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1	SENATE BILL NO. 209
2	Offered January 11, 2012
3	Prefiled January 10, 2012
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 33.1-46.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to HOV lanes; use by
5	vehicle with clean special fuel license plates.
6	
_	Patron—Barker
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8 9	Referred to Committee on Transportation
	Do it expected by the Conevel Assembly of Virginia
10 11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 33.1-46.2 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 33.1-46.2. Designation of high-occupancy vehicle lanes; use of such lanes; penalties.
13	A. In order to facilitate the rapid and orderly movement of traffic to and from urban areas during
14	peak traffic periods, the Commonwealth Transportation Board may designate one or more lanes of any
15	highway in the interstate, primary, or secondary highway systems as high-occupancy vehicle lanes,
16	hereinafter referred to in this section as HOV lanes. When lanes have been so designated and have been
17	appropriately marked with such signs or other markers as the Board may prescribe, they shall be
18	reserved during periods designated by the Board for the exclusive use of buses and high-occupancy
19	vehicles. Any local governing body may also, with respect to highways under its exclusive jurisdiction,
20	designate HOV lanes and impose and enforce restrictions on the use of such HOV lanes. Any highway
21	for which the local jurisdiction receives highway maintenance funds pursuant to § 33.1-41.1 shall be
22	deemed to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the local governing body for the purposes of this
23	section. HOV lanes shall be reserved for high-occupancy vehicles of a specified number of occupants as
24	determined by the Board or, for HOV lanes designated by a local governing body, by that local
25 26	governing body. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, no designation of any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes shall apply to the use of any such lanes by:
20 27	1. Emergency vehicles such as fire-fighting vehicles, ambulances, and rescue squad vehicles;
28	2. Law-enforcement vehicles;
2 9	3. Motorcycles,;
30	4. a. Transit and commuter buses designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver,
31	b. Any vehicle operating under a certificate issued under § 46.2-2075, 46.2-2080, 46.2-2096,
32	46.2-2099.4, or 46.2-2099.44,;
33	5. Vehicles of public utility companies operating in response to an emergency call,
34	6. Until July 1, 2012 2013, vehicles bearing clean special fuel vehicle license plates issued pursuant
35	to § 46.2-749.3;
36	7. Taxicabs having two or more occupants, including the driver, or
37 38	8. (Contingent effective date, see Editor's note) Any active duty military member in uniform who is utilizing Interstate Route 264 and Interstate Route 64 for the purposes of traveling to or from a military
39	facility in the Hampton Roads Planning District.
40	In the Hampton Roads Planning District, HOV restrictions may be temporarily lifted and HOV lanes
41	opened to use by all vehicles when restricting use of HOV lanes becomes impossible or undesirable and
42	the temporary lifting of HOV limitations is indicated by signs along or above the affected portion of
43	highway.
44	The Commissioner of VDOT shall implement a program of the HOV facilities in the Hampton Roads
45	Planning District beginning not later than May 1, 2000. This program shall include the temporary lifting
46	of HOV restrictions and the opening of HOV lanes to all traffic when an incident resulting from
47	nonrecurring causes within the general lanes occurs such that a lane of traffic is blocked or is expected
48	to be blocked for 10 minutes or longer. The HOV restrictions for the facility will be reinstated when the
49 50	general lane is no longer blocked and is available for use. The Commissioner shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such openings on the
50 51	operation of the general lanes and the HOV lanes. He shall report on the effects of this program. This
52	program will terminate if the Federal Highway Administration requires repayment of any federal
53	highway construction funds because of the program's impact on the HOV facilities in Hampton Roads.
54	B. In designating any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes, the Board, or local governing
55	body as the case may be, shall specify the hour or hours of each day of the week during which the
56	lanes shall be so reserved, and the hour or hours shall be plainly posted at whatever intervals along the
57	lanes the Board or local governing body deems appropriate. Any person driving a motor vehicle in a
58	designated HOV lane in violation of this section shall be guilty of a traffic infraction which shall not be

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a moving violation and on conviction shall be fined \$100. However, violations committed within the 59 60 boundaries of Planning District Eight shall be punishable as follows:

61 For a first offense, by a fine of \$125;

62 For a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$250;

63 For a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and

For a fourth or subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of 64 65 \$1.000.

66 Upon a conviction under this section, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such conviction which 67 shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-492, no 68 driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this section; except that persons convicted of 69 70 second, third, fourth, or subsequent violations within five years of a first offense committed in Planning 71 District Eight shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

C. In the prosecution of an offense, committed in the presence of a law-enforcement officer, of 72 73 failure to obey a road sign restricting a highway, or portion thereof, to the use of high-occupancy 74 vehicles, proof that the vehicle described in the HOV violation summons was operated in violation of 75 this section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the registered owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable presumption that such registered owner of 76 77 the vehicle was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption shall be rebutted if the 78 registered owner of the vehicle testifies in open court under oath that he was not the operator of the 79 vehicle at the time of the violation. A summons for a violation of this section may be executed in 80 accordance with § 19.2-76.2. Such rebuttable presumption shall not arise when the registered owner of 81 the vehicle is a rental or leasing company.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, whenever a summons for a violation of this section 82 83 is served in any county, city, or town, it may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof to the address of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor 84 85 Vehicles. If the summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed pursuant to this section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3. 86

87 No proceedings for contempt or arrest of a person summoned by mailing shall be instituted for his 88 failure to appear on the return date of the summons.

89 E. Notwithstanding § 33.1-252, high-occupancy vehicles having three or more occupants (HOV-3) 90 may be permitted to use the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (Dulles Toll Road) without 91 paying a toll.

92 F. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the following conditions shall be met 93 before the HOV-2 designation of Interstate Route 66 outside the Capital Beltway can be changed to 94 HOV-3 or any more restrictive designation:

95 1. The Department shall publish a notice of its intent to change the existing designation and also immediately provide similar notice of its intent to all members of the General Assembly representing 96 97 districts that touch or are directly impacted by traffic on Interstate Route 66. 98

2. The Department shall hold public hearings in the corridor to receive comments from the public.

99 3. The Department shall make a finding of the need for a change in such designation, based on 100 public hearings and its internal data and present this finding to the Commonwealth Transportation Board 101 for approval.

102 4. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall make written findings and a decision based upon 103 the following criteria: 104

a. Is changing the HOV-2 designation to HOV-3 in the public interest?

105 b. Is there quantitative and qualitative evidence that supports the argument that HOV-3 will facilitate 106 the flow of traffic on Interstate Route 66?

107 c. Is changing the HOV-2 designation beneficial to comply with the federal Clean Air Act 108 Amendments of 1990?

109 G. [Repealed.]