifiable history of having used more 191 than 10 megawatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. Nor shall any of the costs of new energy 192 efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of revenue reductions, be incurred by any 193 large general service customer as defined herein that has notified the utility of non-participation in such 194 energy efficiency program or programs. A large general service customer is a customer that has a 195 verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. 196 Non-participation in energy efficiency programs shall be allowed by the Commission if the large general 197 service customer has, at the customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have 198 produced or will produce measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other 199 regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than November 15, 2009, 200 promulgate rules and regulations to accommodate the process under which such large general service 201 customers shall file notice for such an exemption and (i) establish the administrative procedures by 202 which eligible customers will notify the utility and (ii) define the standard criteria that must be satisfied 203 by an applicant in order to notify the utility. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the 204 Commission may also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 205 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process as well as its administration of energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. The notice of 206 207 non-participation by a large general service customer, to be given by March 1 of a given year, shall be 208 for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency program. The Commission on its 209 own motion may initiate steps necessary to verify such non-participants' achievement of energy 210 efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the non-participant has knowingly 211 misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. A utility shall not charge such large general service 212 customer, as defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond 213 what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the 214 customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant 215 proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic 216 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2; and

221 e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with 222 state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the 223 utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs 224 are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations. If the Commission determines it 225 would be just, reasonable, and in the public interest, the Commission may include the enhanced rate of 226 return on common equity prescribed in subdivision 6 in a rate adjustment clause approved hereunder for 227 a project whose purpose is to reduce the need for construction of new generation facilities by enabling 228 the continued operation of existing generation facilities. In the event the Commission includes such 229 enhanced return in such rate adjustment clause, the project that is the subject of such clause shall be 230 treated as a facility described in subdivision 6 for the purposes of this section.

The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

233 6. To ensure a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the utility's projected native load 234 obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any time, after the expiration or 235 termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment clause for 236 recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation 237 facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth, as 238 described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's 239 service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, or (iii) one or more major unit 240 modifications of generation facilities; however, such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a 241 242 Phase I utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination 243 of capped rates. A utility that constructs any such facility shall have the right to recover the costs of the 244 facility, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress,

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and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and 245 246 construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive 247 to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below. 248 A utility seeking approval to construct a generating facility shall demonstrate that it has considered and 249 weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs 250 of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for funds 251 used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date the facility begins commercial 252 operation. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used 253 during construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility 254 and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the 255 Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the 256 257 range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and 258 shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the 259 energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the 260 facility. After the first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of 261 return shall be applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service 262 life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the date the facility begins commercial operation, and 263 such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the 264 utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by 265 adding the basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such 266 enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. 267 No change shall be made to any Performance Incentive previously adopted by the Commission in implementing any rate of return under this subdivision. Allowance for funds used during construction 268 269 shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of 270 capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this 271 subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any 272 facility described in clause (i) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such 273 facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The basis points to be added 274 to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on common equity, and the 275 first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced rate of return shall be applied, shall 276 vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table: 277 278 Type of Generation Facility Basis Points First Portion of Service Life 279

280			
281	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
282			
283 284 285 286	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
287 288 289	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
290 291 292 293	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
294 295 296	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
297 298 299 300	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion turbine	100	Between 10 and 20 years
301	For generating facilities other than the	se utilizina nu	clear nower or those utilizing energy

For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy derived
 from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under
 this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval

304 of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be
305 entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified in the above table during the
306 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life.

307 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy 308 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such 309 facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the 310 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in 311 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1, 312 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities shall be 100 basis points, which shall be added to the 313 314 utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2.

315 Generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines shall not 316 receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described herein, but instead shall receive the 317 utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the facility and, thereafter, for the entire 318 service life of the facility.

319 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (a) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 320 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (b) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by 321 322 methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 323 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 324 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used 325 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 326 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 327 combusted.

For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on
common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to
subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first
biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility
in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial 333 334 review conducted for a Phase II utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all 335 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 336 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 337 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 338 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 339 340 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 341 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 342 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 343 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 344 subdivision.

345 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 346 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 347 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 348 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to clause (a) of 349 subdivision 5, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, shall 350 be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or 351 352 353 during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and 354 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled 355 356 facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until 357 the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate 358 adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination 359 of capped rates related to other matters described in subdivisions 4, 5 or 6 shall be deferred beginning 360 only upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory 361 Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 362 61,012 (2004). The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5 or 363 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the 364 365 date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate

366 adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or 367 upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

368 8. In any biennial review proceeding, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the 369 370 utility for financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test 371 periods under review: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations 372 made by the utility prior to December 31, 2012, for utility generation plant; costs associated with severe 373 weather events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to have been 374 recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test 375 periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the utility's other 376 costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, 377 result in the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of return 378 379 authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 380 2012, to fall more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under 381 subdivision 2 for such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such biennial review proceeding, 382 authorize deferred recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred 383 costs over future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred 384 costs shall not exceed an amount that would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and 385 investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's 386 earned return on its generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized 387 under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, for the combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under 388 389 subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall limit the Commission's authority, 390 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2, following 391 the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a biennial review, for normalization of 392 nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, in determining any 393 appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution services pursuant 394 to clause (i) or (iii).

If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

395 396 (i) The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 397 more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution 398 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, more than 70 basis points below 399 a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, **400** without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities 401 described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 402 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 403 than such fair combined rate of return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis 404 for determining the amount of the rate increase necessary. However, the Commission may not order 405 such rate increase unless it finds that the resulting rates will are necessary to provide the utility with the 406 opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined 407 rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without 408 regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described 409 in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the 410 permissibility of any rate increase under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof;

411 (ii) The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 412 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution 413 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, more than 70 basis points above 414 a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, 415 without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities 416 described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that [60 70 60] percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test 417 418 period commencing after December 31, 2012, [that 70 percent of the amount of such earnings that 419 were] more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return for the test period or periods 420 under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be 421 amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, 422 following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be allocated among customer classes 423 such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of 424 return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design base 425 rates; or

426 (iii) Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, during 427 the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points 428 above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services or, for any test 429 period commencing after December 31, 2012, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 430 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 431 return on common equity or other matter determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, 432 the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions 433 authorized in clause (ii) of this subdivision, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds 434 appropriate. However, the Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the 435 resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its 436 services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 437 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 438 439 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate reduction under the 440 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof.

441 The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than eight 442 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 443 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 444 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such biennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 445 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire two successive 12-month test 446 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent biennial review 447 filing under subdivision 3.

448 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 449 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 450 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 451 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 452 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 453 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 454 points above a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services or, for any 455 test period commencing after December 31, 2012, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate 456 of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to 457 any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most 458 459 recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the annual increases in the United States Average 460 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, compounded annually, when compared to the total 461 462 aggregate regulated rates of such utility as determined pursuant to the biennial review conducted for the 463 base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the 464 provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of subdivision 8 are more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under review, considered as a whole that were 465 more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, more than 70 466 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu of the 467 468 provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of subdivision 8. Any such credits shall be amortized and allocated 469 among customer classes in the manner provided by clause (ii) of subdivision 8. For purposes of this 470 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected
to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December
31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test
period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this
subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to clause (i) of
subdivision 8; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate
increase applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in
effect as of July 1, 2009.

10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital of such utility, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant to clauses (i) and (iii) of subdivision 8, and without regard to the cost of capital structure,

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489 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In **490** particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 491 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 492 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 493 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax 494 costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any 495 consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 496 affiliates.

497 B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying **498** for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase **499** applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined **500** pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and **501** purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

502 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the 503 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, 504 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the 505 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

506 D. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Commission from determining, during any proceeding 507 authorized or required by this section, the reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected 508 to be incurred, by a utility in connection with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the 509 Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to 510 511 the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a 512 utility providing energy and capacity to its customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission 513 shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by 514 contract, further the objectives of the Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, 515 and shall also consider whether the costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases 516 in rates paid by consumers.

517 E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 518 the provisions of this section.

519 § 56-585.2. Sale of electricity from renewable sources through a renewable energy portfolio 520 standard program.

A. As used in this section:

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522 "Qualified investment" means an expense incurred in the Commonwealth by a participating utility in 523 conducting, either by itself or in partnership with institutions of higher education in the Commonwealth 524 or with industrial or commercial customers that have established renewable energy research and 525 development programs in the Commonwealth, research and development activities related to renewable 526 or alternative energy sources, which expense (i) is designed to enhance the participating utility's 527 understanding of emerging energy technologies and their potential impact on and value to the utility's 528 system and customers within the Commonwealth; (ii) promotes economic development within the 529 Commonwealth; (iii) supplements customer-driven alternative energy or energy efficiency initiatives; (iv) 530 supplements alternative energy and energy efficiency initiatives at state or local governmental facilities 531 in the Commonwealth; or (v) is designed to mitigate the environmental impacts of renewable energy 532 projects.

533 "Renewable energy" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in § 56-576, provided such renewable 534 energy is (i) generated or purchased in the Commonwealth or in the interconnection region of the 535 regional transmission entity of which the participating utility is a member, as it may change from time 536 to time; (ii) generated by a public utility providing electric service in the Commonwealth from a facility 537 in which the public utility owns at least a 49 percent interest and that is located in a control area 538 adjacent to such interconnection region; or (iii) represented by renewable energy certificates. "Renewable 539 energy" shall not include electricity generated from pumped storage, but shall include run-of-river 540 generation from a combined pumped-storage and run-of-river facility.

541 "Renewable energy certificate" means either (i) a certificate issued by an affiliate of the regional 542 transmission entity of which the participating utility is a member, as it may change from time to time, 543 or any successor to such affiliate, and held or acquired by such utility, that validates the generation of 544 renewable energy by eligible sources in the interconnection region of the regional transmission entity or 545 (ii) a certificate issued by the Commission pursuant to subsection J and held or acquired by a 546 participating utility, that validates a qualified investment made by the participating utility.

547 "Total electric energy sold in the base year" means total electric energy sold to Virginia jurisdictional
548 retail customers by a participating utility in calendar year 2007, excluding an amount equivalent to the
549 average of the annual percentages of the electric energy that was supplied to such customers from

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550 nuclear generating plants for the calendar years 2004 through 2006.

551 B. Any investor-owned incumbent electric utility may apply to the Commission for approval to 552 participate in a renewable energy portfolio standard program, as defined in this section. The Commission 553 shall approve such application if the applicant demonstrates that it has a reasonable expectation of 554 achieving 12 percent of its base year electric energy sales from renewable energy sources during 555 calendar year 2022, and 15 percent of its base year electric energy sales from renewable energy sources 556 during calendar year 2025, as provided in subsection D.

557 C. It is in the public interest for utilities that seek to have a renewable energy portfolio standard 558 program to achieve the goals set forth in subsection D, such goals being referred to herein as "RPS 559 Goals"." Accordingly, the Commission, in addition to providing recovery of incremental RPS program 560 costs pursuant to subsection E, shall increase the fair combined rate of return on common equity for each utility participating in such program by a single Performance Incentive, as defined in subdivision A 561 562 2 of § 56-585.1, of 50 basis points whenever the utility attains an RPS Goal established in subsection D. 563 Such Performance Incentive shall first be used in the calculation of a fair combined rate of return for 564 the purposes of the immediately succeeding biennial review conducted pursuant to § 56-585.1 after any 565 such RPS Goal is attained, and shall remain in effect if the utility continues to meet the RPS Goals established in this section through and including the third succeeding biennial review conducted 566 567 thereafter. Any such Performance Incentive, if implemented, shall be in lieu of any other Performance 568 Incentive reducing or increasing such utility's fair combined rate of return on common equity for the 569 same time periods. However, if the utility receives any other Performance Incentive increasing its fair 570 combined rate of return on common equity by more than 50 basis points, the utility shall be entitled to 571 such other Performance Incentive in lieu of this Performance Incentive during the term of such other 572 Performance Incentive. A utility shall receive double credit toward meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard for energy derived from sunlight, from onshore wind, or from facilities in the 573 574 Commonwealth fueled primarily by animal waste, and triple credit toward meeting the renewable energy 575 portfolio standard for energy derived from offshore wind.

576 D. To qualify for the Performance Incentive established in subsection C Regarding any renewable 577 energy portfolio standard program, the total electric energy sold by a utility to meet the RPS Goals 578 shall be composed of the following amounts of electric energy or renewable thermal energy equivalent 579 from renewable energy sources, as adjusted for any sales volumes lost through operation of the customer 580 choice provisions of subdivision A 3 or A 4 of § 56-577: 581

RPS Goal I: In calendar year 2010, 4 percent of total electric energy sold in the base year.

582 RPS Goal II: For calendar years 2011 through 2015, inclusive, an average of 4 percent of total 583 electric energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2016, 7 percent of total electric energy sold in **584** the base year.

585 RPS Goal III: For calendar years 2017 through 2021, inclusive, an average of 7 percent of total 586 electric energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2022, 12 percent of total electric energy sold 587 in the base year.

588 RPS Goal IV: For calendar years 2023 and 2024, inclusive, an average of 12 percent of total electric 589 energy sold in the base year, and in calendar year 2025, 15 percent of total electric energy sold in the 590 base year.

591 A utility may not apply renewable energy certificates issued pursuant to subsection J to meet more 592 than 20 percent of the sales requirement for the RPS Goal in any year.

593 A utility may apply renewable energy sales achieved or renewable energy certificates acquired during **594** the periods covered by any such RPS Goal that are in excess of the sales requirement for that RPS Goal 595 to the sales requirements for any future RPS Goal.

596 E. A utility participating in such program shall have the right to recover all incremental costs 597 incurred for the purpose of such participation in such program, as accrued against income, through rate 598 adjustment clauses as provided in subdivisions A 5 and A 6 of § 56-585.1, including, but not limited to, 599 administrative costs, ancillary costs, capacity costs, costs of energy represented by certificates described 600 in subsection A, and, in the case of construction of renewable energy generation facilities, allowance for 601 funds used during construction until such time as an enhanced rate of return, as determined pursuant to 602 subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1, on construction work in progress is included in rates, projected 603 construction work in progress, planning, development and construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs 604 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus an enhanced rate of return, as determined pursuant to subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1. This subsection shall not apply to qualified investments as provided in 605 606 subsection K. All incremental costs of the RPS program shall be allocated to and recovered from the 607 utility's customer classes based on the demand created by the class and within the class based on energy 608 used by the individual customer in the class, except that the incremental costs of the RPS program shall not be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large industrial rate classes of 609 610 the participating utilities and that are served at primary or transmission voltage.

611 F. A utility participating in such program shall apply towards meeting its RPS Goals any renewable

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612 energy from existing renewable energy sources owned by the participating utility or purchased as 613 allowed by contract at no additional cost to customers to the extent feasible. A utility participating in 614 such program shall not apply towards meeting its RPS Goals renewable energy certificates attributable to any renewable energy generated at a renewable energy generation source in operation as of July 1, 2007, 615 616 that is operated by a person that is served within a utility's large industrial rate class and that is served at primary or transmission voltage, except for those persons providing renewable thermal energy 617 618 equivalents to the utility. A participating utility shall be required to fulfill any remaining deficit needed 619 to fulfill its RPS Goals from new renewable energy supplies at reasonable cost and in a prudent manner 620 to be determined by the Commission at the time of approval of any application made pursuant to 621 subsection B. A participating utility may sell renewable energy certificates produced at its own generation facilities located in the Commonwealth or, if located outside the Commonwealth, owned by 622 623 such utility and in operation as of January 1, 2010, or renewable energy certificates acquired as part of a 624 purchase power agreement, to another entity and purchase lower cost renewable energy certificates and 625 the net difference in price between the renewable energy certificates shall be credited to customers. 626 Utilities participating in such program shall collectively, either through the installation of new generating 627 facilities, through retrofit of existing facilities or through purchases of electricity from new facilities 628 located in Virginia, use or cause to be used no more than a total of 1.5 million tons per year of green 629 wood chips, bark, sawdust, a tree or any portion of a tree which is used or can be used for lumber and 630 pulp manufacturing by facilities located in Virginia, towards meeting RPS goals, excluding such fuel used at electric generating facilities using wood as fuel prior to January 1, 2007. A utility with an 631 632 approved application shall be allocated a portion of the 1.5 million tons per year in proportion to its 633 share of the total electric energy sold in the base year, as defined in subsection A, for all utilities 634 participating in the RPS program. A utility may use in meeting RPS goals, without limitation, the 635 following sustainable biomass and biomass based waste to energy resources: mill residue, except wood 636 chips, sawdust and bark; pre-commercial soft wood thinning; slash; logging and construction debris; 637 brush; yard waste; shipping crates; dunnage; non-merchantable waste paper; landscape or right-of-way 638 tree trimmings; agricultural and vineyard materials; grain; legumes; sugar; and gas produced from the 639 anaerobic decomposition of animal waste.

640 G. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 641 the provisions of this section including a requirement that participants verify whether the RPS goals are **642** met in accordance with this section.

643 H. Each investor-owned incumbent electric utility shall report to the Commission annually by 644 November 1 identifying: 645

1. The utility's efforts, if any, to meet the RPS Goals, specifically identifying:

646 a. A list of all states where the purchased or owned renewable energy was generated, specifying the 647 number of megawatt hours or renewable energy certificates originating from each state;

648 b. A list of the decades in which the purchased or owned renewable energy generating units were 649 placed in service, specifying the number of megawatt hours or renewable energy certificates originating 650 from those units; and

c. A list of fuel types used to generate the purchased or owned renewable energy, specifying the 651 652 number of megawatt hours or renewable energy certificates originating from each fuel type; 653

2. The utility's overall generation of renewable energy; and

654 3. Advances in renewable generation technology that affect activities described in subdivisions 1 and 655 2.

656 I. The Commission shall post on its website the reports submitted by each investor-owned incumbent 657 electric utility pursuant to subsection H.

658 J. The Commission shall issue to a participating utility a number of renewable energy certificates for 659 qualified investments, upon request by a participating utility, if it finds that an expense satisfies the 660 conditions set forth in this section for a qualified investment, as follows:

661 1. By March 31 of each year, the participating utility shall provide an analysis, as reasonably 662 determined by a qualified independent broker, of the average for the preceding year of the publicly 663 available prices for Tier 1 renewable energy certificates and Tier 2 renewable energy certificates, 664 validating the generation of renewable energy by eligible sources, that were issued in the interconnection 665 region of the regional transmission entity of which the participating utility is a member;

666 2. In the same annual analysis provided to the Commission, the participating utility shall divide the 667 amount of the participating utility's qualified investments in the applicable period by the average price 668 determined pursuant to subdivision 1;

669 3. The number of renewable energy certificates to be issued to the participating utility shall equal the 670 product obtained pursuant to subdivision 2; and

671 4. The Commission shall review and validate the analysis provided by the participating utility within 672 90 days of submittal of its analysis to the Commission. If no corrections are made by the Commission, then the analysis shall be deemed correct and the renewable energy certificates shall be deemed issuedto the participating utility.

675 Each renewable energy certificate issued to a participating utility pursuant to this subsection shall
676 represent the equivalent of one megawatt hour of renewable energy sales achieved when applied to an
677 RPS Goal.

K. Qualified investments shall constitute reasonable and prudent operating expenses of a participating utility. Notwithstanding subsection E, a participating utility shall not be authorized to recover the costs associated with qualified investments through rate adjustment clauses as provided in subdivisions A 5 and A 6 of § 56-585.1. In any proceeding conducted pursuant to § 56-585.1 or other provision of this title in which a participating utility seeks recovery of its qualified investments as an operating expense, the participating utility shall not be authorized to earn a return on its qualified investments.

684 L. A participating utility shall not be eligible for a research and development tax credit pursuant to
685 § 58.1-439.12:08 with regard to any expense incurred or investment made by the participating utility that
686 constitutes a qualified investment pursuant to this section.

2. That unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act shall apply to any proceeding filed
pursuant to § [56-249.6,] 56-585.1, or 56-585.2 of the Code of Virginia on or after January 1,
2013.

690 3. That an electric utility's [authorized return on fair combined rate of return on common] 691 equity as approved by the State Corporation Commission in the utility's last biennial review

692 proceeding prior to January 1, 2013, shall remain in effect for the purposes of [applying 693 reviewing the utility's test period earnings under] the provisions of this act in such utility's first

694 biennial review proceeding to occur after January 1, 2013.