## 2011 SESSION

11100547D **HOUSE BILL NO. 1452** 1 2 Offered January 12, 2011 3 Prefiled November 22, 2010 4 5 A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-3819 of the Code of Virginia, relating to transient occupancy tax. Patrons—Scott, E.T., Lewis and Tyler 6 7 Referred to Committee on Finance 8 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10 1. That § 58.1-3819 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 58.1-3819. Transient occupancy tax. 11 A. Any county, by duly adopted ordinance, may levy a transient occupancy tax on hotels, motels, 12 boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms rented out for continuous 13 14 occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days. Such tax shall be in such amount and on such terms as 15 the governing body may, by ordinance, prescribe. Such tax shall not exceed two percent of the amount 16 of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied; however, York County, Albemarle County, Nelson County, Mecklenburg County, Gloucester County, Spotsylvania County, Stafford County, 17 Loudoun County, Bedford County, Cumberland County, Floyd County, King George County, Wise 18 County, Botetourt County, Prince Edward County, Rockbridge County, Caroline County, Dinwiddie 19 20 County, Page County, Wythe County, James City County, Franklin County, Tazewell County, Augusta County, Prince William County, Craig County, Prince George County, Patrick County, Pulaski County, 21 22 Halifax County, Montgomery County, Carroll County, Northampton County, Amherst County, Giles 23 County, Smyth County, Greene County, and Alleghany County, and Madison County may levy a transient occupancy tax not to exceed five percent, and any excess over two percent shall be designated 24 25 and spent solely for tourism and travel, marketing of tourism or initiatives that, as determined after consultation with the local tourism industry organizations, including representatives of lodging properties 26 27 located in the county, attract travelers to the locality, increase occupancy at lodging properties, and 28 generate tourism revenues in the locality. If any locality has enacted an additional transient occupancy 29 tax pursuant to subsection C of § 58.1-3823, then the governing body of the locality shall be deemed to 30 have complied with the requirement that it consult with local tourism industry organizations, including lodging properties. If there are no local tourism industry organizations in the locality, the governing 31 32 body shall hold a public hearing prior to making any determination relating to how to attract travelers to 33 the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality. 34

B. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied
by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days in hotels, motels, boarding
houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms. In addition, that portion of any tax
imposed hereunder in excess of two percent shall not apply to travel campgrounds in Stafford County.

C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or town to levy such a transient occupancy tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis.

41 D. Any county, city or town which requires local hotel and motel businesses, or any class thereof, to 42 collect, account for and remit to such locality a local tax imposed on the consumer, may allow such 43 businesses a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. Such 44 commission shall be provided for by ordinance, which shall set the rate thereof, no less than three 45 percent, not to exceed five percent of the amount of tax due and accounted for. No commission shall be 46 allowed if the amount due was delinquent.

47 E. All transient occupancy tax collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or48 town imposing the tax.

INTRODUCED