2012 SESSION

	12100215D
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 126
2	Offered January 11, 2012
3	Prefiled January 4, 2012
4 5	A BILL to amend and reenact § 20-106 of the Code of Virginia, relating to evidence given in no-fault divorce actions.
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U	Patrons—Kilgore and Surovell
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8 9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
	Poit anastad by the Conarol Assembly of Virginia.
10 11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 20-106 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 20-106. Testimony may be required to be given orally; evidence by affidavit.
13	A. In any suit for divorce, the trial court may require the whole or any part of the testimony to be
14	given orally in open court, and if either party desires it, such testimony and the rulings of the court on
15	the exceptions thereto, if any, shall be reduced to writing, and the judge shall certify that such evidence
16	was given before him and such rulings made. When so certified the same shall stand on the same
17	footing as a deposition regularly taken in the cause; provided, however, that no such oral evidence shall
18	be given or heard unless and until after such notice to the adverse party as is required by law to be
19	given of the taking of depositions, or when there has been no service of process within this
20	Commonwealth upon, or appearance by the defendant against whom such testimony is sought to be
21	introduced. However, a party may proceed to take evidence in support of a divorce by deposition or
22	affidavit, without leave of court, only in support of a divorce on the grounds set forth in subdivision A
23	(9) of § 20-91, where (i) the parties have resolved all issues by a written settlement agreement, (ii) there
24	are no issues other than the grounds of the divorce itself to be adjudicated, or (iii) the adverse party
25	has been properly served with the complaint and has failed to file a responsive pleading or to make an
26 27	appearance as required by law.
27 28	B. The affidavit of a party submitted as evidence must be based on the personal knowledge of the affiant, contain only facts that would be admissible in court, give factual support to the allegations in
20 29	the complaint or counterclaim, and establish that the affiant is competent to testify to the contents of the
<u>30</u>	affidavit. The affidavit shall:
31	1. Affirm the allegations in the complaint or counterclaim, including that the parties are over the age
32	of 18 and not suffering from any condition that renders either party legally incompetent;
33	2. Affirm that neither party is incarcerated;
34	3. Verify the military status of the opposing party and advise whether the opposing party has filed an
35	answer or a waiver of his rights under the federal Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App
36	§ 501 et seq.);
37	4. Affirm that at least one party to the suit is, and has been for a period in excess of six months, a
38	bona fide resident and domiciliary of the Commonwealth;
39	5. Affirm that the parties have lived separate and apart, continuously, without interruption and
40	without cohabitation, and with the intent to remain separate and apart permanently, for the statutory
41 42	period required by subdivision A (9) of § 20-91; 6 Affirm the affigur's desire to be guarded a diverse pursuant to subdivision A (0) of § 20.01;
42 43	6. Affirm the affiant's desire to be awarded a divorce pursuant to subdivision A (9) of § 20-91; 7. State whether there were children born or adopted of the marriage and affirm that the wife is not
4 4	pregnant; and
45	8. Be accompanied by the affidavit of a corroborating witness, which shall:
46	a. Verify that the affiant is over the age of 18 and not suffering from any condition that renders him
47	legally incompetent;
48	b. Verify that neither party is incarcerated;
49	c. Verify the allegations in the complaint or counterclaim;
50	d. Verify that at least one of the parties to the suit is, and has been for a period in excess of six
51	months, a bona fide resident and domiciliary of the Commonwealth;
52	e. Verify whether there were children born or adopted of the marriage and verify that the wife is not
53	pregnant; and
54	f. Verify the affiant's personal knowledge that the parties have not cohabitated since the date of
55	separation alleged in the complaint or counterclaim, and that it has been the moving party's intention
56	since that date to remain separate and apart permanently.