Department of Planning and Budget 2012 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Bill Number:	HB1083				
	House of Origin	Introduced	Substitute	Engrossed		
	Second House	In Committee	Substitute	Enrolled		

2. Patron: Hugo

3. Committee: Education

- 4. Title: Admission of in-state students at public institutions of higher education
- 5. Summary: Provides that the board of visitors or other governing body of each public institution of higher education, except for the Virginia Military Institute, Norfolk State University, and Virginia State University, must establish rules and regulations requiring that at least 75 percent of students admitted and enrolled at the institution be Virginia domiciles. Any dollars lost by an institution as a result of this legislation shall be recovered by increasing charges to out-of-state students.
- **6. Budget Amendment Necessary**: Yes, if this policy is adopted, the four affected institutions may require additional nongeneral fund appropriations. No additional general fund support is required to implement the provisions of the legislation.
- **7. Fiscal Impact Estimates:** Preliminary. The calculations take into account the various tuition charges by level of student (undergraduate, graduate and first professional). The result is that the institutions will lose less tuition and fee revenue since different student levels have different tuition charges.
- **8. Fiscal Implications:** The Fiscal Impact Statement has been revised to correct the figures in the second table below titled "Estimated Additional Cost to Out-of-State Students."

Currently four institutions of higher education, which have not been exempted, fall below 75 percent of in-state students in total enrollment. See table below.

	Actual Fall 2011 Headcount			
Institution	In-State	Out-of-state	Total	% of In- State
College of William and Mary (CWM)	5,085	3,115	8,200	62.0%
James Madison University (JMU)	14,374	5,348	19,722	72.9%
University of Virginia (UVA)	15,032	9,265	24,297	61.9%
Virginia Tech (VT)	21,371	9,565	30,936	69.1%

Institutions with Less Than 75 Percent of In-State Enrollment

Source: State Council of Higher Education

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Per §4-2.01 b.3.b) of Chapter 890, the 2011 Appropriation Act, the state share of educational costs for in-state students should seek to fund 67 percent from the general fund and 33 percent from tuition and fees, while out-of-state students are supported 100 percent from nongeneral funds.

If these four institutions were required to increase in-state student enrollment in order to reach an in-state ratio of 75 percent, charges to out-of-students would have to increase an additional \$115.4 million to cover the loss of out-of-state revenue as noted on the following table.

	2011-12 E&G Tuition and Fees		Revenue Replacement				
	In-State Tuition and	Out-of- State Tuition	In-State/ Out-of- State Tuition	# of Students to Reach 75%	Out-of- State switch to In-	Total Tuition Revenue	Required Tuition Increase from Out-of- State
Institution	Fees	& Fees	Difference	Provision	State	Loss	Students
CWM	\$8,671	\$28,913	\$20,242	6,150	1,065	\$21,558,244	36%
JMU	\$4,964	\$18,370	\$13,406	14,792	418	\$5,597,098	6%
UVA	\$12,081	\$32,221	\$20,140	18,223	3,191	\$64,262,646	33%
VPI	\$9,232	\$22,038	\$12,807	22,917	1,872	\$23,973,872	14%
TOTAL						\$115,391,860	

Estimated Additional Cost to Out-of-State Students

Source: State Council of Higher Education

Given that institutions are already charging well above 100 percent for the cost of out-of-state tuition, it is uncertain if institutions could price themselves out of the market and lose more out-of-state students which may further impact the institution's ability to cover its educational costs. The following table shows the percent of the cost of education presently covered by out-of-state students at the four impacted institutions.

Percent of		
Institution	Costs	
CWM	161%	
JMU	149%	
UVA	185%	
VPI	140%	
Source: State Council of Higher Education		

Cost of Education Out-of-State, FY 2012

The average annual increase for out-of-state student tuition over the past five years was slightly over 7 percent at the University of Virginia and the College of William and Mary.

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The additional out-of-state tuition increase to meet the 75 percent provision would be on top of the annual tuition increases approved by each of the affected institutions. Also, as a result of losing out-of-state students, it is possible institutions can increase the in-state ratio without adding any additional in-state students (e.g. it may be cheaper for an institution to decrease out-of-state students and reduce operations, than to add in-state students to the present enrollment mix).

9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:

College of William and Mary	James Madison University
University of Virginia	Virginia Tech

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.

11. Other Comments: The legislation does not specify when the 75 percent provision for instate students will take effect.

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