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SENATE BILL NO. 452

Offered January 13, 2010

Prefiled January 13, 2010

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-602, 58.1-3819, 58.1-3822, 58.1-3823, 58.1-3824, 58.1-3825, 58.1-3825.2, 58.1-3826, 58.1-3842, and 58.1-3843 of the Code of Virginia, Chapter 265 of the Acts of Assembly of 1977, as amended, carried by reference in the Code of Virginia as § 58.1-3820, and Chapter 436 of the Acts of Assembly of 1990, as amended, carried by reference in the Code of Virginia as § 58.1-3821, and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 58.1-604.7 and by adding in Article 6 of Chapter 38 of Title 58.1 a section numbered 58.1-3818.8, relating to taxes on the rental of rooms, lodgings, accommodations, or similar spaces.*

Patron—Whipple

Referred to Committee on Finance

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 58.1-602, 58.1-3819, 58.1-3822, 58.1-3823, 58.1-3824, 58.1-3825, 58.1-3825.2, 58.1-3826, 58.1-3842, and 58.1-3843 of the Code of Virginia, Chapter 265 of the Acts of Assembly of 1977, as amended, carried by reference in the Code of Virginia as § 58.1-3820, and Chapter 436 of the Acts of Assembly of 1990, as amended, carried by reference in the Code of Virginia as § 58.1-3821, are amended and reenacted, and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 58.1-604.7 and by adding in Article 6 of Chapter 38 of Title 58.1 a section numbered 58.1-3818.8 as follows:

§ 58.1-602. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly shows otherwise, the term or phrase:

"Accommodations provider" means a person (i) owning, operating, managing, or controlling the building or place where a room, lodging or accommodation being rented is located, or (ii) who has acquired the right to use or possess such room, lodging, or accommodation.

"Advertising" means the planning, creating, or placing of advertising in newspapers, magazines, billboards, broadcasting and other media, including, without limitation, the providing of concept, writing, graphic design, mechanical art, photography and production supervision. Any person providing advertising as defined herein shall be deemed to be the user or consumer of all tangible personal property purchased for use in such advertising.

"Amplification, transmission and distribution equipment" means, but is not limited to, production, distribution, and other equipment used to provide Internet-access services, such as computer and communications equipment and software used for storing, processing and retrieving end-user subscribers' requests.

"Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either directly or indirectly.

"Cost price" means the actual cost of an item or article of tangible personal property computed in the same manner as the sales price as defined in this section without any deductions therefrom on account of the cost of materials used, labor, or service costs, transportation charges, or any expenses whatsoever.

"Custom program" means a computer program which is specifically designed and developed only for one customer. The combining of two or more prewritten programs does not constitute a custom computer program. A prewritten program that is modified to any degree remains a prewritten program and does not become custom.

"Distribution" means the transfer or delivery of tangible personal property for use, consumption, or storage by the distributee, and the use, consumption, or storage of tangible personal property by a person who has processed, manufactured, refined, or converted such property, but does not include the transfer or delivery of tangible personal property for resale or any use, consumption, or storage otherwise exempt under this chapter.

"Gross proceeds" means the charges made or voluntary contributions received for the lease or rental of tangible personal property or for furnishing services, computed with the same deductions, where applicable, as for sales price as defined in this section over the term of the lease, rental, service, or use, but not less frequently than monthly.

"Gross sales" means the sum total of all retail sales of tangible personal property or services as defined in this chapter, without any deduction, except as provided in this chapter. "Gross sales" shall not include the federal retailers' excise tax or the federal diesel fuel excise tax imposed in § 4091 of the Internal Revenue Code if the excise tax is billed to the purchaser separately from the selling price of the

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59 article, or the Virginia retail sales or use tax, or any sales or use tax imposed by any county or city
60 under § 58.1-605 or 58.1-606.

61 "Import" and "imported" are words applicable to tangible personal property imported into the
62 Commonwealth from other states as well as from foreign countries, and "export" and "exported" are
63 words applicable to tangible personal property exported from the Commonwealth to other states as well
64 as to foreign countries.

65 "In this Commonwealth" or "in the Commonwealth" means within the limits of the Commonwealth
66 of Virginia and includes all territory within these limits owned by or ceded to the United States of
67 America.

68 "Integrated process," when used in relation to semiconductor manufacturing, means a process that
69 begins with the research or development of semiconductor products, equipment, or processes, includes
70 the handling and storage of raw materials at a plant site, and continues to the point that the product is
71 packaged for final sale and either shipped or conveyed to a warehouse. Without limiting the foregoing,
72 any semiconductor equipment, fuel, power, energy, supplies, or other tangible personal property shall be
73 deemed used as part of the integrated process if its use contributes, before, during, or after production,
74 to higher product quality, production yields, or process efficiencies. Except as otherwise provided by
75 law, such term shall not mean general maintenance or administration.

76 "Internet" means collectively, the myriad of computer and telecommunications facilities, which
77 comprise the interconnected world-wide network of computer networks.

78 "Internet service" means a service that enables users to access proprietary and other content,
79 information electronic mail, and the Internet as part of a package of services sold to end-user
80 subscribers.

81 "Lease or rental" means the leasing or renting of tangible personal property and the possession or use
82 thereof by the lessee or renter for a consideration, without transfer of the title to such property.

83 "Manufacturing, processing, refining, or conversion" includes the production line of the plant starting
84 with the handling and storage of raw materials at the plant site and continuing through the last step of
85 production where the product is finished or completed for sale and conveyed to a warehouse at the
86 production site, and also includes equipment and supplies used for production line testing and quality
87 control. The term "manufacturing" shall also include the necessary ancillary activities of newspaper and
88 magazine printing when such activities are performed by the publisher of any newspaper or magazine
89 for sale daily or regularly at average intervals not exceeding three months.

90 The determination whether any manufacturing, mining, processing, refining or conversion activity is
91 industrial in nature shall be made without regard to plant size, existence or size of finished product
92 inventory, degree of mechanization, amount of capital investment, number of employees or other factors
93 relating principally to the size of the business. Further, "industrial in nature" shall include, but not be
94 limited to, those businesses classified in codes 10 through 14 and 20 through 39 published in the
95 Standard Industrial Classification Manual for 1972 and any supplements issued thereafter.

96 "Modular building" means, but shall not be limited to, single and multifamily houses, apartment
97 units, commercial buildings, and permanent additions thereof, comprised of one or more sections that are
98 intended to become real property, primarily constructed at a location other than the permanent site, built
99 to comply with the Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Law (§ 36-70 et seq.) as regulated by the
100 Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development, and shipped with most permanent
101 components in place to the site of final assembly. For purposes of this chapter, a modular building shall
102 not include a mobile office as defined in § 58.1-2401 or any manufactured building subject to and
103 certified under the provisions of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards
104 Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. § 5401 et seq.).

105 "Modular building manufacturer" means a person or corporation who owns or operates a
106 manufacturing facility and is engaged in the fabrication, construction and assembling of building
107 supplies and materials into modular buildings, as defined in this section, at a location other than at the
108 site where the modular building will be assembled on the permanent foundation and may or may not be
109 engaged in the process of affixing the modules to the foundation at the permanent site.

110 "Modular building retailer" means any person who purchases or acquires a modular building from a
111 modular building manufacturer, or from another person, for subsequent sale to a customer residing
112 within or outside of the Commonwealth, with or without installation of the modular building to the
113 foundation at the permanent site.

114 "Motor vehicle" means a "motor vehicle" as defined in § 58.1-2401, taxable under the provisions of
115 the Virginia Motor Vehicles Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-2400 et seq.) and upon the sale of which all
116 applicable motor vehicle sales and use taxes have been paid.

117 "Occasional sale" means a sale of tangible personal property not held or used by a seller in the
118 course of an activity for which he is required to hold a certificate of registration, including the sale or
119 exchange of all or substantially all the assets of any business and the reorganization or liquidation of
120 any business, provided such sale or exchange is not one of a series of sales and exchanges sufficient in

number, scope and character to constitute an activity requiring the holding of a certificate of registration.

"Open video system" means an open video system authorized pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 573 and, for purposes of this chapter only, shall also include Internet service regardless of whether the provider of such service is also a telephone common carrier.

"Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, cooperative, nonprofit membership corporation, joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, trustee in bankruptcy, receiver, auctioneer, syndicate, assignee, club, society, or other group or combination acting as a unit, body politic or political subdivision, whether public or private, or quasi-public, and the plural of such term shall mean the same as the singular.

"Prewritten program" means a computer program that is prepared, held or existing for general or repeated sale or lease, including a computer program developed for in-house use and subsequently sold or leased to unrelated third parties.

"Railroad rolling stock" means locomotives, of whatever motive power, autocars, railroad cars of every kind and description, and all other equipment determined by the Tax Commissioner to constitute railroad rolling stock.

"Retail sale" or a "sale at retail" means a sale to any person for any purpose other than for resale in the form of tangible personal property or services taxable under this chapter, and shall include any such transaction as the Tax Commissioner upon investigation finds to be in lieu of a sale. All sales for resale must be made in strict compliance with regulations applicable to this chapter. Any dealer making a sale for resale which is not in strict compliance with such regulations shall be personally liable for payment of the tax.

The terms "retail sale" and a "sale at retail" shall specifically include the following: (i) the sale or charges for any room or rooms, lodgings, or accommodations furnished to transients for less than 90 continuous days ~~by in cases in which the room, lodging, or accommodation is located in~~ any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, camping grounds, club, or any other place in which rooms, lodging, space, or accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for a consideration; (ii) sales of tangible personal property to persons for resale when because of the operation of the business, or its very nature, or the lack of a place of business in which to display a certificate of registration, or the lack of a place of business in which to keep records, or the lack of adequate records, or because such persons are minors or transients, or because such persons are engaged in essentially service businesses, or for any other reason there is likelihood that the Commonwealth will lose tax funds due to the difficulty of policing such business operations; and (iii) the separately stated charge made for automotive refinish repair materials that are permanently applied to or affixed to a motor vehicle during its repair. The Tax Commissioner is authorized to promulgate regulations requiring vendors of or sellers to such persons to collect the tax imposed by this chapter on the cost price of such tangible personal property to such persons and may refuse to issue certificates of registration to such persons.

The term "transient" shall not include a purchaser of camping memberships, time-shares, condominiums, or other similar contracts or interests that permit the use of, or constitute an interest in, real estate, however created or sold and whether registered with the Commonwealth or not. Further, a purchaser of a right or license which entitles the purchaser to use the amenities and facilities of a specific real estate project on an ongoing basis throughout its term shall not be deemed a transient; provided, however, that the term or time period involved is for seven years or more.

The terms "retail sale" and "sale at retail" shall not include a transfer of title to tangible personal property after its use as tools, tooling, machinery or equipment, including dies, molds, and patterns, if (i) at the time of purchase, the purchaser is obligated, under the terms of a written contract, to make the transfer and (ii) the transfer is made for the same or a greater consideration to the person for whom the purchaser manufactures goods.

"Retailer" means every person engaged in the business of making sales at retail, or for distribution, use, consumption, or storage to be used or consumed in the Commonwealth.

"Sale" means any transfer of title or possession, or both, exchange, barter, lease or rental, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property and any rendition of a taxable service for a consideration, and includes the fabrication of tangible personal property for consumers who furnish, either directly or indirectly, the materials used in fabrication, and the furnishing, preparing, or serving for a consideration of any tangible personal property consumed on the premises of the person furnishing, preparing, or serving such tangible personal property. A transaction whereby the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains title as security for the payment of the price shall be deemed a sale.

"Sales price" means the total amount for which tangible personal property or services are sold, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and includes any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser, consumer, or lessee by the dealer, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used,

labor or service costs, losses or any other expenses whatsoever. "Sales price" shall not include (i) any cash discount allowed and taken; (ii) finance charges, carrying charges, service charges or interest from credit extended on sales of tangible personal property under conditional sale contracts or other conditional contracts providing for deferred payments of the purchase price; (iii) separately stated local property taxes collected; (iv) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity added to the price of a meal; or (v) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or service charge added by a restaurant to the price of a meal, but only to the extent that such mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20% of the price of the meal. Where used articles are taken in trade, or in a series of trades as a credit or part payment on the sale of new or used articles, the tax levied by this chapter shall be paid on the net difference between the sales price of the new or used articles and the credit for the used articles.

"Semiconductor cleanrooms" means the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, partitions, flooring, lighting, equipment, and all other property used to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, vibration, or other environmental conditions required for the integrated process of semiconductor manufacturing.

"Semiconductor equipment" means (i) machinery or tools or repair parts or replacements thereof; (ii) the related accessories, components, pedestals, bases, or foundations used in connection with the operation of the equipment, without regard to the proximity to the equipment, the method of attachment, or whether the equipment or accessories are affixed to the realty; (iii) semiconductor wafers and other property or supplies used to install, test, calibrate or recalibrate, characterize, condition, measure, or maintain the equipment and settings thereof; and (iv) equipment and supplies used for quality control testing of product, materials, equipment, or processes; or the measurement of equipment performance or production parameters regardless of where or when the quality control, testing, or measuring activity takes place, how the activity affects the operation of equipment, or whether the equipment and supplies come into contact with the product.

"Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property for use, consumption or distribution in the Commonwealth, or for any purpose other than sale at retail in the regular course of business.

"Tangible personal property" means personal property which may be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. The term "tangible personal property" shall not include stocks, bonds, notes, insurance or other obligations or securities. The term "tangible personal property" shall include (i) telephone calling cards upon their initial sale, which shall be exempt from all other state and local utility taxes, and (ii) manufactured signs.

"Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership thereof, except that it does not include the sale at retail of that property in the regular course of business. The term does not include the exercise of any right or power, including use, distribution, or storage, over any tangible personal property sold to a nonresident donor for delivery outside of the Commonwealth to a nonresident recipient pursuant to an order placed by the donor from outside the Commonwealth via mail or telephone. The term does not include any sale determined to be a gift transaction, subject to tax under § 58.1-604.6.

"Use tax" refers to the tax imposed upon the use, consumption, distribution, and storage as herein defined.

"Used directly," when used in relation to manufacturing, processing, refining, or conversion, refers to those activities which are an integral part of the production of a product, including all steps of an integrated manufacturing or mining process, but not including ancillary activities such as general maintenance or administration. When used in relation to mining, it shall refer to the activities specified above, and in addition, any reclamation activity of the land previously mined by the mining company required by state or federal law.

"Video programmer" means a person or entity that provides video programming to end-user subscribers.

"Video programming" means video and/or information programming provided by or generally considered comparable to programming provided by a cable operator including, but not limited to, Internet service.

§ 58.1-604.7. Tax on the rental of rooms, lodging, or accommodations.

In the case of the retail sale of any room, lodging, or accommodation furnished to a transient that is made by the accommodations provider, the accommodations provider shall pay the retail sales and use taxes applicable in accordance with this chapter computed on the total charges for the room, lodging, or accommodation. The accommodations provider shall remit the same to the Department of Taxation. Such person shall separately state the amount of the tax on the bill, invoice, or similar documentation and shall add the tax to the total charges for the room, lodging, or accommodation. Thereafter, such tax shall be a debt from the person renting the room, lodging, or accommodation to the accommodations provider. Such debt shall be recoverable at law in the same

manner as other debts.

Nothing herein shall be construed or interpreted as prohibiting any person from contracting with an agent or other party to facilitate the rental of any room, lodging, or accommodation to transients. If as part of a retail sale the agent or other party collects the taxes applicable to the room, lodging, or accommodation, then such agent or other party shall (i) separately state on the bill, invoice, or similar documentation the amount of the retail sales and use taxes due (in accordance with this chapter) computed based upon the total charges charged by the agent or other party, (ii) be deemed to be holding in trust all such taxes collected on the rental of the room, lodging, or accommodation, and (iii) be liable for such retail sales and use taxes described in clause (i).

Nothing herein shall relieve the accommodations provider from liability for tax under this chapter on the total amount received by the accommodations provider from an agent or other party under an agreement allowing the agent or other party to facilitate the rental of any room, lodging, or accommodation.

It is the intent of the General Assembly that retail sales and use taxes applicable in accordance with this chapter on the rental of any room, lodging, or accommodation to a transient be imposed once.

§ 58.1-3818.8. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Accommodations provider" means a person (i) owning, operating, managing, or controlling the building or place where the room, space, or unit being rented is located, or (ii) who has acquired the right to use or possess such room, space, or unit.

"Retail sale" means a sale to any person for any purpose other than for resale.

"Use or possession" means the use or possession or the right to the use or possession.

§ 58.1-3819. Transient occupancy tax.

A. Any county, by duly adopted ordinance, may levy a transient occupancy tax ~~on hotels, motels, boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms rented out for continuous occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days for the use or possession of a room or space in a hotel, motel, boarding house, travel campground, or other facility offering guest rooms rented out for continuous occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days.~~ The tax shall be imposed on total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale. Such tax shall be in such amount and on such terms as the governing body may, by ordinance, prescribe. Such tax shall not exceed two percent of the ~~amount of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied~~ total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale; however, York County, Albemarle County, Nelson County, Mecklenburg County, Gloucester County, Spotsylvania County, Stafford County, Loudoun County, Bedford County, Cumberland County, Floyd County, King George County, Wise County, Botetourt County, Prince Edward County, Rockbridge County, Caroline County, Dinwiddie County, Page County, Wythe County, James City County, Franklin County, Tazewell County, Augusta County, Prince William County, Craig County, Prince George County, Patrick County, Pulaski County, Halifax County, Montgomery County, Carroll County, Northampton County, Amherst County, Giles County, Smyth County, and Greene County may levy a transient occupancy tax not to exceed five percent, and any excess over two percent shall be designated and spent solely for tourism and travel, marketing of tourism or initiatives that, as determined after consultation with the local tourism industry organizations, including representatives of lodging properties located in the county, attract travelers to the locality, increase occupancy at lodging properties, and generate tourism revenues in the locality. If any locality has enacted an additional transient occupancy tax pursuant to subsection C of § 58.1-3823, then the governing body of the locality shall be deemed to have complied with the requirement that it consult with local tourism industry organizations, including lodging properties. If there are no local tourism industry organizations in the locality, the governing body shall hold a public hearing prior to making any determination relating to how to attract travelers to the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality.

B. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ at least 30 consecutive days in hotels, motels, boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms. In addition, that portion of any tax imposed hereunder in excess of two percent shall not apply to travel campgrounds in Stafford County.

C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or town to levy such a transient occupancy tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis.

D. Any county, city or town which requires local hotel and motel businesses, or any class thereof, to collect, account for and remit to such locality a ~~local tax imposed on the consumer~~ the transient occupancy tax, may allow such businesses a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. Such commission shall be provided for by ordinance, which shall set the rate

thereof, no less than three percent, not to exceed five percent of the amount of tax due and accounted for. No commission shall be allowed if the amount due was delinquent.

E. All transient occupancy tax collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or town imposing the tax.

§ 58.1-3820. Arlington County transient occupancy tax.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 443, as amended, of the Acts of Assembly of 1970 carried by reference in the Code of Virginia as § 58.1-3819, beginning on and after July 1, 1977, Arlington County is authorized to levy the transient occupancy tax permitted in § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed five percent of the ~~amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale,~~ provided that the county's local license tax as permitted in § 58.1-3703, as amended, on hotels, motels, boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms rented out for continuous occupancy for fewer than thirty consecutive days, on and after January 1, 1978, shall not exceed one percent of the gross receipts of such hotels, motels, boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms rented out for continuous occupancy for fewer than thirty consecutive days. For purposes of this section, a corporation or partnership shall be deemed an individual or group unless provided otherwise by local ordinance. For purposes of exercising the authority granted by this section, those ordinances enacted by Arlington County on October 26, 1991, and December 7, 1991, are validated as to their application, prospectively only, from the date of their enactment. The remaining provisions of § 58.1-3819 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the provisions of this section.

§ 58.1-3821. Transient occupancy tax on certain rentals.

The County of Franklin and the County of Nelson may, by ordinance, levy a transient occupancy tax ~~on condominiums, apartments, townhouses, or like buildings when rooms or units in such buildings are rented for occupancy for fewer than thirty days at a time for the use or possession of a room or unit in a condominium, apartment, townhouse, or like building in those cases in which the person has the right to use or possess the room or unit for fewer than 30 days at a time.~~ The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or units rented for continuous occupancy by the same individual or group for ~~thirty or more at least 30 consecutive days~~ in condominiums, apartments, townhouses, or like buildings.

Such tax shall be in an amount and on such terms as the governing body, by ordinance, may prescribe; however, in the County of Franklin such tax shall not exceed two percent of the ~~amount of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or unit in a retail sale~~ and in the County of Nelson such tax shall not exceed ~~5% percent of the amount of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or unit in a retail sale.~~ Any revenue collected in Nelson County from that portion of the tax which exceeds ~~2% percent,~~ shall be designated and spent for promoting tourism, travel, or business that generates tourism or travel in the county. Any county which imposes the tax authorized in this section may allow the businesses collecting, accounting for, and remitting such ~~consumer~~ transient occupancy tax a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. The commission amount shall be established by ordinance; however, the maximum commission payable shall not exceed five percent of the amount of tax due and accounted for nor be less than a minimum of three percent of the amount of tax due. No commission shall be allowed if the amount due was delinquent.

§ 58.1-3822. Additional transient occupancy tax.

In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 and 58.1-3820, beginning January 1, 1991, and ending January 1, 2012, Arlington County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax ~~for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed one-fourth of one percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale.~~ The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the purpose of promoting tourism and business travel in the county. Such designated funds shall be in addition to the county's previous budgeted amount for the promotion of tourism and business travel.

§ 58.1-3823. Additional transient occupancy tax for certain counties.

A. In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3822, Hanover County, Chesterfield County and Henrico County may impose:

1. An additional transient occupancy tax ~~for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed four percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale.~~ The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more at least 30 consecutive days.~~ The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for promoting tourism, travel or business that generates

tourism or travel in the Richmond metropolitan area; and

2. An additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale.* The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive days*. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for expanding the Richmond Centre, a convention and exhibition facility in the City of Richmond.

3. An additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed one percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale.* The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive days*. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the development and improvement of the Virginia Performing Arts Foundation's facilities in Richmond, for promoting the use of the Richmond Centre and for promoting tourism, travel or business that generates tourism and travel in the Richmond metropolitan area.

B. In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3822, any county with the county manager plan of government may impose an additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale,* provided the county's governing body approves the construction of a county conference center. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive days*. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the design, construction, debt payment, and operation of such conference center.

C. 1. In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3822, the Counties of James City and York may impose an additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any overnight guest room in an amount not to exceed \$2 per room per night for the occupancy of any overnight guest room.* The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and expended solely for advertising the Historic Triangle area, which includes all of the City of Williamsburg and the Counties of James City and York, as an overnight tourism destination by the members of the Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance. The tax imposed by this subsection shall not apply to travel campground sites or to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive days*.

2. The Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall consist of the members as provided in this subdivision. The governing bodies of the City of Williamsburg, the County of James City, and the County of York shall each designate one of their members to serve as members of the Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee. These three members of the Committee shall have two votes apiece.

Further, one member of the Committee shall be selected by the Board of Directors of the Williamsburg Hotel and Motel Association; one member of the Committee shall be from The Colonial Williamsburg Foundation and shall be selected by the Foundation; one member of the Committee shall be an employee of Busch Gardens Europe/Water Country USA and shall be selected by Busch Gardens Europe/Water Country USA; one member of the Committee shall be from the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation and shall be selected by the Foundation; one member of the Committee shall be selected by the Executive Committee of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance; and one member of the Committee shall be the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Virginia Tourism Authority who shall serve ex officio. Each of these six members of the Committee shall have one vote apiece. The President of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance shall serve ex officio with nonvoting privileges unless chosen by the Executive Committee of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance to serve as its voting representative. The Executive Director of the Williamsburg Hotel and Motel Association shall serve ex officio with nonvoting privileges unless chosen by the Board of Directors of the Williamsburg Hotel and Motel Association to serve as its voting representative.

3. The Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall maintain all authorities granted by this section. The Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance shall serve as the fiscal agent for the Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee with specific responsibilities to be defined in a

contract between such two entities. The contract shall include provisions to reimburse the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance for annual audits and any other agreed-upon expenditures. The Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall also contract with the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance to provide administrative support services as the entities shall mutually agree.

4. The provisions in subdivision 2 relating to the composition and voting powers of the Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall be a condition of the authority to impose the tax provided herein.

For purposes of this subsection, "advertising the Historic Triangle area" as an overnight tourism destination means advertising that is intended to attract visitors from a sufficient distance so as to require an overnight stay of at least one night.

D. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis.

§ 58.1-3824. Additional transient occupancy tax in Fairfax County.

In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by this chapter, beginning July 1, 2004, Fairfax County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed two percent of the amount of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale*; provided that the board of supervisors of the County appropriates the revenues collected from such tax as follows:

1. No more than 75 percent of such revenues shall be designated for and appropriated to Fairfax County to be spent for tourism promotion in the County after consultation with local tourism industry organizations and in support of the local tourism industry; and

2. The remaining portion of such revenues shall be designated for and appropriated to a nonprofit convention and visitor's bureau located in Fairfax County.

The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive days*.

For purposes of this section, "tourism promotion" means direct funding designated and spent solely for tourism, marketing of tourism or initiatives that, as determined in consultation with the local tourism industry organizations, attract travelers to the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality.

§ 58.1-3825. Additional transient occupancy tax in Rockbridge County and the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista.

In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by this chapter, Rockbridge County and the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista may impose an additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed two percent of the amount of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale*. The authority to impose such tax is hereby individually granted to the local governing bodies of such county and cities. However, if such tax is adopted, the local governing body of such county or cities adopting the tax shall appropriate the revenues collected therefrom to the Virginia Horse Center Foundation to be used by the Foundation for the sole purpose of making principal and interest payments on a promissory note or notes signed or executed by the Virginia Horse Center Foundation or the Virginia Equine Center Foundation prior to January 1, 2004, with the Rockbridge Industrial Development Authority as the obligee or payee, as part of an agreement for the Authority to issue bonds on behalf of or for improvements at the Virginia Horse Center Foundation, Virginia Equine Center Foundation, or Virginia Equine Center.

For purposes of this section, such note or notes signed or executed prior to January 1, 2004, shall include any notes or other indebtedness incurred to refinance such note or notes, regardless of the date of refinancing, provided that such refinancing shall not include any debt or the payment of any debt for any activity relating to the Virginia Horse Center Foundation, Virginia Equine Center Foundation, or Virginia Equine Center that occurs on or after January 1, 2004.

The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive days*. Such tax may no longer be imposed in such county or such cities after final payment of the note or notes described herein.

§ 58.1-3825.2. Additional transient occupancy tax in Bath County.

A. In addition to such transient occupancy tax as is authorized by § 58.1-3819, Bath County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax *for the use or possession of any room or space in those buildings or places described in subsection A of § 58.1-3819 in an amount not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space in a retail sale*.

B. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent as follows:

1. One-half of such revenue shall be designated and spent solely for tourism and travel, marketing of tourism, or initiatives that, as determined after consultation with the local tourism industry organizations, attract travelers to the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality. If there are no local tourism industry organizations in the locality, the governing body shall hold a public hearing prior to making any determination relating to how to attract travelers to the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality.

2. One-half of such revenue shall be designated and spent solely for the design, operation, construction, improvement, acquisition, and debt service for such expenses on debt incurred after June 30, 2009, of tourism facilities, historic sites, beautification projects, promotion of the arts, regional tourism marketing efforts, capital costs related to travel and transportation including air service, public parks and recreation, and information centers that attract travelers to the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality.

C. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for ~~30 or more~~ *at least 30 consecutive* –days in hotels, motels, boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms.

D. If Bath County requires local hotel and motel businesses, or any class thereof, to collect, account for, and remit the tax imposed pursuant to this section, the County may allow such businesses a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. Such commission shall be provided for by ordinance, which shall set the rate thereof, no less than three percent and not to exceed five percent of the amount of tax due and accounted for. No commission shall be allowed if the amount due is delinquent.

E. All tax collections pursuant to this section shall be deemed to be held in trust for Bath County.

§ 58.1-3826. Scope of transient occupancy tax.

A. The transient occupancy tax imposed pursuant to the authority of this article shall be imposed only for the ~~occupancy~~ *use or possession* of any room or space that is suitable or intended for occupancy by transients for dwelling, lodging, or sleeping purposes.

B. In the case of the retail sale of any room, space, or unit furnished to a transient that is made by the accommodations provider, the accommodations provider shall pay the tax imposed pursuant to this article, computed based upon the total price paid for the use or possession of such room, space, or unit, and shall remit the same to the locality. Such person shall separately state the amount of the tax on the bill, invoice, or similar documentation and shall add the tax to the total price paid for the use or possession of the room, space, or unit. Thereafter, such tax shall be a debt from the person renting the room, space, or unit to the accommodations provider. Such debt shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts.

Nothing herein shall be construed or interpreted as prohibiting any person from contracting with an agent or other party to facilitate the rental of any room, space, or unit. If as part of a retail sale the agent or other party collects the taxes applicable to the room, space, or unit, then such agent or other party shall (i) separately state the amount of tax imposed pursuant to this article on the bill, invoice, or similar documentation, (ii) collect the tax imposed pursuant to this article based upon the total price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room, space, or unit, (iii) be deemed to be holding in trust for the locality all taxes collected pursuant to this article, and (iv) be liable for the tax imposed pursuant to this article by the applicable locality.

Nothing herein shall relieve the accommodations provider from liability for tax under this article on the total amount received by the accommodations provider from an agent or other party under an agreement allowing the agent or other party to facilitate the rental of any room, space, or unit.

It is the intent of the General Assembly that taxes imposed pursuant to this article on the rental of any room, space, or unit be imposed once.

§ 58.1-3842. Combined transient occupancy and food and beverage tax.

A. Rappahannock County, by duly adopted ordinance, is hereby authorized to levy a tax ~~on occupancy~~ *for the use or possession of any room or space* in a bed and breakfast establishment on which the county is authorized to levy a transient occupancy tax under § 58.1-3819 and on food and beverages sold for human consumption within such establishment on which the county is authorized to levy a food and beverage tax under § 58.1-3833, when the charges for the ~~occupancy~~ *use or possession* of the room or space and for the sale of food and beverages are assessed in the aggregate and not separately stated. Such tax shall not exceed four percent of the total ~~amount charged for the occupancy of the room or space~~ *occupied price paid by the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space* and for the food and beverages in a retail sale. Such tax shall be in such amount and on such terms as the governing body may, by ordinance, prescribe. The tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently imposed by the county pursuant to the authority of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title. Collection of such tax shall be in a manner prescribed by the governing body. All taxes collected

551 under the authority of this article shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county imposing the tax.

552 B. If a bed and breakfast establishment separately states charges for the ~~occupancy~~ use or possession
553 of the room or space and for the sale of food and beverages, a transient occupancy tax levied under
554 § 58.1-3819 and a food and beverage tax levied under § 58.1-3833 shall apply to such separately stated
555 charges, as applicable.

556 C. Any tax imposed pursuant to this article shall not apply within the limits of any town located in
557 such county, where such town now, or hereafter, imposes a town meals tax or a town transient
558 occupancy tax on the same subject. If the governing body of any town within a county, however,
559 provides that a county tax authorized by this article shall apply within the limits of such town, then such
560 tax may be imposed within such towns.

561 D. This tax shall be levied only if a food and beverage tax has been approved in a referendum
562 within the county as provided by the second paragraph of subsection A of § 58.1-3833. No county in
563 which the levy of a food and beverage tax has been approved in a referendum pursuant to subsection A
564 of § 58.1-3833 shall be required to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance or a further
565 question to the voters in a referendum prior to adopting an ordinance adopting or amending the tax
566 authorized by this article.

567 E. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county to levy a
568 food and beverage tax or a transient occupancy tax.

569 § 58.1-3843. Scope of transient occupancy tax.

570 *As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:*

571 *"Accommodations provider" means a person (i) owning, operating, managing, or controlling the*
572 *building or place where the room or space being rented is located, or (ii) who has acquired the right to*
573 *use or possess such room or space.*

574 *"Retail sale" means a sale to any person for any purpose other than for resale.*

575 *"Use or possession" means the use or possession or the right to the use or possession.*

576 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, the tax imposed on transient room
577 rentals pursuant to the authority of this article shall be imposed only for the ~~occupancy~~ use or
578 possession of any room or space that is suitable or intended for occupancy by transients for dwelling,
579 lodging, or sleeping purposes.

580 C. *In the case of the retail sale of any room or space furnished to a transient that is made by the*
581 *accommodations provider, the accommodations provider shall pay the tax imposed pursuant to this*
582 *article, computed based upon the total price paid for the use or possession of such room or space and*
583 *shall remit the same to the locality. Such person shall separately state the amount of the tax on the bill,*
584 *invoice, or similar documentation and shall add the tax to the total price paid for the use or possession*
585 *of the room or space. Thereafter, such tax shall be a debt from the person renting the room or space to*
586 *the accommodations provider. Such debt shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts.*

587 *Nothing herein shall be construed or interpreted as prohibiting any person from contracting with an*
588 *agent or other party to facilitate the rental of any room or space. If as part of a retail sale the agent or*
589 *other party collects the taxes applicable to the room or space, then such agent or other party shall (i)*
590 *separately state the amount of tax imposed pursuant to this article on the bill, invoice, or similar*
591 *documentation, (ii) collect the tax imposed pursuant to this article based upon the total price paid by*
592 *the ultimate consumer for the use or possession of the room or space, (iii) be deemed to be holding in*
593 *trust for the locality all taxes collected pursuant to this article, and (iv) be liable for the tax imposed*
594 *pursuant to this article by the applicable locality.*

595 *Nothing herein shall relieve the accommodations provider from liability for tax under this article on*
596 *the total amount received by the accommodations provider from an agent or other party under an*
597 *agreement allowing the agent or other party to facilitate the rental of any room or space.*

598 *It is the intent of the General Assembly that taxes imposed pursuant to this article on the rental of*
599 *any room, space, or unit be imposed once.*