# 2012 SESSION

[S 240]

## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to provide for the submission to the voters of a proposed amendment to Section 11 of Article I 3 of the Constitution of Virginia, relating to taking or damaging of private property.

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### Approved

#### 6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. § 1. It shall be the duty of the officers conducting the election directed by law to be held on the 8 Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2012, at the places appointed for holding the same, to open 9 a poll and take the sense of the qualified voters upon the ratification or rejection of the proposed 10 amendment to the Constitution of Virginia, contained herein and in the joint resolution proposing such 11 amendment, to wit: 12

Amend Section 11 of Article I of the Constitution of Virginia as follows:

#### ARTICLE I BILL OF RIGHTS

15 Section 11. Due process of law; obligation of contracts; taking or damaging of private property; prohibited discrimination; jury trial in civil cases. 16

17 That no person shall be deprived of his life, liberty, or property without due process of law; that the 18 General Assembly shall not pass any law impairing the obligation of contracts, nor any law whereby 19 private property shall be taken or damaged for public uses, without just compensation, the term "public uses" to be defined by the General Assembly; and that the right to be free from any governmental 20 21 discrimination upon the basis of religious conviction, race, color, sex, or national origin shall not be 22 abridged, except that the mere separation of the sexes shall not be considered discrimination.

23 That in controversies respecting property, and in suits between man and man, trial by jury is 24 preferable to any other, and ought to be held sacred. The General Assembly may limit the number of 25 jurors for civil cases in courts of record to not less than five.

26 That the General Assembly shall pass no law whereby private property, the right to which is 27 fundamental, shall be damaged or taken except for public use. No private property shall be damaged or 28 taken for public use without just compensation to the owner thereof. No more private property may be 29 taken than necessary to achieve the stated public use. Just compensation shall be no less than the value 30 of the property taken, lost profits and lost access, and damages to the residue caused by the taking. The 31 terms "lost profits" and "lost access" are to be defined by the General Assembly. A public service 32 company, public service corporation, or railroad exercises the power of eminent domain for public use 33 when such exercise is for the authorized provision of utility, common carrier, or railroad services. In all 34 other cases, a taking or damaging of private property is not for public use if the primary use is for private gain, private benefit, private enterprise, increasing jobs, increasing tax revenue, or economic 35 development, except for the elimination of a public nuisance existing on the property. The condemnor 36 37 bears the burden of proving that the use is public, without a presumption that it is.

38 § 2. The ballot shall contain the following question:

39 Question: "Shall Section 11 of Article I (Bill of Rights) of the Constitution of Virginia be amended 40 (i) to require that eminent domain only be exercised where the property taken or damaged is for public 41 use and, except for utilities or the elimination of a public nuisance, not where the primary use is for 42 private gain, private benefit, private enterprise, increasing jobs, increasing tax revenue, or economic 43 development; (ii) to define what is included in just compensation for such taking or damaging of 44 property; and (iii) to prohibit the taking or damaging of more private property than is necessary for the public use?" 45

The ballots shall be prepared, distributed and voted, and the results of the election shall be 46 ascertained and certified, in the manner prescribed by § 24.2-684 of the Code of Virginia. The State 47 Board of Elections shall comply with § 30-19.9 of the Code and shall cause to be sent to the electoral 48 49 boards of each county and city sufficient copies of the full text of the amendment and question 50 contained herein for the officers of election to post in each polling place on election day.

The electoral board of each county and city shall make out, certify and forward an abstract of the 51 52 votes cast for and against such proposed amendment in the manner now prescribed by law in relation to 53 votes cast in general elections.

54 The State Board of Elections shall open and canvass such abstracts and examine and report the 55 whole number of votes cast at the election for and against such amendment in the manner now 56 prescribed by law in relation to votes cast in general elections. The State Board of Elections shall record

a certified copy of such report in its office, and without delay make out and transmit to the Governor an official copy of such report, certified by it. The Governor shall, without delay, make proclamation of the result, stating therein the aggregate vote for and against the amendment. If a majority of those voting vote in favor of the amendment, it shall become effective on January 1, 57 58 59

60 61 2013.

The expenses incurred in conducting this election shall be defrayed as in the case of election of 62 63 members of the General Assembly.