2012 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-270.1 and 18.2-271.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to ignition
 3 interlock for first offense DUI.

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Approved

6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. That §§ 18.2-270.1 and 18.2-271.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 8 follows:

§ 18.2-270.1. Ignition interlock systems; penalty.

10 A. For purposes of this section and § 18.2-270.2:

"Commission" means the Commission on VASAP.

"Department" means the Department of Motor Vehicles.

"Ignition interlock system" means a device that (i) connects a motor vehicle ignition system to an analyzer that measures a driver's blood alcohol content; (ii) prevents a motor vehicle ignition from starting if a driver's blood alcohol content exceeds 0.02 percent; and (iii) is equipped with the ability to perform a rolling retest and to electronically log the blood alcohol content during ignition, attempted ignition and rolling retest.

"Rolling retest" means a test of the vehicle operator's blood alcohol content required at random intervals during operation of the vehicle, which triggers the sounding of the horn and flashing of lights if (i) the test indicates that the operator has a blood alcohol content which exceeds 0.02 percent or (ii) the operator fails to take the test.

22 B. In addition to any penalty provided by law for a conviction under § 18.2-51.4 or 18.2-266 or a 23 substantially similar ordinance of any county, city or town, any court of proper jurisdiction (i) may, for 24 a first offense, (ii) shall, for a second or subsequent offense and, (iii) shall, for an offense where an offender's blood alcohol content equals or exceeds 0.15 percent shall, as a condition of a restricted 25 26 license or as a condition of license restoration under subsection C of § 18.2-271.1 or 46.2-391, prohibit 27 an offender from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system for any period of time not to exceed the period of license suspension and restriction, 28 29 not less than six consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements, 30 and. The court shall, for a conviction under § 18.2-51.4, a second or subsequent offense of § 18.2-266 31 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city or town, or as a condition of license restoration 32 pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271.1 or § 46.2-391, require that such a system be installed on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to the offender, in whole or in part, for 33 such period of time. Such condition shall be in addition to any purposes for which a restricted license 34 may be issued pursuant to § 18.2-271.1. The court may order the installation of an ignition interlock 35 system to commence immediately upon conviction. A fee of \$20 to cover court and administrative costs 36 37 related to the ignition interlock system shall be paid by any such offender to the clerk of the court. The 38 court shall require the offender to install an electronic log device with the ignition interlock system on a 39 vehicle designated by the court to measure the blood alcohol content at each attempted ignition and 40 random rolling retest during operation of the vehicle. The offender shall be enrolled in and supervised 41 by an alcohol safety action program pursuant to § 18.2-271.1 and to conditions established by regulation 42 under § 18.2-270.2 by the Commission during the period for which the court has ordered installation of 43 the ignition interlock system. The offender shall be further required to provide to such program, at least 44 quarterly during the period of court ordered ignition interlock installation, a printout from such 45 electronic log indicating the offender's blood alcohol content during such ignitions, attempted ignitions, and rolling retests, and showing attempts to circumvent or tamper with the equipment. 46

47 C. In any case in which the court requires the installation of an ignition interlock system, the court 48 shall direct order the offender not to operate any motor vehicle which that is not equipped with such a 49 system for the period of time that installation is ordered the interlock restriction is in effect. The clerk of 50 the court shall file with the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the order, which shall become a part of the offender's operator's license record maintained by the Department. The Department shall issue 51 to the offender for the installation period required by the court, period during which the interlock 52 53 restriction is imposed a restricted license which shall appropriately set forth the restrictions required by 54 the court under this subsection and any other restrictions imposed upon the offender's driving privilege, 55 and shall also set forth any exception granted by the court under subsection F.

56 D. The offender shall be ordered to provide the appropriate ASAP program, within 30 days of the

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67 effective date of the order of court, proof of the installation of the ignition interlock system. The Frogram shall require the offender to have the system monitored and calibrated for proper operation at least every 30 days by an entity approved by the Commission under the provisions of § 18.2-270.2 and to demonstrate proof thereof. The offender shall pay the cost of leasing or buying and monitoring and maintaining the ignition interlock system. Absent good cause shown, the court may revoke the offender's driving privilege for failing to (i) timely install such system or (ii) have the system properly monitored and calibrated.

64 E. No person shall start or attempt to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock 65 system for the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is prohibited under this 66 section from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system. No person 67 shall tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent the operation of, an ignition interlock system that has been installed in the motor vehicle of a person under this section. Except as authorized in 68 69 subsection G, no person shall knowingly furnish a motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock system to any person prohibited under subsection B from operating any motor vehicle 70 71 which is not equipped with such system. A violation of this subsection shall be is punishable as a Class 72 1 misdemeanor.

F. Any person prohibited from operating a motor vehicle under subsection B may, solely in the course of his employment, operate a motor vehicle which is owned or provided by his employer without installation of an ignition interlock system, if the court expressly permits such operation as a condition of a restricted license at the request of the employer, but such person may not operate a school bus, school vehicle, or a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4. This subsection shall not apply if such employer is an entity wholly or partially owned or controlled by the person otherwise prohibited from operating a vehicle without an ignition interlock system.

80 G. The Commission shall promulgate such regulations and forms as are necessary to implement the procedures outlined in this section.

§ 18.2-271.1. Probation, education and rehabilitation of person charged or convicted; person
 convicted under law of another state.

84 A. Any person convicted of a first or second offense of § 18.2-266 (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv), or any 85 ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions thereof, or provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, shall be required by court order, as a condition of probation or otherwise, to enter into 86 87 and successfully complete an alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge 88 is brought or in any other judicial district upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth. 89 However, upon motion of a person convicted of any such offense following an assessment of the person 90 conducted by an alcohol safety action program, the court, for good cause, may decline to order 91 participation in such a program if the assessment by the alcohol safety action program indicates that 92 intervention is not appropriate for such person. In no event shall such persons be permitted to enter any 93 such program which is not certified as meeting minimum standards and criteria established by the 94 Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) pursuant to subsection H of this 95 section and to § 18.2-271.2. However, any person charged with a violation of a first or second offense 96 of § 18.2-266 (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv), or any ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions 97 thereof, or provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, may, at any time prior to trial, enter into an 98 alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge is brought or in any other 99 judicial district. Any person who enters into such program prior to trial may pre-qualify with the 100 program to have an ignition interlock system installed on any motor vehicle owned or operated by him. 101 However, no ignition interlock company shall install an ignition interlock system on any such vehicle 102 until a court issues to the person a restricted license with the ignition interlock restriction.

103 B. The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to 104 pay a fee of no less than \$250 but no more than \$300. A reasonable portion of such fee, as may be 105 determined by the Commission on VASAP, but not to exceed 10 percent, shall be forwarded monthly to 106 be deposited with the State Treasurer for expenditure by the Commission on VASAP, and the balance 107 shall be held in a separate fund for local administration of driver alcohol rehabilitation programs. Upon 108 a positive finding that the defendant is indigent, the court may reduce or waive the fee. In addition to 109 the costs of the proceeding, fees as may reasonably be required of defendants referred for intervention 110 under any such program may be charged.

111 C. Upon conviction of a violation of § 18.2-266 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to 112 the provisions thereof, or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the court shall impose the sentence authorized 113 by § 18.2-270 or 46.2-341.28 and the license revocation as authorized by § 18.2-271. In addition, if the 114 conviction was for a second offense committed within less than 10 years after a first such offense, the 115 court shall order that restoration of the person's license to drive be conditioned upon the installation of 116 an ignition interlock system on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to 117 the person, in whole or in part, for a period of six months beginning at the end of the three year license

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118 revocation, unless such a system has already been installed for six months prior to that time pursuant to 119 a restricted license order under subsection E of this section. Upon a finding that a person so convicted is 120 required to participate in the program described herein, the court shall enter the conviction on the 121 warrant, and shall note that the person so convicted has been referred to such program. The court may 122 then proceed to issue an order in accordance with subsection E of this section, if the court finds that the 123 person so convicted is eligible for a restricted license. If the court finds good cause for a person not to 124 participate in such program or subsequently that such person has violated, without good cause, any of 125 the conditions set forth by the court in entering the program, the court shall dispose of the case as if no 126 program had been entered, in which event the revocation provisions of § 46.2-389 and subsection A of 127 § 46.2-391 shall be applicable to the conviction. The court shall, upon final disposition of the case, send 128 a copy of its order to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles. If such order provides for 129 the issuance of a restricted license, the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, upon receipt 130 thereof, shall issue a restricted license. Appeals from any such disposition shall be allowed as provided by law. The time within which an appeal may be taken shall be calculated from the date of the final 131 132 disposition of the case or any motion for rehearing, whichever is later.

133 D. Any person who has been convicted in another state of the violation of a law of such state 134 substantially similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, and whose 135 privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this Commonwealth is subject to revocation under the provisions 136 of § 46.2-389 and subsection A of § 46.2-391, may petition the general district court of the county or 137 city in which he resides that he be given probation and assigned to a program as provided in subsection 138 A of this section and that, upon entry into such program, he be issued an order in accordance with 139 subsection E of this section. If the court finds that such person would have qualified therefor if he had 140 been convicted in this Commonwealth of a violation of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the 141 court may grant the petition and may issue an order in accordance with subsection E of this section as 142 to the period of license suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to § 46.2-389 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. Such order shall be conditioned upon the successful completion of a program by the 143 144 petitioner. If the court subsequently finds that such person has violated any of the conditions set forth by 145 the court, the court shall dispose of the case as if no program had been entered and shall notify the 146 Commissioner, who shall revoke the person's license in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-389 or 147 subsection A of § 46.2-391. A copy of the order granting the petition or subsequently revoking or 148 suspending such person's license to operate a motor vehicle shall be forthwith sent to the Commissioner 149 of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

150 No period of license suspension or revocation shall be imposed pursuant to this subsection which, 151 when considered together with any period of license suspension or revocation previously imposed for the 152 same offense in any state, results in such person's license being suspended for a period in excess of the 153 maximum periods specified in this subsection.

154 E. Except as otherwise provided herein, whenever a person enters a certified program pursuant to this 155 section, and such person's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine or train in the Commonwealth has 156 been suspended or revoked, the court may, in its discretion and for good cause shown, provide that such 157 person be issued a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle for any of the following purposes: (i) 158 travel to and from his place of employment; (ii) travel to and from an alcohol rehabilitation or safety 159 action program; (iii) travel during the hours of such person's employment if the operation of a motor 160 vehicle is a necessary incident of such employment; (iv) travel to and from school if such person is a 161 student, upon proper written verification to the court that such person is enrolled in a continuing 162 program of education; (v) travel for health care services, including medically necessary transportation of an elderly parent or, as designated by the court, any person residing in the person's household with a 163 164 serious medical problem upon written verification of need by a licensed health professional; (vi) travel 165 necessary to transport a minor child under the care of such person to and from school, day care, and 166 facilities housing medical service providers; (vii) travel to and from court-ordered visitation with a child 167 of such person; (viii) travel to a screening, evaluation and education program entered pursuant to 168 § 18.2-251 or subsection H of § 18.2-258.1; (ix) travel to and from court appearances in which he is a 169 subpoenaed witness or a party and appointments with his probation officer and to and from any 170 programs required by the court or as a condition of probation; (x) travel to and from a place of religious 171 worship one day per week at a specified time and place; (xi) travel to and from appointments approved 172 by the Division of Child Support Enforcement of the Department of Social Services as a requirement of 173 participation in a court-ordered intensive case monitoring program for child support for which the 174 participant maintains written proof of the appointment, including written proof of the date and time of 175 the appointment, on his person; Θ (xii) travel to and from jail to serve a sentence when such person has 176 been convicted and sentenced to confinement in jail and pursuant to § 53.1-131.1 the time to be served 177 is on weekends or nonconsecutive days; or (xiii) travel to and from the facility that installed or 178 monitors the ignition interlock in the person's vehicle. No restricted license issued pursuant to this

179 subsection shall permit any person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia 180 Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). The court shall order the surrender of such 181 person's license to operate a motor vehicle to be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of 182 § 46.2-398 and shall forward to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of its 183 order entered pursuant to this subsection, which shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and 184 contain such information regarding the person to whom such a permit is issued as is reasonably 185 necessary to identify such person. The court shall also provide a copy of its order to the person so 186 convicted who may operate a motor vehicle on the order until receipt from the Commissioner of the 187 Department of Motor Vehicles of a restricted license, if the order provides for a restricted license for 188 that time period. A copy of such order and, after receipt thereof, the restricted license shall be carried at 189 all times while operating a motor vehicle. Any person who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any 190 restrictions imposed pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a violation of § 18.2-272. Such restricted 191 license shall be conditioned upon enrollment within 15 days in, and successful completion of, a program 192 as described in subsection A of this section. No restricted license shall be issued during the first four 193 months of a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391 194 for a second offense of the type described therein committed within 10 years of a first such offense. No 195 restricted license shall be issued during the first year of a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B 196 of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391 for a second offense of the type described therein 197 committed within five years of a first such offense. No restricted license shall be issued during any 198 revocation period imposed pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271 or subsection B of § 46.2-391. 199 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-411, the fee charged pursuant to § 46.2-411 for reinstatement 200 of the driver's license of any person whose privilege or license has been suspended or revoked as a 201 result of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or of any ordinance of a county, city 202 or town, or of any federal law or the laws of any other state similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or 203 subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 shall be \$105. Forty dollars of such reinstatement fee shall be retained by the Department of Motor Vehicles as provided in § 46.2-411, \$40 shall be transferred to the Commission 204 205 on VASAP, and \$25 shall be transferred to the Commonwealth Neurotrauma Initiative Trust Fund.

206 F. The court shall have jurisdiction over any person entering such program under any provision of 207 this section until such time as the case has been disposed of by either successful completion of the 208 program, or revocation due to ineligibility or violation of a condition or conditions imposed by the 209 court, whichever shall first occur. Revocation proceedings shall be commenced by notice to show cause 210 why the court should not revoke the privilege afforded by this section. Such notice shall be made by 211 first-class mail to the last known address of such person, and shall direct such person to appear before 212 the court in response thereto on a date contained in such notice, which shall not be less than 10 days 213 from the date of mailing of the notice. Failure to appear in response to such notice shall of itself be 214 grounds for revocation of such privilege. Notice of revocation under this subsection shall be sent 215 forthwith to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

216 G. For the purposes of this section, any court which has convicted a person of a violation of 217 § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the 218 provisions of § 18.2-266 shall have continuing jurisdiction over such person during any period of license 219 revocation related to that conviction, for the limited purposes of (i) referring such person to a certified 220 alcohol safety action program, (ii) providing for a restricted permit for such person in accordance with 221 the provisions of subsection E, and (iii) imposing terms, conditions and limitations for actions taken 222 pursuant to clauses (i) and (ii), whether or not it took either such action at the time of the conviction. 223 This continuing jurisdiction is subject to the limitations of subsection E that provide that no restricted 224 license shall be issued during a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271 or subsection 225 B of § 46.2-391 or during the first four months or first year, whichever is applicable, of the revocation 226 imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. The provisions of this 227 subsection shall apply to a person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 on, after and at any 228 229 time prior to July 1, 2003.

H. The State Treasurer, the Commission on VASAP or any city or county is authorized to accept any gifts or bequests of money or property, and any grant, loan, service, payment or property from any source, including the federal government, for the purpose of driver alcohol education. Any such gifts, bequests, grants, loans or payments shall be deposited in the separate fund provided in subsection B.

I. The Commission on VASAP, or any county, city, town, or any combination thereof may establish
and, if established, shall operate, in accordance with the standards and criteria required by this
subsection, alcohol safety action programs in connection with highway safety. Each such program shall
operate under the direction of a local independent policy board chosen in accordance with procedures
approved and promulgated by the Commission on VASAP. Local sitting or retired district court judges
who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local

240 alcohol safety action programs may serve on such boards. The Commission on VASAP shall establish 241 minimum standards and criteria for the implementation and operation of such programs and shall 242 establish procedures to certify all such programs to ensure that they meet the minimum standards and 243 criteria stipulated by the Commission. The Commission shall also establish criteria for the administration 244 of such programs for public information activities, for accounting procedures, for the auditing requirements of such programs and for the allocation of funds. Funds paid to the Commonwealth 245 246 hereunder shall be utilized in the discretion of the Commission on VASAP to offset the costs of state 247 programs and local programs run in conjunction with any county, city or town and costs incurred by the 248 Commission. The Commission shall submit an annual report as to actions taken at the close of each 249 calendar year to the Governor and the General Assembly.

J. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of § 18.2-271, nothing in this section shall
permit the court to suspend, reduce, limit, or otherwise modify any disqualification from operating a
commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the Virginia Commercial Driver's License
Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).