2013 SESSION

ENROLLED

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-507, 5.1-49, 15.2-2223, 22.1-205, 28.2-555, 33.1-7, 33.1-11, 33.1-12, 33.1-23.03:7, 33.1-61, 33.1-183.1, 33.1-195, 33.1-196, 33.1-201, 33.1-207, 33.1-208, 33.1-229, 33.1-293, 33.1-342, 33.1-343, 33.1-370, 36-98.1, 46.2-804, 46.2-806, 46.2-830, 46.2-831, 46.2-847, 46.2-878.2, 46.2-889, 46.2-924, 46.2-1041, 46.2-1046, 46.2-1107, 46.2-1108, 46.2-1109, 3 4 5 46.2-1112, 46.2-1114, 46.2-1116, 46.2-1117, 53.1-56, 53.1-57, 56-258, 56-462, 67-1101, and 67-1103 6 7 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 8 33.1-13.05, by adding in Article 1.1 of Chapter 1 of Title 33.1 a section numbered 33.1-23.5:3, and 9 by adding sections numbered 33.1-89.3 and 33.1-190.4, relating to the powers and duties of the 10 Commonwealth Transportation Board, the Commissioner of Highways, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation. 11

[H 2116]

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Approved

14 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-507, 5.1-49, 15.2-2223, 22.1-205, 28.2-555, 33.1-7, 33.1-11, 33.1-12, 33.1-23.03:7, 33.1-61, 33.1-183.1, 33.1-195, 33.1-196, 33.1-201, 33.1-207, 33.1-208, 33.1-229, 33.1-293, 33.1-342, 15 16 33.1-343, 33.1-370, 36-98.1, 46.2-804, 46.2-806, 46.2-830, 46.2-831, 46.2-847, 46.2-878.2, 46.2-889, 17 46.2-924, 46.2-1041, 46.2-1046, 46.2-1107, 46.2-1108, 46.2-1109, 46.2-1112, 46.2-1114, 46.2-1116, 18 46.2-1117, 53.1-56, 53.1-57, 56-258, 56-462, 67-1101, and 67-1103 of the Code of Virginia are 19 amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 20 33.1-13.05, by adding in Article 1.1 of Chapter 1 of Title 33.1 a section numbered 33.1-23.5:3, and 21 22 by adding sections numbered 33.1-89.3 and 33.1-190.4 as follows: 23

§ 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters.

24 A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state 25 department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge, 26 including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and 27 performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular 28 29 counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division, 30 commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or 31 through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions, 32 commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same 33 transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple 34 interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity. 35 The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public, 36 or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts, 37 the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts.

38 B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the 39 following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter 40 connected with their official duties:

- 41 1. Members, agents or employees of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;
 - 2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission;
- 43 3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation;

4. Members, agents or employees of the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental 44 45 Services, the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Board of Health, the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services, 46 47 the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the 48 State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole Board, or the 49 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;

50 5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the Department of Transportation, 51 or the Department of Rail and Public Transportation;

- 6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles; 52
- 53 7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources;
- 54 8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police;
- 55 9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;
- 56 10. Third impartial panel members appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant to § 22.1-312;

57 11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant 58 to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1;

59 12. Any emergency medical service agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in any 60 civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him for 61 alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties; 62

13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation; or

63 14. A person appointed by written order of a circuit court judge to run an existing corporation or 64 company as the judge's representative, when that person is acting in execution of a lawful order of the 65 court and the order specifically refers to this section and appoints such person to serve as an agent of 66 the Commonwealth.

67 Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through 68 one of his assistants any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician possessing a valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in which a defense 69 70 of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225.

C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal 71 72 service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, 73 whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel 74 shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division or 75 department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees 76 are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 77 contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties 78 in which it, or any justice, is a party.

79 § 5.1-49. Roads to airports and landing fields; cooperation with Department as to aviation 80 facilities.

81 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation is authorized to build roads 82 to airports and landing fields open to public use, and may pay out of highway funds, which have been 83 allocated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the cost of such roads. Such Board The 84 Department of Transportation may, in cooperation with the Department of Aviation and either on an 85 actual cost or contract basis, construct, maintain and improve airports, landing fields and other aviation facilities licensed for public use, the actual cost thereof to the Commonwealth Transportation Board 86 87 Department of Transportation to be paid by the Department of Aviation. 88

§ 15.2-2223. Comprehensive plan to be prepared and adopted; scope and purpose.

89 A. The local planning commission shall prepare and recommend a comprehensive plan for the 90 physical development of the territory within its jurisdiction and every governing body shall adopt a 91 comprehensive plan for the territory under its jurisdiction.

92 In the preparation of a comprehensive plan, the commission shall make careful and comprehensive 93 surveys and studies of the existing conditions and trends of growth, and of the probable future 94 requirements of its territory and inhabitants. The comprehensive plan shall be made with the purpose of guiding and accomplishing a coordinated, adjusted and harmonious development of the territory which 95 96 will, in accordance with present and probable future needs and resources, best promote the health, 97 safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare of the inhabitants, including the 98 elderly and persons with disabilities.

99 The comprehensive plan shall be general in nature, in that it shall designate the general or 100 approximate location, character, and extent of each feature, including any road improvement and any 101 transportation improvement, shown on the plan and shall indicate where existing lands or facilities are 102 proposed to be extended, widened, removed, relocated, vacated, narrowed, abandoned, or changed in use 103 as the case may be.

104 B. 1. As part of the comprehensive plan, each locality shall develop a transportation plan that 105 designates a system of transportation infrastructure needs and recommendations that include the 106 designation of new and expanded transportation facilities and that support the planned development of 107 the territory covered by the plan and shall include, as appropriate, but not be limited to, roadways, 108 bicycle accommodations, pedestrian accommodations, railways, bridges, waterways, airports, ports, and 109 public transportation facilities. The plan shall recognize and differentiate among a hierarchy of roads 110 such as expressways, arterials, and collectors. The Virginia Department of Transportation shall, upon 111 request, provide localities with technical assistance in preparing such transportation plan.

112 2. The transportation plan shall include a map that shall show road and transportation improvements, 113 including the cost estimates of such road and transportation improvements from the Virginia Department 114 of Transportation, taking into account the current and future needs of residents in the locality while 115 considering the current and future needs of the planning district within which the locality is situated.

116 3. The transportation plan, and any amendment thereto pursuant to § 15.2-2229, shall be consistent with the Commonwealth Transportation Board's Statewide Transportation Plan developed pursuant to 117

118 § 33.1-23.03, the Six-Year Improvement Program adopted pursuant to subdivision (9) (7)(b) of § 33.1-12, and the location of routes to be followed by roads comprising systems of state highways 119 pursuant to subdivision (1) of § 33.1-12. The locality shall consult with the Virginia Department of Transportation to assure such consistency is achieved. The transportation plan need reflect only those 120 121 122 changes in the annual update of the Six-Year Improvement Program that are deemed to be significant 123 new, expanded, or relocated roadways.

124 4. Prior to the adoption of the transportation plan or any amendment to the transportation plan, the 125 locality shall submit such plan or amendment to the Department for review and comment. The 126 Department shall conduct its review and provide written comments to the locality on the consistency of 127 the transportation plan or any amendment to the provisions of subdivision 1. The Department shall 128 provide such written comments to the locality within 90 days of receipt of the plan or amendment, or by 129 such deadline as may be otherwise agreed upon by the Department and the locality.

130 5. The locality shall submit a copy of the adopted transportation plan or any amendment to the 131 transportation plan to the Department for informational purposes. If the Department determines that the 132 transportation plan or amendment is not consistent with the provisions of subdivision 1, the Department shall notify the Commonwealth Transportation Board so that the Board may take appropriate action in 133 134 accordance with subdivision (9)(f)(7)(e) of § 33.1-12.

135 6. Each locality's amendments or updates to its transportation plan as required by subdivisions 2 136 through 5 shall be made on or before its ongoing scheduled date for updating its transportation plan.

137 C. The comprehensive plan, with the accompanying maps, plats, charts, and descriptive matter, shall 138 show the locality's long-range recommendations for the general development of the territory covered by 139 the plan. It may include, but need not be limited to:

140 \hat{I} . The designation of areas for various types of public and private development and use, such as 141 different kinds of residential, including age-restricted, housing; business; industrial; agricultural; mineral resources; conservation; active and passive recreation; public service; flood plain and drainage; and other 142 143 areas;

144 2. The designation of a system of community service facilities such as parks, sports playing fields, forests, schools, playgrounds, public buildings and institutions, hospitals, nursing homes, assisted living 145 146 facilities, community centers, waterworks, sewage disposal or waste disposal areas, and the like; 147

3. The designation of historical areas and areas for urban renewal or other treatment;

148 4. The designation of areas for the implementation of reasonable ground water protection measures;

149 5. A capital improvements program, a subdivision ordinance, a zoning ordinance and zoning district 150 maps, mineral resource district maps and agricultural and forestal district maps, where applicable; 151

6. The location of existing or proposed recycling centers;

152 7. The location of military bases, military installations, and military airports and their adjacent safety 153 areas; and 154

8. The designation of corridors or routes for electric transmission lines of 150 kilovolts or more.

155 D. The comprehensive plan shall include the designation of areas and implementation of measures 156 for the construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of affordable housing, which is sufficient to meet the 157 current and future needs of residents of all levels of income in the locality while considering the current 158 and future needs of the planning district within which the locality is situated.

159 § 22.1-205. Driver education programs.

160 A. The Board of Education shall establish for the public school system a standardized program of 161 driver education in the safe operation of motor vehicles. Such program shall consist of classroom 162 training and behind-the-wheel driver training. However, any student who participates in such a program of driver education shall meet the academic requirements established by the Board, and no student in a 163 164 course shall be permitted to operate a motor vehicle without a license or permit to do so issued by the 165 Department of Motor Vehicles. The program shall include instruction concerning (i) alcohol and drug abuse, (ii) aggressive driving, (iii) distracted driving, (iv) motorcycle awareness, (v) organ and tissue 166 167 donor awareness, (vi) fuel-efficient driving practices, and (vii) in Planning District 8, for any student 168 completing a driver education program beginning in academic year 2010 - 2011, an additional minimum 169 90-minute parent/student driver education component included as part of the in-classroom portion of the 170 driver education curriculum, requiring the participation of the student's parent or guardian and 171 emphasizing parental responsibilities regarding juvenile driver behavior, juvenile driving restrictions 172 pursuant to the Code of Virginia, and the dangers of driving while intoxicated and underage 173 consumption of alcohol. Such instruction shall be developed by the Department in cooperation with the 174 Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program, the Department of Health, and the Department of Behavioral 175 Health and Developmental Services, as appropriate. Such program shall require a minimum number of 176 miles driven during the behind-the-wheel driver training.

177 B. The Board shall assist school divisions by preparation, publication and distribution of competent 178 driver education instructional materials to ensure a more complete understanding of the responsibilities

179 and duties of motor vehicle operators.

180 C. Each school board shall determine whether to offer the program of driver education in the safe 181 operation of motor vehicles and, if offered, whether such program shall be an elective or a required 182 course. In addition to the fee approved by the Board of Education pursuant to the appropriation act that allows local school boards to charge a per pupil fee for behind-the-wheel driver education, the Board of 183 184 Education may authorize a local school board's request to assess a surcharge in order to further recover program costs that exceed state funds distributed through basic aid to school divisions offering driver 185 186 education programs. Each school board may waive the fee or the surcharge in total or in part for those 187 students it determines cannot pay the fee or surcharge. Only school divisions complying with the 188 standardized program and regulations established by the Board of Education and the provisions of 189 § 46.2-335 shall be entitled to participate in the distribution of state funds appropriated for driver 190 education.

191 School boards in Planning District 8 shall make the 90-minute parent/student driver education 192 component available to all students and their parents or guardians who are in compliance with 193 § 22.1-254.

194 D. The actual initial driving instruction shall be conducted, with motor vehicles equipped as may be 195 required by regulation of the Board of Education, on private or public property removed from public 196 highways if practicable; if impracticable, then, at the request of the school board, the Commonwealth 197 Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways shall designate a suitable section of road near the 198 school to be used for such instruction. Such section of road shall be marked with signs, which the 199 Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways shall supply, giving notice of its use 200 for driving instruction. Such signs shall be removed at the close of the instruction period. No vehicle 201 other than those used for driver training shall be operated between such signs at a speed in excess of 25 202 miles per hour. Violation of this limit shall be a Class 4 misdemeanor.

203 E. The Board of Education may, in its discretion, promulgate regulations for the use and certification 204 of paraprofessionals as teaching assistants in the driver education programs of school divisions.

F. The Board of Education shall approve correspondence courses for the classroom training component of driver education. These correspondence courses shall be consistent in quality with 205 206 instructional programs developed by the Board for classroom training in the public schools. Students 207 208 completing the correspondence courses for classroom training, who are eligible to take behind-the-wheel 209 driver training, may receive behind-the-wheel driver training (i) from a public school, upon payment of 210 the required fee, if the school division offers behind-the-wheel driver training and space is available, (ii) 211 from a driver training school licensed by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or (iii) in the case of a 212 home schooling parent or guardian instructing his own child who meets the requirements for home 213 school instruction under § 22.1-254.1 or subdivision B 1 of § 22.1-254, from a behind-the-wheel training 214 course approved by the Board. Nothing herein shall be construed to require any school division to 215 provide behind-the-wheel driver training to nonpublic school students. 216

§ 28.2-555. Crossings of Baylor survey.

217 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation may maintain, repair, 218 reconstruct, or replace any existing crossings of the Baylor survey. Such authorization is granted for any 219 Baylor survey crossing determined by the Commonwealth Transportation Board to be necessary across 220 the Hampton Roads from Newport News to Portsmouth, across the Elizabeth River at Norfolk, and 221 construction parallel to an existing crossing of the James River from Newport News to Isle of Wight 222 County. 223

§ 33.1-7. Offices.

224 The main office of the Board, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Rail and 225 Public Transportation shall be located in the City of Richmond. In the discretion of the chairman 226 Commissioner of Highways, other offices of the Department of Transportation may be established in the 227 various construction districts of the Commonwealth as may be necessary or needful to carry out the 228 provisions of this title. 229

§ 33.1-11. Defense of employees.

230 If any person employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the Department or the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation shall be arrested or indicted or otherwise 231 232 prosecuted on any charge arising out of any act committed in the discharge of his official duties, the 233 Commissioner of Highways or the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation may 234 employ special counsel approved by the Attorney General to defend such employee. The compensation 235 for special counsel employed, pursuant to this section, shall, subject to the approval of the Attorney 236 General, be paid by the agency for which the employee works out of the funds appropriated for the 237 administration of the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation or the 238 Department of Rail and Public Transportation.

239 § 33.1-12. General powers and duties of Board, etc.; definitions.

240 The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall be vested with the following powers and shall have241 the following duties:

(1) Location of routes. To locate and establish the routes to be followed by the roads comprising
systems of state highways between the points designated in the establishment of such systems, except
that such routes shall not include roads located within any local system of roads, within the urban
system of highways, or those local roads in any county that has resumed full responsibility for all of the
secondary system of highways within such county's boundaries pursuant to § 33.1-84.1. Such routes shall
include corridors of statewide significance pursuant to § 33.1-23.03.

(2) Construction and maintenance contracts and activities related to passenger and freight rail andpublic transportation.

250 (a) To let all contracts to be administered by the Virginia Department of Transportation or the 251 Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the construction, maintenance, and improvement of the 252 roads comprising systems of state highways and for all activities related to passenger and freight rail and 253 public transportation in excess of \$5 million. The Commissioner of Highways shall have authority to let 254 all Virginia Department of Transportation-administered contracts for highway construction, maintenance, 255 and improvements up to \$5 million in value. The Director of the Department of Rail and Public 256 Transportation shall have the authority to let contracts for passenger and freight rail and public 257 transportation improvements up to \$5 million in value. The Commissioner of Highways is authorized to 258 enter into agreements with localities, authorities, and transportation districts to administer projects and to 259 allow those localities, authorities, and transportation districts to let contracts with no limit on contract 260 value, and without prior concurrence of the Commissioner of Highways or the Board for highway construction, maintenance, and improvements within their jurisdictions, in accordance with those 261 provisions of the Code of Virginia providing those localities, authorities, and transportation districts the 262 263 ability to let such contracts. The Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation is 264 authorized to enter into agreements with localities, authorities, and transportation districts to administer 265 projects and to allow those localities, authorities, and transportation districts to let contracts with no limit 266 on contract value, and without prior concurrence of the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation or the Board for passenger and freight rail and public transportation activities within their 267 268 jurisdictions, in accordance with those provisions of the Code of Virginia providing those localities, 269 authorities, and transportation districts the ability to let such contracts. The Commissioner of Highways 270 and the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation shall report on their respective 271 transportation contracting activities at least quarterly to the Board.

272 (b) The Commonwealth Transportation Board may award contracts for the construction of 273 transportation projects on a design-build basis. These contracts may be awarded after a written 274 determination is made by the Commissioner of Highways or the Director of the Department of Rail and 275 Public Transportation, pursuant to objective criteria previously adopted by the Board regarding the use 276 of design-build, that delivery of the projects must be expedited and that it is not in the public interest to 277 comply with the design and construction contracting procedures normally followed. Such objective 278 criteria will include requirements for prequalification of contractors and competitive bidding processes. 279 These contracts shall be of such size and scope to encourage maximum competition and participation by 280 agency prequalified and otherwise qualified contractors. Such determination shall be retained for public 281 inspection in the official records of the Department of Transportation or the Department of Rail and 282 Public Transportation, as the case may be, and shall include a description of the nature and scope of the 283 project and the reasons for the Commissioner's or Director's determination that awarding a design-build 284 contract will best serve the public interest. The provisions of this section shall supersede contrary 285 provisions of subsection D of \S 2.2-4303 and \S 2.2-4306.

(c) For transportation construction projects valued in excess of \$100 million, the Commonwealth
Transportation Board shall require that a financial plan be prepared. This plan shall include, but not be
limited to, the following: (i) a complete cost estimate for all major project elements; (ii) an
implementation plan with the project schedule and cost-to-complete information presented for each year;
(iii) identified revenues by funding source available each year to meet project costs; (iv) a detailed
cash-flow analysis for each year of the proposed project; and (v) efforts to be made to ensure maximum
involvement of private enterprise and private capital.

(d) The Commonwealth Transportation Board may award contracts for the provision of equipment, materials, and supplies to be used in construction of transportation projects on a fixed-price basis. Any such contract may provide that the price to be paid for the provision of equipment, materials, and supplies to be furnished in connection with the projects shall not be increased but shall remain fixed until completion of the projects specified in the contracts. Material components of any such contract for annual and multi-year programs, including but not limited to maintenance, may be fixed at the outset of the projects and until completion based on best achievable prices.

300 (3) Traffic regulations. To make rules and regulations, from time to time, not in conflict with the

301 laws of the Commonwealth, for the protection of and covering traffic on and the use of systems of state 302 highways and to add to, amend or repeal the same.

303 (4) Naming highways, bridges, interchanges, and other transportation facilities. To give suitable 304 names to state highways, bridges, interchanges, and other transportation facilities, and change the names 305 of any highways, bridges, interchanges, or other transportation facilities forming a part of the systems of 306 state highways. The name of private entities, as defined in § 56-557, located within the Commonwealth 307 shall not be used for such purposes unless such private entity pays to the Department of Transportation 308 an annual naming rights fee as determined by the Board. The Department of Transportation shall place 309 and maintain appropriate signs indicating the names of highways, bridges, interchanges, and other 310 transportation facilities named by the Board or by the General Assembly. The costs of producing, 311 placing, and maintaining these signs shall be paid by the counties, cities, and towns in which they are 312 located or by the private entity whose name is attached to the highway, bridge, interchange, or other transportation facility. No name shall be given to any state highway, bridge, interchange, or other 313 transportation facility by the Commonwealth Transportation Board unless and until the Commonwealth 314 315 Transportation Board shall have received from the local governing body of the locality within which a 316 portion of the facility to be named is located a resolution of that governing body requesting such 317 naming, except in such cases where a private entity has requested such naming. No highway, bridge, 318 interchange, or other transportation facility previously named by the Board or the General Assembly 319 shall be eligible for renaming by a private entity, unless such naming incorporates the previous name. 320 The Board shall develop and approve guidelines governing the naming of highways, bridges, 321 interchanges, and other transportation facilities by private entities and the applicable fees for such 322 naming rights. Such fees shall be deposited in the Highway Maintenance and Operating Fund.

323 No name shall be eligible for the naming rights under this subdivision if it in any way reasonably 324 connotes anything that (i) is profane, obscene, or vulgar; (ii) is sexually explicit or graphic; (iii) is 325 excretory related; (iv) is descriptive of intimate body parts or genitals; (v) is descriptive of illegal activities or substances; (vi) condones or encourages violence; or (vii) is socially, racially, or ethnically 326 327 offensive or disparaging.

328 (5) Compliance with federal acts. To comply fully with the provisions of the present or future federal 329 aid acts. The Board may enter into all contracts or agreements with the United States government and 330 may do all other things necessary to carry out fully the cooperation contemplated and provided for by 331 present or future acts of Congress in the area of transportation.

332 (6) Information and statistics. To gather and tabulate information and statistics relating to 333 transportation and disseminate the same throughout the Commonwealth. In addition, the Commissioner 334 shall provide a report to the Governor, the General Assembly, the Commonwealth Transportation Board, 335 and the public concerning the current status of all highway construction projects in the Commonwealth. 336 This report shall be posted at least four times each fiscal year, but may be updated more often as 337 circumstances allow. The report shall contain, at a minimum, the following information for every project 338 in the Six-Year Improvement Program: (i) project description; (ii) total cost estimate; (iii) funds 339 expended to date; (iv) project timeline and completion date; (v) statement of whether project is ahead of, 340 on, or behind schedule; (vi) the name of the prime contractor; (vii) total expenditures of federal 341 transportation funds in each county and city; (viii) total expenditures of state transportation funds in 342 each county and city; (ix) statewide totals for federal, state, and local funds expended for highways; (x) 343 statewide totals for federal, state, and local funds expended for transit; (xi) total funds expended on 344 intercity passenger and freight rail line and trains; and (xii) total funds expended in each federal and 345 state programmatic category. Use of one or more Internet websites may be used to satisfy this 346 requirement. Project specific information posted on the Internet shall be updated daily as information is 347 available.

348 (7) Policies and operation of Departments. To review and approve policies and transportation 349 objectives of the Department of Transportation and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, to 350 assist in establishing such policies and objectives, to oversee the execution thereof, and to report thereon 351 to the Commissioner of Highways and the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, 352 respectively. 353

(8) Cooperation with other agencies and local governments.

354 (a) To cooperate with the federal government, the American Association of State Highway and 355 Transportation Officials and any other organization in the numbering, signing and marking of highways, 356 in the taking of measures for the promotion of highway safety, in research activities, in the preparation 357 of standard specifications, in the testing of highway materials and otherwise with respect to 358 transportation projects.

359 (b) To offer technical assistance and coordinate state resources to work with local governments, upon 360 their request, in developing sound transportation components for their local comprehensive plans.

361 (9) (7) Transportation. (a) To monitor and, where necessary, approve actions taken by the Department of Rail and Public
Transportation pursuant to Chapter 10.1 (§ 33.1-391.1 et seq.) in order to ensure the efficient and
economical development of public transportation, the enhancement of rail transportation, and the
coordination of such rail and public transportation plans with highway programs.

(b) To coordinate the planning for financing of transportation needs, including needs for highways,
railways, seaports, airports, and public transportation and to set aside funds as provided in
§ 33.1-23.03:1. To allocate funds for these needs pursuant to §§ 33.1-23.1 and 58.1-638, the Board shall
adopt a Six-Year Improvement Program of anticipated projects and programs by July 1 of each year.
This program shall be based on the most recent official Transportation Trust Fund revenue forecast and
shall be consistent with a debt management policy adopted by the Board in consultation with the Debt
Capacity Advisory Committee and the Department of the Treasury.

373 (c) To recommend to the General Assembly for their consideration at the next session of the General
374 Assembly, objective criteria to be used by the Board in selecting those transportation projects to be
375 advanced from the feasibility to the construction stage. If such criteria are enacted into law, such
376 objectives shall apply to the interstate, primary, and urban systems of highways.

377 (d) To enter into contracts with local districts, commissions, agencies, or other entities created for
 378 transportation purposes.

379 (\hat{e}) (d) To promote increasing private investment in Virginia's transportation infrastructure, including **380** but not limited to acquisition of causeways, bridges, tunnels, highways, and other transportation **381** facilities.

382 (f) (e) To integrate land use with transportation planning and programming, consistent with the 383 efficient and economical use of public funds. If the Board determines that a local transportation plan 384 described in § 15.2-2223 or any amendment as described in § 15.2-2229 or a metropolitan regional 385 long-range transportation plan or regional Transportation Improvement Program as described in 386 § 33.1-223.2:25 is not consistent with the Commonwealth Transportation Board's Statewide 387 Transportation Plan developed pursuant to § 33.1-23.03, the Six-Year Improvement Program adopted pursuant to subdivision (9) (7)(b), and the location of routes to be followed by roads comprising systems 388 389 of state highways pursuant to subdivision (1), the Board shall notify the locality of such inconsistency 390 and request that the applicable plan or program be amended accordingly. If, after a reasonable time, the 391 Board determines that there is a refusal to amend the plan or program, then the Board may reallocate 392 funds that were allocated to the nonconforming project as permitted by state or federal law. If a locality 393 or metropolitan planning organization requests the termination of a project or does not advance a project 394 to the next phase of construction when requested by the Board and the Department of Transportation has 395 expended state or federal funds, the locality or the localities within the metropolitan planning 396 organization may be required to reimburse the Department of Transportation for all funds expended on 397 the project. If a locality or metropolitan planning organization requests alterations to a project that, in 398 the aggregate, exceeds 10 percent of the total project costs, the locality or the localities within the 399 metropolitan planning organization may be required to reimburse the Department of Transportation for 400 the additional project costs above the original estimates for making such alterations.

401 (10) (8) Contracts with other states. To enter into all contracts with other states necessary for the
402 proper coordination of the location, construction, maintenance, improvement, and operation of
403 transportation systems, including the systems of state highways with the highways of such other states
404 and, where necessary, to seek the approval of such contracts by the Congress of the United States.

405 (11) (9) Use of funds. To administer, distribute, and allocate funds in the Transportation Trust Fund
406 as provided by law. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall ensure that the total funds allocated
407 to any highway construction project are equal to total expenditures within 12 months following
408 completion of the project. However, this requirement shall not apply to debt service apportionments
409 pursuant to § 33.1-23.3 or 33.1-23.4.

410 (12) (10) Financial and investment advisors. With the advice of the Secretary of Finance and the
411 State Treasurer, to engage a financial advisor and investment advisor who may be anyone within or
412 without the government of the Commonwealth, to assist in planning and making decisions concerning
413 the investment of funds and the use of bonds for transportation purposes. The work of these advisors
414 shall be coordinated with the Secretary of Finance and the State Treasurer.

415 (13) (11) The powers of the Virginia Aviation Board set out in Chapter 1 (§ 5.1-1 et seq.) of Title
416 5.1 and the Virginia Port Authority set out in Chapter 10 (§ 62.1-128 et seq.) of Title 62.1 are in no
417 way diminished by the provisions of this title.

(14) (12) To enter into payment agreements with the Treasury Board related to payments on bonds
 issued by the Commonwealth Transportation Board.

420 (15) (13) Establishment of highway user fees for the systems of state highways. When the
 421 traffic-carrying capacity of any system of state highways or a portion thereof is increased by
 422 construction or improvement, the Commonwealth Transportation Board may enter into agreements with

423 localities, authorities, and transportation districts to establish highway user fees for such system of state 424 highways or portion thereof that the localities, authorities, and transportation districts maintain.

425 (16) Subject to compliance with applicable federal regulations, the Commonwealth Transportation 426 Board shall establish a plan for identification and acquisition of rights-of-way that may be needed within 427 the corridors designated on the Statewide Transportation Plan.

428 The term "public transportation" or "mass transit" as used in this title means passenger transportation 429 by rubber-tired, rail, or other surface conveyance which provides shared ride services open to the general 430 public on a regular and continuing basis. The term does not include school buses; charter or sight-seeing 431 service; vehicular ferry service that serves as a link in the highway network; or human service agency or 432 other client-restricted transportation. 433

§ 33.1-13.05. Gathering and reporting of information and statistics.

434 The Commissioner of Highways and the Director of the Department of Rail and Public 435 Transportation shall gather and tabulate information and statistics relating to transportation and disseminate the same throughout the Commonwealth. In addition, the Commissioner shall provide a 436 437 report to the Governor, the General Assembly, the Commonwealth Transportation Board, and the public 438 concerning the current status of all highway construction projects in the Commonwealth. This report 439 shall be posted at least four times each fiscal year, but may be updated more often as circumstances 440 allow. The report shall contain, at a minimum, the following information for every project in the 441 Six-Year Improvement Program: (i) project description; (ii) total cost estimate; (iii) funds expended to 442 date; (iv) project timeline and completion date; (v) statement of whether project is ahead of, on, or 443 behind schedule; (vi) the name of the prime contractor; (vii) total expenditures of federal transportation 444 funds in each county and city; (viii) total expenditures of state transportation funds in each county and 445 city; (ix) statewide totals for federal, state, and local funds expended for highways; (x) statewide totals 446 for federal, state, and local funds expended for transit; (xi) total funds expended on intercity passenger and freight rail line and trains; and (xii) total funds expended in each federal and state programmatic 447 **448** category. Use of one or more Internet websites may be used to satisfy this requirement. Project-specific 449 information posted on the Internet shall be updated daily as information is available. 450

§ 33.1-23.03:7. Liability exemption of officers and employees.

451 When investments are made in accordance with this section, no Board member or, Board employee thereof, Department of Transportation employee, Department of Rail and Public Transportation 452 employee, or treasury official shall be personally liable for any loss therefrom in the absence of 453 454 negligence, malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance. 455

§ 33.1-23.5:3. Financial plans for transportation construction projects.

456 For transportation construction projects valued in excess of \$100 million, the Commissioner shall 457 require that a financial plan be prepared and presented to the Commonwealth Transportation Board for 458 its review. This plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following: (i) a complete cost estimate for 459 all major project elements, (ii) an implementation plan with the project schedule and cost-to-complete information presented for each year, (iii) identified revenues by funding source available each year to **460** meet project costs, (iv) a detailed cash-flow analysis for each year of the proposed project, and (v)461 462 efforts to be made to ensure maximum involvement of private enterprise and private capital. 463

§ 33.1-61. Parallel service roads; standards for access, service, etc., roads.

464 The Board Department may construct service roads parallel to a limited access highway in order to 465 provide access at designated points for property owners abutting on the limited access highway and after 466 the construction of such service roads shall maintain and regulate traffic over them.

467 The construction or alteration of any access, feeder or service road which is to serve properties 468 isolated by construction of a limited access highway shall meet all minimum state standards or the 469 standards of the cities or towns of more than 3,500 population, or of counties which maintain their own 470 road networks, as provided for by ordinance, whichever is more strict. 471

§ 33.1-89.3. Plans for acquisition of rights-of-way.

472 Subject to compliance with applicable federal regulations, the Commissioner shall establish a plan 473 for identification and acquisition of rights-of-way that may be needed within the corridors designated on 474 the Statewide Transportation Plan.

475 § 33.1-183.1. Authority to lease or convey airspace; terms of lease or conveyance; advertisement 476 and bids; disposition of compensation for lease or conveyance.

477 The Board Commissioner of Highways may lease or sell and convey the airspace superjacent or 478 subjacent to any highway in this Commonwealth which is within its his jurisdiction and in which the 479 Commonwealth owns fee simple title after satisfying itself that use of the airspace will not impair the 480 full use and safety of the highway or otherwise interfere with the free flow of traffic thereon and it cannot be reasonably foreseen as needed in the future for highway and other transit uses and purposes. **481** 482 It The Commissioner of Highways may provide in such leases and conveyances of airspace for columns 483 of support, in fee or otherwise, ingress, egress and utilities.

484 No lease or conveyance shall be entered into by the Board Commissioner of Highways until after the 485 time the county, city or town, by action of its governing body by majority recorded vote, approves the 486 projected use and has zoned the airspace in question or has otherwise taken such steps as it deems 487 proper to regulate the type and use of the improvements to be erected in such airspace.

488 All leases and conveyances shall contain those terms deemed necessary by the Board Commissioner 489 of Highways to protect the interests of the Commonwealth and the public and shall not be entered into 490 until after public advertising for bids for such airspace. The Board Commissioner of Highways shall 491 advertise for bids at least fourteen 14 days prior to the execution of a lease or a conveyance. The 492 advertisement shall state the place where bidders may examine a map of the airspace, the general terms 493 of the lease or conveyance and the time and place when bids will be opened by the Board 494 Commissioner of Highways. The highest bid from a responsible bidder, in the sole discretion of the 495 Board Commissioner of Highways, shall be accepted; however the Board Commissioner of Highways 496 may reject all bids and advertise the property again.

497 Compensation paid for such leases and conveyances shall be credited to the fund for highway 498 maintenance and construction.

§ 33.1-190.4. Liaison duties with other organizations. 499

500 Tasks and responsibilities concerning transportation program or project delivery shall be carried out 501 as follows:

502 (1) The Commissioner shall cooperate with the federal government, the American Association of 503 State Highway and Transportation Officials, and any other organization in the numbering, signing, and 504 marking of highways; in the taking of measures for the promotion of highway safety; in research 505 activities; in the preparation of standard specifications; in the testing of highway materials; and 506 otherwise with respect to transportation projects.

507 (2) The Department of Transportation and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation may 508 offer technical assistance and coordinate state resources, as available, to work with local governments, 509 upon their request, in developing sound transportation components for their local comprehensive plans.

510 § 33.1-195. Sale of materials to, and use of equipment by, cities, towns, counties, and school 511 boards.

512 The Board Department may lend or rent equipment and sell materials and supplies used in the 513 building or repairing of roads and streets to any city, town, county, or school board, upon such terms 514 and conditions as may be agreed upon by the **Board** Department and such city, town, county, or school 515 board. Provided the governing body of such city, town, county, or school board submits to the Board 516 Department a certificate setting forth that the material or equipment cannot be furnished from private 517 sources within a reasonable time. Provided, further, that the foregoing proviso shall not apply to towns 518 with a population of less than 3,500 inhabitants or to the purchase of paint for traffic marking purposes 519 by any city, town, county, or school board. 520

§ 33.1-196. Oiling of highways.

521 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department may oil the highways in any town in this 522 Commonwealth upon request of the council thereof and may oil the highways in any county of this 523 Commonwealth, the secondary roads within which are not a part of the secondary system of state 524 highways, upon request of the board of supervisors or other governing body thereof; provided that such 525 council or such board of supervisors or other governing body, as the case may be, shall pay to the 526 Commonwealth Transportation Board Department the cost of such oiling. This section does apply to any 527 highway which is a part of the State Highway System or the secondary system of state highways. 528

§ 33.1-201. Improving certain private roads and certain town streets and roads.

The Commissioner of Highways may, in his discretion, upon the request of the board of supervisors 529 530 or other governing body of any county and at the expense of the owner of the land, improve private roads giving direct access from the home or other central buildings on the property along the shortest 531 532 practical route to the nearest public highway; provided, however, that:

533 (1) The Commissioner shall in no case undertake any such work until certification is made by the 534 board of supervisors or other governing body that the property owner cannot secure the services of a 535 private contractor to perform the work nor then until the owner has deposited with him a certified check 536 in the amount estimated by the Commissioner as the cost of the work; 537

(2) Not more than \$1,000 shall be expended on any one such private project in any one year;

538 (3) No work of ordinary maintenance shall be done on any such private road under the provisions of 539 this section.

540 And the Commissioner may, upon the request of the council of any town having a population of less 541 than 1,500 and at the expense of such town, improve and maintain any streets or roads therein not in 542 the State Highway System. As to streets and roads in such town, no certification by the board of 543 supervisors or deposit shall be necessary.

544 Any work done by the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this section shall only be done 545 with the equipment and employees of the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of 546 Transportation.

§ 33.1-207. Facilities for persons desiring to fish from bridges.

547

548 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department may, in its discretion, upon the request in 549 writing of any department or agency of the Commonwealth, construct and maintain, on or in connection 550 with any bridges which now constitute a part of any system of state highways, such platforms, 551 walkways or other facilities as may be necessary or proper for the safety and convenience of persons 552 who desire to fish therefrom, the cost thereof to be paid out of funds furnished by the department or 553 agency making the request from its own funds or funds furnished to such department or agency by gift 554 from private sources. The Department of Transportation shall not be held responsible for damage caused 555 by the construction or use of such facilities.

556 § 33.1-208. Use of streams and lowlands obstructed by newly constructed highways as fishponds 557 or water storage areas.

558 Whenever any highway is being constructed and the highway is to pass over any stream or lowland 559 the obstruction of which is necessary to such construction or if the present highway construction can be 560 utilized to provide a suitable dam for a fishpond or water storage area, then upon application of the adjacent property owner requesting that it be so used, the Commonwealth Transportation Board 561 562 Department may permit such use, provided that such dam should be subject to the provisions of Article 563 14 (§ 33.1-176 et seq.) of this chapter, and any additional cost incurred thereby shall be borne by such 564 property owner. 565

§ 33.1-229. Continuance of powers of county authorities; alternative procedure.

566 The local road authorities shall continue to have the powers vested in them on June 20, 1932, for the 567 establishment of new roads in their respective counties, which shall, upon such establishment, become 568 parts of the secondary system of state highways within such counties. They shall likewise have the power to alter or change the location of any road now in the secondary system of state highways within 569 570 such counties or which may hereafter become a part of the secondary system of state highways within 571 such counties. The Commissioner of Highways shall be made a party to any proceeding before the local 572 road authorities for the establishment of any such road or for the alteration or change of the location of 573 any such road. When any such board or commission appointed by the board of supervisors or other 574 governing body of a county to view a proposed road or to alter or change the location of an existing 575 road shall award damages for the right-of-way for the same, in either case to be paid in money, it may 576 be paid by the board of supervisors or other governing body of the county out of the general county 577 levy funds. No expenditure by the Commonwealth shall be required upon any new road so established 578 or any old road the location of which is altered or changed by the local road authorities, except as may 579 be approved by the Commissioner. If the property sought to be taken is for the easement or 580 right-of-way, the plat shall reasonably indicate thereon any appurtenant right-of-way or easement for 581 ingress and egress to and from the principal easement or right-of-way being taken.

582 As an alternative to the method of establishing or relocating a road provided in the preceding 583 paragraph, the Commissioner, by and with the approval of the Commonwealth Transportation Board and 584 the board of supervisors or other governing body of a county shall have power and authority to make 585 such changes in routes in, and additions to, the secondary system of state highways from time to time as 586 the public safety or convenience may require.

587 The service of any process or notice in any such proceedings upon the district engineer administrator of the Department of Transportation having the supervision of maintenance and construction of 588 589 highways in any such county shall be termed sufficient service on the Commissioner. 590

§ 33.1-293. Revenue refunding bonds and revenue bonds for combined purposes.

591 Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this article and without regard to any other 592 restrictions or limitations contained in this article, the Board is hereby authorized to provide by 593 resolution (a) for the issuance of revenue refunding bonds of the Commonwealth for the purpose of 594 refunding any revenue bonds issued under the provisions of this article and then outstanding, including 595 interest to the earliest call date of such outstanding bonds and premiums, if any, payable on such call 596 date, and (b) for the issuance of a single issue of revenue bonds of the Commonwealth for the combined 597 purpose of providing funds (i) to pay the cost of either or both of the projects described in paragraphs 598 (b) and (j) of subdivision (2) of § 33.1-268 of this article in event the Board has decided or shall decide 599 to construct either or both of said projects under authority heretofore granted, and (ii) to refund revenue 600 bonds of the Commonwealth theretofore issued under the provisions of this article and then outstanding, 601 including interest to the earliest call date of such outstanding bonds and premiums, if any, payable on 602 such call date. For the purposes of this section, the word "project" shall, in relation to the project 603 described in said paragraph (j), include approach highways thereto and bus facilities for the transportation of passengers through or over said project if the Board shall deem it advisable to 604 construct such approach highways or acquire such bus facilities; and the term "cost of the project" shall, 605

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606 in relation to the projects described in said paragraphs (b) and (j), include an amount sufficient to reimburse the Board for expenditures or advances theretofore made by the Board on account of the cost **607** 608 of either or both of said projects, and shall, in relation to the project described in said paragraph (j), include provision of a sum, deemed by the Board to be sufficient for the purpose, to be utilized by the 609 610 Board for the payment of employment severance benefits to employees of the Board or the Department rendering services in connection with the projects mentioned in paragraphs (g) and (i) of subdivision (2) 611 612 of said § 33.1-268 and shall include the cost of constructing approach highways and of providing bus 613 facilities if the Board shall deem it expedient to construct such approach highways or acquire such 614 facilities as a part of the project described in said paragraph (i). In the event bonds shall be issued for the combined purpose set forth in clause (b) of this section, such amount of the proceeds of such bonds 615 616 as may be required, together with other funds available for such purpose, for the redemption of the 617 outstanding bonds to be refunded shall be deposited by the Board in trust with the trustee under the trust indenture securing such outstanding bonds for the sole and exclusive purpose of paying and redeeming 618 such bonds, and the balance of such proceeds shall be used solely for the payment of the cost of the 619 620 project or projects to be constructed.

621 The issuance of such bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof
622 and the duties of the Commonwealth and of the Board in respect to the same shall be governed by the
623 foregoing provisions of this article insofar as the same may be applicable.

§ 33.1-342. Certificate to be filed with bid for highway or bridge construction, etc.

625 Every individual, partnership or corporation bidding upon any proposed contract for the construction, 626 repair or maintenance of any part of any public highway or bridge and for supplying any labor, material 627 or supplies to be used in any such construction, repair or maintenance shall file with such bid a sworn 628 statement giving the name and location of the principal office of every highway contractors' association 629 of which he is or has been a member during the preceding twelve months; and no bid not accompanied by such certificate shall be considered by the Commonwealth Transportation Board or the Commissioner 630 631 of Highways in letting any contract bid upon, nor shall any such contract be let by the Board or the 632 *Commissioner of Highways* to any bidder failing to file the certificate required by this section.

633 § 33.1-343. Affidavit to be filed with bid upon work.

624

Every member of any highway contractors' association who bids upon any work let by the
Commonwealth Transportation Board *or the Commissioner of Highways* shall file with his bid an
affidavit in substance as follows: that the bidder neither directly or indirectly has entered into any
combination or arrangement with any person, firm or corporation or entered into any agreement, the
effect of which is to prevent competition or increase the cost of construction or maintenance of roads or
bridges.

640 The Commonwealth Transportation Board *or the Commissioner of Highways* shall prescribe the form641 of this affidavit and no bid shall be accepted unless accompanied by such affidavit.

§ 33.1-370. Special provisions pertaining to interstate, national highway system, and federal-aid primary highways.

644 A. Notwithstanding the territorial limitation set out in § 33.1-353, no sign or advertisement adjacent 645 to any interstate, national highway system, or federal-aid primary highway shall be erected, maintained or displayed which is visible from the main traveled way within 660 feet of the nearest edge of the 646 647 right-of-way, except as provided in subsections B and D of this section, and outside of an urban area no sign or advertisement beyond 660 feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of any interstate, national 648 649 highway system, or federal-aid primary highway which is visible from the main traveled way shall be 650 erected, maintained, or displayed with the purpose of its message being read from the main traveled 651 way, except as set forth in subsection C.

652 B. The following signs, advertisements or advertising structures may be erected, maintained and
653 displayed within 660 feet of the right-of-way of any interstate, national highway system, or federal-aid
654 primary highway:

655 Class I - Official signs. - Directional and official signs and notices, which signs and notices shall
656 include, but not be limited to, signs and notices pertaining to the availability of food, lodging, vehicle
657 service and tourist information, natural wonders, scenic areas, museums and historic attractions, as
658 authorized or required by law; however, where such signs or notices pertain to facilities or attractions
659 which are barrier free, such signs or notices shall contain the International Barrier Free Symbol. The
660 Commonwealth Transportation Board shall determine the type, lighting, size, location, number, and other
661 requirements of signs of this class.

Class 2 - On-premises signs. - Signs not prohibited by other parts of this article which are consistent
with the applicable provisions of this section and which advertise the sale or lease of, or activities being
conducted upon, the real property where the signs are located; provided, that any such signs, which are
located adjacent to and within 660 feet of any interstate highway and do not lie in commercial or
industrial zones within the boundaries of incorporated municipalities, as such boundaries existed on

667 September 21, 1959, wherein the use of real property adjacent to the Interstate System is subject to
668 municipal regulation or control, or in areas where land use as of September 21, 1959, was clearly
669 established by state law as industrial or commercial, shall comply with the following requirements:

670 1. Not more than one sign advertising the sale or lease of the same property may be erected or maintained in such manner as to be visible to traffic proceeding in any one direction on any one 672 interstate highway;

673 2. Not more than one sign, visible to traffic proceeding in any one direction on any one interstate
674 highway and advertising activities being conducted upon the real property where the sign is located, may
675 be erected or maintained more than fifty feet from the advertised activity, and no such sign may be
676 located more than 250 feet from the center of the advertised activity; and

677 3. No sign, except one which is not more than fifty feet from the advertised activity, that displays678 any trade name which refers to or identifies any service rendered or product sold, shall be erected or679 maintained unless the name of the advertised activity is displayed as conspicuously as such trade name.

Class 3 - Other signs. - Any signs or advertisements which are located within areas adjacent to any
interstate, national highway system, or federal-aid primary highway which are zoned industrial or
commercial under authority of state law, or in unzoned commercial or industrial areas as determined by
the Commonwealth Transportation Board from actual land uses. The Commonwealth Transportation
Board shall determine the size, lighting and spacing of signs of this class, provided that such
determination shall be no more restrictive than valid federal requirements on the same subject.

686 C. The following signs, advertisements or advertising structures may be erected, maintained and
687 displayed beyond 660 feet of the right-of-way of any interstate, national highway system, or federal-aid
688 primary highway outside of urban areas.

689 1. Class 1 and Class 2 signs, advertisements or advertising structures set forth in subsection B of this section.

691 2. All other signs, advertisements or advertising structures erected, maintained or displayed more than
692 660 feet from the nearest edge of the right-of-way of an interstate, national highway system, or
693 federal-aid primary highway; unless said sign or advertisement is visible from the main traveled way of
694 said highways and erected, maintained or displayed with the purpose of its message being read from the
695 main traveled way of said highways.

696 In determining whether a sign, advertisement or advertising structure is "erected, maintained or **697** displayed with the purpose of its being read" the Commissioner is not limited to, but will consider, the **698** nature of the business or product advertised thereon, the availability of such business or product to users 699 of the controlled highway, the visibility of the sign, advertisement or advertising structure from the main 700 traveled way of the controlled highway (such visibility may be measured by considering the size or 701 height of the sign, advertisement or advertising structure; the configuration, size, and height of 702 recognizable emblems, images, and lettering thereon; the angle of the sign, advertisement or advertising 703 structure to the main traveled way of the controlled highway; the degree to which physical obstructions 704 hinder the view of the sign, advertisement or advertising structure from the main traveled way of the 705 controlled highway; and the time which such sign, advertisement or advertising structure is exposed to 706 view by travelers on the main traveled way of the controlled highway traveling at the maximum and 707 minimum speeds posted).

D. In order to provide information in the specific interest of the traveling public, the Commonwealth
 Transportation Board Department is hereby authorized to maintain maps and to permit informational
 directories and advertising pamphlets to be made available at rest areas, and to establish information
 centers at rest areas for the purpose of informing the public of places of interest within the
 Commonwealth and providing such other information as may be considered desirable.

E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, lawfully erected and maintained nonconforming signs,
advertisements, and advertising structures shall not be removed or eliminated by amortization under state
law or local ordinances without compensation as described in subsection F of this section.

716 F. The Commissioner of Highways is authorized to acquire by purchase, gift or the power of eminent 717 domain and to pay just compensation upon the removal of nonconforming signs, advertisements or 718 advertising structures lawfully erected and maintained under state law or state regulations. Provided, 719 however, subsequent to November 6, 1978, whenever any local ordinance which is more restrictive than 720 state law requires the removal of such signs, advertisements, or advertising structures, the local 721 governing body shall initiate the removal of such signs, advertisements, or advertising structures with the 722 Commissioner, who shall have complete authority to administer the removal of such signs, 723 advertisements, or advertising structures. Upon proof of payment presented to the local governing 724 bodies, the local governing bodies shall reimburse the Commissioner the funds expended which are 725 associated with the removal of such signs, advertisements, or advertising structures required by local 726 ordinances, less any federal funds received for such purposes. Notwithstanding the above, nothing shall 727 prohibit the local governing bodies from removing signs, advertisements, or advertising structures which

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are made nonconforming solely by local ordinances so long as those ordinances require the local governing bodies to pay 100 percent of the cost of removing them and just compensation upon their removal.

731 Such compensation is authorized to be paid only for the taking from the owner of such sign or
732 advertisement of all right, title, leasehold and interest in such sign or advertisement, and the taking from
733 the owner of the real property on which the sign or advertisement is located, of the right to erect and
734 maintain such sign or advertisement thereon.

735 The Commissioner of Highways shall not be required to expend any funds under this section unless 736 and until federal-aid matching funds are made available for this purpose.

737 § 36-98.1. State buildings; exception for certain assets owned by the Department of 738 Transportation.

739 A. The Building Code shall be applicable to all state-owned buildings and structures, and to all buildings and structures built on state-owned property, with the exception that §§ 2.2-1159 through 2.2-1161 shall provide the standards for ready access to and use of state-owned buildings by the physically handicapped.

Any state-owned building or structure, or building or structure built on state-owned property, for
which preliminary plans were prepared or on which construction commenced after the initial effective
date of the Uniform Statewide Building Code, shall remain subject to the provisions of the Uniform
Statewide Building Code that were in effect at the time such plans were completed or such construction
commenced. Subsequent reconstruction, renovation or demolition of such building or structure shall be
subject to the pertinent provisions of the Building Code.

749 Acting through the Division of Engineering and Buildings, the Department of General Services shall 750 function as the building official for any state-owned buildings or structures and for all buildings and 751 structures built on state-owned property. The Department shall review and approve plans and 752 specifications, grant modifications, and establish such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement this section. It may provide for the (i) inspection of state-owned buildings or structures and 753 754 for all buildings and structures built on state-owned property and (ii) enforcement of the Building Code 755 and standards for access by the physically handicapped by delegating inspection and Building Code 756 enforcement duties to the State Fire Marshal's Office, to other appropriate state agencies having needed 757 expertise, and to local building departments, all of which shall provide such assistance within a 758 reasonable time and in the manner requested. State agencies and institutions occupying buildings shall pay to the local building department the same fees as would be paid by a private citizen for the services 759 760 rendered when such services are requested by the Department of General Services. The Department of 761 General Services may alter or overrule any decision of the local building department after having first 762 considered the local building department's report or other rationale given for its decision. When altering 763 or overruling any decision of a local building department, the Department of General Services shall 764 provide the local building department with a written summary of its reasons for doing so.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A and § 27-99, roadway tunnels and bridges owned
by the Department of Transportation shall be exempt from the Building Code and the Statewide Fire
Prevention Code Act (§ 27-94 et seq.). The Department of General Services shall not have jurisdiction
over such roadway tunnels, bridges, and other limited access highways; provided, however, that the
Department of General Services shall have jurisdiction over any occupied buildings within any
Department of Transportation rights-of-way that are subject to the Building Code.

771 Roadway tunnels and bridges shall be designed, constructed, and operated to comply with fire safety 772 standards based on nationally recognized model codes and standards to be developed by the Department 773 of Transportation in consultation with the State Fire Marshal and approved by the Commonwealth 774 Transportation Board. Emergency response planning and activities related to the standards approved by 775 the Commonwealth Transportation Board shall be developed by the Department of Transportation and 776 coordinated with the appropriate local officials and emergency services providers. On an annual basis the 777 Department of Transportation shall provide a report on the maintenance and operability of installed fire 778 protection and detection systems in roadway tunnels and bridges to the State Fire Marshal.

779 C. Except as provided in subsection D of § 23-38.109, and notwithstanding the provisions of 780 subsection A, at the request of a public institution of higher education, the Department, as further set 781 forth in this subsection, shall authorize that institution of higher education to contract with a building 782 official of the locality in which the construction is taking place to perform any inspection and 783 certifications required for the purpose of complying with the Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97) 784 et seq.). The Department shall publish administrative procedures that shall be followed in contracting 785 with a building official of the locality. The authority granted to a public institution of higher education 786 under this subsection to contract with a building official of the locality shall be subject to the institution meeting the conditions prescribed in subsection B of § 23-38.88. 787

788 D. This section shall not apply to the nonhabitable structures, equipment, and wiring owned by a

789 public service company, a certificated provider of telecommunications services, or a franchised cable 790 operator that are built on rights-of-way owned or controlled by the Commonwealth Transportation 791 Board.

§ 46.2-804. Special regulations applicable on highways laned for traffic.

792

793 Whenever any roadway has been divided into clearly marked lanes for traffic, drivers of vehicles 794 shall obey the following:

795 1. Any vehicle proceeding at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under 796 the conditions existing, shall be driven in the lane nearest the right edge or right curb of the highway 797 when such lane is available for travel except when overtaking and passing another vehicle or in 798 preparation for a left turn or where right lanes are reserved for slow-moving traffic as permitted in this 799 section;

800 2. A vehicle shall be driven as nearly as is practicable entirely within a single lane and shall not be 801 moved from that lane until the driver has ascertained that such movement can be made safely;

802 3. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 5 of this section, on a highway which is divided into 803 three lanes, no vehicle shall be driven in the center lane except when overtaking and passing another 804 vehicle or in preparation for a left turn or unless such center lane is at the time allocated exclusively to 805 traffic moving in the direction the vehicle is proceeding and is signed or marked to give notice of such 806 allocation. Traffic-control devices may be erected directing specified traffic to use a designated lane or 807 designating those lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction regardless of the center of 808 the roadway and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such device;

809 4. The Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways, or local authorities in their 810 respective jurisdictions, may designate right lanes for slow-moving vehicles and the Virginia Department of Transportation shall post signs requiring trucks and combination vehicles to keep to the right on 811 812 Interstate Highway System components with no more than two travel lanes in each direction where terrain is likely to slow the speed of such vehicles climbing hills and inclines to a speed that is less than 813 814 the posted speed limit;

5. Wherever a highway is marked with double traffic lines consisting of a solid line immediately 815 816 adjacent to a broken line, no vehicle shall be driven to the left of such line if the solid line is on the 817 right of the broken line, but it shall be lawful to make a left turn for the purpose of entering or leaving 818 a public, private, or commercial road or entrance. Where the middle lane of a highway is marked on 819 both sides with a solid line immediately adjacent to a broken line, such middle lane shall be considered 820 a left-turn or holding lane and it shall be lawful to drive to the left of such line if the solid line is on 821 the right of the broken line for the purpose of turning left into any road or entrance, provided that the 822 vehicle may not travel in such lane further than 150 feet;

823 6. Wherever a highway is marked with double traffic lines consisting of two immediately adjacent 824 solid lines, no vehicle shall be driven to the left of such lines, except when turning left. 825

§ 46.2-806. One-way roadways and highways.

826 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways may designate any highway or 827 any separate roadway under its jurisdiction for one-way traffic and shall erect appropriate signs. Traffic thereon shall move only in the direction designated. 828

829 § 46.2-830. Uniform marking and signing of highways; drivers to obey signs; enforcement of 830 section.

831 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways may classify, designate, and 832 mark state highways and provide a uniform system of marking and signing such highways under the 833 jurisdiction of the Commonwealth. Such system of marking and signing shall correlate with and, so far 834 as possible, conform to the system adopted in other states. 835

All drivers of vehicles shall obey lawfully erected signs.

836 No provision of this section relating to the prohibition of disobeying signs or violating local traffic 837 signals, markings, and lights shall be enforced against an alleged violator if, at the time and place of the 838 alleged violation, any such sign, signal, marking, or light is not in proper position and sufficiently 839 legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant person. 840

§ 46.2-831. Unofficial signs prohibited; penalties.

841 No unauthorized person shall erect or maintain on any highway any warning or direction sign, signal, 842 or light in imitation of any official sign, signal, or light erected as provided by law. No person shall 843 erect or maintain on any highway any traffic or highway sign or signal bearing any commercial 844 advertising.

845 Nothing in this section shall prohibit the erection or maintenance of signs or signals bearing the 846 name of an organization authorized to erect it by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the 847 Department of Transportation, or by the local authorities of counties, cities, and towns as provided by 848 law. Nor shall this section be construed to prohibit the erection by contractors or public utility companies of temporary signs approved by the Virginia Department of Transportation warning motorists 849

850 that work is in progress on or adjacent to the highway.

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Any violation of this section shall constitute a Class 4 misdemeanor.

852 § 46.2-847. Left turns by bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric 853 power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds.

854 A person riding a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, 855 or moped and intending to turn left shall either follow a course described in § 46.2-846 or make the turn 856 as provided in this section.

857 A person riding a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, 858 or moped and intending to turn left shall approach the turn as close as practicable to the right curb or 859 edge of the roadway. After proceeding across the intersecting roadway, the rider shall comply with 860 traffic signs or signals and continue his turn as close as practicable to the right curb or edge of the 861 roadway being entered.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, the Commonwealth Transportation Board 862 863 Commissioner of Highways and local authorities, in their respective jurisdictions, may cause official 864 traffic control devices to be placed at intersections to direct that a specific course be traveled by turning bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds. When 865 866 such devices are so placed, no person shall turn a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, or moped other than as directed by such devices. 867

868 § 46.2-878.2. Maximum speed limits in certain residence districts of counties, cities, and towns; 869 penalty.

870 Operation of any motor vehicle in excess of a maximum speed limit established for a highway in a 871 residence district of a county, city, or town, when indicated by appropriately placed signs displaying the 872 maximum speed limit and the penalty for violations, shall be unlawful and constitute a traffic infraction 873 punishable by a fine of \$200, in addition to other penalties provided by law. No portion of the fine shall 874 be suspended unless the court orders 20 hours of community service. The Commonwealth Transportation 875 Board Commissioner of Highways or any local governing body having jurisdiction over highways shall 876 develop criteria for the overall applicability for the installation of signs. Such criteria shall not exclude 877 highways, functionally classified as minor arterials, serving areas that either (i) were built as residential 878 developments or (ii) have grown to resemble residential developments, provided, in either case, (i) (a) 879 such highways are experiencing documented speeding problems and (ii) (b) the local governing body 880 requests the application of this section to such highway. Such signs may be installed in any town and 881 shall not require the approval of the county within which such town is located. Any such signs installed 882 in any town shall be paid for by the town requesting the installation of the signs, or out of the county's 883 secondary system construction allocation. 884

§ 46.2-889. Location of parked vehicles.

885 No vehicle shall be stopped except close to and parallel to the right edge of the curb or roadway, 886 except that a vehicle may be stopped close to and parallel to the left curb or edge of the roadway on 887 one-way streets or may be parked at an angle where permitted by the Commonwealth Transportation 888 Board, the Department, or local authorities with respect to highways under their jurisdiction.

889 § 46.2-924. Drivers to stop for pedestrians; installation of certain signs; penalty.

890 A. The driver of any vehicle on a highway shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian crossing 891 such highway:

892 1. At any clearly marked crosswalk, whether at mid-block or at the end of any block;

893 2. At any regular pedestrian crossing included in the prolongation of the lateral boundary lines of the 894 adjacent sidewalk at the end of a block;

895 3. At any intersection when the driver is approaching on a highway or street where the legal 896 maximum speed does not exceed 35 miles per hour.

897 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, at intersections or crosswalks where the 898 movement of traffic is being regulated by law-enforcement officers or traffic control devices, the driver 899 shall yield according to the direction of the law-enforcement officer or device.

900 No pedestrian shall enter or cross an intersection in disregard of approaching traffic.

901 The drivers of vehicles entering, crossing, or turning at intersections shall change their course, slow 902 down, or stop if necessary to permit pedestrians to cross such intersections safely and expeditiously.

903 Pedestrians crossing highways at intersections shall at all times have the right-of-way over vehicles 904 making turns into the highways being crossed by the pedestrians.

905 C. The governing body of Arlington County, Fairfax County, Loudoun County and any town therein, 906 the City of Alexandria, the City of Fairfax, and the City of Falls Church may by ordinance provide for 907 the installation and maintenance of highway signs at marked crosswalks specifically requiring operators 908 of motor vehicles, at the locations where such signs are installed, to yield the right-of-way to pedestrians 909 crossing or attempting to cross the highway. Any operator of a motor vehicle who fails at such locations 910 to yield the right-of-way to pedestrians as required by such signs shall be guilty of a traffic infraction

911 punishable by a fine of no less than \$100 or more than \$500. The Commonwealth Transportation Board 912 Department of Transportation shall develop criteria for the design, location, and installation of such 913 signs. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any limited access highway.

914 § 46.2-1041. Restrictions as to solid rubber tires.

915 Every tire, other than a pneumatic tire, made of rubber on a vehicle moved on any highway shall 916 have rubber on its entire traction surface at least one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the 917 entire periphery. No vehicle equipped with such tires shall be operated on any highway in the Commonwealth unless a permit therefor is first secured from the Commonwealth Transportation Board 918 919 Department of Transportation. 920

§ 46.2-1046. Traction engines and tractors.

921 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways and local authorities in their 922 respective jurisdictions may, in their discretion, issue special permits authorizing the operation on a 923 highway of traction engines or tractors having movable tracks with transverse corrugations upon the 924 periphery of such movable tracks. 925

§ 46.2-1107. Bus widths in certain counties.

926 Upon application by the governing body of any county, the Commonwealth Transportation Board 927 Commissioner of Highways may permit within that county the operation of passenger buses wider than 928 96 inches but no wider than 102 inches. 929

§ 46.2-1108. Bus widths to comply with federal law.

930 If federal law permits the operation of passenger buses wider than 96 inches on the interstate 931 highway system, the Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways may permit the 932 operation of passenger buses of a total outside width, excluding the mirror required by § 46.2-1082, of 933 more than 96 inches, but not exceeding more than 102 inches, on interstate and defense highways or 934 any other four lane divided highways under the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth Transportation Board. 935 The use of any other state highways between the aforesaid highways and the passenger bus terminals 936 may be permitted upon application to the Board Commissioner of Highways by the governing body of 937 any county, city, or town in which such other highways are located. Any such increase in width of 938 passenger buses or designation of highways to be used by them shall not exceed the federal law which 939 may hereafter be adopted, or jeopardize the Commonwealth's allotment of or qualification for federal aid 940 highway funds.

§ 46.2-1109. Widths of commercial vehicles.

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942 No commercial vehicle shall exceed 102 inches in width when operating on any interstate highway 943 or on any highway designated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. The width limitation in this 944 section shall not include rear view mirrors, turn signal lights, handholds for cab entry and egress, splash 945 suppressant devices, and load-induced tire bulge. Safety devices, with the exception of rear view mirrors, 946 shall not extend more than three inches on each side of a vehicle. The Commonwealth Transportation 947 Board Commissioner of Highways shall designate reasonable access to terminals, facilities for food, fuel, 948 repairs, and rest. Household goods carriers and any tractor truck semitrailer combination in which the 949 semitrailer has a length of no more than twenty-eight and one-half feet shall not be denied reasonable 950 access to points of loading and unloading, except as designated, based on safety considerations, by the 951 Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways. No reasonable access designation shall 952 be made, however, until notice of any proposed designation has been provided by the Commissioner of 953 Highways to the governing body of every locality wherein any highway affected by the proposed 954 designation is located.

955 For the purposes of this section, a commercial vehicle is defined as a loaded or empty motor vehicle, 956 trailer, or semitrailer designed or regularly used for carrying freight, merchandise, or more than ten 957 passengers, including buses, but not including vehicles used for vanpools.

958 § 46.2-1112. Length of vehicles, generally; special permits; tractor truck semitrailer 959 combinations, etc., operating on certain highways; penalty.

960 Except for buses and motor homes, no motor vehicle longer than 40 feet shall be operated on any 961 highway in the Commonwealth. The actual length of any combination of vehicles coupled together 962 including any load thereon shall not exceed a total of 65 feet. However, the length of a tractor truck semitrailer combination may exceed 65 feet in length, provided the semitrailer does not exceed 53 feet 963 964 in length and the distance between the kingpin of the semitrailer and the rearmost axle or a point 965 midway between the rear tandem axles does not exceed 41 feet. The Commissioner of Highways may impose restrictions on the operation of vehicles exceeding 65 feet in length on certain roads, based on a 966 967 safety and engineering analysis. No bus or motor home longer than 45 feet shall be operated on any 968 highway in the Commonwealth. No tolerance shall be allowed that exceeds 12 inches.

969 The Commissioner, however, when good cause is shown, may issue a special permit for combinations either in excess of 65 feet, including any load thereon, or where the object or objects to be 970 971 carried cannot be moved otherwise. Such permits may also be issued by the Department when the total

972 number of otherwise overdimensional loads of modular housing of no more than two units may be

973 reduced by permitting the use of an overlength trailer not exceeding 54 feet. No permit shall be issued 974 by the Commissioner until an engineering analysis of a proposed routing has been conducted by the 975 Commissioner of Highways to assess the ability of the roadway to be traversed to sustain the vehicle's 976 size.

977 No overall length restrictions, however, shall be imposed on any tractor truck semitrailer 978 combinations drawing one trailer or any tractor truck semitrailer combinations when operated on any 979 interstate highway or on any highway as designated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. No 980 such designation shall be made, however, until notice of any proposed designation has been provided by 981 the Commissioner of Highways to the governing body of every locality wherein any highway affected 982 by the proposed designation is located.

983 No individual semitrailer or trailer being drawn in a tractor truck semitrailer trailer combination, 984 however, shall exceed 28 1/2 feet in length, and no semitrailer being operated in a tractor truck 985 semitrailer combination shall exceed 48 feet in length, except when semitrailers have a distance of not 986 more than 41 feet between the kingpin of the semitrailer and the rearmost axle or a point midway 987 between the rear tandem axles, such semitrailer shall be allowed not more than 53 feet in length.

988 The length limitations on semitrailers and trailers in the foregoing provisions of this section shall be 989 exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices, steps and handholds for entry and egress, rubber 990 dock guards, flexible fender extensions, mudflaps, refrigeration units, and air compressors. The 991 Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways shall designate reasonable access to 992 terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs and rest. Household goods carriers and any tractor truck 993 semitrailer combination in which the semitrailer has a length of no more than 28 1/2 feet shall not be 994 denied reasonable access to points of loading and unloading, except as designated, based on safety 995 considerations, by the Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways.

996 Any person operating a vehicle whose length is not in conformity with the provisions of this chapter 997 on a two-lane highway where passing is permitted shall be guilty of a traffic infraction and fined \$250. **998**

§ 46.2-1114. Length of automobile or watercraft transporters; operation on certain highways.

999 Automobile or watercraft transporters shall not exceed a length of sixty five 65 feet when operated 1000 on any interstate highway or on any highway as designated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. 1001 Stinger-steered automobile or watercraft transporters shall not exceed a length of seventy-five 75 feet 1002 when operated on any interstate highway or on any highway designated by the Commonwealth 1003 Transportation Board. In addition, watercraft may be transported on a truck/trailer combination no more 1004 than sixty five 65 feet long when operated on any interstate highway or on any highway designated by 1005 the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Any such vehicle shall display a sign of a size and type 1006 approved by the Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways warning that the 1007 vehicle is an over-length vehicle. However, an additional three-foot overhang shall be allowed beyond 1008 the front and a four-foot overhang shall be allowed beyond the rear of the vehicle. Such combinations 1009 shall have reasonable access to terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs, and rest as designated by the 1010 Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways.

§ 46.2-1116. Vehicles having more than one trailer, etc., attached thereto; exceptions.

1011 1012 Except as provided in this section and § 46.2-1117, no motor vehicle shall be driven on a highway 1013 while drawing or having attached thereto more than one motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer unless such 1014 vehicle is being operated under a special permit from the Commonwealth Transportation Board 1015 *Commissioner of Highways.* This limitation, however, shall not apply between sunrise and sunset to farm 1016 trailers or semitrailers being moved from one farm to another farm owned or operated by the same 1017 person within a radius of 10 miles. This limitation also shall not apply to a combination of vehicles 1018 coupled together by a saddle mount device used to transport motor vehicles in a drive-away service 1019 when not more than two saddle mounts are used. Vehicles coupled together by not more than three 1020 saddle mounts shall not exceed 75 feet when operated on any primary highway as designated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board and shall not exceed 97 feet when operated on the National 1021 1022 Network of interstate and primary highways as designated under 23 CFR 658.5, as amended. Use of 1023 saddle mounts as provided in this section shall be in conformity with safety regulations adopted by the 1024 federal Department of Transportation.

1025 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways shall designate reasonable 1026 access to terminals and facilities for food, fuel, repairs, and rest.

1027 The governing body of any city may by ordinance permit motor vehicles to be driven on the 1028 highways of their respective cities while drawing or having attached thereto more than one other vehicle, 1029 trailer, or semitrailer.

1030 § 46.2-1117. Tractor truck semitrailer combinations operating on certain highways; access to 1031 certain facilities.

1032 A tractor truck semitrailer combination may draw one trailer when operating on any interstate

1033 highway and any highway as designated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. The 1034 Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways shall designate reasonable access to 1035 terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs, and rest, and points of loading and unloading for carriers of 1036 household goods.

1037 § 53.1-56. Construction and maintenance of highways; grass cutting; acquisition of quarries, 1038 etc.; use of materials for county roads.

1039 Persons sentenced to the Department shall, so far as practicable, be employed in the construction and 1040 maintenance of the State Highway System and secondary system of state highways, and to this end may 1041 be used in rock quarries, gravel pits and other plants in the preparation of materials for construction and 1042 maintenance of roads and in the maintenance of any or all medians and other nontraveled portions of 1043 such highways. Persons sentenced to the Department may also be employed in the maintenance of the 1044 rest areas along the Interstate Highway System, providing that such maintenance activities are jointly 1045 approved by the Department and the Virginia Department of Transportation based on the safety of the 1046 traveling public.

1047 The Commonwealth Transportation Board may acquire out of the proceeds of the money, now or hereafter available for construction and maintenance of the State Highway System and secondary system, 1048 1049 such quarries, gravel pits or plants as may in its opinion be necessary for such work. The Board shall on 1050 the request of any county road authorities allow such county road authorities to take from such quarries 1051 or gravel pits or shall sell to such county road authorities at cost of production such materials as may be 1052 required to be used for the construction and maintenance of county roads. This arrangement shall in no 1053 way interfere with the furnishing of materials by the Board for the maintenance or construction of the 1054 State Highway System and secondary system.

1055 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall make requisition from 1056 time to time upon the Director for the number of prisoners it deems necessary for the work on the State 1057 Highway System or secondary system or for the preparation of road material for road construction and 1058 maintenance, in the maintenance of any or all medians and other nontraveled portions of such highways, 1059 and in the maintenance of the rest areas along the Interstate Highway System. The number of prisoners 1060 so requisitioned shall be furnished subject to availability as determined by the Director of the Department of Corrections. 1061

1062 Fifteen days prior to a prisoner's participation in the program, the Director shall give the chief of 1063 police, sheriff or local chief law-enforcement official of the locality in which the prisoner will work, 1064 notice of the prisoner's participation. Such notice shall include the name, address and criminal history of 1065 the prisoner, in addition to other information the chief of police or such officer may request. The 1066 transmission of information shall be confidential and not subject to the Virginia Freedom of Information 1067 Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). 1068

§ 53.1-57. Payments by Department of Transportation to Director for labor.

1069 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall pay to the Director monthly for the hours prisoners are employed on the state highway primary system and secondary 1070 1071 system and work incidental thereto, an amount agreed upon by the Department of Corrections and the 1072 Department of Transportation. Monthly payments by the Board Department to the Director shall be made not later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month after the work or labor has been 1073 1074 performed for the Board Department. 1075

§ 56-258. Who to permit laying of pipelines in roads.

1076 The Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways or the board of supervisors or 1077 other governing body in any county that has withdrawn its county roads from the secondary system of 1078 state highways is authorized to enter into contract with water companies or other corporations or persons 1079 to lay water pipelines along the rights-of-way of public roadways and turnpikes. Such water pipelines 1080 shall be laid in such manner as not to obstruct passage thereon when completed, and in any such 1081 contract the Commonwealth Transportation Board Commissioner of Highways or any such board of 1082 supervisors or other governing body, as the case may be, shall provide that the parties so laying such 1083 pipelines shall, at all times, exercise reasonable care not to obstruct such roadways while laying, 1084 repairing or replacing such pipe.

1085 § 56-462. Franchise to occupy parks, streets, etc.; imposition of terms, conditions, etc., as to use 1086 of streets, etc., and construction thereon.

1087 A. No incorporated city or town shall grant to any such telegraph or telephone corporation the right 1088 to erect its poles, wires, or cables, or to lay its conduits upon or beneath its parks, streets, avenues, or 1089 alleys until such company shall have first obtained, in the manner prescribed by the laws of this 1090 Commonwealth, the franchise to occupy the same. Any city or town may impose upon any such 1091 corporation any terms and conditions consistent herewith and supplemental hereto, as to the occupation 1092 and use of its parks, streets, avenues, and alleys, and as to the construction and maintenance of the facilities of such company along, over, or under the same, that the city or town may deem expedient 1093

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and proper. The Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation may also impose upon any such company any terms, rules, regulations, requirements, restrictions and conditions consistent herewith and supplemental hereto, as to the occupation and use of roads and streets in either state highway system, and as to the construction, operation or maintenance of the works along, over, or under the same, which the Board Department may deem expedient and proper, but not in conflict, in incorporated cities and towns, with any vested contractual rights of any such company with such city or town.

B. No locality or the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall impose any fees on a certificated provider of telecommunications service for the use of public rights-of-way except in the manner prescribed in § 56-468.1; however, the provisions of § 56-468.1 shall not apply to providers of commercial mobile radio services.

1105 C. No locality or the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall 1106 impose on certificated providers of telecommunications service, whether by franchise, ordinance or other 1107 means, any restrictions or requirements concerning the use of the public rights-of-way (including but not 1108 limited to the permitting process; notice, time and location of excavations and repair work; enforcement 1109 of the statewide building code; and inspections), which are (i) unfair or unreasonable or (ii) any greater 1110 than those imposed on the following users of the public rights-of-way: all providers of telecommunications services and nonpublic providers of cable television, electric, natural gas, water and 1111 1112 sanitary sewer services. For purposes of this subsection, "restrictions or requirements concerning the use 1113 of the public rights-of-way" shall not include any existing franchise fee or the Public Rights-of-Way Use 1114 Fee.

1115 D. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any permit or other permission required by a locality 1116 pursuant to a franchise, ordinance, or other permission to use the public rights-of-way or by the 1117 Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation of a certificated provider of 1118 telecommunications services to use the public rights-of-way shall be granted or denied within forty-five 1119 45 days from submission and, if denied, accompanied by a written explanation of the reasons the permit 1120 was denied and the actions required to cure the denial.

1121 E. No locality receiving directly or indirectly a Public Rights-of-Way Use Fee or the Commonwealth 1122 Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall require a certificated provider of 1123 telecommunications services to provide in-kind services or physical assets as a condition of consent to 1124 use public rights-of-way or easements, or in lieu of the Public Rights-of-Way Use Fee. This shall not 1125 limit the ability of localities, their authorities or commissions which provide utility services, or the 1126 Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation to enter into voluntary pole 1127 attachment, conduit occupancy or conduit construction agreements with certificated providers of 1128 telecommunications service. Any locality, other than a city or town electing to continue to enforce an 1129 existing franchise, ordinance or other form of consent under subsection J of § 56-468.1, or the 1130 Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation may continue to use pole attachments and conduits utilized as of December 31, 1997. Any pole attachment or conduit occupancy 1131 1132 fees for this use shall be waived for facilities in place as of December 31, 1997, and shall be waived for 1133 future extensions in cities with populations between 60,000 and 70,000, so long as the locality or the 1134 Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation continues to use these facilities on such poles or in such conduits solely for their internal communications needs. The fee waiver is for the 1135 1136 occupancy fees only, does not cover any relocation, rearrangement or other make-ready costs, and does 1137 not apply to any county, city or town that has obtained a certificate pursuant to § 56-265.4:4.

1138 § 67-1101. Right to occupy rights-of-way; location of same.

A. Every renewable generator shall have authority to occupy and use the public roads, works, 1139 1140 turnpikes, streets, avenues, and alleys in any county, with the consent of the board of supervisors or 1141 other governing authority thereof, or in any incorporated city or town, with the consent of the council 1142 thereof, and the waterways within the Commonwealth, with the consent of the Marine Resources 1143 Commission, for the erection of distribution facilities. However, if the road or street is in the state 1144 highway system or the secondary system of state highways, the consent of the board of supervisors or 1145 other governing authority of any county shall not be necessary, provided that a permit for such 1146 occupation and use is first obtained from the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of 1147 Transportation. The use of any road or street in the state highway system or secondary system of state 1148 highways that has been designated a limited access highway in accordance with § 33.1-58 shall not be 1149 permitted, unless the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation approves an 1150 exception in accordance with the then current policy.

B. No locality or the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall
 impose any fees on a renewable generator for the use of public rights-of-way except in the manner
 prescribed in § 67-1103.

1154 C. No locality or the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall

impose on renewable generators, whether by franchise, ordinance, or other means, any restrictions or requirements concerning the use of the public rights-of-way that are (i) unfair or unreasonable or (ii) any greater than those imposed on providers of electric or natural gas utility service.

1158 D. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any permit or other permission required by a locality 1159 pursuant to a franchise, ordinance, or other permission to use the public rights-of-way or by the 1160 Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation of a renewable generator to use the 1161 public rights-of-way shall be granted or denied within 45 days from submission and, if denied, 1162 accompanied by a written explanation of the reasons the permit was denied and the actions required to 1163 cure the denial.

1164 E. No locality receiving directly or indirectly a public rights-of-way use fee or the Commonwealth 1165 Transportation Board Department of Transportation shall require a renewable generator to provide 1166 in-kind services or physical assets as a condition of consent to use public rights-of-way or easements, or 1167 in lieu of the public rights-of-way use fee.

F. This chapter shall not affect the obligation of the Department of Transportation to give notice,
pursuant to § 33.1-223.2:11, to localities when it grants its permission for the construction, installation,
location, or placement of a landfill gas pipeline within any highway right-of-way.

§ 67-1103. Public rights-of-way use fee.

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1172 A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, there is hereby established a public rights-of-way 1173 use fee to be charged in lieu of any and all fees of general application, except for zoning, subdivision, 1174 site plan, and comprehensive plan fees of general application, otherwise chargeable to a renewable 1175 generator by the Commonwealth Transportation Board Department of Transportation or a locality in 1176 connection with a permit for such occupation and use granted in accordance with § 67-1101 or 67-1102. 1177 The public rights-of-way use fee established by this section is imposed on all renewable generators that 1178 occupy and use public rights-of-way in order to (i) supply electricity generated at its renewable energy facility to the electric distribution grid, (ii) distribute steam generated at its renewable energy facility to 1179 1180 customers, or (iii) supply landfill gas to customers or to a natural gas distribution or transmission 1181 pipeline.

1182 B. The amount of the public rights-of-way use fee for a renewable generator shall be \$1,500 per mile or any portion thereof over which the renewable generator has installed distribution facilities.

1184 C. A renewable generator shall remit its required public rights-of-way use fee to the locality or the 1185 Department of Transportation, as applicable, prior to initiation of construction, as follows:

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1. The renewable generator shall remit directly to the applicable locality all public rights-of-way use
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1191 2. The public rights-of-way use fees in all other counties shall be remitted by each renewable generator to the Department of Transportation, and shall first be used to offset the administrative costs of processing the permit with the remaining fee being added to the secondary system construction improvement program funds of the counties where the facilities are located.

1195 2. That the provisions of this act shall not be construed to invalidate any action taken or approval 1196 rendered by the Commonwealth Transportation Board prior to July 1, 2013, and that any and all 1197 actions taken and all approvals rendered by the Board prior to July 1, 2013, shall remain valid 1198 and in effect unless modified, superseded, or repealed by subsequent action of the Board.