2012 SESSION

12105672D 1 HOUSE BILL NO. 1248 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance 4 5 on February 28, 2012) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Lingamfelter) 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 33.1-23.05, 33.1-49.1, 58.1-2201, 58.1-2217, 58.1-2249, 58.1-2251, 7 58.1-2289, as it may become effective, 58.1-2701, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, and 58.1-2706 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section 8 numbered 33.1-23.04:1; and to repeal § 58.1-549 of the Code of Virginia, relating to transportation 9 10 funding and operation. 11 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 33.1-23.05, 33.1-49.1, 58.1-2201, 58.1-2217, 58.1-2249, 58.1-2251, 58.1-2289, as it may 12 become effective, 58.1-2701, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, and 13 14 58.1-2706 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is 15 amended by adding a section numbered 33.1-23.04:1 as follows: 16 § 33.1-23.04:1. Contributions to toll road construction, maintenance, and operation by localities. 17 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any county, city, or town that will be traversed by a road or other transportation facility, or that may have residents who will utilize such road or 18 19 transportation facility on a regular basis, the construction, maintenance, or operation of which will be 20 financed in whole or in part with tolls, may contribute funds for construction, maintenance, or operation 21 of the toll road or transportation facility for the purpose of reducing the tolls charged for use of the toll 22 road or transportation facility. Any funds contributed by such locality shall be appropriated from the 23 locality's general fund for use by the Department of Transportation, any other public entity, or any 24 private entity authorized to construct, maintain, or operate toll roads to reduce the costs of financing 25 construction, maintenance, or operation of the toll road. The locality contribution must be committed to the project by a formal resolution of the locality's governing body prior to the execution of a 26 27 comprehensive agreement and paid to the Department, other public entity, or private entity prior to financial close if the project will be constructed or operated pursuant to the Public-Private 28 29 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or prior to the issuance of bonds for projects that will be 30 constructed, maintained, or operated by the Department or any other public entity with the authority to issue bonds for transportation projects. Nothing herein shall require the Department, other public entity, 31 32 or any private entity to accept any such contribution in the event that the contribution would in any way 33 require revision to previously established or executed financing or any previously executed interim or 34 concession agreement, or that, in the opinion of the Department, other public entity, or private entity, 35 could negatively impact operation or maintenance of the toll road or transportation facility. 36 Contributions authorized pursuant to this subsection shall not be utilized for construction, maintenance, 37 or operation of roads or transportation facilities where the toll rate is varied based on actual traffic 38 volumes to manage traffic flow to defined traffic flow standards. 39 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the provisions of this subsection, any 40 county, city, or town traversed by an existing road or transportation facility that is subject to tolls or 41 whose residents utilize such road or transportation facility on a regular basis may contribute funds 42 annually for the purpose of reducing the tolls charged for such toll road or transportation facility. The funds contributed by such locality shall be appropriated from the locality's general fund and must be 43 used by the Department of Transportation, other public entity, or a private entity who is a party to a concession agreement under the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) to 44 45

supplant all or a portion of the income to be derived from tolls charged to users of the toll road or 46 47 transportation facility for the purpose of reducing the tolls charged. Nothing in this section shall require **48** the Department, other public entity, or any private entity to accept any such contribution in the event 49 that the contribution would in any way require revision to previously established or executed financing 50 or any previously executed interim or concession agreement or that, in the opinion of the Department, 51 other public entity, or the private entity, could negatively impact operation or maintenance of the toll road or transportation facility. Furthermore, contributions authorized pursuant to this subsection shall 52 53 not be utilized for maintenance or operation of roads or transportation facilities where the toll rate is 54 varied based on actual traffic volumes to manage traffic flow to defined traffic flow standards. 55

§ 33.1-23.05. Revenue-sharing funds for systems in certain counties, cities, and towns.

56 A. From revenues made available by the General Assembly and appropriated for the improvement, 57 construction, or maintenance of the systems of state highways, the Commonwealth Transportation Board may make an equivalent matching allocation to any county, city, or town for 58 59 designations by the governing body of up to \$10 million for use by the county, city, or town to

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60 improve, construct, or reconstruct the highway systems within such county, city, or town with up to \$5

61 million for use by the county, city, or town to maintain the highway systems within such county, city, or 62 town. After adopting a resolution supporting the action, the governing body may request revenue-sharing

63 funds to improve, construct, or maintain a highway system located in another locality,

64 between two or more localities, or to bring subdivision streets, used as such prior to the date specified

65 in § 33.1-72.1, up to standards sufficient to qualify them for inclusion in the state primary and secondary 66 system of highways. All requests for funding shall be accompanied by a prioritized listing of specified 67 projects.

68 B. In allocating funds under this section, the Board shall give priority to allocations that will accelerate those pavement resurfacing and bridge rehabilitation projects in the Commonwealth 69 Transportation Six-Year Improvement Program or the locality's capital plan for which the maintenance 70 needs analysis determines that the infrastructure is below the Department of Transportation's 71 72 maintenance performance targets.

C. The Department of Transportation will contract with the county, city, or town for the 73 74 implementation of the project or projects. Such contract may cover either a single project or may 75 provide for the locality's implementation of several projects during the fiscal year. The county, city, or town will undertake implementation of the particular project or projects by obtaining the necessary 76 77 permits from the Department of Transportation in order to ensure that the improvement is consistent 78 with the Department's standards for such improvements. At the request of the locality, the Department 79 may provide the locality with engineering, right-of-way acquisition, and/or construction, or maintenance services for a project with its own forces. The locality shall provide payment to the Department for any 80 such services. If administered by the Department, such contract shall also require that the governing 81 body pay to the Department within 30 days the local revenue-sharing funds upon written notice by the 82 Department of its intent to proceed. Any project having funds allocated under this program shall be initiated in such a fashion where at least a portion of such funds have been expended within two 83 84 85 subsequent fiscal years one year of allocation. Any revenue-sharing funds for projects not initiated after two subsequent fiscal years of allocation may be reallocated at the discretion of the Commonwealth 86 87 Transportation Board.

88 D. Total Commonwealth funds allocated by the Board under this section shall not exceed \$200 89 million in any one fiscal year and no less than \$15 million each fiscal year, subject to appropriation for 90 such purpose. For any fiscal year in which less than the full program allocation has been allocated by 91 the Commonwealth Transportation Board to specific governing bodies, those localities requesting the 92 maximum allocation under subsection A may be allowed an additional allocation at the discretion of the 93 Board.

94 E. The funds allocated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board under this section shall be 95 distributed and administered in accordance with the revenue-sharing program guidelines established by 96 the Board. 97

§ 33.1-49.1. Contracts for maintenance of components of Interstate Highway System.

98 All maintenance on components of the Interstate Highway System in Virginia, excluding frontage 99 roads, shall be carried out under contracts awarded by the Commissioner of Highways and approved by 100 or the Commonwealth Transportation Board pursuant to § 33.1-12, except for instances where good and sufficient reasons for not doing so shall have been shown in advance in writing by the Commissioner of 101 102 Highways to the Commonwealth Transportation Board and to the chairmen of the House Committee on Transportation, the House Committee on Appropriations, the House Committee on Finance, the Senate 103 Committee on Transportation and the Senate Committee on Finance. Nothing in this section shall be 104 construed to prevent the Virginia Department of Transportation from performing emergency work at any 105 time on the Interstate System with its own employees or agents or to assume the maintenance 106 107 responsibilities of a contractor who has been determined to be in default or as a result of a contract 108 termination. 109

§ 58.1-2201. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Alternative fuel" means a combustible gas, liquid or other energy source that can be used to 111 112 generate power to operate a highway vehicle and that is not neither a motor fuel nor electricity used to 113 recharge an electric motor vehicle.

114 "Assessment" means a written determination by the Department of the amount of taxes owed by a taxpayer. Assessments made by the Department shall be deemed to be made when a written notice of 115 116 assessment is delivered to the taxpayer by the Department or is mailed to the taxpayer at the last known address appearing in the Commissioner's files. 117

'Aviation consumer" means any person who uses in excess of 100,000 gallons of aviation jet fuel in 118 any fiscal year and is licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 58.1-2204 et seq.) of this chapter. 119

120 'Aviation fuel" means aviation gasoline or aviation jet fuel.

"Aviation gasoline" means fuel designed for use in the operation of aircraft other than jet aircraft, 121

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122 and sold or used for that purpose.

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123 "Aviation jet fuel" means fuel designed for use in the operation of jet or turbo-prop aircraft, and sold 124 or used for that purpose.

125 "Blended fuel" means a mixture composed of gasoline or diesel fuel and another liquid, other than a 126 de minimis amount of a product such as carburetor detergent or oxidation inhibitor, that can be used as 127 a fuel in a highway vehicle.

"Blender" means a person who produces blended fuel outside the terminal transfer system.

129 "Bonded aviation jet fuel" means aviation jet fuel held in bonded storage under United States 130 Customs Law and delivered into a fuel tank of aircraft operated by certificated air carriers on 131 international flights.

132 "Bonded importer" means a person, other than a supplier, who imports, by transport truck or another 133 means of transfer outside the terminal transfer system, motor fuel removed from a terminal located in 134 another state in which (i) the state from which the fuel is imported does not require the seller of the fuel 135 to collect motor fuel tax on the removal either at that state's rate or the rate of the destination state; (ii) 136 the supplier of the fuel is not an elective supplier; or (iii) the supplier of the fuel is not a permissive 137 supplier.

138 'Bulk plant" means a motor fuel storage and distribution facility that is not a terminal and from 139 which motor fuel may be removed at a rack.

140 "Bulk user" means a person who maintains storage facilities for motor fuel and uses part or all of the 141 stored fuel to operate a highway vehicle, watercraft, or aircraft.

142 "Bulk user of alternative fuel" means a person who maintains storage facilities for alternative fuel 143 and uses part or all of the stored fuel to operate a highway vehicle.

144 "Commercial watercraft" means a watercraft employed in the business of commercial fishing, 145 transporting persons or property for compensation or hire, or any other trade or business unless the 146 watercraft is used in an activity of a type generally considered entertainment, amusement, or recreation. 147 The definition shall include a watercraft owned by a private business and used in the conduct of its own 148 business or operations, including but not limited to the transport of persons or property.

149 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

150 "Corporate or partnership officer" means an officer or director of a corporation, partner of a 151 partnership, or member of a limited liability company, who as such officer, director, partner or member 152 is under a duty to perform on behalf of the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company the tax 153 collection, accounting, or remitting obligations.

154 "Department" means the Department of Motor Vehicles, acting directly or through its duly authorized 155 officers and agents.

156 "Designated inspection site" means any state highway inspection station, weigh station, agricultural 157 inspection station, mobile station, or other location designated by the Commissioner or his designee to 158 be used as a fuel inspection site.

159 "Destination state" means the state, territory, or foreign country to which motor fuel is directed for 160 delivery into a storage facility, a receptacle, a container, or a type of transportation equipment for the purpose of resale or use. The term shall not include a tribal reservation of any recognized Native 161 162 American tribe.

163 "Diesel fuel" means any liquid that is suitable for use as a fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle 164 or watercraft. The term shall include undyed #1 fuel oil and undyed #2 fuel oil, but shall not include 165 gasoline or aviation jet fuel.

166 "Distributor" means a person who acquires motor fuel from a supplier or from another distributor for 167 subsequent sale.

168 "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that meets the dyeing and marking requirements of 26 U.S.C. 169 § 4082.

170 "Elective supplier" means a supplier who (i) is required to be licensed in the Commonwealth and (ii) 171 elects to collect the tax due the Commonwealth on motor fuel that is removed at a terminal located in 172 another state and has Virginia as its destination state.

173 "Electric motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that uses electricity as its only source of motive 174 power. 175

"End seller" means the person who sells fuel to the ultimate user of the fuel.

176 "Export" means to obtain motor fuel in Virginia for sale or distribution in another state, territory, or 177 foreign country. Motor fuel delivered out-of-state by or for the seller constitutes an export by the seller, 178 and motor fuel delivered out-of-state by or for the purchaser constitutes an export by the purchaser.

179 "Exporter" means a person who obtains motor fuel in Virginia for sale or distribution in another 180 state, territory, or foreign country.

181 "Fuel" includes motor fuel and alternative fuel.

182 "Fuel alcohol" means methanol or fuel grade ethanol.

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183 "Fuel alcohol provider" means a person who (i) produces fuel alcohol or (ii) imports fuel alcohol 184 outside the terminal transfer system by means of a marine vessel, a transport truck, a tank wagon, or a 185 railroad tank car.

186 "Gasohol" means a blended fuel composed of gasoline and fuel grade ethanol.

187 "Gasoline" means (i) all products that are commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline and 188 are suitable for use as a fuel in a highway vehicle, aircraft, or watercraft, other than products that have 189 an American Society for Testing Materials octane number of less than 75 as determined by the motor 190 method; (ii) a petroleum product component of gasoline, such as naphtha, reformate, or toluene; (iii) gasohol; and (iv) fuel grade ethanol. The term does not include aviation gasoline sold for use in an 191 192 aircraft engine.

193 "Governmental entity" means (i) the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof or (ii) the 194 United States or its departments, agencies, and instrumentalities.

195 "Gross gallons" means an amount of motor fuel measured in gallons, exclusive of any temperature, 196 pressure, or other adjustments.

197 "Heating oil" means any combustible liquid, including but not limited to dyed #1 fuel oil, dyed #2 198 fuel oil, and kerosene, that is burned in a boiler, furnace, or stove for heating or for industrial 199 processing purposes.

200 "Highway" means every way or place of whatever nature open to the use of the public for purposes 201 of vehicular travel in the Commonwealth, including the streets and alleys in towns and cities. 202

"Highway vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle designed for use on a highway.

203 "Import" means to bring motor fuel into Virginia by any means of conveyance other than in the fuel 204 supply tank of a highway vehicle. Motor fuel delivered into Virginia from out-of-state by or for the seller constitutes an import by the seller, and motor fuel delivered into Virginia from out-of-state by or 205 for the purchaser constitutes an import by the purchaser. 206

207 "Importer" means a person who obtains motor fuel outside of Virginia and brings that motor fuel 208 into Virginia by any means of conveyance other than in the fuel tank of a highway vehicle. For 209 purposes of this chapter, a motor fuel transporter shall not be considered an importer.

210 "In-state-only supplier" means (i) a supplier who is required to have a license and who elects not to collect the tax due the Commonwealth on motor fuel that is removed by that supplier at a terminal 211 212 located in another state and has Virginia as its destination state or (ii) a supplier who does business only 213 in Virginia.

214 "Licensee" means any person licensed by the Commissioner pursuant to Article 2 (§ 58.1-2204 et 215 seq.) of this chapter or § 58.1-2244. 216

'Liquid" means any substance that is liquid above its freezing point.

"Motor fuel" means gasoline, diesel fuel, blended fuel, and aviation fuel.

"Motor fuel transporter" means a person who transports motor fuel for hire by means of a pipeline, a 218 219 tank wagon, a transport truck, a railroad tank car, or a marine vessel.

220 "Net gallons" means the amount of motor fuel measured in gallons when adjusted to a temperature of 221 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch.

222 "Occasional importer" means any person who (i) imports motor fuel by any means outside the 223 terminal transfer system and (ii) is not required to be licensed as a bonded importer.

224 "Permissive supplier" means an out-of-state supplier who elects, but is not required, to have a 225 supplier's license under this chapter.

226 "Person" means any individual; firm; cooperative; association; corporation; limited liability company; 227 trust; business trust; syndicate; partnership; limited liability partnership; joint venture; receiver; trustee in 228 bankruptcy; club, society or other group or combination acting as a unit; or public body, including but 229 not limited to the Commonwealth, any other state, and any agency, department, institution, political 230 subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth or any other state.

231 "Position holder" means a person who holds an inventory position of motor fuel in a terminal, as 232 reflected on the records of the terminal operator. A person holds an "inventory position of motor fuel" 233 when he has a contract with the terminal operator for the use of storage facilities and terminaling 234 services for fuel at the terminal. The term includes a terminal operator who owns fuel in the terminal.

235 "Principal" means (i) if a partnership, all its partners; (ii) if a corporation, all its officers, directors, 236 and controlling direct or indirect owners; (iii) if a limited liability company, all its members; and (iv) or 237 an individual.

238 "Provider of alternative fuel" means a person who (i) acquires alternative fuel for sale or delivery to 239 a bulk user or a retailer; (ii) maintains storage facilities for alternative fuel, part or all of which the 240 person sells to someone other than a bulk user or a retailer to operate a highway vehicle; (iii) sells alternative fuel and uses part of the fuel acquired for sale to operate a highway vehicle by means of a 241 242 fuel supply line from the cargo tank of the vehicle to the engine of the vehicle; or (iv) imports 243 alternative fuel into Virginia, by a means other than the usual tank or receptacle connected with the 244 engine of a highway vehicle, for sale or use by that person to operate a highway vehicle.

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245 "Rack" means a facility that contains a mechanism for delivering motor fuel from a refinery, 246 terminal, or bulk plant into a transport truck, railroad tank car, or other means of transfer that is outside 247 the terminal transfer system. 248

"Refiner" means any person who owns, operates, or otherwise controls a refinerv.

249 "Refinery" means a facility for the manufacture or reprocessing of finished or unfinished petroleum 250 products usable as motor fuel and from which motor fuel may be removed by pipeline or marine vessel 251 or at a rack.

252 "Removal" means a physical transfer other than by evaporation, loss, or destruction. A physical 253 transfer to a transport truck or other means of conveyance outside the terminal transfer system is complete upon delivery into the means of conveyance. 254

255 "Retailer" means a person who (i) maintains storage facilities for motor fuel and (ii) sells the fuel at 256 retail or dispenses the fuel at a retail location.

257 "Retailer of alternative fuel" means a person who (i) maintains storage facilities for alternative fuel 258 and (ii) sells or dispenses the fuel at retail, to be used to generate power to operate a highway vehicle.

259 "Supplier" means (i) a position holder, or (ii) a person who receives motor fuel pursuant to a 260 two-party exchange. A licensed supplier includes a licensed elective supplier and licensed permissive 261 supplier.

262 'System transfer" means a transfer (i) of motor fuel within the terminal transfer system or (ii) of fuel 263 grade ethanol by transport truck or railroad tank car.

264 "Tank wagon" means a straight truck or straight truck/trailer combination designed or used to carry 265 fuel and having a capacity of less than 6,000 gallons.

266 "Terminal" means a motor fuel storage and distribution facility (i) to which a terminal control number has been assigned by the Internal Revenue Service, (ii) to which motor fuel is supplied by 267 268 pipeline or marine vessel, and (iii) from which motor fuel may be removed at a rack.

269 "Terminal operator" means a person who owns, operates, or otherwise controls a terminal.

270 "Terminal transfer system" means a motor fuel distribution system consisting of refineries, pipelines, 271 marine vessels, and terminals, and which is a "bulk transfer/terminal system" under 26 C.F.R. Part 272 48.4081-1.

273 "Transmix" means (i) the buffer or interface between two different products in a pipeline shipment or 274 (ii) a mix of two different products within a refinery or terminal that results in an off-grade mixture.

275 "Transport truck" means a tractor truck/semitrailer combination designed or used to transport cargoes 276 of motor fuel over a highway.

277 "Trustee" means a person who (i) is licensed as a supplier, an elective supplier, or a permissive 278 supplier and receives tax payments from and on behalf of a licensed or unlicensed distributor, or other 279 person pursuant to § 58.1-2231 or (ii) is licensed as a provider of alternative fuel and receives tax 280 payments from and on behalf of a bulk user of alternative fuel, retailer of alternative fuel or other 281 person pursuant to § 58.1-2252.

282 "Two-party exchange" means a transaction in which fuel is transferred from one licensed supplier to 283 another licensed supplier pursuant to an exchange agreement, which transaction (i) includes a transfer 284 from the person who holds the inventory position in taxable motor fuel in the terminal as reflected on 285 the records of the terminal operator and (ii) is completed prior to removal of the product from the 286 terminal by the receiving exchange partner.

287 "Undyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is not subject to the United States Environmental 288 Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service fuel-dyeing requirements.

289 "Use" means the actual consumption or receipt of motor fuel by any person into a highway vehicle, 290 aircraft, or watercraft.

291 "Watercraft" means any vehicle used on waterways.

292 § 58.1-2217. Taxes levied; rate.

293 A. There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of seventeen and one-half 17.5 cents (\$0.175) per gallon 294 on gasoline and gasohol.

295 Beginning July 1, 2012, the rate shall be adjusted each year on July 1 by a percentage, as 296 determined by the Commissioner and rounded up to the closest one-tenth of one percent, equal to the 297 percentage change in the U.S. Department of Labor's Producer Price Index for Other Nonresidential 298 Construction from January 1 through December 31 of the year immediately preceding the affected year.

299 B. (Contingent expiration date - see Editor's notes) There is hereby levied a tax on each gallon of 300 diesel fuel at the same rate of seventeen and one-half cents per gallon on diesel fuel as the rate in effect 301 pursuant to subsection A.

302 B. (Contingent effective date - see Editor's notes) There is hereby levied a tax on each gallon of 303 diesel fuel at the rate of sixteen 1.5 cents per gallon on diesel fuel (\$0.015) less than the rate in effect 304 in subsection A.

305 C. Blended fuel that contains gasoline shall be taxed at the rate levied on gasoline. Blended fuel that

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306 contains diesel fuel shall be taxed at the rate levied on diesel fuel.

307 D. There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of five cents (\$0.05) per gallon on aviation gasoline. Any 308 person, whether or not licensed under this chapter, who uses, acquires for use, sells or delivers for use 309 in highway vehicles any aviation gasoline shall be liable for the tax at the rate of seventeen and one half 310 17.5 cents (\$0.175) per gallon, along with any penalties and interest that may accrue.

311 E. (Contingent expiration date - see Editor's notes) There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of five 312 cents (\$0.05) per gallon on aviation jet fuel purchased or acquired for use by a user of aviation fuel other than an aviation consumer. There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of five cents (\$0.05) per gallon 313 314 upon the first 100,000 gallons of aviation jet fuel, excluding bonded aviation jet fuel, purchased or acquired for use by any aviation consumer in any fiscal year. There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of 315 one-half cent (\$0.005) per gallon on all aviation jet fuel, excluding bonded aviation jet fuel, purchased 316 or acquired for use by an aviation consumer in excess of 100,000 gallons in any fiscal year. Any 317 318 person, whether or not licensed under this chapter, who uses, acquires for use, sells or delivers for use 319 in highway vehicles any aviation jet fuel taxable under this chapter shall be liable for the tax imposed at 320 the rate of seventeen and one half 17.5 cents (\$0.175) per gallon, along with any penalties and interest 321 that may accrue.

322 E. (Contingent effective date - see Editor's notes) There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of five 323 cents (\$0.05) per gallon on aviation jet fuel purchased or acquired for use by a user of aviation fuel 324 other than an aviation consumer. There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of five cents (\$0.05) per gallon 325 upon the first 100,000 gallons of aviation jet fuel, excluding bonded aviation jet fuel, purchased or 326 acquired for use by any aviation consumer in any fiscal year. There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of one-half cent (\$0.005) per gallon on all aviation jet fuel, excluding bonded aviation jet fuel, purchased 327 or acquired for use by an aviation consumer in excess of 100,000 gallons in any fiscal year. Any 328 person, whether or not licensed under this chapter, who uses, acquires for use, sells or delivers for use 329 330 in highway vehicles any aviation jet fuel taxable under this chapter shall be liable for the tax imposed at 331 the rate of sixteen 16 cents (\$0.16) per gallon, along with any penalties and interest that may accrue.

332 F. In accordance with § 62.1-44.34:13, a storage tank fee is imposed on each gallon of gasoline, 333 aviation gasoline, diesel fuel (including dyed diesel fuel), blended fuel, and heating oil sold and 334 delivered or used in the Commonwealth. 335

§ 58.1-2249. Tax on alternative fuel.

336 A. (Contingent expiration date - see Editor's notes) There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of 337 seventeen and one-half cents per gallon in effect under subsection A of § 58.1-2217 on each gallon of 338 liquid alternative fuel used to operate a highway vehicle by means of a vehicle supply tank that stores 339 fuel only for the purpose of supplying fuel to operate the vehicle. There is hereby levied a tax at a rate 340 equivalent to seventeen and one-half cents per gallon the rate in effect pursuant to subsection A of 341 § 58.1-2217 on each gallon of all other alternative fuel used to operate a highway vehicle. The 342 Commissioner shall determine the equivalent rate applicable to such other alternative fuels.

343 A. (Contingent effective date - see Editor's notes) There is hereby levied a tax at the rate of sixteen 344 1.5 cents per gallon (\$0.015) less than the rate in effect pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-2217 on 345 each gallon of liquid alternative fuel used to operate a highway vehicle by means of a vehicle supply 346 tank that stores fuel only for the purpose of supplying fuel to operate the vehicle. There is hereby levied a tax at a rate equivalent to sixteen 1.5 cents per gallon ((0.015)) less than the rate in effect pursuant to 347 348 subsection A of § 58.1-2217 on each gallon of all other alternative fuel used to operate a highway 349 vehicle. The Commissioner shall determine the equivalent rate applicable to such other alternative fuels.

350 B. In addition to any tax imposed by this article, there is hereby levied an annual license tax of fifty 351 dollars \$50 per vehicle on each highway vehicle registered in Virginia that is fueled from a private 352 source if the alternative fuels tax levied under this article has not been paid on fuel used in the vehicle an electric motor vehicle. Beginning July 1, 2012, and each July 1 thereafter, the amount of the license 353 354 tax shall be adjusted by the same percentage adjustment to the tax rate pursuant to subsection A of 355 § 58.1-2217. If such a highway vehicle is not in operation by January 1 of any year registered for a period other than one year as provided under § 46.2-646, the license tax shall be reduced by 356 one-twelfth for each complete month which shall have elapsed since the beginning of such year 357 358 multiplied by the number of years or fraction thereof that the vehicle will be registered. 359

§ 58.1-2251. Liability for tax; filing returns; payment of tax.

360 A. A bulk user of alternative fuel or retailer of alternative fuel who stores highway and nonhighway 361 alternative fuel in the same storage tank shall be liable for the tax imposed by this article, and shall file tax returns and remit taxes in accordance with subsection D. The tax payable by a bulk user of 362 alternative fuel or retailer of alternative fuel is imposed at the point that alternative fuel is withdrawn 363 364 from the storage tank.

365 B. A provider of alternative fuel who sells or delivers alternative fuel shall be liable for the tax imposed by this article (i) on sales to a bulk user of alternative fuel or retailer of alternative fuel who 366 367 stores highway product in a separate storage tank or (ii) if the alternative fuel is sold or used by the

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368 provider of alternative fuel for highway use.

369 C. The owner of a highway vehicle subject to an annual license tax pursuant to subsection B of 370 § 58.1-2249 shall be liable for such annual license tax. The annual license tax shall be due on or before 371 the last day of December of each year at the time the vehicle is registered in Virginia and upon each 372 subsequent renewal of registration.

373 D. 1. Each (i) bulk user of alternative fuel or retailer of alternative fuel liable for tax pursuant to 374 subsection A and (ii) provider of alternative fuel liable for the tax pursuant to subsection B shall file a 375 monthly tax return with the Department. The tax on alternative fuel levied by this article, except for the 376 annual license tax imposed under subsection B of § 58.1-2249, that is required to be remitted to the Commonwealth shall be payable to the Commonwealth not later than the date on which the return is 377 378 due. A return and payment shall be (i) postmarked on or before the fifteenth day of the second month 379 succeeding the month for which the return and payment are due or (ii) received by the Department by 380 the twentieth day of the second month succeeding the month for which the return and payment are due. 381 However, a monthly return of the tax for the month of May shall be (i) postmarked by June 25 or (ii) 382 received by the Commissioner by the last business day the Department is open for business in June.

383 2. If a tax return and payment due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a state or banking holiday, 384 the return shall be postmarked on or before the fifteenth day of the second month succeeding the month 385 for which the return and payment are due or received by the Department by midnight of the next 386 business day the Department is open for business. This provision shall not apply to a return of the tax 387 for the month of May.

388 3. A return and payment shall be deemed postmarked if it carries the official cancellation mark of 389 the United States Postal Service or other postal or delivery service.

390 4. A return shall be filed with the Commissioner and shall be in the form and contain the 391 information required by the Commissioner. 392

§ 58.1-2289. (Contingent effective date - see Editor's notes) Disposition of tax revenue generally.

393 A. Unless otherwise provided in this section, all taxes and fees, including civil penalties, collected by 394 the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter, less a reasonable amount to be allocated for refunds, shall be 395 promptly paid into the state treasury and shall constitute special funds within the Commonwealth 396 Transportation Fund. Any balances remaining in these funds at the end of the year shall be available for 397 use in subsequent years for the purposes set forth in this chapter, and any interest income on such funds 398 shall accrue to these funds. Except as provided in § 33.1-23.03:1, no portion of the revenue derived 399 from taxes collected pursuant to §§ 58.1-2217, 58.1-2249 or § 58.1-2701, and remaining after authorized 400 refunds for nonhighway use of fuel, shall be used for any purpose other than the construction, 401 reconstruction or maintenance of the roads and projects comprising the State Highway System, the 402 Interstate System and the secondary system of state highways and expenditures directly and necessarily required for such purposes, including the retirement of revenue bonds. 403

404 Revenues collected under this chapter may be also used for (i) contributions toward the construction, 405 reconstruction or maintenance of streets in cities and towns of such sums as may be provided by law 406 and (ii) expenditures for the operation and maintenance of the Department of Transportation, the 407 Department of Rail and Public Transportation, the Department of Aviation, the Virginia Port Authority, 408 and the Department of Motor Vehicles as may be provided by law.

409 The Governor is hereby authorized to transfer out of such fund an amount necessary for the 410 inspection of gasoline and motor grease measuring and distributing equipment, and for the inspection 411 and analysis of gasoline for purity.

412 B. The tax collected on each gallon of aviation fuel sold and delivered or used in this 413 Commonwealth, less refunds, shall be paid into a special fund of the state treasury. Proceeds of this 414 special fund within the Commonwealth Transportation Fund shall be disbursed upon order of the 415 Department of Aviation, on warrants of the Comptroller, to defray the cost of the administration of the 416 laws of this Commonwealth relating to aviation, for the construction, maintenance and improvement of 417 airports and landing fields to which the public now has or which it is proposed shall have access, and 418 for the promotion of aviation in the interest of operators and the public generally.

419 C. One-half cent (\$0.005) of the tax collected on each gallon of fuel on which the refund has been 420 paid at the rate of seventeen cents per gallon, or in the case of diesel fuel, fifteen and one-half cents per 421 gallon, in effect pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-2217 for each gallon of fuel consumed in tractors 422 and unlicensed equipment used for agricultural purposes shall be paid into a special fund of the state 423 treasury, known as the Virginia Agricultural Foundation Fund, to be disbursed to make certain refunds 424 and defray the costs of the research and educational phases of the agricultural program, including 425 supplemental salary payments to certain employees at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, 426 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Virginia Truck and Ornamentals Research 427 Station, including reasonable expenses of the Virginia Agricultural Council.

428 D. One and one-half cents (\$0.015) of the tax collected on each gallon of fuel used to propel a 454

429 commercial watercraft upon which a refund has been paid shall be paid to the credit of the Game 430 Protection Fund of the state treasury to be made available to the Board of Game and Inland Fisheries 431 until expended for the purposes provided generally in subsection C of § 29.1-701, including acquisition, 432 construction, improvement and maintenance of public boating access areas on the public waters of this 433 Commonwealth and for other activities and purposes of direct benefit and interest to the boating public 434 and for no other purpose. However, one and one-half 1.5 cents (\$0.015) per gallon on fuel used by 435 commercial fishing, oystering, clamming, and crabbing boats shall be paid to the Department of Transportation to be used for the construction, repair, improvement and maintenance of the public docks 436 437 of this Commonwealth used by said commercial watercraft. Any expenditures for the acquisition, 438 construction, improvement and maintenance of the public docks shall be made according to a plan 439 developed by the Virginia Marine Resources Commission.

440 From the tax collected pursuant to the provisions of this chapter from the sales of gasoline used for 441 the propelling of watercraft, after deduction for lawful refunds, there shall be paid into the state treasury 442 for use by the Marine Resources Commission, the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board, the 443 State Water Control Board, and the Commonwealth Transportation Board to (i) improve the public 444 docks as specified in this section, (ii) improve commercial and sports fisheries in Virginia's tidal waters, 445 (iii) make environmental improvements including, without limitation, fisheries management and habitat 446 enhancement in the Chesapeake and its tributaries, and (iv) further the purposes set forth in § 33.1-223, 447 a sum as established by the General Assembly.

448 E. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, there shall be transferred from moneys collected pursuant to this section to a special fund within the Commonwealth Transportation Fund in the state 449 450 treasury, to be used to meet the necessary expenses of the Department of Motor Vehicles, an amount 451 equal to one percent of a sum to be calculated as follows: the tax revenues collected pursuant to this chapter, at the tax rates in effect on December 31, 1986, less refunds authorized by this chapter and less 452 453 taxes collected for aviation fuels.

§ 58.1-2701. (Contingent expiration date - see Editor's notes) Amount of tax.

455 A. Except as provided in subsection B, every motor carrier shall pay a road tax equivalent to $\frac{0.21}{0.21}$ 456 3.5 cents (\$0.035) more per gallon than the rate in effect pursuant to subsection A of \$ 58.1-2217, 457 calculated on the amount of motor fuel, diesel fuel or liquefied gases (which would not exist as liquids 458 at a temperature of sixty 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute), 459 used in its operations within the Commonwealth.

460 The tax imposed by this chapter shall be in addition to all other taxes of whatever character imposed 461 on a motor carrier by any other provision of law.

462 B. In lieu of the tax imposed in subsection A, motor carriers registering qualified highway vehicles that are not registered under the International Registration Plan shall pay a fee of \$150 per year for each 463 464 qualified highway vehicle regardless of whether such vehicle will be included on the motor carrier's 465 IFTA return. Beginning July 1, 2012, and each July 1 thereafter, the amount of the fee under this 466 subsection shall be adjusted by the same percentage of the tax rate adjustment pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-2217. The fee is due and payable when the vehicle registration fees are paid pursuant to the 467 468 provisions of Article 7 (§ 46.2-685 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 46.2.

469 If a vehicle becomes a qualified highway vehicle before the end of its registration period, the fee due 470 at the time the vehicle becomes a qualified highway vehicle shall be prorated monthly to the registration 471 expiration month. Fees paid under this subsection shall not be refunded unless a full refund of the 472 registration fee paid is authorized by law.

473 C. All taxes and fees paid under the provisions of this chapter shall be credited to the Highway 474 Maintenance and Operating Fund, a special fund within the Commonwealth Transportation Fund. 475

§ 58.1-2701. (Contingent effective date - see Editor's notes) Amount of tax.

A. Except as provided in subsection B, every motor carrier shall pay a road tax equivalent to 476 477 nineteen and one-half two cents (\$0.02) more per gallon than the rate in effect pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-2217, calculated on the amount of motor fuel, diesel fuel or liquefied gases (which would not 478 479 exist as liquids at a temperature of sixty 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square 480 inch absolute), used in its operations within the Commonwealth.

481 The tax imposed by this chapter shall be in addition to all other taxes of whatever character imposed 482 on a motor carrier by any other provision of law.

483 B. In lieu of the tax imposed in subsection A, motor carriers registering qualified highway vehicles 484 that are not registered under the International Registration Plan shall pay a fee of \$100 per year for each 485 qualified highway vehicle, regardless of whether such vehicle will be included on the motor carrier's IFTA return. The fee is due and payable when the vehicle registration fees are paid pursuant to the 486 487 provisions of Article 7 (§ 46.2-685 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 46.2. Beginning July 1, 2012, and each 488 July 1 thereafter, the amount of the fee under this subsection shall be adjusted by the same percentage 489 adjustment to the tax rate pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-2217.

490 If a vehicle becomes a qualified highway vehicle before the end of its registration period, the fee due

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491 at the time the vehicle becomes a qualified highway vehicle shall be prorated monthly to the registration
492 expiration month. Fees paid under this subsection shall not be refunded unless a full refund of the
493 registration fee paid is authorized by law.

494 C. All taxes and fees paid under the provisions of this chapter shall be credited to the Highway 495 Maintenance and Operating Fund, a special fund within the Commonwealth Transportation Fund.

496 § 58.1-2706. Credit for payment of motor fuel, diesel fuel or liquefied gases tax.

497 A. Every motor carrier subject to the road tax shall be entitled to a credit on such tax equivalent to 498 seventeen and one-half cents per gallon the rate in effect pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-2217 on 499 each gallon of all motor fuel, diesel fuel and liquefied gases purchased by such carrier within the 500 Commonwealth for use in its operations either within or without the Commonwealth and upon which the 501 motor fuel, diesel fuel or liquefied gases tax imposed by the laws of the Commonwealth has been paid 502 by such carrier. Evidence of the payment of such tax in such form as may be required by, or is 503 satisfactory to, the Department shall be furnished by each carrier claiming the credit herein allowed.

504 B. When the amount of the credit to which any motor carrier is entitled for any quarter exceeds the 505 amount of the tax for which such carrier is liable for the same quarter, the excess may: (i) be allowed as 506 a credit on the tax for which such carrier would be otherwise liable for any of the eight succeeding 507 quarters or (ii) be refunded, upon application, duly verified and presented and supported by such 508 evidence as may be satisfactory to the Department.

509 C. The Department may allow a refund upon receipt of proper application and review. It shall be at 510 the discretion of the Department to determine whether an audit is required.

511 D. The refund may be allowed without a formal hearing if the amount of refund is agreed to by the 512 applicant. Otherwise, a formal hearing on the application shall be held by the Department after notice of 513 not less than ten 10 days to the applicant and the Attorney General.

514 E. Whenever any refund is ordered it shall be paid out of the Highway Maintenance and 515 Construction Fund.

516 F. Whenever a person operating under lease to a motor carrier to perform transport services on 517 behalf of the carrier purchases motor fuel, diesel fuel or liquefied gases relating to such services, such

517 behan of the carrier purchases motor rule, dieser ruler of inquened gases relating to such services, such 518 payments or purchases may, at the discretion of the Department, be considered payment or purchases by

519 the carrier.

520 2. That § 58.1-549 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.

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