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HOUSE BILL NO. 2373

Offered January 13, 2011

A BILL to amend and reenact § 8.01-581.17 of the Code of Virginia, relating to medical malpractice; privileged communications of certain committees.

Patrons-Peace, Cox, J.A., Garrett, Keam, Rust and Stolle

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 8.01-581.17 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10

§ 8.01-581.17. Privileged communications of certain committees and entities.

A. For the purposes of this section:

13 "Centralized credentialing service" means (i) gathering information relating to applications for 14 professional staff privileges at any public or licensed private hospital or for participation as a provider in 15 any health maintenance organization, preferred provider organization or any similar organization and (ii) 16 providing such information to those hospitals and organizations that utilize the service.

"First-hand witness" means a person who is employed or engaged by a health care provider and 17 who has knowledge of an occurrence involving the actual or potential injury or death of a patient or 18 19 business invitee of the health care provider by virtue of his direct involvement in or observation of the 20 occurrence.

21 "Incident report" means the electronic or written document contemporaneously prepared by a 22 first-hand witness that memorializes the facts and provides notice of an occurrence involving the actual 23 or potential injury or death of a patient or business invitee. 24

"Medical record" means a health record as defined in § 32.1-127.1:03.

25 "Patient safety data" means reports made to patient safety organizations together with all health care data, interviews, memoranda, analyses, root cause analyses, products of quality assurance or quality 26 27 improvement processes, corrective action plans or information collected or created by a health care 28 provider as a result of an occurrence related to the provision of health care services.

29 "Patient safety organization" means any organization, group, or other entity that collects and analyzes 30 patient safety data for the purpose of improving patient safety and health care outcomes and that is 31 independent and not under the control of the entity that reports patient safety data.

B. The proceedings, minutes, records, and reports of any (i) medical staff committee, utilization 32 review committee, or other committee, board, group, commission or other entity as specified in 33 34 § 8.01-581.16; (ii) nonprofit entity that provides a centralized credentialing service; or (iii) quality 35 assurance, quality of care, or peer review committee established pursuant to guidelines approved or 36 adopted by (a) a national or state physician peer review entity, (b) a national or state physician 37 accreditation entity, (c) a national professional association of health care providers or Virginia chapter of 38 a national professional association of health care providers, (d) a licensee of a managed care health insurance plan (MCHIP) as defined in § 38.2-5800, (e) the Office of Emergency Medical Services or 39 40 any regional emergency medical services council, or (f) a statewide or local association representing 41 health care providers licensed in the Commonwealth, together with all communications, both whether electronic, oral and, or written and whether factual or deliberative, originating in or provided to such 42 committees or entities listed in this subsection, are privileged communications which may not be 43 disclosed or obtained by legal discovery proceedings unless a circuit court, after a hearing and for good 44 cause arising from extraordinary circumstances being shown, orders the disclosure of such proceedings, 45 minutes, records, reports, or communications. Additionally, for the purposes of this section, accreditation 46 47 and peer review records of the American College of Radiology and the Medical Society of Virginia are considered privileged communications. Oral communications regarding a specific medical incident 48 49 occurrence involving patient care, made to a quality assurance, quality of care, or peer review 50 committee established pursuant to clause (iii), shall be privileged only to the extent made more than 24 51 hours after the occurrence of the medical incident.

52 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as providing any privilege to (i) medical records 53 maintained by a health care provider, emergency medical services agency, community services board, or behavioral health authority medical records kept with respect to any patient in the ordinary course of 54 55 business of operating a hospital, emergency medical services agency, community services board, or behavioral health authority nor to or any facts or information contained in such records nor shall this 56 section preclude or affect discovery of or production of evidence relating to hospitalization or treatment 57 of any patient in the ordinary course of hospitalization of such patient, or (ii) an incident report 58

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11 12 **59** *pertaining to an occurrence that is the subject of litigation.*

D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, reports or patient safety data in possession of a patient safety organization, together with the identity of the reporter and all related correspondence, documentation, analysis, results or recommendations, shall be privileged and confidential and shall not be subject to a civil, criminal, or administrative subpoena or admitted as evidence in any civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding. Nothing in this subsection shall affect the discoverability or admissibility of facts, information or records referenced in subsection C as related to patient care from a source other than a patient safety organization.

E. Any patient safety organization shall promptly remove all patient-identifying information after
receipt of a complete patient safety data report unless such organization is otherwise permitted by state
or federal law to maintain such information. Patient safety organizations shall maintain the
confidentiality of all patient-identifying information and shall not disseminate such information except as
permitted by state or federal law.

F. Exchange of (i) patient safety data among health care providers or patient safety organizations that does not identify any patient or (ii) information privileged pursuant to subsection B between committees, boards, groups, commissions, health care providers or other entities specified in § 8.01-581.16 shall not constitute a waiver of any privilege established in this section.

G. Reports of patient safety data to patient safety organizations shall not abrogate obligations to
 make reports to health regulatory boards or other agencies as required by state or federal law.

H. No employer shall take retaliatory action against an employee who in good faith makes a report of patient safety data to a patient safety organization.

I. Reports produced solely for purposes of self-assessment of compliance with requirements or
 standards of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations shall be privileged and
 confidential and shall not be subject to subpoena or admitted as evidence in a civil or administrative
 proceeding. Nothing in this subsection shall affect the discoverability or admissibility of facts,
 information, or records referenced in subsection C as related to patient care from a source other than
 such accreditation body. A health care provider's release of such reports to such accreditation body shall
 not constitute a waiver of any privilege provided under this section.