2010 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 409

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee for Courts of Justice

on March 8, 2010)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Vogel)

- 5 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 17.1-218, 17.1-229, 19.2-270.4, 19.2-310, 43-17.1, and 55-66.6 of the 6 7 Code of Virginia and to repeal § 20-32 of the Code of Virginia, relating to duties of the clerk of the 8 circuit court.
- 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
- 1. That §§ 17.1-218, 17.1-229, 19.2-270.4, 19.2-310, 43-17.1, and 55-66.6 of the Code of Virginia are 10 11 amended and reenacted as follows:
- § 17.1-218. Certified lists of county, district, town and city officers, and constitutional officers; 12 13 vacancies and appointments.
- 14 The elerk of the circuit court of each Each county, incorporated town and city shall annually, by 15 July 1, send to the Secretary of the Commonwealth a list of all county, district, incorporated town and city officers and all constitutional officers of the Commonwealth, serving in and for their respective 16 17 counties, incorporated towns and cities. When a vacancy occurs in any such office the elerk locality shall notify the Secretary of the Commonwealth within ten days and shall likewise notify the Secretary 18 19 of the election or appointment and qualification of any officer to fill such vacancy within ten days after 20 the qualification of such officer. All such lists and notices sent to the Secretary of the Commonwealth 21 shall be certified by the elerk county executive or the county, town or city manager or their designee. 22 § 17.1-229. Additional documents to be recorded in deed book.
- All deeds, homestead deeds and leases of personal property, bills of sale, and all other contracts or 23 24 liens as to personal property, which are by law required or permitted to be recorded, all mechanics' liens, all other liens not directed to be recorded elsewhere and all other writings relating to or affecting 25 personal property which are authorized to be recorded shall, unless otherwise provided, be recorded in 26 27 the deed book and shall be indexed in the general index book; provided, however, the clerk shall only 28 record writings specifically authorized by law and set out in the Code of Virginia. 29
 - § 19.2-270.4. When donation, destruction, or return of exhibits received in evidence authorized.
- 30 A. Except as provided in § 19.2-270.4:1 and unless objection with sufficient cause is made, the trial 31 court in any criminal case may order the donation or destruction of any or all exhibits received in 32 evidence during the course of the trial (i) in any misdemeanor case, at any time after the expiration of the time for filing an appeal from the final judgment of the court if no appeal is taken or if an appeal is 33 34 taken, at any time after exhaustion of all appellate remedies and; (ii) in any felony case, upon notice in 35 the sentencing order or otherwise to the attorney for the Commonwealth, the defendant at his last 36 known address, and attorney of record for the defendant in the case, after more than one year has expired from exhaustion of all appellate remedies, or, if no appeal is taken, after more than one year 37 38 from the time for seeking appellate remedies has expired; and in the event the defendant is found not 39 guilty by a court of law, the court may, upon entry of the final order, order the destruction, donation, or 40 return of the exhibits; provided, however, if a petition for writ of habeas corpus is filed within such 41 one-year period, then such order shall not be entered until exhaustion of such habeas corpus 42 proceedings. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in all cases concluded prior to July 1, 2005, the notice requirement in this section shall not apply. The order of donation or destruction may require that 43 44 photographs be made of all exhibits ordered to be donated or destroyed and that such photographs be 45 appropriately labeled for future identification. In addition, the order shall state the nature of the exhibit subject to donation or destruction, identify the case in which such exhibit was received and from whom such exhibit was received, if known, and the manner by which the exhibit is to be destroyed or to whom donated. However, any money introduced into evidence, unless it is stolen from a third party, shall be subject to forfeiture by law-enforcement officials as otherwise provided by law, and if no 50 forfeiture action is taken or if funds remain after any such forfeiture, the clerk shall escheat such funds 51 as otherwise provided by law.
- B. Except as provided in § 19.2-270.4:1, a circuit court for good cause shown, on notice to the 52 53 attorney for the Commonwealth and any attorney for a defendant in the case, may order the return of 54 any or all exhibits to the owners thereof, notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal or petition for a writ of habeas corpus. The order may be upon such conditions as the court deems appropriate for future 55 identification and inclusion in the record of a case subject to retrial. In addition, the owner shall 56 acknowledge in a sworn affidavit to be filed with the record of the case, that he has retaken possession 57 58 of such exhibit or exhibits.

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C. Any photographs taken pursuant to an order of donation or destruction or an order returning

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60 exhibits to the owners shall be retained with the record in the case and, if necessary, shall be admissible 61 in any subsequent trial of the same cause, subject to all other rules of evidence.

62 D. Upon petition of any organization which is exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the 63 Internal Revenue Code, the court in its sound discretion may order the donation of an exhibit to such 64 charitable organization.

§ 19.2-310. Transfer of prisoners to custody of Director of Department of Corrections.

66 Every person sentenced by a court to the Department of Corrections upon conviction of a felony shall be conveyed to an appropriate receiving unit operated by the Department in the manner hereinafter 67 68 provided. The clerk of the court in which the person is sentenced shall forthwith transmit to the Central Criminal Records Exchange the report of dispositions required by § 19.2-390. The clerk of the court 69 within thirty days from the date of the judgment shall forthwith transmit to the Director of the Department a certified copy or copies of the order of trial and a certified copy of the complete final 70 71 order, and if he fails to do so he shall forfeit \$100. Such copy or copies shall contain, as nearly as 72 ascertainable, the birth date of the person sentenced. The sheriff shall certify to the Director of the 73 74 Department any jail credits to which the person to be confined is entitled at such time as that person is 75 transferred to the custody of the Director of the Department.

Following receipt of the order of trial and a certified copy of the complete final order, the Director 76 or his designee shall dispatch a correctional officer to the county or city with a warrant directed to the 77 78 sheriff authorizing him to deliver the prisoner to the correctional officer whose duty it shall be to take 79 charge of the person and convey him to an appropriate receiving unit designated by the Director or his 80 designee. The Director or his designee shall allocate space available in the receiving unit or units by giving first priority to the transportation, as the transportation facilities of the Department may permit, of 81 those persons held in jails who in the opinion of the Director or his designee except as required by 82 § 53.1-20 require immediate transportation to a receiving unit. In making such a determination of 83 84 priority, the Director shall give due regard to the capacity of local as well as state correctional facilities and, to the extent feasible, shall seek to balance between local and state correctional facilities the excess 85 86 of prisoners requiring detention.

§ 43-17.1. Hearing on validity of lien.

88 Any party, having an interest in real property against which a lien has been filed, may, upon a 89 showing of good cause, petition the court of equity having jurisdiction wherein the building, structure, 90 other property, or railroad is located to hold a hearing to determine the validity of any perfected lien on 91 the property. After reasonable notice to the lien claimant and any party to whom the benefit of the lien would inure and who has given notice as provided in § 43-18 of the Code of Virginia, the court shall 92 hold a hearing and determine the validity of the lien. If the court finds that the lien is invalid, it shall 93 94 forthwith order that the memorandum or notice of lien be removed released from record. 95

§ 55-66.6. Recordation of certificate of satisfaction, etc., required when release of lien recorded.

96 Whenever a release of a deed of trust or other obligation shall be admitted to record in the office of 97 the clerk of any circuit court, such clerk shall record a certificate of satisfaction or certificate of partial 98 satisfaction, stating that such deed or other obligation is released. The fee charged by the clerk for 99 recording such release shall be paid by the lien debtor. Such certificate shall be indexed in the name of 100 the grantors and grantees of the instrument being released. If any clerk fails for ten days to do anything required of him by this section, he shall be liable for any damage which any person may sustain by 101 102 reason of such failure and shall pay a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100.

2. That § 20-32 of the Code of Virginia is repealed. 103