2013 SESSION

13103687D **HOUSE BILL NO. 2151** 1 2 Offered January 9, 2013 3 Prefiled January 9, 2013 4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-507, 22.1-1, 22.1-79, 22.1-253.13:5, 22.1-293, 22.1-294, 22.1-295, 22.1-298.1, 22.1-299, 22.1-302, 22.1-303, 22.1-304, 22.1-305, 22.1-305.1, 22.1-306, 22.1-307, 22.1-309, 22.1-311, 22.1-313, and 22.1-314 of the Code of Virginia, and to repeal §§ 22.1-299.3, 7 22.1-310, and 22.1-312 of the Code of Virginia, relating to public schools; evaluation policies and 8 grievance procedures. 9 Patrons-Bell, Richard P., Bell, Robert B., Cline, Cox, M.K., Dudenhefer, Farrell, Greason, Landes, Morefield, Morris, Pogge, Putney, Ramadan, Robinson, Scott, E.T., Stolle, Wilt, Yancey and Yost 10 Referred to Committee on Education 11 12 13 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 2.2-507, 22.1-1, 22.1-79, 22.1-253.13:5, 22.1-293, 22.1-294, 22.1-295, 22.1-298.1, 22.1-299, 14 22.1-302, 22.1-303, 22.1-304, 22.1-305, 22.1-305.1, 22.1-306, 22.1-307, 22.1-309, 22.1-311, 22.1-313, 15 and 22.1-314 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 16 17 § 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters. 18 A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge, 19 20including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and 21 performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation 22 concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular 23 counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division, 24 commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or 25 through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions, 26 commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same 27 transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple 28 interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity. 29 The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public, 30 or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts, 31 the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts. 32 B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the 33 following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter 34 connected with their official duties: 35 1. Members, agents or employees of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; 36 2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission; 37 3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation; 4. Members, agents or employees of the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental 38 39 Services, the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Board of Health, 40 the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services, the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the 41 State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole Board, or the 42 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; 43 44 5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board; 6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles; 45 7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources; 46 8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police; 47 48 9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries; 49 10. Third impartial panel members Hearing officers appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant 50 to $\frac{8}{22.1-312}$ § 22.1-311; 51 11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant 52 to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1; 12. Any emergency medical service agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in any 53 54 civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him for 55 alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties; 13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation; or 56

14. A person appointed by written order of a circuit court judge to run an existing corporation or

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58 company as the judge's representative, when that person is acting in execution of a lawful order of the court and the order specifically refers to this section and appoints such person to serve as an agent of

59 60 the Commonwealth.

61 Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through 62 one of his assistants any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician possessing a 63 valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in which a defense 64 of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225.

C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal 65 service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, 66 whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel 67 shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division or 68 department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees 69 are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 70 contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties 71 72 in which it, or any justice, is a party. 73

§ 22.1-1. Definitions.

74 As used in this title unless the context requires otherwise or it is otherwise specifically provided:

75 "Board" or "State Board" means the Board of Education.

76 "Division superintendent" means the division superintendent of schools of a school division.

77 "Elementary" includes kindergarten.

"Elementary and secondary" and "elementary or secondary" include elementary, middle, and high 78 79 school grades.

80 "Governing body" or "local governing body" means the board of supervisors of a county, council of a city, or council of a town, responsible for appropriating funds for such locality, as the context may 81 82 require.

"Middle school" means separate schools for early adolescents and the middle school grades that 83 84 might be housed at elementary or high schools.

85 "Parent" or "parents" means any parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person having control or 86 charge of a child.

87 "Person of school age" means a person who will have reached his fifth birthday on or before September 30 of the school year and who has not reached twenty years of age on or before August 1 of 88 89 the school year. 90

"School board" means the school board that governs a school division.

91 "Teacher" means a person who (i) is regularly employed as a classroom teacher, guidance counselor, or library-media specialist or librarian and (ii) holds a valid teaching license. 92

§ 22.1-79. Powers and duties. 93

94 A school board shall:

95 1. See that the school laws are properly explained, enforced and observed;

96 2. Secure, by visitation or otherwise, as full information as possible about the conduct of the public 97 schools in the school division and take care that they are conducted according to law and with the 98 utmost efficiency;

99 3. Care for, manage and control the property of the school division and provide for the erecting, 100 furnishing, equipping, and noninstructional operating of necessary school buildings and appurtenances 101 and the maintenance thereof by purchase, lease, or other contracts;

4. Provide for the consolidation of schools or redistricting of school boundaries or adopt pupil 102 assignment plans whenever such procedure will contribute to the efficiency of the school division; 103

5. Insofar as not inconsistent with state statutes and regulations of the Board of Education, operate 104 105 and maintain the public schools in the school division and determine the length of the school term, the 106 studies to be pursued, the methods of teaching and the government to be employed in the schools;

107 6. In instances in which no grievance procedure has been adopted prior to January 1, 1991, establish and administer by July 1, 1992, a grievance procedure for all school board employees, except the 108 109 division superintendent and those employees covered under the provisions of Article 2 (§ 22.1-293 et seq.) and Article 3 (§ 22.1-306 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of this title, who have completed such 110 probationary period as may be required by the school board, not to exceed 18 months. The grievance 111 112 procedure shall afford a timely and fair method of the resolution of disputes arising between the school board and such employees regarding dismissal or other disciplinary actions, excluding suspensions, and 113 shall be consistent with the provisions of the Board of Education's procedures for adjusting grievances, 114 except that there shall be no right to a hearing before a fact-finding panel. Except in the case of 115 dismissal, suspension, or other disciplinary action, the grievance procedure prescribed by the Board of 116 Education pursuant to § 22.1-308 shall apply to all full-time employees of a school board, except 117 118 supervisory employees;

7. Perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by the Board of Education or as are imposed by 119

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120 law;

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121 8. Obtain public comment through a public hearing not less than 10 days after reasonable notice to 122 the public in a newspaper of general circulation in the school division prior to providing (i) for the 123 consolidation of schools; (ii) the transfer from the public school system of the administration of all 124 instructional services for any public school classroom or all noninstructional services in the school 125 division pursuant to a contract with any private entity or organization; or (iii) in school divisions having 126 15,000 pupils or more in average daily membership, for redistricting of school boundaries or adopting 127 any pupil assignment plan affecting the assignment of 15 percent or more of the pupils in average daily 128 membership in the affected school. Such public hearing may be held at the same time and place as the meeting of the school board at which the proposed action is taken if the public hearing is held before 129 130 the action is taken. If a public hearing has been held prior to the effective date of this provision on a 131 proposed consolidation, redistricting or pupil assignment plan which is to be implemented after the 132 effective date of this provision, an additional public hearing shall not be required;

9. (Expires July 1, 2015) At least annually, survey the school division to identify critical shortages of
teachers and administrative personnel by subject matter, and report such critical shortages to the
Superintendent of Public Instruction and to the Virginia Retirement System; however, the school board
may request the division superintendent to conduct such survey and submit such report to the school
board, the Superintendent, and the Virginia Retirement System; and

138 10. Ensure that the public schools within the school division are registered with the Department of
139 State Police to receive from the State Police electronic notice of the registration or reregistration of any
140 sex offender within that school division pursuant to § 9.1-914.

§ 22.1-253.13:5. Standard 5. Quality of classroom instruction and educational leadership.

A. Each member of the Board of Education shall participate in high-quality professional developmentprograms on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education as part of his service on the Board.

144 B. Consistent with the finding that leadership is essential for the advancement of public education in 145 the Commonwealth, teacher, administrator principal, and superintendent evaluations shall be consistent 146 with the performance objectives standards included in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria for Teachers, Administrators Principals, and Superintendents. 147 148 Evaluations shall include student academic progress as a significant component and an overall 149 summative rating. Teacher evaluations shall include regular observation and evidence that instruction is 150 aligned with the school's curriculum. Evaluations shall include identification of areas of individual 151 strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for appropriate professional activities.

152 C. The Board of Education shall provide guidance on high-quality professional development for (i) 153 teachers, principals, supervisors, division superintendents, and other school staff; (ii) administrative and 154 supervisory personnel principals, supervisors, and division superintendents in the evaluation and 155 documentation of teacher and administrator principal performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or administrative personnel; (iii) school board 156 157 members on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education; and (iv) programs in Braille for 158 teachers of the blind and visually impaired, in cooperation with the Virginia Department for the Blind 159 and Vision Impaired.

The Board shall also provide technical assistance on high-quality professional development to local
 school boards designed to ensure that all instructional personnel are proficient in the use of educational
 technology consistent with its comprehensive plan for educational technology.

163 D. Each local school board shall require (i) its members to participate annually in high-quality 164 professional development activities at the state, local, or national levels on governance, including, but 165 not limited to, personnel policies and practices; the evaluation of personnel, curriculum, and instruction; 166 use of data in planning and decision making; and current issues in education as part of their service on 167 the local board and (ii) the division superintendent to participate annually in high-quality professional development activities at the local, state, or national levels, *including the Standards of Quality*, Board of 168 169 Education regulations, and the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria 170 for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents.

171 E. Each local school board shall provide a program of high-quality professional development (i) in 172 the use and documentation of performance standards and evaluation criteria based on student academic 173 progress and skills for teachers, *principals*, and administrators superintendents to clarify roles and 174 performance expectations and to facilitate the successful implementation of instructional programs that 175 promote student achievement at the school and classroom levels; (ii) as part of the license renewal 176 process, to assist teachers and principals in acquiring the skills needed to work with gifted students, 177 students with disabilities, and students who have been identified as having limited English proficiency 178 and to increase student achievement and expand the knowledge and skills students require to meet the 179 standards for academic performance set by the Board of Education; (iii) in educational technology for all instructional personnel which is designed to facilitate integration of computer skills and related 180

technology into the curricula; and (iv) for administrative personnel principals and supervisors designed
to increase proficiency in instructional leadership and management, including training in the evaluation
and documentation of teacher and administrator principal performance based on student academic
progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or administrative personnel.

185 In addition, each local school board shall also provide teachers and principals with high-quality 186 professional development programs each year in (i) (a) instructional content; (ii) (b) the preparation of 187 tests and other assessment measures; (iii) (c) methods for assessing the progress of individual students, 188 including Standards of Learning assessment materials or other criterion-referenced tests that match 189 locally developed objectives; (iv) (d) instruction and remediation techniques in English, mathematics, 190 science, and history and social science; (v) (e) interpreting test data for instructional purposes; (vi) (f) technology applications to implement the Standards of Learning; and (vii) (g) effective classroom 191 192 management.

F. Schools and school divisions shall include as an integral component of their comprehensive plans
required by § 22.1-253.13:6, high-quality professional development programs that support the
recruitment, employment, and retention of qualified teachers and principals. Each school board shall
require all instructional personnel to participate each year in these professional development programs.

197 G. Each local school board shall annually review its professional development program for quality,
198 effectiveness, participation by instructional personnel, and relevancy to the instructional needs of
199 teachers and the academic achievement needs of the students in the school division.

200 § 22.1-293. School boards authorized to employ principals and assistant principals; license 201 required; powers and duties.

A. A school board, upon recommendation of the division superintendent, may employ principals and
 assistant principals. Persons employed in these positions shall hold licenses as prescribed by the Board
 of Education.

B. A principal shall provide instructional leadership in, shall be responsible for the administration of, and shall supervise the operation and management of the school or schools and property to which he has been assigned, in accordance with the rules and regulations of the school board and under the supervision of the division superintendent.

209 C. A principal may submit recommendations to the division superintendent for the appointment, 210 assignment, promotion, transfer, and dismissal of all personnel assigned to his supervision. Beginning September 1, 2000, (i) principals Principals must have received training, provided pursuant to 211 212 § 22.1-253.13:5, in the evaluation and documentation of employee performance, which evaluation and 213 documentation shall include, but shall not be limited to, employee skills and knowledge and student 214 academic progress, prior to submitting such recommendations; and (ii) assistant. Assistant principals and 215 other administrative supervisory personnel participating in the evaluation and documentation of employee 216 performance must also have received such training in the evaluation and documentation of employee 217 performance.

218 D. A principal shall perform such other duties as may be assigned by the division superintendent 219 pursuant to the rules and regulations of the school board.

§ 22.1-294. Probationary terms of service for principals, assistant principals, and supervisors;
 evaluation; reassigning principal, assistant principal, or supervisor to teaching position.

222 A. A person employed as a principal, assistant principal, or supervisor, including a person who has 223 previously achieved continuing contract status as a teacher, shall serve a probationary term of three 224 years in such position in the same school division before acquiring continuing contract status as 225 principal, assistant principal, or supervisor. With such funds as may be appropriated by the General 226 Assembly for such purpose, school boards shall provide each probationary principal, except 227 probationary principals who have prior successful experience as principals, as determined by the local 228 school board in a school division, a mentor, as described in guidelines developed by the Board, during 229 the first year of the probationary period, to assist such probationary principal in achieving excellence in 230 administration.

231 B. Each local school board shall adopt for use by the division superintendent clearly defined criteria 232 for a performance evaluation process for principals, assistant principals, and supervisors that are 233 consistent with the performance objectives standards set forth in the Guidelines for Uniform 234 Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria for Teachers, Administrators Principals, and 235 Superintendents as provided in § 22.1-253.13:5 and that includes, among other things, an assessment of 236 such administrators' skills and knowledge; student academic progress and school gains in student 237 learning; and effectiveness in addressing school safety and enforcing student discipline. The division 238 superintendent shall implement such performance evaluation process in making employment recommendations to the school board pursuant to § 22.1-293. Principals and assistant principals who 239 240 have achieved continuing contract status shall be formally evaluated at least once every three years and 241 evaluated informally at least once each year that they are not formally evaluated. Probationary 242 principals and assistant principals shall be evaluated each school year. The division superintendent shall

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243 consider such evaluations, among other things, in making recommendations to the school board 244 regarding the nonrenewal of the probationary contract of any principal or assistant principal.

245 C. Continuing contract status acquired by a principal, assistant principal, or supervisor shall not be 246 construed (i) as prohibiting a school board from reassigning such principal, assistant principal, or 247 supervisor to a teaching position if notice of reassignment is given by the school board by April June 15 248 of any year or (ii) as entitling any such principal, assistant principal, or supervisor to the salary paid him 249 as principal, assistant principal, or supervisor in the case of any such reassignment to a teaching 250 position.

251 D. No such salary reduction and reassignment, however, shall be made without first providing such 252 principal, assistant principal, or supervisor with written notice of the reason for such reduction and 253 reassignment and an opportunity to present his or her position at an informal meeting with the division 254 superintendent, the division superintendent's designee or the school board. Before recommending such 255 reassignment, the division superintendent shall consider, among other things, the performance evaluations for such principal, assistant principal, or supervisor. The principal, assistant principal, or 256 supervisor shall elect whether such meeting shall be with the division superintendent, the division superintendent's designee, or the school board. The school board, division superintendent, or the division 257 258 259 superintendent's designee shall determine what processes are to be followed at the meeting. The decision 260 to reassign and reduce salary shall be at the sole discretion of the school board.

261 The intent of this section is to provide an opportunity for a principal, assistant principal, or 262 supervisor to discuss the reasons for such salary reduction and reassignment with the division 263 superintendent, his designee, or the school board, and the provisions of this section are meant to be 264 procedural only. Nothing contained herein shall be taken to require cause, as defined in § 22.1-307, for 265 the salary reduction and reassignment of a principal, assistant principal, or supervisor.

E. As used in this section, "supervisor" means a person who holds a an instructional supervisory 266 267 position as specified in the regulations of the Board of Education and who is required to hold a license 268 as prescribed by the Board of Education.

§ 22.1-295. Employment of teachers.

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270 A. The teachers in the public schools of a school division shall be employed and placed in 271 appropriate schools by the school board upon recommendation of the division superintendent. In placing 272 teachers, school boards shall fill positions with licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant 273 subject areas.

274 B. School boards shall adopt employment policies and practices designed to promote the employment 275 and retention of highly qualified teachers and to effectively serve the educational needs of students. 276 Such policies shall include, but need not be limited to, incentives for excellence in teaching, including 277 financial support for teachers attending professional development seminars or those seeking and 278 obtaining national certification.

279 C. School boards shall develop a procedure for use by division superintendents and principals in 280 evaluating instructional personnel teachers that is appropriate to the tasks performed and addresses, among other things, student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of instructional personnel, 281 282 including, but not limited to, instructional methodology, classroom management, and subject matter 283 knowledge.

284 Instructional personnel Teachers employed by local school boards who have achieved continuing 285 contract status shall be formally evaluated not less than at least once every three years and more often 286 as deemed necessary by the principal, and they shall be evaluated informally during each year in which 287 they are not formally evaluated. Any instructional personnel, teacher who has achieved continuing contract status, receiving who receives an unsatisfactory formal evaluation and who continues to be 288 289 employed by the local school board shall be *formally* evaluated no later than one year after receiving 290 such unsatisfactory evaluation in the following year. The evaluation shall be maintained in the 291 employee's personnel file.

292 Each local superintendent shall annually certify divisionwide compliance with the provisions of this 293 section to the Department. 294

§ 22.1-298.1. Regulations governing licensure.

A. As used in this section:

296 "Alternate route to licensure" means a nontraditional route to teacher licensure available to 297 individuals who meet the criteria specified in the regulations issued by the Board of Education.

298 "Licensure by reciprocity" means a process used to issue a license to an individual coming into 299 Virginia from another state when that individual meets certain conditions specified in the Board of 300 Education's regulations.

301 "Professional teacher's assessment" means those tests mandated for licensure as prescribed by the Board of Education. 302

303 "Provisional license" means a nonrenewable license issued by the Board of Education for a specified 330

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304 period of time, not to exceed three years, to an individual who may be employed by a school division in

305 Virginia and who generally meets the requirements specified in the Board of Education's regulations for 306 licensure, but who may need to take additional coursework or pass additional assessments to be fully 307 licensed with a renewable license.

308 "Renewable license" means a license issued by the Board of Education for five years to an individual 309 who meets the requirements specified in the Board of Education's regulations.

310 B. The Board of Education shall prescribe, by regulation, the requirements for the licensure of teachers and other school personnel required to hold a license. Such regulations shall include 311 312 requirements for the denial, suspension, cancellation, revocation, and reinstatement of licensure. The Board of Education shall revoke the license of any person for whom it has received a notice of dismissal or resignation pursuant to subsection F of § 22.1-313 and, in the case of a person who is the 313 314 subject of a founded complaint of child abuse or neglect, after all rights to any appeal provided by 315 316 § 63.2-1526 have been exhausted. Regardless of the authority of any other agency of the Commonwealth to approve educational programs, only the Board of Education shall have the authority to license 317 teachers to be regularly employed by school boards, including those teachers employed to provide 318 319 nursing education.

320 The Board of Education shall prescribe by regulation the licensure requirements for teachers who teach only online courses, as defined in § 22.1-212.23. Such license shall be valid only for teaching 321 322 online courses. Teachers who hold a five-year renewable license issued by the Board of Education may 323 teach online courses for which they are properly endorsed.

324 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and the Board's authority to license teachers, local 325 school boards shall be authorized to issue valid, three-year local eligibility licenses pursuant to 326 <u>§ 22.1-299.3.</u>

C. The Board of Education's regulations shall include requirements that a person seeking initial 327 328 licensure: 329

1. Complete professional assessments as prescribed by the Board of Education;

2. Complete study in attention deficit disorder;

3. Complete study in gifted education, including the use of multiple criteria to identify gifted 331 332 students; and

4. Complete study in methods of improving communication between schools and families and ways 333 334 of increasing family involvement in student learning at home and at school.

335 D. In addition, such regulations shall include requirements that:

336 1. Every person seeking initial licensure or renewal of a license demonstrate proficiency in the use of 337 educational technology for instruction;

338 2. Every person seeking initial licensure and persons seeking licensure renewal as teachers who have 339 not completed such study shall complete study in child abuse recognition and intervention in accordance 340 with curriculum guidelines developed by the Board of Education in consultation with the Department of Social Services that are relevant to the specific teacher licensure routes; 341

3. Every person seeking initial licensure or renewal of a license shall receive professional 342 343 development in instructional methods tailored to promote student academic progress and effective 344 preparation for the Standards of Learning end-of-course and end-of-grade assessments; and

345 4. Every person seeking licensure with an endorsement as a teacher of the blind and visually 346 impaired shall demonstrate proficiency in reading and writing Braille.

347 E. The Board's regulations shall require that initial licensure for principals and assistant principals be 348 contingent upon passage of an assessment as prescribed by the Board.

349 F. The Board shall establish criteria in its regulations to effectuate the substitution of experiential 350 learning for coursework for those persons seeking initial licensure through an alternate route as defined 351 in Board regulations.

352 G. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Board may provide for the issuance of 353 a provisional license, valid for a period not to exceed three years, to any person who does not meet the 354 requirements of this section or any other requirement for licensure imposed by law. 355

H. The Board's licensure regulations shall also provide for licensure by reciprocity:

356 1. With comparable endorsement areas for those individuals holding a valid out-of-state teaching license and national certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a 357 358 nationally recognized certification program approved by the Board of Education. The application for 359 such individuals shall require evidence of such valid licensure and national certification and shall not 360 require official student transcripts;

361 2. For individuals who have obtained a valid out-of-state license, with full credentials and without 362 deficiencies, that is in force at the time the application for a Virginia license is received by the Department of Education. The individual must establish a file in the Department of Education by 363 submitting a complete application packet, which shall include official student transcripts. An assessment 364 of basic skills as provided in § 22.1-298.2 and service requirements shall not be imposed for these 365

366 licensed individuals; however, other licensing assessments, as prescribed by the Board of Education, 367 shall be required; and

368 3. The Board may include other provisions for reciprocity in its regulations.

369 § 22.1-299. License required of teachers.

370 No teacher shall be regularly employed by a school board or paid from public funds unless such 371 teacher holds a license or provisional license issued by the Board of Education or a three-year local 372 eligibility license issued by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-299.3. Notwithstanding the provision 373 in § 22.1-298.1 that the provisional license is limited to three years, if a teacher employed in Virginia 374 under a provisional license is activated or deployed for military service within a school year (July 375 1-June 30), an additional year will be added to the teacher's provisional license for each school year or 376 portion thereof the teacher is activated or deployed. The additional year or years shall be granted the following year or years after the return of the teacher from deployment or activation. Local school 377 378 divisions may grant similar extensions for local eligibility licenses in their discretion.

379 In accordance with regulations prescribed by the Board, a person not meeting the requirements for a 380 license or provisional license may be employed and paid from public funds by a school board 381 temporarily as a substitute teacher to meet an emergency.

382 § 22.1-302. Written contracts required; execution of contracts; qualifications of temporarily 383 employed teachers; rules and regulations.

384 A. A written contract, in a form prescribed permitted by the Board of Education Education's 385 *regulations*, shall be made by the school board with each teacher employed by it, except those who are 386 temporarily employed, before such teacher enters upon his duties. Such contract shall be signed in 387 duplicate, with a copy thereof furnished to both parties.

388 The standard 10-month contract shall include 200 days, including (i) a minimum of 180 teaching 389 days or 990 instructional hours and (ii) up to 20 days for activities such as teaching, participating in 390 professional development, planning, evaluating, completing records and reports, participating on 391 committees or in conferences, or such other activities as may be assigned or approved by the local 392 school board.

393 A temporarily employed teacher, as used in this section, shall mean means (i) one who is employed 394 to substitute for a contracted teacher for a temporary period of time during the contracted teacher's 395 absence, or (ii) one who is employed to fill a teacher vacancy for a period of time, but for no longer 396 than 90 teaching days in such vacancy, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent of Public 397 Instruction on a case-by-case basis, during one school year.

398 B. The Board of Education shall promulgate regulations regarding temporarily employed teachers, as 399 defined in this section, which shall provide that such teachers be at least eighteen 18 years of age and 400 that they hold a high school diploma or a general educational development (GED) certificate.

401 A temporarily employed teacher is not required to be licensed by the Board of Education, nor is the 402 local school board required to enter into a written contract with a temporarily employed teacher. 403 However, local school boards shall establish employment qualifications for temporarily employed 404 teachers which may exceed the Board's regulations for the employment of such teachers. School boards 405 shall also seek to ensure that temporarily employed teachers who are engaged as long-term substitutes 406 shall exceed baseline employment qualifications.

407 C. A separate contract in a form prescribed *permitted* by the Board of Education shall be executed 408 by the school board with such employee a teacher who is receiving a monetary supplement for any athletic coaching or extracurricular activity sponsorship assignment. This contract shall be separate and 409 410 apart from the contract for teaching.

411 Termination of a separate contract for any athletic coaching or extracurricular activity sponsorship 412 assignment by either party thereto shall not constitute cause for termination of the separate teaching 413 contract of the coach or teacher.

414 All such contracts shall require the party intending to terminate the coaching or extracurricular 415 activity sponsorship contract to give reasonable notice to the other party before termination thereof shall 416 become effective.

417 For the purposes of this section, "extracurricular activity sponsorship" means an assignment for which 418 a monetary supplement is received, requiring responsibility for any student organizations, clubs, or 419 groups, such as service clubs, academic clubs and teams, cheerleading squads, student publication and 420 literary groups, and visual and performing arts organizations except those that are conducted in 421 conjunction with regular classroom, curriculum, or instructional programs. 422

§ 22.1-303. Probationary terms of service for teachers.

423 A. A probationary term of service for three five years in the same school division shall be required 424 before a teacher is issued a continuing contract. School boards shall provide each probationary teacher 425 except probationary teachers who have prior successful teaching experience, as determined by the local school board in a school division, a mentor teacher, as described by Board guidelines developed 426

427 pursuant to § 22.1-305.1, during the first year of the probationary period, to assist such probationary 428 teacher in achieving excellence in instruction. During the probationary period, such probationary teacher 429 shall be evaluated annually based upon the evaluation procedures developed by the employing school 430 board for use by the division superintendent and principals in evaluating instructional personnel teachers 431 as required by subsection C of § 22.1-295. A teacher in his first year of the probationary period shall 432 be evaluated informally at least once during the first semester of the school year. The division 433 superintendent shall consider such evaluations, among other things, in making any recommendations to 434 the school board regarding the nonrenewal of such probationary teacher's contract as provided in 435 § 22.1-305.

436 If the teacher's performance evaluation during the probationary period is not satisfactory, the school
437 board shall not reemploy the teacher; however, nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to
438 require cause, as defined in § 22.1-307, for the nonrenewal of the contract of a teacher who has not
439 achieved continuing contract status.

Any teacher hired on or after July 1, 2001, shall be required, as a condition of achieving continuing
contract status, to have successfully completed training in instructional strategies and techniques for
intervention for or remediation of students who fail or are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning
assessments. Local school divisions shall be required to provide said training at no cost to teachers
employed in their division. In the event a local school division fails to offer said training in a timely
manner, no teacher will be denied continuing contract status for failure to obtain such training.

B. Once a continuing contract status has been attained in a school division in the Commonwealth, another probationary period need not be served in any other school division unless such probationary period, not to exceed one year two years, is made a part of the contract of employment. Further, when a teacher has attained continuing contract status in a school division in the Commonwealth, and separates from and returns to teaching service in a school division in Virginia by the beginning of the third year, such teacher shall be required to serve a probationary period not to exceed one year two years, if made a part of the contract for employment.

453 C. For the purpose of calculating the three *five* years of service required to attain continuing contract
454 status, at least 160 contractual teaching days during the school year shall be deemed the equivalent of
455 one year in the first year of service by a teacher.

D. Teachers holding three-year local eligibility licenses pursuant to § 22.1-299.3 issued prior to July
1, 2013, shall not be eligible for continuing contract status while teaching under the authority of such
license. Upon attainment of a collegiate professional or postgraduate professional license issued by the
Department of Education, such teachers shall serve the three-year five-year probationary period prior to
being eligible for continuing contract status pursuant to this section.

461 § 22.1-304. Reemployment of teacher who has not achieved continuing contract status; effect of 462 continuing contract; resignation of teacher; reduction in number of teachers.

A. If a teacher who has not achieved continuing contract status receives notice of reemployment, he must accept or reject in writing within 15 days of receipt of such notice. Except as provided in \$22.1-305 and except in the case of a reduction in force as provided in subsection F, written notice of nonrenewal of the *probationary* contract must be given by the school board on or before June 15 of each year. If no such notice is given a teacher by June 15, the teacher shall be entitled to a contract for the ensuing year in accordance with local salary stipulations including increments.

B. Teachers employed after completing the probationary period shall be entitled to continuing
contracts during good behavior and competent service and prior to the age at which they are eligible or
required to retire except as hereinafter provided. Written notice of noncontinuation of the contract by
either party must be given by June 15 of each year; otherwise the contract continues in effect for the
ensuing year in conformity with local salary stipulations including increments.

474 C. A teacher may resign after June 15 of any school year with the approval of the local school board
475 or, upon authorization by the school board, with the approval of the division superintendent. The teacher
476 shall request release from contract at least two weeks in advance of intended date of resignation. Such
477 request shall be in writing and shall set forth the cause of resignation.

478 If the division superintendent has been authorized to approve resignations, a teacher may, within one
479 week, withdraw a request to resign. Upon the expiration of the one-week period, the division
480 superintendent shall notify the school board of his decision to accept or reject the resignation. The
481 school board, within two weeks, may reverse the decision of the division superintendent.

In the event that the board or the division superintendent declines to grant the request for release on
the grounds of insufficient or unjustifiable cause, and the teacher breaches such contract, disciplinary
action, which may include revocation of the teacher's license, may be taken pursuant to regulations
prescribed by the Board of Education.

486 D. As soon after June 15 as the school budget shall have been approved by the appropriating body,
487 the school board shall furnish each teacher a statement confirming continuation of employment, setting
488 forth assignment and salary.

489 Nothing in the continuing contract shall be construed to authorize the school board to contract for 490 any financial obligation beyond the period for which funds have been made available with which to 491 meet such obligation.

492 E. A school board may reduce the number of teachers, whether or not such teachers have reached 493 continuing contract status, because of decrease in enrollment or abolition of particular subjects.

494 F. Within two weeks of the approval of the school budget by the appropriating body, but no later 495 than June July 1, school boards shall notify all teachers who may be subject to a reduction in force due 496 to a decrease in the school board's budget as approved by the appropriating body.

497 G. If a school board implements a reduction in workforce pursuant to this section, such reduction 498 shall not be made solely on the basis of seniority but must include consideration of, among other things, 499 the performance evaluations of the teachers potentially affected by the reduction in workforce. 500

§ 22.1-305. Nonrenewal of contract of probationary teacher.

501 A. Before a division superintendent recommends to the school board nonrenewal of the contract of a 502 teacher who has not achieved continuing contract status, the division superintendent shall consider, 503 among other things, the performance evaluations for such teacher required by § 22.1-303 and shall notify 504 the teacher of the proposed recommendation. Upon written request of the teacher within five working 505 days after receipt of such notice, the division superintendent or his designee shall orally provide the 506 specific reasons, if any, for such recommendation, along with supporting documentation, including such 507 performance evaluations, to the teacher and, if requested by the teacher, to his or her representative. 508 Within ten 10 days after receiving such reasons, the teacher may request, by notification in writing to 509 the division superintendent, a conference before the division superintendent. Upon such request, the division superintendent shall set a date for the conference, which shall be within thirty 30 days of the 510 511 request, and shall give the teacher at least fifteen 15 days' notice of the time and place of the 512 conference.

513 B. The conference shall be before the division superintendent or his designee. No such designee shall 514 have recommended to the division superintendent the nonrenewal of the teacher's contract. The teacher 515 and the person or persons who recommended the nonrenewal of the teacher's contract to the division 516 superintendent, or a representative of either or both, shall be allowed to participate in the conference, but 517 no such representative shall be an attorney.

518 C. If the conference is before a designee of the division superintendent, the designee shall 519 communicate his recommendations to the division superintendent and to the teacher.

520 D. The division superintendent shall notify the teacher, in writing, of his intention with respect to the 521 recommendation within ten 10 days after the conference.

522 E. In any case in which a teacher requests a conference reasons for the recommendation as provided 523 in this section, written notice of nonrenewal of the contract by the school board must be given either 524 within 10 days after the time for requesting a conference has expired and the teacher has not made a 525 timely request for a conference or, if a conference is requested, within thirty 30 days after the division 526 superintendent notifies the teacher of his intention with respect to the recommendation and the 527 provisions of § 22.1-304 requiring such notice on or before April June 15 shall not be applicable.

528 F. The conference shall be confidential and no written or oral communication of such conference 529 shall be made to anyone other than the school board, in executive session, and employees of the school 530 division having an interest therein; however, both the teacher and the division superintendent, upon 531 request, may provide the reasons for the nonrenewal to a potential employer of the teacher.

532 G. The provisions of this section shall be inapplicable when a decrease in enrollment or the abolition 533 of a particular subject or reduction in the number of classes offered in a particular subject causes a 534 reduction in the number of teachers; however, a statement to that effect shall be placed in the personnel 535 file of each teacher whose contract is nonrenewed for any such reason.

536 H. The intent of this section is to provide an opportunity for a probationary teacher to discuss the 537 reasons for nonrenewal with the division superintendent or his designee, and the provisions of this 538 section are meant to be procedural only. Nothing contained herein shall be taken to require cause, as 539 defined in § 22.1-307, for the nonrenewal of the contract of a teacher who has not achieved continuing 540 contract status nor shall the failure of the school board or the division superintendent to comply with 541 any time requirement herein constitute a basis for continued employment of the teacher. 542

§ 22.1-305.1. Mentor teacher programs.

543 A. The Board of Education shall establish, from such funds as may be appropriated by the General 544 Assembly, mentor teacher programs utilizing specially trained public school teachers as mentors to 545 provide assistance and professional support to teachers entering the profession and to improve the 546 performance of experienced teachers who are not performing at an acceptable level.

547 The Board shall issue guidelines for such mentor teacher programs and shall set criteria for beginning and experienced teacher participation, including self-referral, and the qualifications and 548 training of mentor teachers. Such guidelines shall provide that the mentor programs be administered by 549

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550 local school boards, with the assistance of an advisory committee made up of teachers, *principals*, and 551 administrators supervisors, and that mentors (i) be classroom teachers who have achieved continuing 552 contract status and who work in the same building as the teachers they are assisting or be instructional 553 personnel who are assigned solely as mentors; (ii) be assigned a limited number of teachers at any one 554 time; however, instructional personnel who are not assigned solely as mentors should not be assigned to 555 more than four teachers at any one time; and (iii) guide teachers in the program through demonstrations, 556 observations, and consultations to promote instructional excellence. Local school boards shall strive to 557 provide adequate release time for mentor teachers during the contract day.

558 B. The Board local school board shall serve as fiscal agent for the participating school boards in 559 matters concerning the mentor teacher programs. The Board Department of Education shall allocate, from such funds as are appropriated, moneys to participating school divisions for the purpose of 560 supporting such programs which shall include, but not be limited to, compensation for mentor teachers. 561 562

§ 22.1-306. Definitions.

As used in this article:

"Business day" means any day that the relevant school board office is open.

565 "Day" means calendar days unless a different meaning is clearly expressed in this article. Whenever 566 the last day for performing an act required by this article falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the act may be performed on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. 567 568

"Dismissal" means the dismissal of any teacher during the term of such teacher's contract.

569 "Grievance" means a complaint or dispute by a teacher relating to his or her employment, including, 570 but not necessarily limited to: (i) disciplinary action including dismissal or placing on probation; (ii) the application or interpretation of: (a) personnel policies, (b) procedures, (c) rules and regulations, (d) 571 ordinances, and (e) statutes; (iii) acts of reprisal against a teacher for filing or processing a grievance, 572 573 participating as a witness in any step, meeting or hearing relating to a grievance, or serving as a 574 member of a fact-finding panel; and (iv) complaints of discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, political affiliation, handicap, age, national origin, or sex. Each school board shall have the exclusive 575 576 right to manage the affairs and operations of the school division. Accordingly, the term "grievance" shall 577 not include a complaint or dispute by a teacher relating to (i) (1) establishment and revision of wages or 578 salaries, position classifications or general benefits, $\frac{(ii)}{(2)}$ (2) suspension of a teacher or nonrenewal of the 579 contract of a teacher who has not achieved continuing contract status, (iii) (3) the establishment or 580 contents of ordinances, statutes or personnel policies, procedures, rules and regulations, (iv) (4) failure to promote, (v) (5) discharge, layoff, or suspension from duties because of decrease in enrollment, decrease 581 582 in enrollment or abolition of a particular subject or insufficient funding, (vi) (6) hiring, transfer, 583 assignment, and retention of teachers within the school division, (vii) (7) suspension from duties in **584** emergencies, Θ (viii) (8) the methods, means, and personnel by which the school division's operations 585 are to be carried on, or (9) coaching or extracurricular activity sponsorship.

586 While these management rights are reserved to the school board, failure to apply, where applicable, 587 the rules, regulations, policies, or procedures as written or established by the school board is grievable.

588 "Dismissal" means the dismissal of any teacher during the term of such teacher's contract and the 589 nonrenewal of the contract of a teacher on continuing contract.

§ 22.1-307. Dismissal of teacher; grounds.

A. Teachers may be dismissed or placed on probation for incompetency, immorality, noncompliance 591 592 with school laws and regulations, disability as shown by competent medical evidence when in 593 compliance with federal law, conviction of a felony or a crime of moral turpitude, or other good and just cause. A teacher shall be dismissed if such teacher is or becomes the subject of a founded 594 595 complaint of child abuse and neglect, pursuant to § 63.2-1505, and after all rights to an appeal provided 596 by § 63.2-1526 have been exhausted. The fact of such finding, after all rights to an appeal provided by 597 § 63.2-1526 have been exhausted, shall be grounds for the local school division to recommend that the 598 Board of Education revoke such person's license to teach. No teacher shall be dismissed or placed on 599 probation solely on the basis of the teacher's refusal to submit to a polygraph examination requested by 600 the school board.

601 B. For the purposes of this article, "incompetency" may be construed to include, but shall not be 602 limited to, consistent failure to meet the endorsement requirements for the position or performance that is documented through evaluation to be consistently less than satisfactory one or more unsatisfactory 603 604 performance evaluations.

§ 22.1-309. Notice to teacher of recommendation of dismissal; school board not to consider 605 606 merits during notice; superintendent required to provide reasons for recommendation upon **607** request.

608 In the event a division superintendent determines to recommend dismissal of any teacher or the 609 placing on probation of a teacher on continuing contract, written notice shall be sent to the teacher 610 notifying him of the proposed dismissal or placing on probation and informing him that within fifteen five days after receiving the notice the teacher may request a hearing before the school board, or at the 611

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option of the local school board, a hearing officer appointed by the school board as provided in 612 § 22.1-311 or before a fact-finding panel as provided in § 22.1-312. During such fifteen-day five-day 613 614 period and thereafter until a hearing is held in accordance with the provisions herein of this section, if one is requested by the teacher, the merits of the recommendation of the division superintendent shall 615 616 not be considered, discussed or acted upon by the school board except as provided for herein in this section. At the request of the teacher, the division superintendent shall provide the reasons for the 617 618 recommendation in writing or, if the teacher prefers, in a personal interview. In the event a teacher 619 requests a hearing pursuant to \$ 22.1-311 or \$ 22.1-312, the division superintendent shall provide, within 620 ten 10 days of the request, the teacher or his representative with the opportunity to inspect and copy his 621 personnel file and all other documents relied upon in reaching the decision to recommend dismissal or 622 probation. Within ten 10 days of the request of the division superintendent, the teacher or his 623 representative shall provide the division superintendent with the opportunity to inspect and copy the 624 documents to be offered in rebuttal to the decision to recommend dismissal or probation. The division 625 superintendent and the teacher or his representative shall be under a continuing duty to disclose and produce any additional documents identified later which may be used in the respective parties' 626 627 cases-in-chief. The cost of copying such documents shall be paid by the requesting party.

628 For the purposes of this section, "personnel file" shall mean means any and all memoranda, entries,
629 or other documents included in the teacher's file as maintained in the central school administration office
630 or in any file on the teacher maintained within a school in which the teacher serves.

631 § 22.1-311. Hearing before school board or hearing officer.

632 A. Upon a timely request for a hearing pursuant to § 22.1-309, the school board or, at the option of 633 the school board, a hearing officer appointed by the school board shall set a hearing within 15 days of 634 the request and the teacher shall be given at least five days' written notice of the time and the place. The hearing before the school board, which shall be private unless the teacher requests a public one, 635 636 must be set within 30 days of the request, and the teacher must be given at least 15 days' written notice 637 of the time and place the hearing to be public. At the hearing the teacher may appear with or without a 638 representative and be heard, presenting testimony of witnesses and other evidence. The school board 639 may hear a recommendation for dismissal and make a determination whether to make a recommendation **640** to the Board of Education regarding the teacher's license at the same hearing or hold a separate hearing 641 for each action.

642 B. Each school board may appoint a hearing officer from among the members of the school board, 643 the employees of the school board, or from outside the school division to conduct hearings pursuant to 644 this section. A hearing officer shall not have been involved in the recommendation of dismissal as a 645 supervisor of the employee, a witness, or a representative. The hearing officer shall schedule and 646 preside over such hearings and shall create a record or recording of such proceedings. In the event of a 647 hearing before a hearing officer, the school board may make its decision upon the record or recording 648 of such hearing, pursuant to § 22.1-313, or the school board may elect to conduct a further hearing to receive additional evidence by giving written notice of the time and place to the teacher and the division 649 650 superintendent within 10 business days after the board receives the record or recording of the initial hearing. Such notice shall also specify each matter to be inquired into by the school board. 651

652 C. A record or recording of any hearing conducted pursuant to this section shall be made. The parties shall share the cost of the recording equally. In proceedings concerning grievances not related 653 654 to dismissal, the recording may be dispensed with entirely by mutual consent of the parties. In such 655 proceedings, if the recording is not dispensed with, the two parties shall share the cost of the recording 656 equally; if either party requests a transcript, that party shall bear the expense of its preparation. In 657 cases of dismissal, the record or recording shall be preserved for a period of six months. If the school 658 board requests that a transcript be made at any time prior to expiration of the six-month period, it shall 659 be made and copies shall be furnished to both parties. The school board shall bear the cost of the 660 transcription.

661 D. Witnesses who are employees of the school board shall be granted release time if the hearing is 662 held during the school day. The hearing shall be held at the school in which most witnesses work, if 663 feasible.

664 § 22.1-313. Decision of school board; generally.

665 A. The school board shall retain its exclusive final authority over matters concerning employment 666 and supervision of its personnel, including dismissals, *and* suspensions and placing on probation.

667 B. In the case of a hearing before the school board, the school board shall give the teacher its 668 written decision within as soon as practicable and no more than 30 days after the hearing. A record of 669 the proceedings shall be taken and made available as provided in subsection I of § 22.1-312. Witnesses 670 who are employees of the school board shall be granted release time if the hearing is held during the 671 school day. The hearing shall be held at the school in which most witnesses work, if feasible.

672 C. In the case of a hearing before a fact-finding panel hearing officer appointed by the school board,

673 the school board shall give the teacher its written decision within as soon as practicable and no more 674 than 30 days after the school board receives both the transcript of such hearing, if any, and the panel's findings of fact and recommendations receiving the record or recording of the hearing; however, should 675 676 there be a further hearing before the school board, as hereafter provided, such decision shall be 677 furnished the teacher within as soon as practicable and no more than 30 days after such further hearing. 678 The decision of the school board shall be reached after considering the transcript, if any, and the 679 findings of fact and recommendations of the panel and such further evidence as the school board may 680 receive at any further hearing.

C. D. A teacher may be dismissed, or suspended or placed on probation by a majority of a quorum 681 **682** of the school board. In the event the school board's decision is at variance with the recommendations of 683 the fact-finding panel, the school board shall be required to conduct an additional hearing which shall be public unless the teacher requests a private one. However, if the fact-finding hearing was held in private, **684** 685 the additional hearing shall be held in private. The hearing shall be conducted by the school board pursuant to subsection D of this section, except that the grievant and the division superintendent shall be **686 687** allowed to appear, to be represented, and to give testimony. However, the additional hearing shall not include examination and cross-examination of any other witnesses. The school board's written decision 688 689 shall include the rationale for the decision.

690 D. In any case in which a further hearing by a school board is held after a hearing before a 691 fact-finding panel, the school board shall consider at such further hearing the transcript, if any, the 692 findings and recommendations of the fact-finding panel and such further evidence, including that of 693 witnesses having testified before the panel, as the school board deems appropriate or as may be offered 694 on behalf of the grievant or the respondent. A school board may initiate any such hearing upon written 695 notice to the teacher and the division superintendent within 10 business days after the board receives the 696 findings of fact and recommendations of the panel and any transcript of any panel hearing. Such notice shall specify each matter to be inquired into by the school board. In any case in which a teacher may 697 698 initiate any such hearing, the teacher shall request such hearing in writing within 10 business days after 699 receiving the findings of fact and recommendations of the panel and any transcript of the panel hearing. 700 Any decision by the school board shall be based solely on the transcript, if any, the findings of fact and 701 recommendations of the panel, and any evidence relevant to the issues of the original grievance adduced 702 at the hearing in the presence of each party. Such hearing shall be conducted as a hearing by the school 703 board as provided in § 22.1-311.

704 E. The school board's attorney, assistants, or representative, if he or they represented a participant in 705 the prior proceedings, the grievant, the grievant's attorney or representative, and, notwithstanding the 706 provisions of § 22.1-69, the superintendent shall be excluded from any executive session of the school board which has as its purpose reaching a decision on a grievance. However, immediately after a 707 708 decision has been made and publicly announced, as in favor of or not in favor of the grievant, the 709 school board's attorney or representative and the superintendent may join the school board in executive 710 session to assist in the writing of the decision.

711 F. In those instances when licensed personnel are dismissed or resign due to a conviction of any 712 felony, any offense involving the sexual molestation, physical or sexual abuse or rape of a child, any 713 offense involving drugs, or due to having become the subject of a founded case of child abuse or neglect, the local school board shall notify the Board of Education within 10 business days of such 714 715 dismissal or the acceptance of such resignation. 716

§ 22.1-314. Decision of school board; issue of grievability; appeal.

717 Decisions regarding whether or not a matter is grievable shall be made by the school board at the 718 request of the school division administration or grievant and such decision shall be made within 10 719 business days of such request. The school board shall reach its decision only after allowing the school 720 division administration and the grievant opportunity to present written or oral arguments regarding 721 grievability. The decision as to whether the arguments shall be written or oral shall be in the discretion 722 of the school board. Decisions of the school board may be appealed to the circuit court having 723 jurisdiction in the school division for a hearing on the issue of grievability.

724 Proceedings for review of the decision of the school board shall be instituted by filing a notice of 725 appeal with the school board within 10 business days after the date of the decision and giving a copy 726 thereof to all other parties. Within 10 business days thereafter, the school board shall transmit to the 727 clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken a copy of its decision, a copy of the notice of appeal, 728 and the exhibits. The failure of the school board to transmit the record within the time allowed shall not 729 prejudice the rights of the grievant. The court, on motion of the grievant, may issue a writ of certiorari 730 requiring the school board to transmit the record on or before a certain date. Within 10 business days of receipt by the clerk of such record, the court, sitting without a jury, shall hear the appeal on the record 731 732 transmitted by the school board and such additional evidence as may be necessary to resolve any 733 controversy as to the correctness of the record. The court, in its discretion, may receive such other evidence as the ends of justice require. The court may affirm the decision of the school board or may 734

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- reverse or modify the decision. The decision of the court shall be rendered no later than the fifteenth 735 day from the date of the conclusion of the hearing. Such determination of grievability shall be made 736
- 737 subsequent to the reduction of the grievance to writing but prior to any panel or school board hearing or the right to such determination shall be deemed to have been waived.
- 738
- 2. That §§ 22.1-299.3, 22.1-310, and 22.1-312 of the Code of Virginia are repealed. 739