12103419D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 314** Offered January 11, 2012 2 3 Prefiled January 10, 2012 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-169.3, 37.2-903, and 37.2-904 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 5 sexually violent predators; civil commitment. 6 Patron—Blevins 7 8 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 19.2-169.3, 37.2-903, and 37.2-904 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 11 as follows: 12 13 § 19.2-169.3. Disposition of the unrestorably incompetent defendant; capital murder charge; referral 14 to Commitment Review Committee. 15 A. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment pursuant to subsection A of 16 § 19.2-169.2, the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee or the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee concludes that the defendant is likely to 17 remain incompetent for the foreseeable future, he shall send a report to the court so stating. The report 18 shall also indicate whether, in the board, authority, or inpatient facility director's or his designee's 19 20 opinion, the defendant should be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, committed pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, or certified 21 pursuant to § 37.2-806 in the event he is found to be unrestorably incompetent. Upon receipt of the 22 23 report, the court shall make a competency determination according to the procedures specified in 24 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1. If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain 25 so for the foreseeable future, it shall order that he be (i) released, (ii) committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or (iii) certified pursuant to § 37.2-806. However, if the 26 27 court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future and the 28 defendant has been charged with a sexually violent offense, as defined in § 37.2-900, he shall be reviewed for commitment screened pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2 the 29 30 procedures set forth in §§ 37.2-903 and 37.2-904. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but 31 restorable to competency in the foreseeable future, it may order treatment continued until six months have elapsed from the date of the defendant's initial admission under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2. 32 33 B. At the end of six months from the date of the defendant's initial admission under subsection A of 34 § 19.2-169.2 if the defendant remains incompetent in the opinion of the board, authority, or inpatient 35 facility director or his designee, the director or his designee shall so notify the court and make 36 recommendations concerning disposition of the defendant as described in subsection A. The court shall 37 hold a hearing according to the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 and, if it finds the 38 defendant unrestorably incompetent, shall order one of the dispositions described in subsection A. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but restorable to competency, it may order continued treatment 39 under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods, provided a hearing pursuant to 40 41 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period and the defendant continues 42 to be incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future. C. If any defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor in violation of Article 3 (§ 18.2-95 et 43 seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 or Article 5 (§ 18.2-119 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2, other than a misdemeanor charge pursuant to § 18.2-130 or Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2,

44 45 and is being treated pursuant to subsection A of § 19.2-169.2, and after 45 days has not been restored to 46 47 competency, the director of the community service board, behavioral health authority, or the director of the treating inpatient facility, or any of their designees, shall send a report indicating the defendant's 48 49 status to the court. The report shall also indicate whether the defendant should be released or committed 50 pursuant to § 37.2-817 or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806. Upon receipt of the report, if the court 51 determines that the defendant is still incompetent, the court shall order that the defendant be released, 52 committed, or certified, and may dismiss the charges against the defendant.

53 D. Unless an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder or the charges against an incompetent criminal defendant have been previously dismissed, charges against an unrestorably 54 55 incompetent defendant shall be dismissed on the date upon which his sentence would have expired had he been convicted and received the maximum sentence for the crime charged, or on the date five years 56 57 from the date of his arrest for such charges, whichever is sooner.

58 E. If the court orders an unrestorably incompetent defendant to be reviewed for commitment pursuant

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59 to § 37.2-904, it shall order the attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction wherein the defendant 60 was charged and the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to provide the Commitment Review Committee established pursuant to § 37.2-902 Director of the Department of 61 62 *Corrections* with any information relevant to the review, including, but not limited to: (i) a copy of the 63 warrant or indictment, (ii) a copy of the defendant's criminal record, (iii) information about the alleged 64 crime, (iv) a copy of the competency report completed pursuant to § 19.2-169.1, and (v) a copy of the 65 report prepared by the director of the defendant's community services board, behavioral health authority, or treating inpatient facility or his designee pursuant to this section. The court shall further order that the 66 defendant be held in the custody of the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services 67 68 for secure confinement and treatment until the Commitment Review Committee's and Attorney General's review and any subsequent hearing or trial are completed. If the court receives notice that the Attorney 69 70 General has declined to file a petition for the commitment of an unrestorably incompetent defendant as a sexually violent predator after conducting a review pursuant to § 37.2-905, the court shall order that the 71 defendant be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, 72 73 or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806.

F. In any case when an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder, notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the charge shall not be dismissed and the court having jurisdiction over the capital murder case may order that the defendant receive continued treatment under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods without limitation, provided that (i) a hearing pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period, (ii) the defendant remains incompetent, (iii) the court finds continued treatment to be medically appropriate, and (iv) the defendant presents a danger to himself or others.

81 G. The attorney for the Commonwealth may bring charges that have been dismissed against the defendant when he is restored to competency.

§ 37.2-903. Database of prisoners convicted of sexually violent offenses; maintained by Department of Corrections; notice of pending release to CRC.

85 A. The Director shall establish and maintain a database of each prisoner in his custody who is (i) 86 incarcerated for a sexually violent offense or (ii) serving or will serve concurrent or consecutive time for 87 another offense in addition to time for a sexually violent offense. The database shall include the 88 following information regarding each prisoner: (a) the prisoner's criminal record and (b) the prisoner's 89 sentences and scheduled date of release. A prisoner who is serving or will serve concurrent or 90 consecutive time for other offenses in addition to his time for a sexually violent offense, shall remain in 91 the database until such time as he is released from the custody or supervision of the Department of 92 Corrections or Virginia Parole Board for all of his charges. Prior to the initial assessment of a prisoner 93 under subsection C, the Director shall order a national criminal history records check to be conducted on 94 the prisoner.

95 B. Each month, the Director shall review the database and identify all such prisoners who are scheduled for release from prison within 10 months from the date of such review or who receive a score 96 of five or more on the Static-99 or a similar score on a comparable, scientifically validated instrument 97 98 designated by the Commissioner, or a score of four on the Static-99 or a similar score on a comparable, 99 scientifically validated instrument if the sexually violent offense mandating the prisoner's evaluation 100 under this section was a violation of § 18.2-67.3 where the victim was under the age of 13 and suffered 101 physical bodily injury and any of the following where the victim was under the age of 13: § 18.2-61, 102 18.2-67.1, or 18.2-67.2 have been referred to the Director by the Virginia Parole Board. The Director, in coordination with the Office of the Attorney General and the Department, shall develop a protocol 103 consistent with the evidence-based best practices to assess whether the individual meets the definition of 104 a sexually violent predator. The Director, applying this assessment protocol, shall identify those 105 prisoners who appear to meet the definition of a sexually violent predator and shall forward their 106 107 names, their scheduled dates of release, and copies of their files to the CRC for assessment.

108 C. If the Director and the The Commissioner agree that no specific scientifically validated instrument exists to measure the risk assessment of a prisoner, the prisoner may instead be screened by a licensed 109 psychiatrist, licensed clinical psychologist, or a licensed mental health professional certified by the Board 110 of Psychology as a sex offender treatment provider pursuant to § 54.1-3600 for an initial determination 111 of whether or not the prisoner may shall forward to the Director the records of all defendants who have 112 113 been charged with a sexually violent offense and found unrestorably incompetent to stand trial pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 that have been referred to the Commission by a court. The Director, applying the 114 assessment protocol, shall identify those defendants who appear to meet the definition of a sexually 115 116 violent predator.

117 D. Upon the identification of such prisoners, the Director and shall forward their names, their
 118 scheduled the dates of release court orders finding the defendants unrestorably incompetent, and copies
 119 of their files to the CRC for assessment.

120 § 37.2-904. CRC assessment of prisoners or defendants eligible for commitment as sexually violent

121 predators; mental health examination; recommendation.

A. Within 120 180 days of receiving notice from the Director the name of a prisoner or defendant who has been assessed by the Director pursuant to § 37.2-903 regarding a prisoner who is in the database, or from a court referring a defendant pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 as appearing to meet the definition of a sexually violent predator, the CRC shall (i) complete its assessment of the prisoner or defendant for possible commitment pursuant to subsection B and (ii) forward its written recommendation regarding the prisoner or defendant to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection C.

128 B. CRC assessments of eligible prisoners or defendants shall include a mental health examination, 129 including a personal interview, of the prisoner or defendant by a licensed psychiatrist or a licensed 130 clinical psychologist who is designated by the Commissioner, skilled in the diagnosis and risk assessment of sex offenders, knowledgeable about the treatment of sex offenders, and not a member of 131 132 the CRC. If the prisoner's or defendant's name was forwarded to the CRC based upon an evaluation by 133 a licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist, a different licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist shall perform the examination for the CRC. The licensed psychiatrist or licensed 134 135 clinical psychologist shall determine whether the prisoner or defendant is a sexually violent predator, as 136 defined in § 37.2-900, and forward the results of this evaluation and any supporting documents to the 137 CRC for its review.

138 The CRC assessment may be based on:

An actuarial evaluation, clinical evaluation, or any other information or evaluation determined by the
CRC to be relevant, including but not limited to a review of (i) the prisoner's or defendant's institutional
history and treatment record, if any; (ii) his criminal background; and (iii) any other factor that is
relevant to the determination of whether he is a sexually violent predator.

143 C. Following the examination and review conducted pursuant to subsection B, the CRC shall recommend that the prisoner or defendant (i) be committed as a sexually violent predator pursuant to 144 145 this chapter; (ii) not be committed, but be placed in a conditional release program as a less restrictive 146 alternative; or (iii) not be committed because he does not meet the definition of a sexually violent 147 predator. To assist the Attorney General in his review, the Department of Corrections, the CRC, and the 148 psychiatrist or psychologist who conducts the mental health examination pursuant to this section shall 149 provide the Attorney General with all evaluation reports, prisoner records, criminal records, medical 150 files, and any other documentation relevant to determining whether a prisoner or defendant is a sexually 151 violent predator.

D. Pursuant to clause (ii) of subsection C, the CRC may recommend that a prisoner or defendant enter a conditional release program if it finds that (i) he does not need inpatient treatment, but needs outpatient treatment and monitoring to prevent his condition from deteriorating to a degree that he would need inpatient treatment; (ii) appropriate outpatient supervision and treatment are reasonably available; (iii) there is significant reason to believe that, if conditionally released, he would comply with the conditions specified; and (iv) conditional release will not present an undue risk to public safety.

E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any mental health professional employed or appointed pursuant to subsection B or § 37.2-907 shall be permitted to copy and possess any presentence or postsentence reports and victim impact statements. The mental health professional shall not disseminate the contents of the reports or the actual reports to any person or entity and shall only utilize the reports for use in examinations, creating reports, and testifying in any proceedings pursuant to this article.

F. If the CRC deems it necessary to have the services of additional experts in order to complete its review of the prisoner or defendant, the Commissioner shall appoint such qualified experts as are needed.