

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-212, 2.2-213, 2.2-214, 2.2-223, 2.2-507, 2.2-704, 2.2-705, 2.2-1839, 2.2-2001.1, 2.2-2411, 2.2-2648, 2.2-2664, 2.2-2691, 2.2-2692, 2.2-2694, 2.2-2696, 2.2-2818, 2.2-2905, 2.2-3705.5, 2.2-4344, 2.2-5201, 2.2-5206, 2.2-5300, 4.1-305, 9.1-111, 9.1-901, 15.2-2291, 15.2-5386, 16.1-275, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, 16.1-280, 16.1-293.1, 16.1-336, 16.1-345, 16.1-356, 16.1-357, 16.1-361, 18.2-73, 18.2-74, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.01, 18.2-252, 18.2-254, 18.2-254.1, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-271.2, 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.3, 19.2-169.5, 19.2-175, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.13, 19.2-182.16, 19.2-264.3:1, 19.2-264.3:1.1, 19.2-264.3:1.2, 19.2-301, 19.2-302, 19.2-389, 19.2-390, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 20-88, 22.1-7, 22.1-205, 22.1-209.2, 22.1-214.2, 22.1-214.3, 22.1-215, 22.1-217.1, 22.1-272.1, 23-38.2, 25.1-100, 29.1-313, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-64.1, 32.1-73.7, 32.1-102.1, 32.1-122.5, 32.1-124, 32.1-125.1, 32.1-127.1:03, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-135.2, 32.1-276.3, 32.1-276.8, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-283.5, 32.1-325, 32.1-351.2, 37.2-100, 37.2-200, 37.2-300, 37.2-316, 37.2-317, 37.2-318, 37.2-319, 37.2-423, 37.2-716, 37.2-900, 37.2-900.1, 37.2-909, 37.2-912, 37.2-919, 37.2-1101, 38.2-3412.1, 38.2-3418.5, 46.2-400, 46.2-401, 46.2-1229, 51.5-1, 51.5-2, 51.5-14, 51.5-14.1, 51.5-31, 51.5-39.2, 51.5-39.7, 51.5-39.12, 53.1-32, 53.1-40.2, 53.1-136, 53.1-145, 54.1-2715, 54.1-2726, 54.1-2970, 54.1-2987.1, 54.1-3408, 54.1-3408.01, 54.1-3437.1, 54.1-3506, 56-484.19, 57-2.02, 57-60, 63.2-100, 63.2-1503, 63.2-1528, 63.2-1709, 63.2-1726, 63.2-1735, and 63.2-1805 of the Code of Virginia, relating to changing the name of the Department, Board, Inspector General, and Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-212, 2.2-213, 2.2-214, 2.2-223, 2.2-507, 2.2-704, 2.2-705, 2.2-1839, 2.2-2001.1, 2.2-2411, 2.2-2648, 2.2-2664, 2.2-2691, 2.2-2692, 2.2-2694, 2.2-2696, 2.2-2818, 2.2-2905, 2.2-3705.5, 2.2-4344, 2.2-5201, 2.2-5206, 2.2-5300, 4.1-305, 9.1-111, 9.1-901, 15.2-2291, 15.2-5386, 16.1-275, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, 16.1-280, 16.1-293.1, 16.1-336, 16.1-345, 16.1-356, 16.1-357, 16.1-361, 18.2-73, 18.2-74, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.01, 18.2-252, 18.2-254, 18.2-254.1, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-271.2, 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.3, 19.2-169.5, 19.2-175, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.13, 19.2-182.16, 19.2-264.3:1, 19.2-264.3:1.1, 19.2-264.3:1.2, 19.2-301, 19.2-302, 19.2-389, 19.2-390, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 20-88, 22.1-7, 22.1-205, 22.1-209.2, 22.1-214.2, 22.1-214.3, 22.1-215, 22.1-217.1, 22.1-272.1, 23-38.2, 25.1-100, 29.1-313, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-64.1, 32.1-73.7, 32.1-102.1, 32.1-122.5, 32.1-124, 32.1-125.1, 32.1-127.1:03, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-135.2, 32.1-276.3, 32.1-276.8, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-283.5, 32.1-325, 32.1-351.2, 37.2-100, 37.2-200, 37.2-300, 37.2-316, 37.2-317, 37.2-318, 37.2-319, 37.2-423, 37.2-716, 37.2-900, 37.2-900.1, 37.2-909, 37.2-912, 37.2-919, 37.2-1101, 38.2-3412.1, 38.2-3418.5, 46.2-400, 46.2-401, 46.2-1229, 51.5-1, 51.5-2, 51.5-14, 51.5-14.1, 51.5-31, 51.5-39.2, 51.5-39.7, 51.5-39.12, 53.1-32, 53.1-40.2, 53.1-136, 53.1-145, 54.1-2715, 54.1-2726, 54.1-2970, 54.1-2987.1, 54.1-3408, 54.1-3408.01, 54.1-3437.1, 54.1-3506, 56-484.19, 57-2.02, 57-60, 63.2-100, 63.2-1503, 63.2-1528, 63.2-1709, 63.2-1726, 63.2-1735, and 63.2-1805 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 2.2-212. Position established; agencies for which responsible; additional powers.

The position of Secretary of Health and Human Resources (the Secretary) is created. The Secretary of Health and Human Resources shall be responsible to the Governor for the following agencies: Department of Health, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, Department of Health Professions, Department for the Aging, Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department of Social Services, Department of Medical Assistance Services, Child Day-Care Council, Virginia Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, the Office of Comprehensive Services for Youth and At-Risk Youth and Families, and the Assistive Technology Loan Fund Authority. The Governor may, by executive order, assign any other state executive agency to the Secretary of Health and Human Resources, or reassign any agency listed above to another Secretary.

Unless the Governor expressly reserves such power to himself, the Secretary shall (i) serve as the lead Secretary for the coordination and implementation of the long-term care policy of the Commonwealth, working with the Secretaries of Transportation, Commerce and Trade, and Education, and the Commissioner of Insurance, to facilitate interagency service development and implementation,

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communication and cooperation, (ii) serve as the lead Secretary for the Comprehensive Services Act for At-Risk Youth and Families, working with the Secretary of Education and the Secretary of Public Safety to facilitate interagency service development and implementation, communication and cooperation, and (iii) coordinate the disease prevention activities of agencies in the Secretariat to ensure efficient, effective delivery of health related services and financing.

§ 2.2-213. Secretary of Health and Human Resources to develop certain criteria.

In order to respond to the needs of substance abusing women and their children, the Secretary shall develop criteria for (i) enhancing access to publicly funded substance abuse treatment programs in order to effectively serve pregnant substance abusers; (ii) determining when a drug-exposed child may be referred to the early intervention services and tracking system available through Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1431 et seq.; (iii) determining the appropriate circumstances for contact between hospital discharge planners and local departments of social services for referrals for family-oriented prevention services, when such services are available and provided by the local social services agency; and (iv) determining when the parent of a drug-exposed infant, who may be endangering a child's health by failing to follow a discharge plan, may be referred to the child protective services unit of a local department of social services.

The Secretary shall consult with the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services, the Commissioner of Social Services, the Commissioner of Health, community services boards, behavioral health authorities, local departments of social services, and local departments of health in developing the criteria required by this section.

§ 2.2-214. Responsibility of certain agencies within the Secretariat; review of regulations.

The Boards of Health, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services, Social Services, and Medical Assistance Services and the Department of Rehabilitative Services shall review their regulations and policies related to service delivery in order to ascertain and eliminate any discrimination against individuals infected with human immunodeficiency virus.

§ 2.2-223. Interagency Drug Offender Screening and Assessment Committee.

The Secretary shall establish and chair an Interagency Drug Offender Screening and Assessment Committee to oversee the drug screening, assessment and treatment provisions of §§ 16.1-273, 16.1-278.1, 16.1-278.8, 18.2-251.01, 18.2-251, 18.2-252, 19.2-299, and 19.2-299.2 for defendants convicted in the criminal courts of the Commonwealth. The Committee shall include the Directors or Commissioners of the Department of Corrections; Department of Criminal Justice Services; Department of Juvenile Justice; Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services; the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program; and the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission. The Committee shall have the responsibility to: (i) assist and monitor agencies in implementing the above-listed Code of Virginia sections, (ii) ensure quality and consistency in the screening and assessment process, (iii) promote interagency coordination and cooperation in the identification and treatment of drug abusing or drug dependent offenders, (iv) implement an evaluation process and conduct periodic program evaluations, and (v) make recommendations to the Governor and General Assembly regarding proposed expenditures from the Drug Assessment Fund. The Committee shall report on the status and effectiveness of offender drug screening, assessment and treatment to the Virginia State Crime Commission and the House Committees on Courts of Justice and Appropriations, and the Senate Committees on Courts of Justice and Finance by January 1 of each year.

§ 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters.

A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge, including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions, commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity. The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public, or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts, the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts.

B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter connected with their official duties:

1. Members, agents or employees of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;
 2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission;
 3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation;
 4. Members, agents or employees of the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services~~ *Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the State Board of Health, the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services, the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole Board, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
 5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
 6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles;
 7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources;
 8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police;
 9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;
 10. Third impartial panel members appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant to § 22.1-312;
 11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1;
 12. Any emergency medical service agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in any civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him for alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties; or
 13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation.
- Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician possessing a valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in which a defense of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225.
- C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division or department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties in which it, or any justice, is a party.
- § 2.2-704. Responsibility of Department for complaints regarding long-term care services.
- The Department or its designee shall investigate complaints regarding community services that are designed to provide long-term care to older persons and are rendered by the Department of Health, the Department of Social Services, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the area agencies on aging or any private nonprofit or proprietary agency.
- Nothing in this section shall affect the services provided by local departments of welfare or social services pursuant to § 63.2-1605.
- § 2.2-705. Access to residents, facilities and patients' records by Office of State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.
- The entity designated by the Department to operate the programs of the Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman pursuant to the Older Americans Act, Public Law 100-175, shall, in the investigation of complaints referred to the program, have the same access to (i) residents, facilities and patients' records of licensed adult care residences in accordance with § 63.2-1706 and (ii) patients, facilities and patients' records of nursing facilities or nursing homes in accordance with § 32.1-25, and shall have access to the patients, residents and patients' records of state hospitals operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. However, if a patient is unable to consent to the review of his medical and social records and has no legal guardian, such representatives shall have appropriate access to such records in accordance with this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 32.1-125.1, the entity designated by the Department to operate the programs of the Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman shall have access to nursing facilities and nursing homes and state hospitals in accordance with this section. Access to residents, facilities and patients' records shall be during normal working hours except in emergency situations.
- § 2.2-1839. Risk management plans administered by the Department of the Treasury's Risk Management Division for political subdivisions, constitutional officers, etc.
- A. The Division shall establish one or more risk management plans specifying the terms and

conditions for coverage, subject to the approval of the Governor, and which plans may be purchased insurance, self-insurance or a combination of self-insurance and purchased insurance to provide protection against liability imposed by law for damages and against incidental medical payments resulting from any claim made against any county, city or town; authority, board, or commission; sanitation, soil and water, planning or other district; public service corporation owned, operated or controlled by a locality or local government authority; constitutional officer; state court-appointed attorney; any attorney for any claim arising out of the provision of pro bono legal services for custody and visitation to an eligible indigent person under a program approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia or the Virginia State Bar; any receiver for an attorney's practice appointed under § 54.1-3900.01 or 54.1-3936; affiliate or foundation of a state department, agency or institution; any clinic that is organized in whole or primarily for the delivery of health care services without charge; any local chapter or program of the Meals on Wheels Association of America or any area agency on aging, providing meal and nutritional services to persons who are elderly, homebound, or disabled; any individual serving as a guardian or limited guardian as defined in § 37.2-1000 for any consumer of a community services board or behavioral health authority or any patient or resident of a state facility operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services; or the officers, agents or employees of any of the foregoing for acts or omissions of any nature while in an authorized governmental or proprietary capacity and in the course and scope of employment or authorization.

For the purposes of this section, "delivery of health care services without charge" shall be deemed to include the delivery of dental, medical or other health services when a reasonable minimum fee is charged to cover administrative costs.

B. Participation in the risk management plan shall be voluntary and shall be approved by the participant's respective governing body or by the State Compensation Board in the case of constitutional officers, by the office of the Executive Secretary of the Virginia Supreme Court in the case of state court-appointed attorneys, including attorneys appointed to serve as receivers under § 54.1-3900.01 or 54.1-3936, or attorneys under Virginia Supreme Court or Virginia State Bar approved programs, by the Commissioner of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services for any individual serving as a guardian or limited guardian for any patient or resident of a state facility operated by such Department or by the executive director of a community services board or behavioral health authority for any individual serving as a guardian or limited guardian for a consumer of such board or authority, and by the Division. Upon such approval, the Division shall assume sole responsibility for plan management, compliance, or removal. The Virginia Supreme Court shall pay the cost for coverage of eligible persons performing services in approved programs of the Virginia Supreme Court or the Virginia State Bar. The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services shall be responsible for paying the cost of coverage for eligible persons performing services as a guardian or limited guardian for any patient or resident of a state facility operated by the Department. The applicable community services board or behavioral health authority shall be responsible for paying the cost of coverage for eligible persons performing services as a guardian or limited guardian for consumers of such board or authority.

C. The Division shall provide for the legal defense of participating entities and shall reserve the right to settle or defend claims presented under the plan. All prejudgment settlements shall be approved in advance by the Division.

D. The risk management plan established pursuant to this section shall provide for the establishment of a trust fund for the payment of claims covered under such plan. The funds shall be invested in the manner provided in § 2.2-1806 and interest shall be added to the fund as earned.

The trust fund shall also provide for payment of legal defense costs, actuarial costs, administrative costs, contractual costs and all other expenses related to the administration of such plan.

E. The Division shall, in its sole discretion, set the premium and administrative cost to be paid to it for providing a risk management plan established pursuant to this section. The premiums and administrative costs set by the Division shall be payable in the amounts at the time and in the manner that the Division in its sole discretion shall require. The premiums and administrative costs need not be uniform among participants, but shall be set so as to best ensure the financial stability of the plan.

F. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, a sheriff's department of any city or county, or a regional jail shall not be precluded from securing excess liability insurance coverage beyond the coverage provided by the Division pursuant to this section.

§ 2.2-2001.1. Program for mental health and rehabilitative services.

The Department, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services and the Department of Rehabilitative Services, shall establish a program to monitor and coordinate mental health and rehabilitative services

support for Virginia veterans and members of the Virginia National Guard and Virginia residents in the Armed Forces Reserves not in active federal service. The program shall also support family members affected by covered military members' service and deployments. The purpose of the program is to ensure that adequate and timely assessment, treatment, and support are available to veterans, service members, and affected family members.

The program shall facilitate support for covered individuals to provide timely assessment and treatment for stress-related injuries and traumatic brain injuries resulting from service in combat areas, and subject to the availability of public and private funds appropriated for them, case management services, outpatient, family support, and other appropriate behavioral health and brain injury services necessary to provide individual services and support to military service members and their family members covered by this section.

§ 2.2-2411. Public Guardian and Conservator Advisory Board; purpose; membership; terms.

A. The Public Guardian and Conservator Advisory Board (the "Board") is established as an advisory board, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Board shall be to report to and advise the Commissioner of the Department for the Aging on the means for effectuating the purposes of this article and shall assist in the coordination and management of the local and regional programs appointed to act as public guardians and conservators pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

B. The Board shall consist of no more than fifteen members who shall be appointed by the Governor as follows: one representative of the Virginia Guardianship Association, one representative of the Virginia Area Agencies on Aging, one representative of the Virginia State Bar, one active or retired circuit court judge upon recommendation of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, one representative of the Association of Retarded Citizens, one representative of the Virginia Alliance for the Mentally Ill, one representative of the Virginia League of Social Service Executives, one representative of the Virginia Association of Community Service Boards, the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services or his designee, the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or his designee, the Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy or his designee, and one person who is a member of the Commonwealth Council on Aging and such other individuals who may be qualified to assist in the duties of the Board.

C. The Commissioners of the Departments of Social Services and Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or their designees, the Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy or his designee, and the representative of the Commonwealth Council on Aging, shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office or in the case of designees, the term of the Commissioner or Director. Of the other members of the Board, five of the appointees shall serve for four-year terms and the remainder shall serve for three-year terms. No member shall serve more than two successive terms. A vacancy occurring other than by expiration of term shall be filled for the unexpired term.

D. Each year, the Board shall elect a chairman and a vice-chairman from among its members. Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

E. Members shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties as provided in § 2.2-2823.

§ 2.2-2648. State Executive Council for Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families; membership; meetings; powers and duties.

A. The State Executive Council for Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families (the Council) is established as a supervisory council, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government.

B. The Council shall consist of one member of the House of Delegates to be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one member of the Senate to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; the Commissioners of Health, of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and of Social Services; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Executive Secretary of the Virginia Supreme Court; the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice; the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services; the chairman of the state and local advisory team established pursuant to § 2.2-5202; two local government representatives to include a member of a county board of supervisors or a city council and a county administrator or city manager, to be appointed by the Governor; a private provider representative from a facility that maintains membership in an association of providers for children's or family services and receives funding as authorized by the Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), to be appointed by the Governor, who may appoint from nominees recommended by the Virginia Coalition of Private Provider Associations; and a parent representative. The parent representative shall be appointed by the Governor for a term not to exceed three years and shall not be an employee of any public or private program that

serves children and families. Appointments of legislative members shall be for terms coincident with their terms of office. Legislative members shall not be included for the purposes of constituting a quorum.

C. The Council shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Resources or a designated deputy who shall be responsible for convening the council. The Council shall meet, at a minimum, quarterly, to oversee the administration of this article and make such decisions as may be necessary to carry out its purposes. Legislative members shall receive compensation as provided in § 30-19.12 and nonlegislative citizen members shall receive compensation for their services as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825.

D. The Council shall have the following powers and duties:

1. Hire and supervise a director of the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families;

2. Appoint the members of the state and local advisory team in accordance with the requirements of § 2.2-5201;

3. Provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families, which support the purposes of the Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate;

4. Provide for a public participation process for programmatic and fiscal guidelines and dispute resolution procedures developed for administrative actions that support the purposes of the Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.). The public participation process shall include, at a minimum, 60 days of public comment and the distribution of these guidelines and procedures to all interested parties;

5. Oversee the administration of and consult with the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia Association of Counties about state policies governing the use, distribution and monitoring of moneys in the state pool of funds and the state trust fund;

6. Provide for the administration of necessary functions that support the work of the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families;

7. Review and take appropriate action on issues brought before it by the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families, Community Policy and Management Teams (CPMTs), local governments, providers and parents;

8. Advise the Governor and appropriate Cabinet Secretaries on proposed policy and operational changes that facilitate interagency service development and implementation, communication and cooperation;

9. Provide administrative support and fiscal incentives for the establishment and operation of local comprehensive service systems;

10. Oversee coordination of early intervention programs to promote comprehensive, coordinated service delivery, local interagency program management, and co-location of programs and services in communities. Early intervention programs include state programs under the administrative control of the state executive council member agencies;

11. Oversee the development and implementation of a mandatory uniform assessment instrument and process to be used by all localities to identify levels of risk of Comprehensive Services Act (CSA) youth;

12. Oversee the development and implementation of uniform guidelines to include initial intake and screening assessment, development and implementation of a plan of care, service monitoring and periodic follow-up, and the formal review of the status of the youth and the family;

13. Oversee the development and implementation of uniform guidelines for documentation for CSA-funded services;

14. Review and approve a request by a CPMT to establish a collaborative, multidisciplinary team process for referral and reviews of children and families pursuant to § 2.2-5209;

15. Oversee the development and implementation of mandatory uniform guidelines for utilization management; each locality receiving funds for activities under the Comprehensive Services Act shall have a locally determined utilization management plan following the guidelines or use of a process approved by the Council for utilization management, covering all CSA-funded services;

16. Oversee the development and implementation of uniform data collection standards and the collection of data, utilizing a secure electronic client-specific database for CSA-funded services, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following client specific information: (i) children served, including those placed out of state; (ii) individual characteristics of youths and families being served; (iii) types of services provided; (iv) service utilization including length of stay; (v) service expenditures; (vi) provider identification number for specific facilities and programs identified by the state in which the child receives services; (vii) a data field indicating the circumstances under which the child ends

each service; and (viii) a data field indicating the circumstances under which the child exits the Comprehensive Services Act program. All client-specific information shall remain confidential and only non-identifying aggregate demographic, service, and expenditure information shall be made available to the public;

17. Oversee the development and implementation of a uniform set of performance measures for evaluating the Comprehensive Services Act program, including, but not limited to, the number of youths served in their homes, schools and communities. Performance measures shall be based on information: (i) collected in the client-specific database referenced in subdivision 16, (ii) from the mandatory uniform assessment instrument referenced in subdivision 11, and (iii) from available and appropriate client outcome data that is not prohibited from being shared under federal law and is routinely collected by the state child-serving agencies that serve on the Council. If provided client-specific information, state child serving agencies shall report available and appropriate outcome data in clause (iii) to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families. Outcome data submitted to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families shall be used solely for the administration of the Comprehensive Services Act program. Applicable client outcome data shall include, but not be limited to: (a) permanency outcomes by the Virginia Department of Social Services, (b) recidivism outcomes by the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice, and (c) educational outcomes by the Virginia Department of Education. All client-specific information shall remain confidential and only non-identifying aggregate outcome information shall be made available to the public;

18. The Council shall oversee the development and distribution of management reports that provide information to the public and CPMTs to help evaluate child and family outcomes and public and private provider performance in the provision of services to children and families through the Comprehensive Services Act program. Management reports shall include total expenditures on children served through the Comprehensive Services Act program as reported to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families by state child-serving agencies on the Council and shall include, but not be limited to: (i) client-specific payments for inpatient and outpatient mental health services, treatment foster care services and residential services made through the Medicaid program and reported by the Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services and (ii) client-specific payments made through the Title IV-E foster care program reported by the Virginia Department of Social Services. The Office of Comprehensive Services shall provide client-specific information to the state agencies for the sole purpose of the administration of the Comprehensive Services Act program. All client-specific information shall remain confidential and only non-identifying aggregate demographic, service, expenditure, and outcome information shall be made available to the public;

19. Establish and oversee the operation of an informal review and negotiation process with the Director of the Office of Comprehensive Services and a formal dispute resolution procedure before the State Executive Council, which include formal notice and an appeals process, should the Director or Council find, upon a formal written finding, that a CPMT failed to comply with any provision of this Act. "Formal notice" means the Director or Council provides a letter of notification, which communicates the Director's or the Council's finding, explains the effect of the finding, and describes the appeal process, to the chief administrative officer of the local government with a copy to the chair of the CPMT. The dispute resolution procedure shall also include provisions for remediation by the CPMT that shall include a plan of correction recommended by the Council and submitted to the CPMT. If the Council denies reimbursement from the state pool of funds, the Council and the locality shall develop a plan of repayment;

20. Deny state funding to a locality where the CPMT fails to provide services that comply with the Comprehensive Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), in accordance with subdivision 19;

21. Biennially publish and disseminate to members of the General Assembly and community policy and management teams a state progress report on comprehensive services to children, youth and families and a plan for such services for the next succeeding biennium. The state plan shall:

a. Provide a fiscal profile of current and previous years' federal and state expenditures for a comprehensive service system for children, youth and families;

b. Incorporate information and recommendations from local comprehensive service systems with responsibility for planning and delivering services to children, youth and families;

c. Identify and establish goals for comprehensive services and the estimated costs of implementing these goals, report progress toward previously identified goals and establish priorities for the coming biennium; and

d. Include such other information or recommendations as may be necessary and appropriate for the improvement and coordinated development of the state's comprehensive services system; and

22. Oversee the development and implementation of mandatory uniform guidelines for intensive care coordination services for children who are at risk of entering, or are placed in, residential care through the Comprehensive Services Act program. The guidelines shall: (i) take into account differences among

localities, (ii) specify children and circumstances appropriate for intensive care coordination services, (iii) define intensive care coordination services, and (iv) distinguish intensive care coordination services from the regular case management services provided within the normal scope of responsibility for the child-serving agencies, including the community services board, the local school division, local social services agency, court service unit, and Department of Juvenile Justice. Such guidelines shall address: (a) identifying the strengths and needs of the child and his family through conducting or reviewing comprehensive assessments including, but not limited to, information gathered through the mandatory uniform assessment instrument; (b) identifying specific services and supports necessary to meet the identified needs of the child and his family, building upon the identified strengths; (c) implementing a plan for returning the youth to his home, relative's home, family-like setting, or community at the earliest appropriate time that addresses his needs, including identification of public or private community-based services to support the youth and his family during transition to community-based care; and (d) implementing a plan for regular monitoring and utilization review of the services and residential placement for the child to determine whether the services and placement continue to provide the most appropriate and effective services for the child and his family.

§ 2.2-2664. Virginia Interagency Coordinating Council; purpose; membership; duties.

A. The Virginia Interagency Coordinating Council (the Council) is established as an advisory council, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Council shall be to promote and coordinate early intervention services in the Commonwealth.

B. The membership and operation of the Council shall be as required by Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1431 et seq.). The Commissioner of the Department of Health, the Director of the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, the Commissioner of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, the Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy, and the Commissioner of the Bureau of Insurance within the State Corporation Commission shall each appoint one person from his agency to serve as the agency's representative on the Council.

Agency representatives shall regularly inform their agency head of the Council's activities and the status of the implementation of an early intervention services system in the Commonwealth.

C. The Council's duties shall include advising and assisting the state lead agency in the following:

1. Performing its responsibilities for the early intervention services system;
2. Identifying sources of fiscal and other support for early intervention services, recommending financial responsibility arrangements among agencies, and promoting interagency agreements;
3. Developing strategies to encourage full participation, coordination, and cooperation of all appropriate agencies;
4. Resolving interagency disputes;
5. Gathering information about problems that impede timely and effective service delivery and taking steps to ensure that any identified policy problems are resolved;
6. Preparing federal grant applications; and
7. Preparing and submitting an annual report to the Governor and the U.S. Secretary of Education on the status of early intervention services within the Commonwealth.

§ 2.2-2691. Membership; terms; quorum; meetings.

The Council shall be composed of 17 members and two ex officio members as follows: one appointee of the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; one appointee of the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services; one appointee of the Director of the Department of Criminal Justice Services; one appointee of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia; and 13 nonlegislative citizen members to be appointed by the Governor.

The 13 nonlegislative citizen members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth with appropriate and relevant knowledge and experience, representative of the various geographic regions of the Commonwealth, and comprised of: (i) two representatives of community services boards, one of whom shall be an emergency services director of a community services board and one of whom shall represent the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards; (ii) one representative each from the Virginia Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Psychiatric Society of Virginia, the Virginia Sheriff's Association, the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police, the Virginia Municipal League, and the Virginia Association of Counties, upon consideration by the Governor of the nominations, if any, submitted by each organization; (iii) one consumer of mental health services and one family member of a consumer of mental health services; (iv) one attorney licensed to practice law in Virginia; and (v) one individual licensed by a board within the purview of the Department of Health Professions to provide mental health or substance abuse services.

The Secretary of Health and Human Resources and the Secretary of Public Safety shall serve ex officio on the Council with voting privileges. Ex officio members of the Council shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. The Office of the Attorney General shall receive notice of each Council meeting.

After the initial staggering of terms, each non ex officio member shall be appointed for a term of three years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be reappointed.

The Secretary of Health and Human Resources shall chair the Council and the Council shall elect a vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. The meetings of the Council shall be held regularly at the call of the chairman or his designee.

§ 2.2-2692. Compensation; expenses.

Members may receive no compensation for the performance of their duties, however, members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the costs of expenses of the consumer and family members shall be provided by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 2.2-2694. Staffing.

Staff support shall be provided to the Council by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and the Office of the Secretary of Public Safety. All agencies of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the Council, upon request.

§ 2.2-2696. Substance Abuse Services Council.

A. The Substance Abuse Services Council (the Council) is established as an advisory council, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Council is to advise and make recommendations to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Services Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* on broad policies and goals and on the coordination of the Commonwealth's public and private efforts to control substance abuse, as defined in § 37.2-100.

B. The Council shall consist of 30 members. Four members of the House of Delegates shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, in accordance with the principles of proportional representation contained in the Rules of the House of Delegates, and two members of the Senate shall be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules. The Governor shall appoint one member representing the Virginia Sheriffs' Association, one member representing the Virginia Drug Courts Association, one member representing the Substance Abuse Certification Alliance of Virginia, two members representing the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards, and two members representing statewide consumer and advocacy organizations. The Council shall also include the Commissioner of ~~the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; the Commissioner of Health; the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Directors of the Departments of Juvenile Justice, Corrections, Criminal Justice Services, Medical Assistance Services, and Social Services; the Chief Operating Officer of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control; the Executive Director of the Governor's Office for Substance Abuse Prevention or his designee; the Executive Director of the Virginia Tobacco Settlement Foundation or his designee; the Executive Director of the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program or his designee; and the chairs or their designees of the Virginia Association of Drug and Alcohol Programs, the Virginia Association of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Counselors, and the Substance Abuse Council and the Prevention Task Force of the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards.

C. Appointments of legislative members and heads of agencies or representatives of organizations shall be for terms consistent with their terms of office. All other appointments of nonlegislative members shall be for terms of three years, except an appointment to fill a vacancy, which shall be for the unexpired term. The Governor shall appoint a chairman from among the members.

No person shall be eligible to serve more than two successive terms, provided that a person appointed to fill a vacancy may serve two full successive terms.

D. The Council shall meet at least four times annually and more often if deemed necessary or advisable by the chairman.

E. Members of the Council shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the cost of expenses shall be provided by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

F. The duties of the Council shall be:

1. To recommend policies and goals to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services~~ Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services;

2. To coordinate agency programs and activities, to prevent duplication of functions, and to combine all agency plans into a comprehensive interagency state plan for substance abuse services;

3. To review and comment on annual state agency budget requests regarding substance abuse and on all applications for state or federal funds or services to be used in substance abuse programs;

4. To define responsibilities among state agencies for various programs for persons with substance abuse and to encourage cooperation among agencies; and

5. To make investigations, issue annual reports to the Governor and the General Assembly, and make recommendations relevant to substance abuse upon the request of the Governor.

G. Staff assistance shall be provided to the Council by the Office of Substance Abuse Services of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

§ 2.2-2818. Health and related insurance for state employees.

A. The Department of Human Resource Management shall establish a plan, subject to the approval of the Governor, for providing health insurance coverage, including chiropractic treatment, hospitalization, medical, surgical and major medical coverage, for state employees and retired state employees with the Commonwealth paying the cost thereof to the extent of the coverage included in such plan. The same plan shall be offered to all part-time state employees, but the total cost shall be paid by such part-time employees. The Department of Human Resource Management shall administer this section. The plan chosen shall provide means whereby coverage for the families or dependents of state employees may be purchased. Except for part-time employees, the Commonwealth may pay all or a portion of the cost thereof, and for such portion as the Commonwealth does not pay, the employee, including a part-time employee, may purchase the coverage by paying the additional cost over the cost of coverage for an employee.

Such contribution shall be financed through appropriations provided by law.

B. The plan shall:

1. Include coverage for low-dose screening mammograms for determining the presence of occult breast cancer. Such coverage shall make available one screening mammogram to persons age 35 through 39, one such mammogram biennially to persons age 40 through 49, and one such mammogram annually to persons age 50 and over and may be limited to a benefit of \$50 per mammogram subject to such dollar limits, deductibles, and coinsurance factors as are no less favorable than for physical illness generally.

The term "mammogram" shall mean an X-ray examination of the breast using equipment dedicated specifically for mammography, including but not limited to the X-ray tube, filter, compression device, screens, film, and cassettes, with an average radiation exposure of less than one rad mid-breast, two views of each breast.

In order to be considered a screening mammogram for which coverage shall be made available under this section:

a. The mammogram shall be (i) ordered by a health care practitioner acting within the scope of his licensure and, in the case of an enrollee of a health maintenance organization, by the health maintenance organization provider; (ii) performed by a registered technologist; (iii) interpreted by a qualified radiologist; and (iv) performed under the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery and certified by the American Board of Radiology or an equivalent examining body. A copy of the mammogram report shall be sent or delivered to the health care practitioner who ordered it;

b. The equipment used to perform the mammogram shall meet the standards set forth by the Virginia Department of Health in its radiation protection regulations; and

c. The mammography film shall be retained by the radiologic facility performing the examination in accordance with the American College of Radiology guidelines or state law.

2. Include coverage for postpartum services providing inpatient care and a home visit or visits that shall be in accordance with the medical criteria, outlined in the most current version of or an official update to the "Guidelines for Perinatal Care" prepared by the American Academy of Pediatrics and the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists or the "Standards for Obstetric-Gynecologic Services" prepared by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. Such coverage shall be provided incorporating any changes in such Guidelines or Standards within six months of the publication of such Guidelines or Standards or any official amendment thereto.

3. Include an appeals process for resolution of written complaints concerning denials or partial denials of claims that shall provide reasonable procedures for resolution of such written complaints and shall be published and disseminated to all covered state employees. The appeals process shall include a separate expedited emergency appeals procedure that shall provide resolution within one business day of

receipt of a complaint concerning situations requiring immediate medical care. For appeals involving adverse decisions as defined in § 32.1-137.7, the Department shall contract with one or more impartial health entities to review such decisions. Impartial health entities may include medical peer review organizations and independent utilization review companies. The Department shall adopt regulations to assure that the impartial health entity conducting the reviews has adequate standards, credentials and experience for such review. The impartial health entity shall examine the final denial of claims to determine whether the decision is objective, clinically valid, and compatible with established principles of health care. The decision of the impartial health entity shall (i) be in writing, (ii) contain findings of fact as to the material issues in the case and the basis for those findings, and (iii) be final and binding if consistent with law and policy.

Prior to assigning an appeal to an impartial health entity, the Department shall verify that the impartial health entity conducting the review of a denial of claims has no relationship or association with (i) the covered employee; (ii) the treating health care provider, or any of its employees or affiliates; (iii) the medical care facility at which the covered service would be provided, or any of its employees or affiliates; or (iv) the development or manufacture of the drug, device, procedure or other therapy that is the subject of the final denial of a claim. The impartial health entity shall not be a subsidiary of, nor owned or controlled by, a health plan, a trade association of health plans, or a professional association of health care providers. There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action shall arise against any officer or employee of an impartial health entity for any actions taken or not taken or statements made by such officer or employee in good faith in the performance of his powers and duties.

4. Include coverage for early intervention services. For purposes of this section, "early intervention services" means medically necessary speech and language therapy, occupational therapy, physical therapy and assistive technology services and devices for dependents from birth to age three who are certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as eligible for services under Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.). Medically necessary early intervention services for the population certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall mean those services designed to help an individual attain or retain the capability to function age-appropriately within his environment, and shall include services that enhance functional ability without effecting a cure.

For persons previously covered under the plan, there shall be no denial of coverage due to the existence of a preexisting condition. The cost of early intervention services shall not be applied to any contractual provision limiting the total amount of coverage paid by the insurer to or on behalf of the insured during the insured's lifetime.

5. Include coverage for prescription drugs and devices approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use as contraceptives.

6. Not deny coverage for any drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use in the treatment of cancer on the basis that the drug has not been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of the specific type of cancer for which the drug has been prescribed, if the drug has been recognized as safe and effective for treatment of that specific type of cancer in one of the standard reference compendia.

7. Not deny coverage for any drug prescribed to treat a covered indication so long as the drug has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for at least one indication and the drug is recognized for treatment of the covered indication in one of the standard reference compendia or in substantially accepted peer-reviewed medical literature.

8. Include coverage for equipment, supplies and outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, for the treatment of insulin-dependent diabetes, insulin-using diabetes, gestational diabetes and noninsulin-using diabetes if prescribed by a healthcare professional legally authorized to prescribe such items under law. To qualify for coverage under this subdivision, diabetes outpatient self-management training and education shall be provided by a certified, registered or licensed health care professional.

9. Include coverage for reconstructive breast surgery. For purposes of this section, "reconstructive breast surgery" means surgery performed on and after July 1, 1998, (i) coincident with a mastectomy performed for breast cancer or (ii) following a mastectomy performed for breast cancer to reestablish symmetry between the two breasts. For persons previously covered under the plan, there shall be no denial of coverage due to preexisting conditions.

10. Include coverage for annual pap smears, including coverage, on and after July 1, 1999, for annual testing performed by any FDA-approved gynecologic cytology screening technologies.

11. Include coverage providing a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 48 hours for a patient following a radical or modified radical mastectomy and 24 hours of inpatient care following a total mastectomy or a partial mastectomy with lymph node dissection for treatment of breast cancer. Nothing

in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient coverage where the attending physician in consultation with the patient determines that a shorter period of hospital stay is appropriate.

12. Include coverage (i) to persons age 50 and over and (ii) to persons age 40 and over who are at high risk for prostate cancer, according to the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer Society, for one PSA test in a 12-month period and digital rectal examinations, all in accordance with American Cancer Society guidelines. For the purpose of this subdivision, "PSA testing" means the analysis of a blood sample to determine the level of prostate specific antigen.

13. Permit any individual covered under the plan direct access to the health care services of a participating specialist (i) authorized to provide services under the plan and (ii) selected by the covered individual. The plan shall have a procedure by which an individual who has an ongoing special condition may, after consultation with the primary care physician, receive a referral to a specialist for such condition who shall be responsible for and capable of providing and coordinating the individual's primary and specialty care related to the initial specialty care referral. If such an individual's care would most appropriately be coordinated by such a specialist, the plan shall refer the individual to a specialist. For the purposes of this subdivision, "special condition" means a condition or disease that is (i) life-threatening, degenerative, or disabling and (ii) requires specialized medical care over a prolonged period of time. Within the treatment period authorized by the referral, such specialist shall be permitted to treat the individual without a further referral from the individual's primary care provider and may authorize such referrals, procedures, tests, and other medical services related to the initial referral as the individual's primary care provider would otherwise be permitted to provide or authorize. The plan shall have a procedure by which an individual who has an ongoing special condition that requires ongoing care from a specialist may receive a standing referral to such specialist for the treatment of the special condition. If the primary care provider, in consultation with the plan and the specialist, if any, determines that such a standing referral is appropriate, the plan or issuer shall make such a referral to a specialist. Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the plan from requiring a participating specialist to provide written notification to the covered individual's primary care physician of any visit to such specialist. Such notification may include a description of the health care services rendered at the time of the visit.

14. Include provisions allowing employees to continue receiving health care services for a period of up to 90 days from the date of the primary care physician's notice of termination from any of the plan's provider panels. The plan shall notify any provider at least 90 days prior to the date of termination of the provider, except when the provider is terminated for cause.

For a period of at least 90 days from the date of the notice of a provider's termination from any of the plan's provider panels, except when a provider is terminated for cause, a provider shall be permitted by the plan to render health care services to any of the covered employees who (i) were in an active course of treatment from the provider prior to the notice of termination and (ii) request to continue receiving health care services from the provider.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, any provider shall be permitted by the plan to continue rendering health services to any covered employee who has entered the second trimester of pregnancy at the time of the provider's termination of participation, except when a provider is terminated for cause. Such treatment shall, at the covered employee's option, continue through the provision of postpartum care directly related to the delivery.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, any provider shall be permitted to continue rendering health services to any covered employee who is determined to be terminally ill (as defined under § 1861(dd)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act) at the time of a provider's termination of participation, except when a provider is terminated for cause. Such treatment shall, at the covered employee's option, continue for the remainder of the employee's life for care directly related to the treatment of the terminal illness.

A provider who continues to render health care services pursuant to this subdivision shall be reimbursed in accordance with the carrier's agreement with such provider existing immediately before the provider's termination of participation.

15. Include coverage for patient costs incurred during participation in clinical trials for treatment studies on cancer, including ovarian cancer trials.

The reimbursement for patient costs incurred during participation in clinical trials for treatment studies on cancer shall be determined in the same manner as reimbursement is determined for other medical and surgical procedures. Such coverage shall have durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles, copayments and coinsurance factors that are no less favorable than for physical illness generally.

For purposes of this subdivision:

"Cooperative group" means a formal network of facilities that collaborate on research projects and have an established NIH-approved peer review program operating within the group. "Cooperative group"

includes (i) the National Cancer Institute Clinical Cooperative Group and (ii) the National Cancer Institute Community Clinical Oncology Program.

"FDA" means the Federal Food and Drug Administration.

"Multiple project assurance contract" means a contract between an institution and the federal Department of Health and Human Services that defines the relationship of the institution to the federal Department of Health and Human Services and sets out the responsibilities of the institution and the procedures that will be used by the institution to protect human subjects.

"NCI" means the National Cancer Institute.

"NIH" means the National Institutes of Health.

"Patient" means a person covered under the plan established pursuant to this section.

"Patient cost" means the cost of a medically necessary health care service that is incurred as a result of the treatment being provided to a patient for purposes of a clinical trial. "Patient cost" does not include (i) the cost of nonhealth care services that a patient may be required to receive as a result of the treatment being provided for purposes of a clinical trial, (ii) costs associated with managing the research associated with the clinical trial, or (iii) the cost of the investigational drug or device.

Coverage for patient costs incurred during clinical trials for treatment studies on cancer shall be provided if the treatment is being conducted in a Phase II, Phase III, or Phase IV clinical trial. Such treatment may, however, be provided on a case-by-case basis if the treatment is being provided in a Phase I clinical trial.

The treatment described in the previous paragraph shall be provided by a clinical trial approved by:

- a. The National Cancer Institute;
- b. An NCI cooperative group or an NCI center;
- c. The FDA in the form of an investigational new drug application;
- d. The federal Department of Veterans Affairs; or
- e. An institutional review board of an institution in the Commonwealth that has a multiple project assurance contract approved by the Office of Protection from Research Risks of the NCI.

The facility and personnel providing the treatment shall be capable of doing so by virtue of their experience, training, and expertise.

Coverage under this subdivision shall apply only if:

- (1) There is no clearly superior, noninvestigational treatment alternative;
- (2) The available clinical or preclinical data provide a reasonable expectation that the treatment will be at least as effective as the noninvestigational alternative; and
- (3) The patient and the physician or health care provider who provides services to the patient under the plan conclude that the patient's participation in the clinical trial would be appropriate, pursuant to procedures established by the plan.

16. Include coverage providing a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 23 hours for a covered employee following a laparoscopy-assisted vaginal hysterectomy and 48 hours for a covered employee following a vaginal hysterectomy, as outlined in Milliman & Robertson's nationally recognized guidelines. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring the provision of the total hours referenced when the attending physician, in consultation with the covered employee, determines that a shorter hospital stay is appropriate.

17. Include coverage for biologically based mental illness.

For purposes of this subdivision, a "biologically based mental illness" is any mental or nervous condition caused by a biological disorder of the brain that results in a clinically significant syndrome that substantially limits the person's functioning; specifically, the following diagnoses are defined as biologically based mental illness as they apply to adults and children: schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, bipolar disorder, major depressive disorder, panic disorder, obsessive-compulsive disorder, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, autism, and drug and alcoholism addiction.

Coverage for biologically based mental illnesses shall neither be different nor separate from coverage for any other illness, condition or disorder for purposes of determining deductibles, benefit year or lifetime durational limits, benefit year or lifetime dollar limits, lifetime episodes or treatment limits, copayment and coinsurance factors, and benefit year maximum for deductibles and copayment and coinsurance factors.

Nothing shall preclude the undertaking of usual and customary procedures to determine the appropriateness of, and medical necessity for, treatment of biologically based mental illnesses under this option, provided that all such appropriateness and medical necessity determinations are made in the same manner as those determinations made for the treatment of any other illness, condition or disorder covered by such policy or contract.

In no case, however, shall coverage for mental disorders provided pursuant to this section be diminished or reduced below the coverage in effect for such disorders on January 1, 1999.

18. Offer and make available coverage for the treatment of morbid obesity through gastric bypass

surgery or such other methods as may be recognized by the National Institutes of Health as effective for the long-term reversal of morbid obesity. Such coverage shall have durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles, copayments and coinsurance factors that are no less favorable than for physical illness generally. Access to surgery for morbid obesity shall not be restricted based upon dietary or any other criteria not approved by the National Institutes of Health. For purposes of this subdivision, "morbid obesity" means (i) a weight that is at least 100 pounds over or twice the ideal weight for frame, age, height, and gender as specified in the 1983 Metropolitan Life Insurance tables, (ii) a body mass index (BMI) equal to or greater than 35 kilograms per meter squared with comorbidity or coexisting medical conditions such as hypertension, cardiopulmonary conditions, sleep apnea, or diabetes, or (iii) a BMI of 40 kilograms per meter squared without such comorbidity. As used herein, "BMI" equals weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared.

19. Include coverage for colorectal cancer screening, specifically screening with an annual fecal occult blood test, flexible sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy, or in appropriate circumstances radiologic imaging, in accordance with the most recently published recommendations established by the American College of Gastroenterology, in consultation with the American Cancer Society, for the ages, family histories, and frequencies referenced in such recommendations. The coverage for colorectal cancer screening shall not be more restrictive than or separate from coverage provided for any other illness, condition or disorder for purposes of determining deductibles, benefit year or lifetime durational limits, benefit year or lifetime dollar limits, lifetime episodes or treatment limits, copayment and coinsurance factors, and benefit year maximum for deductibles and copayments and coinsurance factors.

20. On and after July 1, 2002, require that a prescription benefit card, health insurance benefit card, or other technology that complies with the requirements set forth in § 38.2-3407.4:2 be issued to each employee provided coverage pursuant to this section, and shall upon any changes in the required data elements set forth in subsection A of § 38.2-3407.4:2, either reissue the card or provide employees covered under the plan such corrective information as may be required to electronically process a prescription claim.

21. Include coverage for infant hearing screenings and all necessary audiological examinations provided pursuant to § 32.1-64.1 using any technology approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, and as recommended by the national Joint Committee on Infant Hearing in its most current position statement addressing early hearing detection and intervention programs. Such coverage shall include follow-up audiological examinations as recommended by a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner or audiologist and performed by a licensed audiologist to confirm the existence or absence of hearing loss.

C. Claims incurred during a fiscal year but not reported during that fiscal year shall be paid from such funds as shall be appropriated by law. Appropriations, premiums and other payments shall be deposited in the employee health insurance fund, from which payments for claims, premiums, cost containment programs and administrative expenses shall be withdrawn from time to time. The funds of the health insurance fund shall be deemed separate and independent trust funds, shall be segregated from all other funds of the Commonwealth, and shall be invested and administered solely in the interests of the employees and their beneficiaries. Neither the General Assembly nor any public officer, employee, or agency shall use or authorize the use of such trust funds for any purpose other than as provided in law for benefits, refunds, and administrative expenses, including but not limited to legislative oversight of the health insurance fund.

D. For the purposes of this section:

"Peer-reviewed medical literature" means a scientific study published only after having been critically reviewed for scientific accuracy, validity, and reliability by unbiased independent experts in a journal that has been determined by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors to have met the Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals. Peer-reviewed medical literature does not include publications or supplements to publications that are sponsored to a significant extent by a pharmaceutical manufacturing company or health carrier.

"Standard reference compendia" means the American Medical Association Drug Evaluations, the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, or the United States Pharmacopoeia Dispensing Information.

"State employee" means state employee as defined in § 51.1-124.3; employee as defined in § 51.1-201; the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Attorney General; judge as defined in § 51.1-301 and judges, clerks and deputy clerks of regional juvenile and domestic relations, county juvenile and domestic relations, and district courts of the Commonwealth; and interns and residents employed by the School of Medicine and Hospital of the University of Virginia, and interns, residents, and employees of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority as provided in § 23-50.16:24.

"Part-time state employees" means classified or similarly situated employees in legislative, executive, judicial or independent agencies who are compensated on a salaried basis and work at least 20 hours,

but less than 32 hours, per week.

E. Provisions shall be made for retired employees to obtain coverage under the above plan, including, as an option, coverage for vision and dental care. The Commonwealth may, but shall not be obligated to, pay all or any portion of the cost thereof.

F. Any self-insured group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management that utilizes a network of preferred providers shall not exclude any physician solely on the basis of a reprimand or censure from the Board of Medicine, so long as the physician otherwise meets the plan criteria established by the Department.

G. The plan shall include, in each planning district, at least two health coverage options, each sponsored by unrelated entities. No later than July 1, 2006, one of the health coverage options to be available in each planning district shall be a high deductible health plan that would qualify for a health savings account pursuant to § 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

In each planning district that does not have an available health coverage alternative, the Department shall voluntarily enter into negotiations at any time with any health coverage provider who seeks to provide coverage under the plan.

This subsection shall not apply to any state agency authorized by the Department to establish and administer its own health insurance coverage plan separate from the plan established by the Department.

H. Any self-insured group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management that includes coverage for prescription drugs on an outpatient basis may apply a formulary to the prescription drug benefits provided by the plan if the formulary is developed, reviewed at least annually, and updated as necessary in consultation with and with the approval of a pharmacy and therapeutics committee, a majority of whose members are actively practicing licensed (i) pharmacists, (ii) physicians, and (iii) other health care providers.

If the plan maintains one or more drug formularies, the plan shall establish a process to allow a person to obtain, without additional cost-sharing beyond that provided for formulary prescription drugs in the plan, a specific, medically necessary nonformulary prescription drug if, after reasonable investigation and consultation with the prescriber, the formulary drug is determined to be an inappropriate therapy for the medical condition of the person. The plan shall act on such requests within one business day of receipt of the request.

I. Any plan established in accordance with this section requiring preauthorization prior to rendering medical treatment shall have personnel available to provide authorization at all times when such preauthorization is required.

J. Any plan established in accordance with this section shall provide to all covered employees written notice of any benefit reductions during the contract period at least 30 days before such reductions become effective.

K. No contract between a provider and any plan established in accordance with this section shall include provisions that require a health care provider or health care provider group to deny covered services that such provider or group knows to be medically necessary and appropriate that are provided with respect to a covered employee with similar medical conditions.

L. The Department of Human Resource Management shall appoint an Ombudsman to promote and protect the interests of covered employees under any state employee's health plan.

The Ombudsman shall:

1. Assist covered employees in understanding their rights and the processes available to them according to their state health plan.

2. Answer inquiries from covered employees by telephone and electronic mail.

3. Provide to covered employees information concerning the state health plans.

4. Develop information on the types of health plans available, including benefits and complaint procedures and appeals.

5. Make available, either separately or through an existing Internet web site utilized by the Department of Human Resource Management, information as set forth in subdivision 4 and such additional information as he deems appropriate.

6. Maintain data on inquiries received, the types of assistance requested, any actions taken and the disposition of each such matter.

7. Upon request, assist covered employees in using the procedures and processes available to them from their health plan, including all appeal procedures. Such assistance may require the review of health care records of a covered employee, which shall be done only with that employee's express written consent. The confidentiality of any such medical records shall be maintained in accordance with the confidentiality and disclosure laws of the Commonwealth.

8. Ensure that covered employees have access to the services provided by the Ombudsman and that the covered employees receive timely responses from the Ombudsman or his representatives to the inquiries.

911 9. Report annually on his activities to the standing committees of the General Assembly having
 912 jurisdiction over insurance and over health and the Joint Commission on Health Care by December 1 of
 913 each year.

914 M. The plan established in accordance with this section shall not refuse to accept or make
 915 reimbursement pursuant to an assignment of benefits made to a dentist or oral surgeon by a covered
 916 employee.

917 For purposes of this subsection, "assignment of benefits" means the transfer of dental care coverage
 918 reimbursement benefits or other rights under the plan. The assignment of benefits shall not be effective
 919 until the covered employee notifies the plan in writing of the assignment.

920 N. Beginning July 1, 2006, any plan established pursuant to this section shall provide for an
 921 identification number, which shall be assigned to the covered employee and shall not be the same as the
 922 employee's social security number.

923 O. Any group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management
 924 that contains a coordination of benefits provision shall provide written notification to any eligible
 925 employee as a prominent part of its enrollment materials that if such eligible employee is covered under
 926 another group accident and sickness insurance policy, group accident and sickness subscription contract,
 927 or group health care plan for health care services, that insurance policy, subscription contract or health
 928 care plan may have primary responsibility for the covered expenses of other family members enrolled
 929 with the eligible employee. Such written notification shall describe generally the conditions upon which
 930 the other coverage would be primary for dependent children enrolled under the eligible employee's
 931 coverage and the method by which the eligible enrollee may verify from the plan that coverage would
 932 have primary responsibility for the covered expenses of each family member.

933 P. Any plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management pursuant to this section
 934 shall provide that coverage under such plan for family members enrolled under a participating state
 935 employee's coverage shall continue for a period of at least 30 days following the death of such state
 936 employee.

937 Q. The plan established in accordance with this section that follows a policy of sending its payment
 938 to the covered employee or covered family member for a claim for services received from a
 939 nonparticipating physician or osteopath shall (i) include language in the member handbook that notifies
 940 the covered employee of the responsibility to apply the plan payment to the claim from such
 941 nonparticipating provider, (ii) include this language with any such payment sent to the covered employee
 942 or covered family member, and (iii) include the name and any last known address of the
 943 nonparticipating provider on the explanation of benefits statement.

944 § 2.2-2905. Certain officers and employees exempt from chapter.

945 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

- 946 1. Officers and employees for whom the Constitution specifically directs the manner of selection;
- 947 2. Officers and employees of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals;
- 948 3. Officers appointed by the Governor, whether confirmation by the General Assembly or by either
 949 house thereof is required or not;
- 950 4. Officers elected by popular vote or by the General Assembly or either house thereof;
- 951 5. Members of boards and commissions however selected;
- 952 6. Judges, referees, receivers, arbiters, masters and commissioners in chancery, commissioners of
 953 accounts, and any other persons appointed by any court to exercise judicial functions, and jurors and
 954 notaries public;
- 955 7. Officers and employees of the General Assembly and persons employed to conduct temporary or
 956 special inquiries, investigations, or examinations on its behalf;
- 957 8. The presidents, and teaching and research staffs of state educational institutions;
- 958 9. Commissioned officers and enlisted personnel of the National Guard and the naval militia;
- 959 10. Student employees in institutions of learning, and patient or inmate help in other state
 960 institutions;
- 961 11. Upon general or special authorization of the Governor, laborers, temporary employees and
 962 employees compensated on an hourly or daily basis;
- 963 12. County, city, town and district officers, deputies, assistants and employees;
- 964 13. The employees of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission;
- 965 14. The officers and employees of the Virginia Retirement System;
- 966 15. Employees whose positions are identified by the State Council of Higher Education and the
 967 boards of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, The Science Museum of Virginia, the
 968 Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Frontier Culture Museum of Virginia, the Virginia Museum of
 969 Natural History and The Library of Virginia, and approved by the Director of the Department of Human
 970 Resource Management as requiring specialized and professional training;
- 971 16. Employees of the State Lottery Department;

17. Production workers for the Virginia Industries for the Blind Sheltered Workshop programs;

18. Employees of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority;

19. Employees of the University of Virginia Medical Center. Any changes in compensation plans for such employees shall be subject to the review and approval of the Board of Visitors of the University of Virginia. The University of Virginia shall ensure that its procedures for hiring University of Virginia Medical Center personnel are based on merit and fitness. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

20. In executive branch agencies the employee who has accepted serving in the capacity of chief deputy, or equivalent, and the employee who has accepted serving in the capacity of a confidential assistant for policy or administration. An employee serving in either one of these two positions shall be deemed to serve on an employment-at-will basis. An agency may not exceed two employees who serve in this exempt capacity;

21. Employees of Virginia Correctional Enterprises. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

22. Officers and employees of the Virginia Port Authority;

23. Employees of the Virginia College Savings Plan;

24. Directors of state facilities operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* employed or reemployed by the Commissioner after July 1, 1999, under a contract pursuant to § 37.2-707. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

25. The Director of the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy;

26. Employees of the Virginia Tobacco Settlement Foundation. Such employees shall be treated as state employees for purposes of participation in the Virginia Retirement System, health insurance, and all other employee benefits offered by the Commonwealth to its classified employees; and

27. Employees of the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission.

§ 2.2-3705.5. Exclusions to application of chapter; health and social services records.

The following records are excluded from the provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law:

1. Health records, except that such records may be personally reviewed by the individual who is the subject of such records, as provided in subsection F of § 32.1-127.1:03.

Where the person who is the subject of health records is confined in a state or local correctional facility, the administrator or chief medical officer of such facility may assert such confined person's right of access to the health records if the administrator or chief medical officer has reasonable cause to believe that such confined person has an infectious disease or other medical condition from which other persons so confined need to be protected. Health records shall only be reviewed and shall not be copied by such administrator or chief medical officer. The information in the health records of a person so confined shall continue to be confidential and shall not be disclosed by the administrator or chief medical officer of the facility to any person except the subject or except as provided by law.

Where the person who is the subject of health records is under the age of 18, his right of access may be asserted only by his guardian or his parent, including a noncustodial parent, unless such parent's parental rights have been terminated, a court of competent jurisdiction has restricted or denied such access, or a parent has been denied access to the health record in accordance with § 20-124.6. In instances where the person who is the subject thereof is an emancipated minor, a student in a public institution of higher education, or is a minor who has consented to his own treatment as authorized by § 16.1-338 or 54.1-2969, the right of access may be asserted by the subject person.

For the purposes of this chapter, statistical summaries of incidents and statistical data concerning patient abuse as may be compiled by the Commissioner of ~~the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall be open to inspection and copying as provided in § 2.2-3704. No such summaries or data shall include any patient-identifying information.

2. Applications for admission to examinations or for licensure and scoring records maintained by the Department of Health Professions or any board in that department on individual licensees or applicants. However, such material may be made available during normal working hours for copying, at the requester's expense, by the individual who is the subject thereof, in the offices of the Department of Health Professions or in the offices of any health regulatory board, whichever may possess the material.

3. Reports, documentary evidence and other information as specified in §§ 2.2-706 and 63.2-104.

4. Investigative notes; proprietary information not published, copyrighted or patented; information obtained from employee personnel records; personally identifiable information regarding residents, clients or other recipients of services; and other correspondence and information furnished in confidence to the Department of Social Services in connection with an active investigation of an applicant or licensee pursuant to Chapters 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) and 18 (§ 63.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 63.2.

However, nothing in this section shall prohibit disclosure of information from the records of completed investigations in a form that does not reveal the identity of complainants, persons supplying information, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

5. Information and records collected for the designation and verification of trauma centers and other specialty care centers within the Statewide Emergency Medical Services System and Services pursuant to Article 2.1 (§ 32.1-111.1 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 32.1.

6. Reports and court documents relating to involuntary admission required to be kept confidential pursuant to § 37.2-818.

7. Data formerly required to be submitted to the Commissioner of Health relating to the establishment of new or the expansion of existing clinical health services, acquisition of major medical equipment, or certain projects requiring capital expenditures pursuant to former § 32.1-102.3:4.

8. Information required to be provided to the Department of Health Professions by certain licensees pursuant to § 54.1-2506.1.

9. Information and records acquired (i) during a review of any child death conducted by the State Child Fatality Review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1 or by a local or regional child fatality review team to the extent made confidential by § 32.1-283.2; (ii) during a review of any death conducted by a family violence fatality review team to the extent made confidential by § 32.1-283.3; or (iii) during a review of any adult death conducted by the Adult Fatality Review Team to the extent made confidential by § 32.1-283.5.

10. Patient level data collected by the Board of Health and not yet processed, verified, and released, pursuant to § 32.1-276.9, to the Board by the nonprofit organization with which the Commissioner of Health has contracted pursuant to § 32.1-276.4.

11. Records of the Intervention Program Committee within the Department of Health Professions, to the extent such records may identify any practitioner who may be, or who is actually, impaired to the extent disclosure is prohibited by § 54.1-2517.

12. Records submitted as a grant application, or accompanying a grant application, to the Commonwealth Neurotrauma Initiative Advisory Board pursuant to Chapter 3.1 (§ 51.5-12.1 et seq.) of Title 51.5, to the extent such records contain (i) medical or mental records, or other data identifying individual patients or (ii) proprietary business or research-related information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical or scholarly issues, when such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted or patented, if the disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant.

13. Any record copied, recorded or received by the Commissioner of Health in the course of an examination, investigation or review of a managed care health insurance plan licensee pursuant to §§ 32.1-137.4 and 32.1-137.5, including books, records, files, accounts, papers, documents, and any or all computer or other recordings.

14. Records, information and statistical registries required to be kept confidential pursuant to §§ 63.2-102 and 63.2-104.

15. All data, records, and reports relating to the prescribing and dispensing of covered substances to recipients and any abstracts from such data, records, and reports that are in the possession of the Prescription Monitoring Program pursuant to Chapter 25.2 (§ 54.1-2519 et seq.) of Title 54.1 and any material relating to the operation or security of the Program.

16. Records of the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program required to be kept confidential pursuant to § 38.2-5002.2.

17. Records of the State Health Commissioner relating to the health of any person or persons subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 32.1; this provision shall not, however, be construed to prohibit the disclosure of statistical summaries, abstracts or other information in aggregate form.

18. Records containing the names and addresses or other contact information of persons receiving transportation services from a state or local public body or its designee under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, (42 U.S.C. § 12131 et seq.) or funded by Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) created under § 63.2-600.

§ 2.2-4344. Exemptions from competition for certain transactions.

A. Any public body may enter into contracts without competition for:

1. The purchase of goods or services that are produced or performed by:

a. Persons, or in schools or workshops, under the supervision of the Virginia Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired; or

b. Nonprofit sheltered workshops or other nonprofit organizations that offer transitional or supported employment services serving the handicapped.

2. The purchase of legal services, provided that the pertinent provisions of Chapter 5 (§ 2.2-500 et

seq.) of this title remain applicable, or expert witnesses or other services associated with litigation or regulatory proceedings.

B. An industrial development authority or regional industrial facility authority may enter into contracts without competition with respect to any item of cost of "authority facilities" or "facilities" as defined in § 15.2-4902 or "facility" as defined in § 15.2-6400.

C. A community development authority formed pursuant to Article 6 (§ 15.2-5152 et seq.) of Chapter 51 of Title 15.2, with members selected pursuant to such article, may enter into contracts without competition with respect to the exercise of any of its powers permitted by § 15.2-5158. However, this exception shall not apply in cases where any public funds other than special assessments and incremental real property taxes levied pursuant to § 15.2-5158 are used as payment for such contract.

D. The Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ may enter into contracts without competition to obtain the services of licensed health care professionals or other experts to assist in carrying out the duties of the Office of the Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~.

§ 2.2-5201. State and local advisory team; appointment; membership.

The state and local advisory team is established to better serve the needs of troubled and at-risk youths and their families by advising the Council by managing cooperative efforts at the state level and providing support to community efforts. The team shall be appointed by and be responsible to the Council. The team shall include one representative from each of the following state agencies: the Department of Health, Department of Juvenile Justice, Department of Social Services, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, the Department of Medical Assistance Services, and the Department of Education. The team shall also include a parent representative who is not an employee of any public or private program which serves children and families; a representative of a private organization or association of providers for children's or family services; a local Comprehensive Services Act coordinator or program manager; a juvenile and domestic relations district court judge; and one member from each of five different geographical areas of the Commonwealth and who serves on and is representative of the different participants of community policy and management teams. The nonstate agency members shall serve staggered terms of not more than three years, such terms to be determined by the Council.

The team shall annually elect a chairman from among the local government representatives who shall be responsible for convening the team. The team shall develop and adopt bylaws to govern its operations that shall be subject to approval by the Council. Any person serving on such team who does not represent a public agency shall file a statement of economic interests as set out in § 2.2-3117 of the State and Local Government Conflict of Interests Act (§ 2.2-3100 et seq.). Persons representing public agencies shall file such statements if required to do so pursuant to the State and Local Government Conflict of Interests Act.

§ 2.2-5206. Community policy and management teams; powers and duties.

The community policy and management team shall manage the cooperative effort in each community to better serve the needs of troubled and at-risk youths and their families and to maximize the use of state and community resources. Every such team shall:

1. Develop interagency policies and procedures to govern the provision of services to children and families in its community;

2. Develop interagency fiscal policies governing access to the state pool of funds by the eligible populations including immediate access to funds for emergency services and shelter care;

3. Establish policies to assess the ability of parents or legal guardians to contribute financially to the cost of services to be provided and, when not specifically prohibited by federal or state law or regulation, provide for appropriate parental or legal guardian financial contribution, utilizing a standard sliding fee scale based upon ability to pay;

4. Coordinate long-range, community-wide planning that ensures the development of resources and services needed by children and families in its community including consultation on the development of a community-based system of services established under § 16.1-309.3;

5. Establish policies governing referrals and reviews of children and families to the family assessment and planning teams or a collaborative, multidisciplinary team process approved by the Council and a process to review the teams' recommendations and requests for funding;

6. Establish quality assurance and accountability procedures for program utilization and funds management;

7. Establish procedures for obtaining bids on the development of new services;

8. Manage funds in the interagency budget allocated to the community from the state pool of funds, the trust fund, and any other source;

9. Authorize and monitor the expenditure of funds by each family assessment and planning team or a

collaborative, multidisciplinary team process approved by the Council;

10. Submit grant proposals that benefit its community to the state trust fund and enter into contracts for the provision or operation of services upon approval of the participating governing bodies;

11. Serve as its community's liaison to the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families, reporting on its programmatic and fiscal operations and on its recommendations for improving the service system, including consideration of realignment of geographical boundaries for providing human services;

12. Collect and provide uniform data to the Council as requested by the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families in accordance with subdivision D 16 of § 2.2-2648;

13. Review and analyze data in management reports provided by the Office of Comprehensive Services for At-Risk Youth and Families in accordance with subdivision D 18 of § 2.2-2648 to help evaluate child and family outcomes and public and private provider performance in the provision of services to children and families through the Comprehensive Services Act program. Every team shall also review local and statewide data provided in the management reports on the number of children served, children placed out of state, demographics, types of services provided, duration of services, service expenditures, child and family outcomes, and performance measures. Additionally, teams shall track the utilization and performance of residential placements using data and management reports to develop and implement strategies for returning children placed outside of the Commonwealth, preventing placements, and reducing lengths of stay in residential programs for children who can appropriately and effectively be served in their home, relative's homes, family-like setting, or their community;

14. Administer funds pursuant to § 16.1-309.3;

15. Have authority, upon approval of the participating governing bodies, to enter into a contract with another community policy and management team to purchase coordination services provided that funds described as the state pool of funds under § 2.2-5211 are not used;

16. Submit to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ information on children under the age of 14 and adolescents ages 14 through 17 for whom an admission to an acute care psychiatric or residential treatment facility licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, exclusive of group homes, was sought but was unable to be obtained by the reporting entities. Such information shall be gathered from the family assessment and planning team or participating community agencies authorized in § 2.2-5207. Information to be submitted shall include:

a. The child or adolescent's date of birth;

b. Date admission was attempted; and

c. Reason the patient could not be admitted into the hospital or facility; and

17. Establish policies for providing intensive care coordination services for children who are at risk of entering, or are placed in, residential care through the Comprehensive Services Act program, consistent with guidelines developed pursuant to subdivision D 22 of § 2.2-2648.

§ 2.2-5300. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Council" means the Virginia Interagency Coordinating Council created pursuant to § 2.2-2664.

"Early intervention services" means services provided through Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1431 et seq.), as amended, designed to meet the developmental needs of each child and the needs of the family related to enhancing the child's development and provided to children from birth to age three who have (i) a 25 percent developmental delay in one or more areas of development, (ii) atypical development, or (iii) a diagnosed physical or mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a developmental delay. Early intervention services provided in the child's home and in accordance with this chapter shall not be construed to be home health services as referenced in § 32.1-162.7.

"Participating agencies" means the Departments of Health, of Education, of Medical Assistance Services, of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, and of Social Services; the Departments for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and for the Blind and Vision Impaired; the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy; and the Bureau of Insurance within the State Corporation Commission.

§ 4.1-305. Purchasing or possessing alcoholic beverages unlawful in certain cases; venue; exceptions; penalty; forfeiture; deferred proceedings; treatment and education programs and services.

A. No person to whom an alcoholic beverage may not lawfully be sold under § 4.1-304 shall consume, purchase or possess, or attempt to consume, purchase or possess, any alcoholic beverage, except (i) pursuant to subdivisions 1 through 7 of § 4.1-200; (ii) where possession of the alcoholic beverages by a person less than 21 years of age is due to such person's making a delivery of alcoholic beverages in pursuance of his employment or an order of his parent; or (iii) by any state, federal, or local law-enforcement officer when possession of an alcoholic beverage is necessary in the performance

of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which the alcohol was possessed or consumed, or in the county or city in which the person exhibits evidence of physical indicia of consumption of alcohol.

B. No person under the age of 21 years shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, facsimile or simulated license to operate a motor vehicle, (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile or simulated document, including, but not limited to a birth certificate or student identification card, or (iii) motor vehicle operator's license, birth certificate or student identification card of another person in order to establish a false identification or false age for himself to consume, purchase or attempt to consume or purchase an alcoholic beverage.

C. Any person found guilty of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor; and upon conviction, (i) such person shall be ordered to pay a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 or ordered to perform a mandatory minimum of 50 hours of community service as a condition of probation supervision and (ii) the license to operate a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth of any such person age 18 or older shall be suspended for a period of not less than six months and not more than one year. The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize any person convicted of a violation of this section the use of a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle in accordance with the provisions of subsection D of § 16.1-278.9 or subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or when referred to a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1. During the period of license suspension, the court may require a person issued a restricted permit under the provisions of this subsection to be (i) monitored by an alcohol safety action program, or (ii) supervised by a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, if one has been established for the locality. The alcohol safety action program or local community-based probation services agency shall report to the court any violation of the terms of the restricted permit, the required alcohol safety action program monitoring or local community-based probation services and any condition related thereto or any failure to remain alcohol-free during the suspension period.

D. Any alcoholic beverage purchased or possessed in violation of this section shall be deemed contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-338.

E. Any retail licensee who in good faith promptly notifies the Board or any state or local law-enforcement agency of a violation or suspected violation of this section shall be accorded immunity from an administrative penalty for a violation of § 4.1-304.

F. When any person who has not previously been convicted of underaged consumption, purchase or possession of alcoholic beverages in Virginia or any other state or the United States is before the court, the court may, upon entry of a plea of guilty or not guilty, if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt of a violation of subsection A, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, defer further proceedings and place him on probation subject to appropriate conditions. Such conditions may include the imposition of the license suspension and restricted license provisions in subsection C. However, in all such deferred proceedings, the court shall require the accused to enter a treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. If the accused is placed on local community-based probation, the program or services shall be located in any of the judicial districts served by the local community-based probation services agency or in any judicial district ordered by the court when the placement is with an alcohol safety action program. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, (ii) certified by the Commission on VASAP, or (iii) by a program or services made available through a community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, if one has been established for the locality. When an offender is ordered to a local community-based probation services rather than the alcohol safety action program, the local community-based probation services agency shall be responsible for providing for services or referring the offender to education or treatment services as a condition of probation.

Upon violation of a condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him without an adjudication of guilt. A discharge and dismissal hereunder shall be treated as a conviction for the purpose of applying this section in any subsequent proceedings.

§ 9.1-111. Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice; membership; terms; quorum; compensation and expenses; duties.

A. The Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice (the Advisory Committee) is established as an advisory committee in the executive branch of state government. The Advisory Committee shall have the responsibility for advising and assisting the Board, the Department, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the Commonwealth, and units of local government, or combinations thereof, on matters related to the prevention and treatment of juvenile delinquency and the administration of juvenile

1277 justice in the Commonwealth.

1278 The membership of the Advisory Committee shall comply with the membership requirements
 1279 contained in the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 5633, as
 1280 amended, and shall consist of: the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental
 1281 Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; the Commissioner of
 1282 the Department of Social Services; the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice; the
 1283 Superintendent of Public Instruction; one member of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice
 1284 appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules after consideration of the recommendation of the Chairman
 1285 of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice; one member of the House Committee on Health, Welfare
 1286 and Institutions appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates after consideration of the
 1287 recommendation of the Chairman of the House Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions; and such
 1288 number of nonlegislative citizen members appointed by the Governor to comply with the membership
 1289 range established by such federal act.

1290 Legislative members, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the agency directors shall serve
 1291 terms coincident with their terms of office. All other members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth
 1292 and be appointed by the Governor for a term of four years. However, no member shall serve beyond the
 1293 time when he holds the office or employment by reason of which he was initially eligible for
 1294 appointment.

1295 The Advisory Committee shall elect its chairman and vice-chairman from among its members.

1296 B. Gubernatorial appointed members of the Advisory Committee shall not be eligible to serve for
 1297 more than two consecutive full terms. Three or more years within a four-year period shall be deemed a
 1298 full term. Any vacancy on the Advisory Committee shall be filled in the same manner as the original
 1299 appointment, but for the unexpired term.

1300 C. The majority of the members of the Advisory Committee shall constitute a quorum. The Advisory
 1301 Committee shall hold no less than four regular meetings a year. Subject to the requirements of this
 1302 subsection, the chairman shall fix the times and places of meetings, either on his own motion or upon
 1303 written request of any five members of the Advisory Committee.

1304 D. The Advisory Committee may adopt bylaws for its operation.

1305 E. Members of the Advisory Committee shall not receive compensation, but shall be reimbursed for
 1306 all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in
 1307 §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the costs of the expenses shall be provided from federal funds
 1308 received for such purposes by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

1309 F. The Advisory Committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities to:

1310 1. Review the operation of the juvenile justice system in the Commonwealth, including facilities and
 1311 programs, and prepare appropriate reports;

1312 2. Review statewide plans, conduct studies, and make recommendations on needs and priorities for
 1313 the development and improvement of the juvenile justice system in the Commonwealth; and

1314 3. Advise on all matters related to the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
 1315 1974 (P. L. 93-415, as amended), and recommend such actions on behalf of the Commonwealth as may
 1316 seem desirable to secure benefits of that or other federal programs for delinquency prevention of the
 1317 administration of juvenile justice.

1318 G. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall provide staff support to the Advisory
 1319 Committee. Upon request, each administrative entity or collegial body within the executive branch of the
 1320 state government shall cooperate with the Advisory Committee as it carries out its responsibilities.

1321 § 9.1-901. Persons for whom registration required.

1322 A. Every person convicted on or after July 1, 1994, including a juvenile tried and convicted in the
 1323 circuit court pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as an adult or juvenile, of an offense set forth
 1324 in § 9.1-902 and every juvenile found delinquent of an offense for which registration is required under
 1325 subsection G of § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter. Every person serving
 1326 a sentence of confinement on or after July 1, 1994, for a conviction of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902
 1327 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter. Every person under community supervision as
 1328 defined by § 53.1-1 or any similar form of supervision under the laws of the United States or any
 1329 political subdivision thereof, on or after July 1, 1994, resulting from a conviction of an offense set forth
 1330 in § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter.

1331 B. Every person found not guilty by reason of insanity on or after July 1, 2007, of an offense set
 1332 forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required by this chapter. Every person in the custody of
 1333 the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and
 1334 Developmental Services, or on conditional release on or after July 1, 2007, because of a finding of not
 1335 guilty by reason of insanity of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 shall register and reregister as required
 1336 by this chapter.

1337 C. Unless a specific effective date is otherwise provided, all provisions of the Sex Offender and

Crimes Against Minors Registry Act shall apply retroactively. This subsection is declaratory of existing law.

§ 15.2-2291. Group homes of eight or fewer single-family residence.

A. Zoning ordinances for all purposes shall consider a residential facility in which no more than eight ~~mentally ill, mentally retarded, or developmentally disabled persons~~ *individuals with mental illness, mental retardation, or developmental disabilities* reside, with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons, as residential occupancy by a single family. For the purposes of this subsection, mental illness and developmental disability shall not include current illegal use of or addiction to a controlled substance as defined in § 54.1-3401. No conditions more restrictive than those imposed on residences occupied by persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption shall be imposed on such facility. For purposes of this subsection, "residential facility" means any group home or other residential facility for which the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is the licensing authority pursuant to this Code.

B. Zoning ordinances in the Counties of Arlington and York for all purposes shall consider a residential facility in which no more than eight aged, infirm or disabled persons reside, with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons, as residential occupancy by a single family. No conditions more restrictive than those imposed on residences occupied by persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption shall be imposed on such facility. For purposes of this subsection, "residential facility" means any group home or residential facility in which aged, infirm or disabled persons reside with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons and for which the Department of Social Services is the licensing authority pursuant to this Code.

C. Zoning ordinances in the Cities of Lynchburg and Suffolk for all purposes shall consider a residential facility in which no more than four aged, infirm or disabled persons reside, with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons, as residential occupancy by a single family. No conditions more restrictive than those imposed on residences occupied by persons related by blood, marriage or adoption shall be imposed on such facility. For purposes of this subsection, "residential facility" means any group home or residential facility in which aged, infirm or disabled persons reside with one or more resident counselors or other staff persons and for which the Department of Social Services is the licensing authority pursuant to this Code.

§ 15.2-5386. Limitations of the Authority.

A. No provision related to the establishment, powers, or authorities of the Southwest Virginia Health Facilities Authority, its subsidiaries, or successors, shall apply to the facilities, equipment, or appropriations of any state agency including, but not limited to, the Virginia Department of Health and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

B. The Authority, its subsidiaries or successors, shall not be exempt from the Certificate of Public Need law and regulations or licensure standards of the Virginia Department of Health.

C. No provision of this chapter related to the establishment, power or authority of the Authority or participating localities shall apply to or affect any hospital as defined in § 32.1-123.

§ 16.1-275. Physical and mental examinations and treatment; nursing and medical care.

The juvenile court or the circuit court may cause any juvenile within its jurisdiction under the provisions of this law to be physically examined and treated by a physician or to be examined and treated at a local mental health center. If no such appropriate facility is available locally, the court may order the juvenile to be examined and treated by any physician or psychiatrist or examined by a clinical psychologist. The Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall provide for distribution a list of appropriate mental health centers available throughout the Commonwealth. Upon the written recommendation of the person examining the juvenile that an adequate evaluation of the juvenile's treatment needs can only be performed in an inpatient hospital setting, the court shall have the power to send any such juvenile to a state mental hospital for not more than 10 days for the purpose of obtaining a recommendation for the treatment of the juvenile. No juvenile sent to a state mental hospital pursuant to this provision shall be held or cared for in any maximum security unit where adults determined to be criminally insane reside; the juvenile shall be kept separate and apart from such adults. However, the Commissioner of the ~~Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* may place a juvenile who has been certified to the circuit court for trial as an adult pursuant to § 16.1-269.6 or § 16.1-270 or who has been convicted as an adult of a felony in the circuit court in a unit appropriate for the care and treatment of persons under a criminal charge when, in his discretion, such placement is necessary to protect the security or safety of other patients, staff or the public.

Whenever the parent or other person responsible for the care and support of a juvenile is determined by the court to be financially unable to pay the costs of such examination as ordered by the juvenile

1399 court or the circuit court, such costs may be paid according to standards, procedures and rates adopted
 1400 by the State Board, from funds appropriated in the general appropriation act for the Department.

1401 The juvenile court or the circuit court may cause any juvenile within its jurisdiction who is found to
 1402 be delinquent for an offense that is eligible for commitment pursuant to subdivision A 14 of
 1403 § 16.1-278.8 or § 16.1-285.1 to be placed in the temporary custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice
 1404 for a period of time not to exceed 30 days for diagnostic assessment services after the adjudicatory
 1405 hearing and prior to final disposition of his or her case. Prior to such a placement, the Department shall
 1406 determine that the personnel, services and space are available in the appropriate correctional facility for
 1407 the care, supervision and study of such juvenile and that the juvenile's case is appropriate for referral for
 1408 diagnostic services.

1409 Whenever a juvenile concerning whom a petition has been filed appears to be in need of nursing,
 1410 medical or surgical care, the juvenile court or the circuit court may order the parent or other person
 1411 responsible for the care and support of the juvenile to provide such care in a hospital or otherwise and
 1412 to pay the expenses thereof. If the parent or other person is unable or fails to provide such care, the
 1413 juvenile court or the circuit court may refer the matter to the authority designated in accordance with
 1414 law for the determination of eligibility for such services in the county or city in which such juvenile or
 1415 his parents have residence or legal domicile.

1416 In any such case, if a parent who is able to do so fails or refuses to comply with the order, the
 1417 juvenile court or the circuit court may proceed against him as for contempt or may proceed against him
 1418 for nonsupport.

1419 § 16.1-278.8. Delinquent juveniles.

1420 A. If a juvenile is found to be delinquent, except where such finding involves a refusal to take a
 1421 blood or breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance, the juvenile court or the circuit
 1422 court may make any of the following orders of disposition for his supervision, care and rehabilitation:

1423 1. Enter an order pursuant to the provisions of § 16.1-278;

1424 2. Permit the juvenile to remain with his parent, subject to such conditions and limitations as the
 1425 court may order with respect to the juvenile and his parent;

1426 3. Order the parent of a juvenile living with him to participate in such programs, cooperate in such
 1427 treatment or be subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may order and as are designed for
 1428 the rehabilitation of the juvenile and his parent;

1429 4. Defer disposition for a specific period of time established by the court with due regard for the
 1430 gravity of the offense and the juvenile's history, after which time the charge may be dismissed by the
 1431 judge if the juvenile exhibits good behavior during the period for which disposition is deferred;

1432 4a. Defer disposition and place the juvenile in the temporary custody of the Department to attend a
 1433 boot camp established pursuant to § 66-13 provided bed space is available for confinement and the
 1434 juvenile (i) has been found delinquent for an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor or felony if
 1435 committed by an adult, (ii) has not previously been and is not currently being adjudicated delinquent or
 1436 found guilty of a violent juvenile felony, (iii) has not previously attended a boot camp, (iv) has not
 1437 previously been committed to and received by the Department, and (v) has had an assessment completed
 1438 by the Department or its contractor concerning the appropriateness of the candidate for a boot camp.
 1439 Upon the juvenile's withdrawal, removal or refusal to comply with the terms and conditions of
 1440 participation in the program, he shall be brought before the court for a hearing at which the court may
 1441 impose any other disposition as authorized by this section which could have been imposed at the time
 1442 the juvenile was placed in the custody of the Department;

1443 5. Without entering a judgment of guilty and with the consent of the juvenile and his attorney, defer
 1444 disposition of the delinquency charge for a specific period of time established by the court with due
 1445 regard for the gravity of the offense and the juvenile's history, and place the juvenile on probation under
 1446 such conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions,
 1447 the court shall discharge the juvenile and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal
 1448 under these provisions shall be without adjudication of guilt;

1449 6. Order the parent of a juvenile with whom the juvenile does not reside to participate in such
 1450 programs, cooperate in such treatment or be subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may
 1451 order and as are designed for the rehabilitation of the juvenile where the court determines this
 1452 participation to be in the best interest of the juvenile and other parties concerned and where the court
 1453 determines it reasonable to expect the parent to be able to comply with such order;

1454 7. Place the juvenile on probation under such conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe;

1455 7a. Place the juvenile on probation and order treatment for the abuse or dependence on alcohol or
 1456 drugs in a program licensed by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance
 1457 Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the treatment of juveniles for substance abuse
 1458 provided that (i) the juvenile has received a substance abuse screening and assessment pursuant to
 1459 § 16.1-273 and that such assessment reasonably indicates that the commission of the offense was

motivated by, or closely related to, the habitual use of alcohol or drugs and indicates that the juvenile is in need of treatment for this condition; (ii) the juvenile has not previously been and is not currently being adjudicated for a violent juvenile felony; and (iii) such facility is available. Upon the juvenile's withdrawal, removal, or refusal to comply with the conditions of participation in the program, he shall be brought before the court for a hearing at which the court may impose any other disposition authorized by this section. The court shall review such placements at 30-day intervals;

8. Impose a fine not to exceed \$500 upon such juvenile;

9. Suspend the motor vehicle and driver's license of such juvenile or impose a curfew on the juvenile as to the hours during which he may operate a motor vehicle. Any juvenile whose driver's license is suspended may be referred for an assessment and subsequent referral to appropriate services, upon such terms and conditions as the court may order. The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any juvenile who enters such program for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school. The restricted permit shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of such subsection. However, only an abstract of the court order that identifies the juvenile and the conditions under which the restricted license is to be issued shall be sent to the Department of Motor Vehicles.

If a curfew is imposed, the juvenile shall surrender his driver's license, which shall be held in the physical custody of the court during any period of curfew restriction. The court shall send an abstract of any order issued under the provisions of this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, which shall preserve a record thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) of this chapter or the provisions of Title 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth and courts. A copy of the court order, upon which shall be noted all curfew restrictions, shall be provided to the juvenile and shall contain such information regarding the juvenile as is reasonably necessary to identify him. The juvenile may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in accordance with its terms.

Any juvenile who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any juvenile denied a driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of withdrawal of the order imposing the curfew;

10. Require the juvenile to make restitution or reparation to the aggrieved party or parties for actual damages or loss caused by the offense for which the juvenile was found to be delinquent;

11. Require the juvenile to participate in a public service project under such conditions as the court prescribes;

12. In case of traffic violations, impose only those penalties that are authorized to be imposed on adults for such violations. However, for those violations punishable by confinement if committed by an adult, confinement shall be imposed only as authorized by this title;

13. Transfer legal custody to any of the following:

a. A relative or other individual who, after study, is found by the court to be qualified to receive and care for the juvenile;

b. A child welfare agency, private organization or facility that is licensed or otherwise authorized by law to receive and provide care for such juvenile. The court shall not transfer legal custody of a delinquent juvenile to an agency, organization or facility outside of the Commonwealth without the approval of the Director; or

c. The local board of social services of the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction or, at the discretion of the court, to the local board of the county or city in which the juvenile has residence if other than the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction. The board shall accept the juvenile for care and custody, provided that it has been given reasonable notice of the pendency of the case and an opportunity to be heard. However, in an emergency in the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction, such local board may be required to temporarily accept a juvenile for a period not to exceed 14 days without prior notice or an opportunity to be heard if the judge entering the placement order describes the emergency and the need for such temporary placement in the order. Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit the commitment of a juvenile to any local board of social services in the Commonwealth when such local board consents to the commitment. The board to which the juvenile is committed shall have the final authority to determine the appropriate placement for the juvenile. Any order authorizing removal from the home and transferring legal custody of a juvenile to a local board of social services as provided in this subdivision shall be entered only upon a finding by the court that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent removal and that continued placement in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile, and the order shall so state;

14. Commit the juvenile to the Department of Juvenile Justice, but only if he is 11 years of age or older and the current offense is (i) an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, (ii) an

offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and the juvenile has previously been found to be delinquent based on an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, or (iii) an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and the juvenile has previously been adjudicated delinquent of three or more offenses that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult, and each such offense was not a part of a common act, transaction or scheme;

15. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-284;

16. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-284.1;

17. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-285.1;

18. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-278.9; or

19. Require the juvenile to participate in a gang-activity prevention program including, but not limited to, programs funded under the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act pursuant to § 16.1-309.7, if available, when a juvenile has been found delinquent of any of the following violations: § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-56, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-121, 18.2-127, 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, or 18.2-147, or any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2.

B. If the court finds a juvenile delinquent of any of the following offenses, the court shall require the juvenile to make at least partial restitution or reparation for any property damage, for loss caused by the offense, or for actual medical expenses incurred by the victim as a result of the offense: § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-56, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-121, 18.2-127, 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, or 18.2-147; or for any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2. The court shall further require the juvenile to participate in a community service project under such conditions as the court prescribes.

§ 16.1-278.8:01. Juveniles found delinquent of first drug offense; screening; assessment; drug tests; costs and fees; education or treatment programs.

Whenever any juvenile who has not previously been found delinquent of any offense under Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for a violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251, is found delinquent of any offense concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious chemical substances and like substances, the juvenile court or the circuit court shall require such juvenile to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 16.1-273 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing shall be conducted by a court services unit of the Department of Juvenile Justice, or by a locally operated court services unit or by personnel of any program or agency approved by the Department. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth from funds appropriated to the Department for this purpose. The court shall also order the juvenile to undergo such treatment or education program for substance abuse, if available, as the court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or by a similar program available through a facility or program operated by or under contract to the Department of Juvenile Justice or a locally operated court services unit or a program funded through the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (§ 16.1-309.2 et seq.).

§ 16.1-280. Commitment of juveniles with mental illness or mental retardation.

When any juvenile court has found a juvenile to be in need of services or delinquent pursuant to the provisions of this law and reasonably believes such juvenile is ~~mentally ill or mentally retarded~~ *has mental illness or mental retardation*, the court may commit him to an appropriate hospital in accordance with the provisions of §§ 16.1-338 through 16.1-345 or admit him to a training center in accordance with the provisions of § 37.2-806 for observation as to his mental condition. No juvenile shall be committed pursuant to this section or §§ 16.1-338 through 16.1-345 to a maximum security unit within any state hospital where adults determined to be criminally insane reside. However, the Commissioner of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services may place a juvenile who has been certified to the circuit court for trial as an adult pursuant to § 16.1-269.6 or § 16.1-270 or who has been convicted as an adult of a felony in the circuit court in a unit appropriate for the care and treatment of persons under a criminal charge when, in his discretion, such placement is necessary to protect the security or safety of other patients, staff or public. The Commissioner shall notify the committing court of any placement in such unit. The committing court shall review the placement at thirty-day intervals.

§ 16.1-293.1. Mental health services transition plan.

A. The Board of Juvenile Justice, after consultation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall promulgate

regulations for the planning and provision of post-release services for persons committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 14 of § 16.1-278.8 or placed in a postdispositional detention program pursuant to subsection B of § 16.1-284.1 and identified as having a recognized mental health, substance abuse, or other therapeutic treatment need. The plan shall be in writing and completed prior to the person's release. The purpose of the plan shall be to ensure continuity of necessary treatment and services.

B. The mental health services transition plan shall identify the mental health, substance abuse, or other therapeutic needs of the person being released. Appropriate treatment providers and other persons from state and local agencies or entities, as defined by the Board, shall participate in the development of the plan. Appropriate family members, caregivers, or other persons, as defined by the Board, shall be invited to participate in the development of the person's plan.

C. Prior to the person's release from incarceration, the identified agency or agencies responsible for the case management of the mental health services transition plan shall make the necessary referrals specified in the plan and assist the person in applying for insurance and other services identified in the plan, including completing and submitting applications that may only be submitted upon release.

§ 16.1-336. Definitions.

When used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Consent" means the voluntary, express, and informed agreement to treatment in a mental health facility by a minor fourteen years of age or older and by a parent or a legally authorized custodian.

"Incapable of making an informed decision" means unable to understand the nature, extent, or probable consequences of a proposed treatment or unable to make a rational evaluation of the risks and benefits of the proposed treatment as compared with the risks and benefits of alternatives to the treatment. Persons with dysphasia or other communication disorders who are mentally competent and able to communicate shall not be considered incapable of giving informed consent.

"Inpatient treatment" means placement for observation, diagnosis, or treatment of mental illness in a psychiatric hospital or in any other type of mental health facility determined by the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services Board~~ *Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* to be substantially similar to a psychiatric hospital with respect to restrictions on freedom and therapeutic intrusiveness.

"Judge" means a juvenile and domestic relations district judge. In addition, "judge" includes a retired judge sitting by designation pursuant to § 16.1-69.35, substitute judge, or special justice authorized by § 37.2-803 who has completed a training program regarding the provisions of this article, prescribed by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court.

"Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment and conditions of treatment which, separately and in combination, are no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom than reasonably necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic benefit or to protect the minor or others from physical injury.

"Mental health facility" means a public or private facility for the treatment of mental illness operated or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

"Mental illness" means a substantial disorder of the minor's cognitive, volitional, or emotional processes that demonstrably and significantly impairs judgment or capacity to recognize reality or to control behavior. "Mental illness" may include substance abuse, which is the use, without compelling medical reason, of any substance which results in psychological or physiological dependency as a function of continued use in such a manner as to induce mental, emotional, or physical impairment and cause socially dysfunctional or socially disordering behavior. Mental retardation, head injury, a learning disability, or a seizure disorder is not sufficient, in itself, to justify a finding of mental illness within the meaning of this article.

"Minor" means a person less than eighteen years of age.

"Parent" means (i) a biological or adoptive parent who has legal custody of the minor, including either parent if custody is shared under a joint decree or agreement, (ii) a biological or adoptive parent with whom the minor regularly resides, (iii) a person judicially appointed as a legal guardian of the minor, or (iv) a person who exercises the rights and responsibilities of legal custody by delegation from a biological or adoptive parent, upon provisional adoption or otherwise by operation of law. The director of the local department of social services, or his designee, may stand as the minor's parent when the minor is in the legal custody of the local department of social services.

"Qualified evaluator" means a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in Virginia by either the Board of Medicine or the Board of Psychology who is skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness in minors and familiar with the provisions of this article. If such psychiatrist or psychologist is unavailable, any mental health professional (i) licensed in Virginia through the Department of Health Professions or (ii) employed by a community services board who is skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness in minors and who is familiar with the provisions of this article may serve as

the qualified evaluator.

"Treatment" means any planned intervention intended to improve a minor's functioning in those areas which show impairment as a result of mental illness.

§ 16.1-345. Involuntary commitment; criteria.

The court shall order the involuntary commitment of the minor to a mental health facility for treatment for a period not to exceed 90 days if it finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

1. Because of mental illness, the minor (i) presents a serious danger to himself or others to the extent that severe or irremediable injury is likely to result, as evidenced by recent acts or threats or (ii) is experiencing a serious deterioration of his ability to care for himself in a developmentally age-appropriate manner, as evidenced by delusional thinking or by a significant impairment of functioning in hydration, nutrition, self-protection, or self-control;

2. The minor is in need of compulsory treatment for a mental illness and is reasonably likely to benefit from the proposed treatment; and

3. If inpatient treatment is ordered, such treatment is the least restrictive alternative that meets the minor's needs. If the court finds that inpatient treatment is not the least restrictive treatment, the court may order the minor to participate in outpatient or other clinically appropriate treatment.

A minor who has been hospitalized while properly detained for a criminal offense by a juvenile and domestic relations district court shall be returned to the detention home following completion of a period of inpatient treatment, unless the court having jurisdiction over the criminal case orders that the minor be released from custody.

In conducting an evaluation of a minor who has been properly detained, if the evaluator finds, irrespective of the fact that the minor has been detained, that the minor meets the criteria for involuntary commitment in this section, the evaluator shall recommend that the minor meets the criteria for involuntary commitment.

In no event shall a minor who has been properly detained by a juvenile and domestic relations district court, and who meets criteria for involuntary commitment, have the right to make application for voluntary admission and treatment as may otherwise be provided for in this section.

If the parent or parents with whom the minor resides are not willing to approve the proposed commitment, the court shall order inpatient treatment only if it finds, in addition to the criteria specified in this section, that such treatment is necessary to protect the minor's life, health, or normal development, and that issuance of a removal order or protective order is authorized by § 16.1-252 or 16.1-253.

Upon finding that the best interests of the minor so require, the court may enter an order directing either or both of the minor's parents to comply with reasonable conditions relating to the minor's treatment.

If the minor is committed to inpatient treatment, such placement shall be in a mental health facility for inpatient treatment designated by the community services board which serves the political subdivision in which the minor was evaluated pursuant to § 16.1-342. If the community services board does not provide a placement recommendation at the hearing, the minor shall be placed in a mental health facility designated by the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The judge shall order the sheriff to transport the minor to the designated mental health facility as specified in § 37.2-829. The transportation of the committed minor by the minor's parent may be authorized at the discretion of the judge.

§ 16.1-356. Raising question of competency to stand trial; evaluation and determination of competency.

A. If, at any time after the attorney for the juvenile has been retained or appointed pursuant to a delinquency proceeding and before the end of trial, the court finds, sua sponte or upon hearing evidence or representations of counsel for the juvenile or the attorney for the Commonwealth, that there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile lacks substantial capacity to understand the proceedings against him or to assist his attorney in his own defense, the court shall order that a competency evaluation be performed by at least one psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, licensed professional counselor, licensed clinical social worker, or licensed marriage and family therapist, who is qualified by training and experience in the forensic evaluation of juveniles.

The Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall approve the training and qualifications for individuals authorized to conduct juvenile competency evaluations and provide restoration services to juveniles pursuant to this article. The Commissioner shall also provide all juvenile courts with a list of guidelines for the court to use in the determination of qualifying individuals as experts in matters relating to juvenile competency and restoration.

B. The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a community services board or

behavioral health authority, juvenile detention home or juvenile justice facility unless the court specifically finds that (i) the results of the outpatient competency evaluation indicate that hospitalization of the juvenile for evaluation of competency is necessary or (ii) the juvenile is currently hospitalized in a psychiatric hospital. If one of these findings is made, the court, under authority of this subsection, may order the juvenile sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as appropriate for the evaluation of juveniles against whom a delinquency petition has been filed.

C. The court shall require the attorney for the Commonwealth to provide to the evaluators appointed under subsection A any information relevant to the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) a copy of the warrant or petition, (ii) the names and addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney for the juvenile, and the judge ordering the evaluation; and (iii) information about the alleged offense. The court shall require the attorney for the juvenile to provide to the evaluator only the psychiatric records and other information that is deemed relevant to the evaluation of competency. The moving party shall provide the evaluator a summary of the reasons for the evaluation request. All information required by this subsection shall be provided to the evaluator within 96 hours of the issuance of the court order requiring the evaluation and when applicable, shall be submitted prior to admission to the facility providing the inpatient evaluation. If the 96-hour period expires on a Saturday, Sunday or other legal holiday, the 96 hours shall be extended to the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

D. If the juvenile is hospitalized under the provisions of subsection B, the juvenile shall be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate evaluation of the juvenile's competency, but not to exceed 10 days from the date of admission to the hospital. All evaluations shall be completed and the report filed with the court within 14 days of receipt by the evaluator of all information required under subsection C.

E. Upon completion of the evaluation, the evaluator shall promptly and in no event exceeding 14 days after receipt of all required information submit the report in writing to the court and the attorneys of record concerning (i) the juvenile's capacity to understand the proceedings against him; (ii) his ability to assist his attorney; and (iii) his need for services in the event he is found incompetent, including a description of the suggested necessary services and least restrictive setting to assist the juvenile in restoration to competency. No statements of the juvenile relating to the alleged offense shall be included in the report.

F. After receiving the report described in subsection E, the court shall promptly determine whether the juvenile is competent to stand trial for adjudication or disposition. A hearing on the juvenile's competency is not required unless one is requested by the attorney for the Commonwealth or the attorney for the juvenile or when required under § 16.1-357 B. If a hearing is held, the party alleging that the juvenile is incompetent shall bear the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the juvenile's incompetency. The juvenile shall have the right to notice of the hearing and the right to personally participate in and introduce evidence at the hearing.

If the juvenile is otherwise able to understand the charges against him and assist in his defense, a finding of incompetency shall not be made based solely on any or all of the following: (i) the juvenile's age or developmental factors, (ii) the juvenile's claim to be unable to remember the time period surrounding the alleged offense, or (iii) the fact that the juvenile is under the influence of medication.

§ 16.1-357. Disposition when juvenile found incompetent.

A. Upon finding pursuant to subsection F of § 16.1-356 that the juvenile is incompetent, the court shall order that the juvenile receive services to restore his competency in either a nonsecure community setting or a secure facility as defined in § 16.1-228. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, who shall arrange for the provision of restoration services in a manner consistent with the order. Any report submitted pursuant to subsection E of § 16.1-356 shall be made available to the agent providing restoration.

B. If the court finds the juvenile incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future, it shall order restoration services for up to three months. At the end of three months from the date restoration is ordered under subsection A of this section, if the juvenile remains incompetent in the opinion of the agent providing restoration, the agent shall so notify the court and make recommendations concerning disposition of the juvenile. The court shall hold a hearing according to the procedures specified in subsection F of § 16.1-356 and, if it finds the juvenile unrestorably incompetent, shall order one of the dispositions pursuant to § 16.1-358. If the court finds the juvenile incompetent but restorable to competency, it may order continued restoration services for additional three-month periods, provided a hearing pursuant to subsection F of § 16.1-356 is held at the completion of each such period and the juvenile continues to be incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future.

C. If, at any time after the juvenile is ordered to undergo services under subsection A of this section,

the agent providing restoration believes the juvenile's competency is restored, the agent shall immediately send a report to the court as prescribed in subsection E of § 16.1-356. The court shall make a ruling on the juvenile's competency according to the procedures specified in subsection F of § 16.1-356.

§ 16.1-361. Compensation of experts.

Each psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or other expert appointed by the court to render professional service pursuant to § 16.1-356, shall receive a reasonable fee for such service. With the exception of services provided by state mental health or mental retardation facilities, the fee shall be determined in each instance by the court that appointed the expert, in accordance with guidelines established by the Supreme Court after consultation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. If any such expert is required to appear as a witness in any hearing held pursuant to § 16.1-356, he shall receive mileage and a fee of \$100 for each day during which he is required to serve. An itemized account of expenses, duly sworn to, must be presented to the court, and when allowed shall be certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of the state treasury, and be charged against the appropriations made to pay criminal charges. Allowance for the fee and for the per diem authorized shall also be made by order of the court, duly certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of the appropriation to pay criminal charges.

§ 18.2-73. When abortion lawful during second trimester of pregnancy.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions of § 18.2-71 and in addition to the provisions of § 18.2-72, it shall be lawful for any physician licensed by the Board of Medicine to practice medicine and surgery, to terminate or attempt to terminate a human pregnancy or aid or assist in the termination of a human pregnancy by performing an abortion or causing a miscarriage on any woman during the second trimester of pregnancy and prior to the third trimester of pregnancy provided such procedure is performed in a hospital licensed by the State Department of Health or ~~under the control of the State Board of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 18.2-74. When abortion or termination of pregnancy lawful after second trimester of pregnancy.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions of § 18.2-71 and in addition to the provisions of §§ 18.2-72 and 18.2-73, it shall be lawful for any physician licensed by the Board of Medicine to practice medicine and surgery to terminate or attempt to terminate a human pregnancy or aid or assist in the termination of a human pregnancy by performing an abortion or causing a miscarriage on any woman in a stage of pregnancy subsequent to the second trimester provided the following conditions are met:

(a) Said operation is performed in a hospital licensed by the Virginia State Department of Health or ~~under the control of the State Board of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

(b) The physician and two consulting physicians certify and so enter in the hospital record of the woman, that in their medical opinion, based upon their best clinical judgment, the continuation of the pregnancy is likely to result in the death of the woman or substantially and irretrievably impair the mental or physical health of the woman.

(c) Measures for life support for the product of such abortion or miscarriage must be available and utilized if there is any clearly visible evidence of viability.

§ 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions; substance abuse screening, assessment treatment and education programs or services; drug tests; costs and fees; violations; discharge.

Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250 or to possession of marijuana under § 18.2-250.1, the court, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or § 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter treatment and/or education program or services, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The program or services may be located in the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial district as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, by a similar program which is made available through the Department of Corrections, (ii) a local

community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (i) to successfully complete treatment or education program or services, (ii) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused is drug and alcohol free, (iii) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (iv) to comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to 24 hours of community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

The court shall, unless done at arrest, order the accused to report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying this section in subsequent proceedings.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction for purposes of §§ 18.2-259.1, 22.1-315 and 46.2-390.1, and the driver's license forfeiture provisions of those sections shall be imposed. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense for which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same offense.

§ 18.2-251.01. Substance abuse screening and assessment for felony convictions.

A. When a person is convicted of a felony, not a capital offense, committed on or after January 1, 2000, he shall be required to undergo a substance abuse screening and, if the screening indicates a substance abuse or dependence problem, an assessment by a certified substance abuse counselor as defined in § 54.1-3500 employed by the Department of Corrections or by an agency employee under the supervision of such counselor. If the person is determined to have a substance abuse problem, the court shall require him to enter treatment and/or education program or services, if available, which, in the opinion of the court, is best suited to the needs of the person. The program or services may be located in the judicial district in which the conviction was had or in any other judicial district as the court may provide. The treatment and/or education program or services shall be licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or shall be a similar program or services which are made available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP. The services agency or program may require the person entering such program or services under the provisions of this section to pay a fee for the education and treatment component, or both, based upon the defendant's ability to pay.

B. As a condition of any suspended sentence and probation, the court shall order the person to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse, if available, as the court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment.

§ 18.2-252. Suspended sentence conditioned upon substance abuse screening, assessment, testing, and treatment or education.

The trial judge or court trying the case of any person found guilty of violating any law concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious chemical substances and like substances, shall condition any suspended sentence by first requiring such person to agree to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing shall be conducted by the supervising probation agency or by personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of such criminal proceedings. The judge or court shall order the person, as a condition of any suspended sentence, to undergo such treatment or education for substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral

1887 *Health and Developmental Services*, by a similar program or services available through the Department
 1888 of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of
 1889 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local
 1890 community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program
 1891 certified by the Commission on VASAP.

1892 § 18.2-254. Commitment of convicted person for treatment for substance abuse.

1893 A. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or
 1894 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, stimulant,
 1895 depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of
 1896 such an offense dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251 is found guilty of violating any law concerning the
 1897 use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious chemical substances,
 1898 and like substances, the judge or court shall require such person to undergo a substance abuse screening
 1899 pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol
 1900 testing, as may be directed by the court. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by
 1901 the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of the criminal proceedings. The judge or court shall
 1902 also order the person to undergo such treatment or education for substance abuse, if available, as the
 1903 judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The
 1904 treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency licensed by the Department of ~~Mental~~
 1905 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or by a
 1906 similar program or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a
 1907 sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar
 1908 program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation
 1909 services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on
 1910 VASAP.

1911 B. The court trying the case of any person alleged to have committed any offense designated by this
 1912 article or by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or in any other criminal case in which the
 1913 commission of the offense was motivated by or closely related to the use of drugs and determined by
 1914 the court, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and assessment, to be in need of treatment for the use
 1915 of drugs may commit, based upon a consideration of the substance abuse assessment, such person, upon
 1916 his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of persons with substance abuse, licensed by the
 1917 Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and*
 1918 *Developmental Services*, if space is available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the
 1919 maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for conviction of such offense or, if sentence
 1920 was determined by a jury, not in excess of the term of imprisonment as set by such jury. Confinement
 1921 under such commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the
 1922 person so committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without
 1923 authority. A charge of escape may be prosecuted in either the jurisdiction where the treatment facility is
 1924 located or the jurisdiction where the person was sentenced to commitment. The court may revoke such
 1925 commitment at any time and transfer the person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility.
 1926 Upon presentation of a certified statement from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the
 1927 confined person has successfully responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person
 1928 prior to the termination of the period of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the
 1929 remainder of the term upon such conditions as the court may prescribe.

1930 C. The court trying a case in which commission of the offense was related to the defendant's habitual
 1931 abuse of alcohol and in which the court determines, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and
 1932 assessment, that such defendant is in need of treatment, may commit, based upon a consideration of the
 1933 substance abuse assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of
 1934 persons with substance abuse licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
 1935 ~~Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, if space is available in such facility,
 1936 for a period of time not in excess of the maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for
 1937 conviction. Confinement under such commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a
 1938 penal institution and the person so committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of
 1939 commitment without authority. The court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer the
 1940 person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement
 1941 from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully
 1942 responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person prior to the termination of the period
 1943 of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the remainder of the term upon such
 1944 conditions as the court may prescribe.

1945 § 18.2-254.1. Drug Treatment Court Act.

1946 A. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Drug Treatment Court Act."

1947 B. The General Assembly recognizes that there is a critical need in the Commonwealth for effective

treatment programs that reduce the incidence of drug use, drug addiction, family separation due to parental substance abuse, and drug-related crimes. It is the intent of the General Assembly by this section to enhance public safety by facilitating the creation of drug treatment courts as means by which to accomplish this purpose.

C. The goals of drug treatment courts include: (i) reducing drug addiction and drug dependency among offenders; (ii) reducing recidivism; (iii) reducing drug-related court workloads; (iv) increasing personal, familial and societal accountability among offenders; and, (v) promoting effective planning and use of resources among the criminal justice system and community agencies.

D. Drug treatment courts are specialized court dockets within the existing structure of Virginia's court system offering judicial monitoring of intensive treatment and strict supervision of addicts in drug and drug-related cases. Local officials must complete a recognized planning process before establishing a drug treatment court program.

E. Administrative oversight for implementation of the Drug Treatment Court Act shall be conducted by the Supreme Court of Virginia. The Supreme Court of Virginia shall be responsible for (i) providing oversight for the distribution of funds for drug treatment courts; (ii) providing technical assistance to drug treatment courts; (iii) providing training for judges who preside over drug treatment courts; (iv) providing training to the providers of administrative, case management, and treatment services to drug treatment courts; and (v) monitoring the completion of evaluations of the effectiveness and efficiency of drug treatment courts in the Commonwealth.

F. A state drug treatment court advisory committee shall be established to (i) evaluate and recommend standards for the planning and implementation of drug treatment courts; (ii) assist in the evaluation of their effectiveness and efficiency; and (iii) encourage and enhance cooperation among agencies that participate in their planning and implementation. The committee shall be chaired by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Virginia or his designee and shall include a member of the Judicial Conference of Virginia who presides over a drug treatment court; a district court judge; the Executive Secretary or his designee; the directors of the following executive branch agencies: Department of Corrections, Department of Criminal Justice Services, Department of Juvenile Justice, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services, Department of Social Services; a representative of the following entities: a local community-based probation and pretrial services agency, the Commonwealth's Attorney's Association, the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission, the Circuit Court Clerk's Association, the Virginia Sheriff's Association, the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police, the Commission on VASAP, and two representatives designated by the Virginia Drug Court Association.

G. Each jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions that intend to establish a drug treatment court or continue the operation of an existing one shall establish a local drug treatment court advisory committee. Jurisdictions that establish separate adult and juvenile drug treatment courts may establish an advisory committee for each such court. Each advisory committee shall ensure quality, efficiency, and fairness in the planning, implementation, and operation of the drug treatment court or courts that serve the jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions. Advisory committee membership shall include, but shall not be limited to the following people or their designees: (i) the drug treatment court judge; (ii) the attorney for the Commonwealth, or, where applicable, the city or county attorney who has responsibility for the prosecution of misdemeanor offenses; (iii) the public defender or a member of the local criminal defense bar in jurisdictions in which there is no public defender; (iv) the clerk of the court in which the drug treatment court is located; (v) a representative of the Virginia Department of Corrections, or the Department of Juvenile Justice, or both, from the local office which serves the jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions; (vi) a representative of a local community-based probation and pretrial services agency; (vii) a local law-enforcement officer; (viii) a representative of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services or a representative of local drug treatment providers; (ix) the drug court administrator; (x) a representative of the Department of Social Services; (xi) county administrator or city manager; and (xii) any other people selected by the drug treatment court advisory committee.

H. Each local drug treatment court advisory committee shall establish criteria for the eligibility and participation of offenders who have been determined to be addicted to or dependent upon drugs. Subject to the provisions of this section, neither the establishment of a drug treatment court nor anything herein shall be construed as limiting the discretion of the attorney for the Commonwealth to prosecute any criminal case arising therein which he deems advisable to prosecute, except to the extent the participating attorney for the Commonwealth agrees to do so. As defined in § 17.1-805 or 19.2-297.1, adult offenders who have been convicted of a violent criminal offense within the preceding 10 years, or juvenile offenders who previously have been adjudicated not innocent of any such offense within the preceding 10 years, shall not be eligible for participation in any drug treatment court established or continued in operation pursuant to this section.

2009 I. Each drug treatment court advisory committee shall establish policies and procedures for the
 2010 operation of the court to attain the following goals: (i) effective integration of drug and alcohol
 2011 treatment services with criminal justice system case processing; (ii) enhanced public safety through
 2012 intensive offender supervision and drug treatment; (iii) prompt identification and placement of eligible
 2013 participants; (iv) efficient access to a continuum of alcohol, drug, and related treatment and rehabilitation
 2014 services; (v) verified participant abstinence through frequent alcohol and other drug testing; (vi) prompt
 2015 response to participants' noncompliance with program requirements through a coordinated strategy; (vii)
 2016 ongoing judicial interaction with each drug court participant; (viii) ongoing monitoring and evaluation of
 2017 program effectiveness and efficiency; (ix) ongoing interdisciplinary education and training in support of
 2018 program effectiveness and efficiency; and (x) ongoing collaboration among drug treatment courts, public
 2019 agencies, and community-based organizations to enhance program effectiveness and efficiency.

2020 J. Participation by an offender in a drug treatment court shall be voluntary and made pursuant only
 2021 to a written agreement entered into by and between the offender and the Commonwealth with the
 2022 concurrence of the court.

2023 K. Nothing in this section shall preclude the establishment of substance abuse treatment programs
 2024 and services pursuant to the deferred judgment provisions of § 18.2-251.

2025 L. Each offender shall contribute to the cost of the substance abuse treatment he receives while
 2026 participating in a drug treatment court pursuant to guidelines developed by the drug treatment court
 2027 advisory committee.

2028 M. Nothing contained in this section shall confer a right or an expectation of a right to treatment for
 2029 an offender or be construed as requiring a local drug treatment court advisory committee to accept for
 2030 participation every offender.

2031 N. The Office of the Executive Secretary shall, with the assistance of the state drug treatment court
 2032 advisory committee, develop a statewide evaluation model and conduct ongoing evaluations of the
 2033 effectiveness and efficiency of all local drug treatment courts. A report of these evaluations shall be
 2034 submitted to the General Assembly by December 1 of each year. Each local drug treatment court
 2035 advisory committee shall submit evaluative reports to the Office of the Executive Secretary as requested.

2036 O. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no drug treatment court shall be established
 2037 subsequent to March 1, 2004, unless the jurisdiction or jurisdictions intending or proposing to establish
 2038 such court have been specifically granted permission under the Code of Virginia to establish such court.
 2039 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any drug treatment court established on or before
 2040 March 1, 2004, and operational as of July 1, 2004.

2041 P. Subject to the requirements and conditions established by the state Drug Treatment Court
 2042 Advisory Committee, there shall be established a drug treatment court in the following jurisdictions: the
 2043 City of Chesapeake and the City of Newport News.

2044 § 18.2-258.1. Obtaining drugs, procuring administration of controlled substances, etc., by fraud, deceit
 2045 or forgery.

2046 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain any drug or procure or attempt
 2047 to procure the administration of any controlled substance or marijuana: (i) by fraud, deceit,
 2048 misrepresentation, embezzlement, or subterfuge; or (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a prescription or of
 2049 any written order; or (iii) by the concealment of a material fact; or (iv) by the use of a false name or
 2050 the giving of a false address.

2051 B. It shall be unlawful for any person to furnish false or fraudulent information in or omit any
 2052 information from, or willfully make a false statement in, any prescription, order, report, record, or other
 2053 document required by Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

2054 C. It shall be unlawful for any person to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a
 2055 controlled substance or marijuana a license number which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to
 2056 another person.

2057 D. It shall be unlawful for any person, for the purpose of obtaining any controlled substance or
 2058 marijuana, to falsely assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler,
 2059 pharmacist, physician, dentist, veterinarian or other authorized person.

2060 E. It shall be unlawful for any person to make or utter any false or forged prescription or false or
 2061 forged written order.

2062 F. It shall be unlawful for any person to affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle
 2063 containing any controlled substance.

2064 G. This section shall not apply to officers and employees of the United States, of this
 2065 Commonwealth or of a political subdivision of this Commonwealth acting in the course of their
 2066 employment, who obtain such drugs for investigative, research or analytical purposes, or to the agents or
 2067 duly authorized representatives of any pharmaceutical manufacturer who obtain such drugs for
 2068 investigative, research or analytical purposes and who are acting in the course of their employment;
 2069 provided that such manufacturer is licensed under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and

Cosmetic Act; and provided further, that such pharmaceutical manufacturer, its agents and duly authorized representatives file with the Board such information as the Board may deem appropriate.

H. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who shall violate any provision herein shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed, or reduced as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to the court for violating this section, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, the court may place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to be evaluated and enter a treatment and/or education program, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused. This program may be located in the judicial circuit in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial circuit as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by a program certified or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, evaluation, testing and education, based upon the person's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

As a condition of supervised probation, the court shall require the accused to remain drug free during the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused is drug free. Such testing may be conducted by the personnel of any screening, evaluation, and education program to which the person is referred or by the supervising agency.

Unless the accused was fingerprinted at the time of arrest, the court shall order the accused to report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt upon the felony and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall find the defendant guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 18.2-271.2. Commission on VASAP; purpose; membership; terms; meetings; staffing; compensation and expenses; chairman's executive summary.

A. There is hereby established in the legislative branch of state government the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP). The Commission shall administer and supervise the state system of local alcohol and safety action programs, develop and maintain operation and performance standards for local alcohol and safety action programs, and allocate funding to such programs. The Commission shall have a total membership of 15 members that shall consist of six legislative members and nine nonlegislative citizen members. Members shall be appointed as follows: four current or former members of the House Committee for Courts of Justice, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates; two members of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; three sitting or retired judges, one each from the circuit, general district and juvenile and domestic relations district courts, who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local alcohol safety action programs, to be appointed by the Chairman of the Committee on District Courts; two directors of local alcohol safety action programs, to be appointed by the legislative members of the Commission; one representative from the law-enforcement profession, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one nonlegislative citizen at large, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; one representative from the Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles whose duties are substantially related to matters to be addressed by the Commission to be appointed by the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, and one representative from the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* whose duties also substantially involve such matters, to be appointed by the Commissioner of the ~~Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. Legislative members shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. In accordance with the staggered terms previously established, nonlegislative citizen members shall serve two-year terms. All members may be reappointed. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be made for the unexpired terms. Any appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment.

B. The Commission shall meet at least four times each year at such places as it may from time to time designate. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. The Commission shall elect a chairman and vice-chairman from among its membership.

The Commission shall be empowered to establish and ensure the maintenance of minimum standards and criteria for program operations and performance, accounting, auditing, public information and

administrative procedures for the various local alcohol safety action programs and shall be responsible for overseeing the administration of the statewide VASAP system. Such programs shall be certified by the Commission in accordance with procedures set forth in the Commission on VASAP Certification Manual. The Commission shall also oversee program plans, operations and performance and a system for allocating funds to cover deficits that may occur in the budgets of local programs.

C. The Commission shall appoint and employ and, at its pleasure, remove an executive director and such other persons as it may deem necessary, and determine their duties and fix their salaries or compensation.

D. The Commission shall appoint a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program Advisory Board to make recommendations to the Commission regarding its duties and administrative functions. The membership of such Board shall be appointed in the discretion of the Commission and include personnel from (i) local safety action programs, (ii) ~~state or local boards of mental health and mental retardation~~ *the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, community services boards, or behavioral health authorities* and (iii) other community mental health services organizations. An assistant attorney general who provides counsel in matters relating to driving under the influence shall also be appointed to the Board.

E. Legislative members of the Commission shall receive compensation as provided in § 30-19.12. Funding for the costs of compensation of legislative members shall be provided by the Commission. All members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825 to be paid out of that portion of moneys paid in VASAP defendant entry fees which is forwarded to the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program.

F. The chairman of the Commission shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Commission no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the General Assembly's website.

§ 18.2-308.1:1. Possession or transportation of firearms by persons acquitted by reason of insanity; penalty; permit.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person acquitted by reason of insanity and committed to the custody of the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, pursuant to Chapter 11.1 (§ 19.2-182.2 et seq.) of Title 19.2, on a charge of treason, any felony or any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1 or a Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor under this title, except those misdemeanor violations of (i) Article 2 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of this title, (ii) Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of this title, or (iii) § 18.2-119, or (iv) an ordinance of any county, city, or town similar to the offenses specified in (i), (ii), or (iii), to knowingly and intentionally purchase, possess, or transport any firearm. A violation of this section shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

B. Any person so acquitted may, upon discharge from the custody of the Commissioner, petition the general district court in which he resides for a permit to possess or carry a firearm. If the court determines that the circumstances regarding the disability referred to in subsection A and the person's criminal history, treatment record, and reputation are such that the person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that the granting of the relief would not be contrary to the public interest, the court shall grant the petition. Any person denied relief by the general district court may petition the circuit court for a de novo review of the denial. Upon a grant of relief in any court, the court shall enter a written order granting the petition and issue a permit, in which event the provisions of subsection A do not apply. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on a form provided by the Exchange, a copy of any such order.

§ 18.2-308.2:2. Criminal history record information check required for the transfer of certain firearms.

A. Any person purchasing from a dealer a firearm as herein defined shall consent in writing, on a form to be provided by the Department of State Police, to have the dealer obtain criminal history record information. Such form shall include only the written consent; the name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security number and/or any other identification number; the number of firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred; and answers by the applicant to the following questions: (i) has the applicant been convicted of a felony offense or found guilty or adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile 14 years of age or older at the time of the offense of a delinquent act that would be a felony if committed by an adult; (ii) is the applicant subject to a court order restraining the applicant from harassing, stalking, or threatening the applicant's child or intimate partner, or a child of such partner, or is the applicant subject to a protective order; and (iii) has the applicant ever been acquitted by reason of insanity and prohibited from purchasing, possessing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, been adjudicated legally incompetent, mentally incapacitated or adjudicated an incapacitated person and

prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, or been involuntarily admitted to an inpatient facility or involuntarily ordered to outpatient mental health treatment and prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:3 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction.

B. 1. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any such firearm to any other person who is a resident of Virginia until he has (i) obtained written consent and the other information on the consent form specified in subsection A, and provided the Department of State Police with the name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security and/or any other identification number and the number of firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded or transferred and (ii) requested criminal history record information by a telephone call to or other communication authorized by the State Police and is authorized by subdivision 2 of this subsection to complete the sale or other such transfer. To establish personal identification and residence in Virginia for purposes of this section, a dealer must require any prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the Commonwealth or by the United States Department of Defense, and other documentation of residence. Except where the photo-identification was issued by the United States Department of Defense, the other documentation of residence shall show an address identical to that shown on the photo-identification form, such as evidence of currently paid personal property tax or real estate tax, or a current (a) lease, (b) utility or telephone bill, (c) voter registration card, (d) bank check, (e) passport, (f) automobile registration, or (g) hunting or fishing license; other current identification allowed as evidence of residency by Part 178.124 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations and ATF Ruling 2001-5; or other documentation of residence determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services, that corroborates that the prospective purchaser currently resides in Virginia. Where the photo-identification was issued by the Department of Defense, permanent orders assigning the purchaser to a duty post in Virginia shall be the only other required documentation of residence. For the purposes of this section and establishment of residency for firearm purchase, residency shall be deemed to be the permanent duty post of a member of the armed forces. When the photo-identification presented to a dealer by the prospective purchaser is a driver's license or other photo-identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, and such identification form contains a date of issue, the dealer shall not, except for a renewed driver's license or other photo-identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, sell or otherwise transfer a firearm to the prospective purchaser until 30 days after the date of issue of an original or duplicate driver's license unless the prospective purchaser also presents a copy of his Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles driver's record showing that the original date of issue of the driver's license was more than 30 days prior to the attempted purchase.

In addition, no dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any assault firearm to any person who is not a citizen of the United States or who is not a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence. To establish citizenship or lawful admission for a permanent residence for purposes of purchasing an assault firearm, a dealer shall require a prospective purchaser to present a certified birth certificate or a certificate of birth abroad issued by the United States State Department, a certificate of citizenship or a certificate of naturalization issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services, an unexpired U.S. passport, a United States citizen identification card, a current voter registration card, a current selective service registration card, or an immigrant visa or other documentation of status as a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall (1) review its criminal history record information to determine if the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law, (2) inform the dealer if its record indicates that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and (3) provide the dealer with a unique reference number for that inquiry.

2. The State Police shall provide its response to the requesting dealer during the dealer's request, or by return call without delay. If the criminal history record information check indicates the prospective purchaser or transferee has a disqualifying criminal record or has been acquitted by reason of insanity and committed to the custody of the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Police shall have until the end of the dealer's next business day to advise the dealer if its records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. If not so advised by the end of the dealer's next business day, a dealer who has fulfilled the requirements of subdivision 1 of this subsection may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer. In case of electronic failure or other circumstances beyond the control of the State Police, the dealer shall be advised immediately of the reason for such delay and be given an estimate of the length of such delay. After such notification, the State Police shall, as soon as possible

but in no event later than the end of the dealer's next business day, inform the requesting dealer if its records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. A dealer who fulfills the requirements of subdivision 1 of this subsection and is told by the State Police that a response will not be available by the end of the dealer's next business day may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer.

3. Except as required by subsection D of § 9.1-132, the State Police shall not maintain records longer than 30 days, except for multiple handgun transactions for which records shall be maintained for 12 months, from any dealer's request for a criminal history record information check pertaining to a buyer or transferee who is not found to be prohibited from possessing and transporting a firearm under state or federal law. However, the log on requests made may be maintained for a period of 12 months, and such log shall consist of the name of the purchaser, the dealer identification number, the unique approval number and the transaction date.

4. On the last day of the week following the sale or transfer of any firearm, the dealer shall mail or deliver the written consent form required by subsection A to the Department of State Police. The State Police shall immediately initiate a search of all available criminal history record information to determine if the purchaser is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law. If the search discloses information indicating that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm, the State Police shall inform the chief law-enforcement officer in the jurisdiction where the sale or transfer occurred and the dealer without delay.

5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, rifles and shotguns may be purchased by persons who are citizens of the United States or persons lawfully admitted for permanent residence but residents of other states under the terms of subsections A and B upon furnishing the dealer with proof of citizenship or status as a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence and one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the person's state of residence and one other form of identification determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

6. For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "dealer's next business day" shall not include December 25.

C. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any firearm, except when the transaction involves a rifle or a shotgun and can be accomplished pursuant to the provisions of subdivision B 5 to any person who is not a resident of Virginia unless he has first obtained from the Department of State Police a report indicating that a search of all available criminal history record information has not disclosed that the person is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law. The dealer shall obtain the required report by mailing or delivering the written consent form required under subsection A to the State Police within 24 hours of its execution. If the dealer has complied with the provisions of this subsection and has not received the required report from the State Police within 10 days from the date the written consent form was mailed to the Department of State Police, he shall not be deemed in violation of this section for thereafter completing the sale or transfer.

D. Nothing herein shall prevent a resident of the Commonwealth, at his option, from buying, renting or receiving a firearm from a dealer in Virginia by obtaining a criminal history record information check through the dealer as provided in subsection C.

E. If any buyer or transferee is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, he may exercise his right of access to and review and correction of criminal history record information under § 9.1-132 or institute a civil action as provided in § 9.1-135, provided any such action is initiated within 30 days of such denial.

F. Any dealer who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized in this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

G. For purposes of this section:

"Actual buyer" means a person who executes the consent form required in subsection B or C, or other such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law.

"Antique firearm" means:

1. Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898;

2. Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision 1 of this definition if such replica (i) is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or (ii) uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade;

3. Any muzzle-loading rifle, muzzle-loading shotgun, or muzzle-loading pistol that is designed to use

black powder, or a black powder substitute, and that cannot use fixed ammunition. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon that incorporates a firearm frame or receiver, any firearm that is converted into a muzzle-loading weapon, or any muzzle-loading weapon that can be readily converted to fire fixed ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breech-block, or any combination thereof; or

4. Any curio or relic as defined in this subsection.

"Assault firearm" means any semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol which expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the offense with a magazine which will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or equipped with a folding stock.

"Curios or relics" means firearms that are of special interest to collectors by reason of some quality other than is associated with firearms intended for sporting use or as offensive or defensive weapons. To be recognized as curios or relics, firearms must fall within one of the following categories:

1. Firearms that were manufactured at least 50 years prior to the current date, which use rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade, but not including replicas thereof;

2. Firearms that are certified by the curator of a municipal, state, or federal museum that exhibits firearms to be curios or relics of museum interest; and

3. Any other firearms that derive a substantial part of their monetary value from the fact that they are novel, rare, bizarre, or because of their association with some historical figure, period, or event. Proof of qualification of a particular firearm under this category may be established by evidence of present value and evidence that like firearms are not available except as collectors' items, or that the value of like firearms available in ordinary commercial channels is substantially less.

"Dealer" means any person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

"Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

"Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made and intended to fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more barrels when held in one hand.

"Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the immigration laws, such status not having changed.

H. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to ensure the identity, confidentiality and security of all records and data provided by the Department of State Police pursuant to this section.

I. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) transactions between persons who are licensed as firearms importers or collectors, manufacturers or dealers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.; (ii) purchases by or sales to any law-enforcement officer or agent of the United States, the Commonwealth or any local government; or (iii) antique firearms, curios or relics.

J. The provisions of this section shall not apply to restrict purchase, trade or transfer of firearms by a resident of Virginia when the resident of Virginia makes such purchase, trade or transfer in another state, in which case the laws and regulations of that state and the United States governing the purchase, trade or transfer of firearms shall apply. A National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) check shall be performed prior to such purchase, trade or transfer of firearms.

J1. All licensed firearms dealers shall collect a fee of \$2 for every transaction for which a criminal history record information check is required pursuant to this section, except that a fee of \$5 shall be collected for every transaction involving an out-of-state resident. Such fee shall be transmitted to the Department of State Police by the last day of the month following the sale for deposit in a special fund for use by the State Police to offset the cost of conducting criminal history record information checks under the provisions of this section.

K. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the consent form required in subsection B or C or on such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law, shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

L. Except as provided in § 18.2-308.2:1, any dealer who willfully and intentionally sells, rents, trades or transfers a firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

L1. Any person who attempts to solicit, persuade, encourage, or entice any dealer to transfer or otherwise convey a firearm other than to the actual buyer, as well as any other person who willfully and intentionally aids or abets such person, shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. This subsection shall not apply to a federal law-enforcement officer or a law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, in the performance of his official duties, or other person under his direct supervision.

M. Any person who purchases a firearm with the intent to (i) resell or otherwise provide such

2375 firearm to any person who he knows or has reason to believe is ineligible to purchase or otherwise
 2376 receive from a dealer a firearm for whatever reason or (ii) transport such firearm out of the
 2377 Commonwealth to be resold or otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is
 2378 ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm, shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony. However, if the
 2379 violation of this subsection involves such a transfer of more than one firearm, the person shall be
 2380 sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

2381 N. Any person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a firearm in the
 2382 Commonwealth who solicits, employs or assists any person in violating subsection M shall be guilty of
 2383 a Class 5 felony and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

2384 O. All driver's licenses issued on or after July 1, 1994, shall carry a letter designation indicating
 2385 whether the driver's license is an original, duplicate or renewed driver's license.

2386 P. Except as provided in subdivisions 1, 2, and 3 of this subsection, it shall be unlawful for any
 2387 person who is not a licensed firearms dealer to purchase more than one handgun within any 30-day
 2388 period. A violation of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

2389 1. Purchases in excess of one handgun within a 30-day period may be made upon completion of an
 2390 enhanced background check, as described herein, by special application to the Department of State
 2391 Police listing the number and type of handguns to be purchased and transferred for lawful business or
 2392 personal use, in a collector series, for collections, as a bulk purchase from estate sales and for similar
 2393 purposes. Such applications shall be signed under oath by the applicant on forms provided by the
 2394 Department of State Police, shall state the purpose for the purchase above the limit, and shall require
 2395 satisfactory proof of residency and identity. Such application shall be in addition to the firearms sales
 2396 report required by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF). The Superintendent of State
 2397 Police shall promulgate regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for
 2398 the implementation of an application process for purchases of handguns above the limit.

2399 Upon being satisfied that these requirements have been met, the Department of State Police shall
 2400 forthwith issue to the applicant a nontransferable certificate, which shall be valid for seven days from
 2401 the date of issue. The certificate shall be surrendered to the dealer by the prospective purchaser prior to
 2402 the consummation of such sale and shall be kept on file at the dealer's place of business for inspection
 2403 as provided in § 54.1-4201 for a period of not less than two years. Upon request of any local
 2404 law-enforcement agency, and pursuant to its regulations, the Department of State Police may certify such
 2405 local law-enforcement agency to serve as its agent to receive applications and, upon authorization by the
 2406 Department of State Police, issue certificates forthwith pursuant to this subsection. Applications and
 2407 certificates issued under this subsection shall be maintained as records as provided in subdivision B 3.
 2408 The Department of State Police shall make available to local law-enforcement agencies all records
 2409 concerning certificates issued pursuant to this subsection and all records provided for in subdivision B 3.

2410 2. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:

2411 a. A law-enforcement agency;

2412 b. An agency duly authorized to perform law-enforcement duties;

2413 c. State and local correctional facilities;

2414 d. A private security company licensed to do business within the Commonwealth;

2415 e. The purchase of antique firearms as herein defined;

2416 f. A person whose handgun is stolen or irretrievably lost who deems it essential that such handgun
 2417 be replaced immediately. Such person may purchase another handgun, even if the person has previously
 2418 purchased a handgun within a 30-day period, provided (i) the person provides the firearms dealer with a
 2419 copy of the official police report or a summary thereof, on forms provided by the Department of State
 2420 Police, from the law-enforcement agency that took the report of the lost or stolen handgun; (ii) the
 2421 official police report or summary thereof contains the name and address of the handgun owner, the
 2422 description of the handgun, the location of the loss or theft, the date of the loss or theft, and the date
 2423 the loss or theft was reported to the law-enforcement agency; and (iii) the date of the loss or theft as
 2424 reflected on the official police report or summary thereof occurred within 30 days of the person's
 2425 attempt to replace the handgun. The firearms dealer shall attach a copy of the official police report or
 2426 summary thereof to the original copy of the Virginia firearms transaction report completed for the
 2427 transaction and retain it for the period prescribed by the Department of State Police;

2428 g. A person who trades in a handgun at the same time he makes a handgun purchase and as a part of
 2429 the same transaction, provided that no more than one transaction of this nature is completed per day;

2430 h. A person who holds a valid Virginia permit to carry a concealed handgun;

2431 i. A person who purchases a handgun in a private sale. For purposes of this subdivision, a private
 2432 sale means purchase from a person who makes occasional sales, exchanges or purchases of firearms for
 2433 the enhancement of a personal collection of curios or relics as herein defined, or who sells all or part of
 2434 such collection of curios and relics; or

2435 j. A law-enforcement officer. For purposes of this subdivision, a law-enforcement officer means any

employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth.

3. For the purposes of this subsection, "purchase" shall not include the exchange or replacement of a handgun by a seller for a handgun purchased from such seller by the same person seeking the exchange or replacement within the 30-day period immediately preceding the date of exchange or replacement.

§ 19.2-169.1. Raising question of competency to stand trial or plead; evaluation and determination of competency.

A. Raising competency issue; appointment of evaluators. - If, at any time after the attorney for the defendant has been retained or appointed and before the end of trial, the court finds, upon hearing evidence or representations of counsel for the defendant or the attorney for the Commonwealth, that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant, whether a juvenile transferred pursuant to § 16.1-269.1 or adult, lacks substantial capacity to understand the proceedings against him or to assist his attorney in his own defense, the court shall order that a competency evaluation be performed by at least one psychiatrist or clinical psychologist who is qualified by training and experience in forensic evaluation.

B. Location of evaluation. - The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a mental health facility or in jail unless the court specifically finds that outpatient evaluation services are unavailable or unless the results of outpatient evaluation indicate that hospitalization of the defendant for evaluation on competency is necessary. If the court finds that hospitalization is necessary, the court, under authority of this subsection, may order the defendant sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as appropriate for evaluations of persons under criminal charge. The defendant shall be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate evaluation of the defendant's competency, but not to exceed 30 days from the date of admission to the hospital.

C. Provision of information to evaluators. - The court shall require the attorney for the Commonwealth to provide to the evaluators appointed under subsection A any information relevant to the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) a copy of the warrant or indictment; (ii) the names and addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney for the defendant, and the judge ordering the evaluation; (iii) information about the alleged crime; and (iv) a summary of the reasons for the evaluation request. The court shall require the attorney for the defendant to provide any available psychiatric records and other information that is deemed relevant. The court shall require that information be provided to the evaluator within 96 hours of the issuance of the court order pursuant to this section.

D. The competency report. - Upon completion of the evaluation, the evaluators shall promptly submit a report in writing to the court and the attorneys of record concerning (i) the defendant's capacity to understand the proceedings against him; (ii) his ability to assist his attorney; and (iii) his need for treatment in the event he is found incompetent but restorable, or incompetent for the foreseeable future. No statements of the defendant relating to the time period of the alleged offense shall be included in the report.

E. The competency determination. - After receiving the report described in subsection D, the court shall promptly determine whether the defendant is competent to stand trial. A hearing on the defendant's competency is not required unless one is requested by the attorney for the Commonwealth or the attorney for the defendant, or unless the court has reasonable cause to believe the defendant will be hospitalized under § 19.2-169.2. If a hearing is held, the party alleging that the defendant is incompetent shall bear the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the defendant's incompetency. The defendant shall have the right to notice of the hearing, the right to counsel at the hearing and the right to personally participate in and introduce evidence at the hearing.

The fact that the defendant claims to be unable to remember the time period surrounding the alleged offense shall not, by itself, bar a finding of competency if the defendant otherwise understands the charges against him and can assist in his defense. Nor shall the fact that the defendant is under the influence of medication bar a finding of competency if the defendant is able to understand the charges against him and assist in his defense while medicated.

§ 19.2-169.2. Disposition when defendant found incompetent.

A. Upon finding pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 that the defendant, including a juvenile transferred pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, is incompetent, the court shall order that the defendant receive treatment to restore his competency on an outpatient basis or, if the court specifically finds that the defendant requires inpatient hospital treatment, at a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as appropriate for treatment of persons under criminal charge. Any reports submitted pursuant to subsection

2497 D of § 19.2-169.1 shall be made available to the director of the community services board or behavioral
2498 health authority or his designee or to the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee.

2499 B. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment under subsection A of this
2500 section, the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee or
2501 the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee believes the defendant's competency is
2502 restored, the director or his designee shall immediately send a report to the court as prescribed in
2503 subsection D of § 19.2-169.1. The court shall make a ruling on the defendant's competency according to
2504 the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1.

2505 C. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records Exchange,
2506 on a form provided by the Exchange, a copy of an order for treatment issued pursuant to subsection A.

2507 § 19.2-169.3. Disposition of the unrestorably incompetent defendant; capital murder charge; referral
2508 to Commitment Review Committee.

2509 A. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment pursuant to subsection A of
2510 § 19.2-169.2, the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee
2511 or the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee concludes that the defendant is likely to
2512 remain incompetent for the foreseeable future, he shall send a report to the court so stating. The report
2513 shall also indicate whether, in the board, authority, or inpatient facility director's or his designee's
2514 opinion, the defendant should be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of
2515 Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, committed pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, or certified
2516 pursuant to § 37.2-806 in the event he is found to be unrestorably incompetent. Upon receipt of the
2517 report, the court shall make a competency determination according to the procedures specified in
2518 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1. If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain
2519 so for the foreseeable future, it shall order that he be (i) released, (ii) committed pursuant to Article 5
2520 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or (iii) certified pursuant to § 37.2-806. However, if the
2521 court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future and the
2522 defendant has been charged with a sexually violent offense, as defined in § 37.2-900, he shall be
2523 reviewed for commitment pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2. If the court finds the
2524 defendant incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future, it may order treatment
2525 continued until six months have elapsed from the date of the defendant's initial admission under
2526 subsection A of § 19.2-169.2.

2527 B. At the end of six months from the date of the defendant's initial admission under subsection A of
2528 § 19.2-169.2 if the defendant remains incompetent in the opinion of the board, authority, or inpatient
2529 facility director or his designee, the director or his designee shall so notify the court and make
2530 recommendations concerning disposition of the defendant as described in subsection A. The court shall
2531 hold a hearing according to the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 and, if it finds the
2532 defendant unrestorably incompetent, shall order one of the dispositions described in subsection A. If the
2533 court finds the defendant incompetent but restorable to competency, it may order continued treatment
2534 under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods, provided a hearing pursuant to
2535 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period and the defendant continues
2536 to be incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future.

2537 C. If any defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor in violation of Article 3 (§ 18.2-95 et
2538 seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 or Article 5 (§ 18.2-119 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2, other than a
2539 misdemeanor charge pursuant to § 18.2-130 or Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2,
2540 and is being treated pursuant to subsection A of § 19.2-169.2, and after 45 days has not been restored to
2541 competency, the director of the community service board, behavioral health authority, or the director of
2542 the treating inpatient facility, or any of their designees, shall send a report indicating the defendant's
2543 status to the court. The report shall also indicate whether the defendant should be released or committed
2544 pursuant to § 37.2-817 or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806. Upon receipt of the report, if the court
2545 determines that the defendant is still incompetent, the court shall order that the defendant be released,
2546 committed, or certified, and may dismiss the charges against the defendant.

2547 D. Unless an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder or the charges against an
2548 incompetent criminal defendant have been previously dismissed, charges against an unrestorably
2549 incompetent defendant shall be dismissed on the date upon which his sentence would have expired had
2550 he been convicted and received the maximum sentence for the crime charged, or on the date five years
2551 from the date of his arrest for such charges, whichever is sooner.

2552 E. If the court orders an unrestorably incompetent defendant to be reviewed for commitment pursuant
2553 to § 37.2-904, it shall order the attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction wherein the defendant
2554 was charged and the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and
2555 Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to provide the Commitment Review
2556 Committee established pursuant to § 37.2-902 with any information relevant to the review, including, but
2557 not limited to: (i) a copy of the warrant or indictment, (ii) a copy of the defendant's criminal record, (iii)

information about the alleged crime, (iv) a copy of the competency report completed pursuant to § 19.2-169.1, and (v) a copy of the report prepared by the director of the defendant's community services board, behavioral health authority, or treating inpatient facility or his designee pursuant to this section. The court shall further order that the defendant be held in the custody of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for secure confinement and treatment until the Commitment Review Committee's and Attorney General's review and any subsequent hearing or trial are completed. If the court receives notice that the Attorney General has declined to file a petition for the commitment of an unrestorably incompetent defendant as a sexually violent predator after conducting a review pursuant to § 37.2-905, the court shall order that the defendant be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806.

F. In any case when an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder, notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the charge shall not be dismissed and the court having jurisdiction over the capital murder case may order that the defendant receive continued treatment under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods without limitation, provided that (i) a hearing pursuant to subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period, (ii) the defendant remains incompetent, (iii) the court finds continued treatment to be medically appropriate, and (iv) the defendant presents a danger to himself or others.

G. The attorney for the Commonwealth may bring charges that have been dismissed against the defendant when he is restored to competency.

§ 19.2-169.5. Evaluation of sanity at the time of the offense; disclosure of evaluation results.

A. Raising issue of sanity at the time of offense; appointment of evaluators. - If, at any time before trial, the court finds, upon hearing evidence or representations of counsel for the defendant, that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant's sanity will be a significant factor in his defense and that the defendant is financially unable to pay for expert assistance, the court shall appoint one or more qualified mental health experts to evaluate the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense and, where appropriate, to assist in the development of an insanity defense. Such mental health expert shall be (i) a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or an individual with a doctorate degree in clinical psychology who has successfully completed forensic evaluation training as approved by the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and (ii) qualified by specialized training and experience to perform forensic evaluations. The defendant shall not be entitled to a mental health expert of his own choosing or to funds to employ such expert.

B. Location of evaluation. - The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis, at a mental health facility or in jail, unless the court specifically finds that outpatient services are unavailable, or unless the results of the outpatient evaluation indicate that hospitalization of the defendant for further evaluation of his sanity at the time of the offense is necessary. If either finding is made, the court, under authority of this subsection, may order that the defendant be sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services as appropriate for evaluation of the defendant under criminal charge. The defendant shall be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate evaluation of the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, but not to exceed 30 days from the date of admission to the hospital.

C. Provision of information to evaluator. - The court shall require the party making the motion for the evaluation, and such other parties as the court deems appropriate, to provide to the evaluators appointed under subsection A any information relevant to the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) copy of the warrant or indictment; (ii) the names and addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney for the defendant and the judge who appointed the expert; (iii) information pertaining to the alleged crime, including statements by the defendant made to the police and transcripts of preliminary hearings, if any; (iv) a summary of the reasons for the evaluation request; (v) any available psychiatric, psychological, medical or social records that are deemed relevant; and (vi) a copy of the defendant's criminal record, to the extent reasonably available.

D. The evaluators shall prepare a full report concerning the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, including whether he may have had a significant mental disease or defect which rendered him insane at the time of the offense. The report shall be prepared within the time period designated by the court, said period to include the time necessary to obtain and evaluate the information specified in subsection C.

E. Disclosure of evaluation results. - The report described in subsection D shall be sent solely to the attorney for the defendant and shall be deemed to be protected by the lawyer-client privilege. However, the Commonwealth shall be given the report in all felony cases, the results of any other evaluation of the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, and copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical, or other records obtained during the course of any such evaluation, after the attorney for the defendant

gives notice of an intent to present psychiatric or psychological evidence pursuant to § 19.2-168.

F. In any case where the defendant obtains his own expert to evaluate the defendant's sanity at the time of the offense, the provisions of subsections D and E, relating to the disclosure of the evaluation results, shall apply.

§ 19.2-175. Compensation of experts.

Each psychiatrist, clinical psychologist or other expert appointed by the court to render professional service pursuant to §§ 19.2-168.1, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.5, subsection A of § 19.2-176, §§ 19.2-182.8, 19.2-182.9, 19.2-264.3:1, 19.2-264.3:3 or § 19.2-301, who is not regularly employed by the Commonwealth of Virginia except by the University of Virginia School of Medicine and the Medical College of Virginia Commonwealth University, shall receive a reasonable fee for such service. For any psychiatrist, clinical psychologist, or other expert appointed by the court to render such professional services who is regularly employed by the Commonwealth of Virginia, except by the University of Virginia School of Medicine or the Medical College of Virginia Commonwealth University, the fee shall be paid only for professional services provided during nonstate hours that have been approved by his employing agency as being beyond the scope of his state employment duties. The fee shall be determined in each instance by the court that appointed the expert, in accordance with guidelines established by the Supreme Court after consultation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. Except in capital murder cases the fee shall not exceed \$750, but in addition if any such expert is required to appear as a witness in any hearing held pursuant to such sections, he shall receive mileage and a fee of \$100 for each day during which he is required so to serve. An itemized account of expense, duly sworn to, must be presented to the court, and when allowed shall be certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of the state treasury, and be charged against the appropriations made to pay criminal charges. Allowance for the fee and for the per diem authorized shall also be made by order of the court, duly certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of the appropriation to pay criminal charges.

§ 19.2-182.2. Verdict of acquittal by reason of insanity to state the fact; temporary custody and evaluation.

When the defense is insanity of the defendant at the time the offense was committed, the jurors shall be instructed, if they acquit him on that ground, to state the fact with their verdict. The court shall place the person so acquitted (the "acquittee") in temporary custody of the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* (hereinafter referred to in this chapter as the "Commissioner") for evaluation as to whether the acquittee may be released with or without conditions or requires commitment. The evaluation shall be conducted by (i) one psychiatrist and (ii) one clinical psychologist. The psychiatrist or clinical psychologist shall be skilled in the diagnosis of mental illness and mental retardation and qualified by training and experience to perform such evaluations. The Commissioner shall appoint both evaluators, at least one of whom shall not be employed by the hospital in which the acquittee is primarily confined. The evaluators shall determine whether the acquittee is ~~currently mentally ill or mentally retarded~~ *currently has mental illness or mental retardation* and shall assess the acquittee and report on his condition and need for hospitalization with respect to the factors set forth in § 19.2-182.3. The evaluators shall conduct their examinations and report their findings separately within forty-five days of the Commissioner's assumption of custody. Copies of the report shall be sent to the acquittee's attorney, the attorney for the Commonwealth for the jurisdiction where the person was acquitted and the community services board or behavioral health authority as designated by the Commissioner. If either evaluator recommends conditional release or release without conditions of the acquittee, the court shall extend the evaluation period to permit the hospital in which the acquittee is confined and the appropriate community services board or behavioral health authority to jointly prepare a conditional release or discharge plan, as applicable, prior to the hearing.

§ 19.2-182.13. Authority of Commissioner; delegation to board; liability.

The Commissioner may delegate any of the duties and powers imposed on or granted to him by this chapter to an administrative board composed of persons with demonstrated expertise in such matters. The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall assist the board in its administrative and technical duties. Members of the board shall exercise their powers and duties without compensation and shall be immune from personal liability while acting within the scope of their duties except for intentional misconduct.

§ 19.2-182.16. Copies of orders to Commissioner.

Copies of all orders and notices issued pursuant to this chapter shall be sent to the Commissioner of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 19.2-264.3:1. Expert assistance when defendant's mental condition relevant to capital sentencing.

A. Upon (i) motion of the attorney for a defendant charged with or convicted of capital murder and

(ii) a finding by the court that the defendant is financially unable to pay for expert assistance, the court shall appoint one or more qualified mental health experts to evaluate the defendant and to assist the defense in the preparation and presentation of information concerning the defendant's history, character, or mental condition, including (i) whether the defendant acted under extreme mental or emotional disturbance at the time of the offense; (ii) whether the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of the law was significantly impaired at the time of the offense; and (iii) whether there are any other factors in mitigation relating to the history or character of the defendant or the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense. The mental health expert appointed pursuant to this section shall be (i) a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or an individual with a doctorate degree in clinical psychology who has successfully completed forensic evaluation training as approved by the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and (ii) qualified by specialized training and experience to perform forensic evaluations. The defendant shall not be entitled to a mental health expert of the defendant's own choosing or to funds to employ such expert.

B. Evaluations performed pursuant to subsection A may be combined with evaluations performed pursuant to § 19.2-169.5 and shall be governed by subsections B and C of § 19.2-169.5.

C. The expert appointed pursuant to subsection A shall submit to the attorney for the defendant a report concerning the history and character of the defendant and the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense. The report shall include the expert's opinion as to (i) whether the defendant acted under extreme mental or emotional disturbance at the time of the offense, (ii) whether the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of the law was significantly impaired, and (iii) whether there are any other factors in mitigation relating to the history or character of the defendant or the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense.

D. The report described in subsection C shall be sent solely to the attorney for the defendant and shall be protected by the attorney-client privilege. However, the Commonwealth shall be given the report and the results of any other evaluation of the defendant's mental condition conducted relative to the sentencing proceeding and copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of such evaluation, after the attorney for the defendant gives notice of an intent to present psychiatric or psychological evidence in mitigation pursuant to subsection E.

E. In any case in which a defendant charged with capital murder intends, in the event of conviction, to present testimony of an expert witness to support a claim in mitigation relating to the defendant's history, character or mental condition, he or his attorney shall give notice in writing to the attorney for the Commonwealth, at least 21 days before trial, of his intention to present such testimony. In the event that such notice is not given and the defendant tenders testimony by an expert witness at the sentencing phase of the trial, then the court may, in its discretion, upon objection of the Commonwealth, either allow the Commonwealth a continuance or, under appropriate circumstances, bar the defendant from presenting such evidence.

F. 1. If the attorney for the defendant gives notice pursuant to subsection E and the Commonwealth thereafter seeks an evaluation concerning the existence or absence of mitigating circumstances relating to the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense, the court shall appoint one or more qualified experts to perform such an evaluation. The court shall order the defendant to submit to such an evaluation, and advise the defendant on the record in court that a refusal to cooperate with the Commonwealth's expert could result in exclusion of the defendant's expert evidence. The qualification of the experts shall be governed by subsection A. The location of the evaluation shall be governed by subsection B of § 19.2-169.5. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall be responsible for providing the experts the information specified in subsection C of § 19.2-169.5. After performing their evaluation, the experts shall report their findings and opinions and provide copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of the evaluation to the attorneys for the Commonwealth and the defense.

2. If the court finds, after hearing evidence presented by the parties, out of the presence of the jury, that the defendant has refused to cooperate with an evaluation requested by the Commonwealth, the court may admit evidence of such refusal or, in the discretion of the court, bar the defendant from presenting his expert evidence.

G. [Repealed.]

§ 19.2-264.3:1.1. Capital cases; determination of mental retardation.

A. As used in this section and § 19.2-264.3:1.2, the following definition applies:

"Mentally retarded" means a disability, originating before the age of 18 years, characterized concurrently by (i) significantly subaverage intellectual functioning as demonstrated by performance on a standardized measure of intellectual functioning administered in conformity with accepted professional practice, that is at least two standard deviations below the mean and (ii) significant limitations in

2741 adaptive behavior as expressed in conceptual, social and practical adaptive skills.

2742 B. Assessments of mental retardation under this section and § 19.2-264.3:1.2 shall conform to the
2743 following requirements:

2744 1. Assessment of intellectual functioning shall include administration of at least one standardized
2745 measure generally accepted by the field of psychological testing and appropriate for administration to the
2746 particular defendant being assessed, taking into account cultural, linguistic, sensory, motor, behavioral
2747 and other individual factors. Testing of intellectual functioning shall be carried out in conformity with
2748 accepted professional practice, and whenever indicated, the assessment shall include information from
2749 multiple sources. The Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~
2750 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* shall maintain an exclusive list of standardized measures
2751 of intellectual functioning generally accepted by the field of psychological testing.

2752 2. Assessment of adaptive behavior shall be based on multiple sources of information, including
2753 clinical interview, psychological testing and educational, correctional and vocational records. The
2754 assessment shall include at least one standardized measure generally accepted by the field of
2755 psychological testing for assessing adaptive behavior and appropriate for administration to the particular
2756 defendant being assessed, unless not feasible. In reaching a clinical judgment regarding whether the
2757 defendant exhibits significant limitations in adaptive behavior, the examiner shall give performance on
2758 standardized measures whatever weight is clinically appropriate in light of the defendant's history and
2759 characteristics and the context of the assessment.

2760 3. Assessment of developmental origin shall be based on multiple sources of information generally
2761 accepted by the field of psychological testing and appropriate for the particular defendant being assessed,
2762 including, whenever available, educational, social service, medical records, prior disability assessments,
2763 parental or caregiver reports, and other collateral data, recognizing that valid clinical assessment
2764 conducted during the defendant's childhood may not have conformed to current practice standards.

2765 C. In any case in which the offense may be punishable by death and is tried before a jury, the issue
2766 of mental retardation, if raised by the defendant in accordance with the notice provisions of subsection E
2767 of § 19.2-264.3:1.2, shall be determined by the jury as part of the sentencing proceeding required by
2768 § 19.2-264.4.

2769 In any case in which the offense may be punishable by death and is tried before a judge, the issue of
2770 mental retardation, if raised by the defendant in accordance with the notice provisions of subsection E of
2771 § 19.2-264.3:1.2, shall be determined by the judge as part of the sentencing proceeding required by
2772 § 19.2-264.4.

2773 The defendant shall bear the burden of proving that he is mentally retarded by a preponderance of
2774 the evidence.

2775 D. The verdict of the jury, if the issue of mental retardation is raised, shall be in writing, and, in
2776 addition to the forms specified in § 19.2-264.4, shall include one of the following forms:

2777 (1) "We the jury, on the issue joined, having found the defendant guilty of (here set out the statutory
2778 language of the offense charged), and that the defendant has proven by a preponderance of the evidence
2779 that he is mentally retarded, fix his punishment at (i) imprisonment for life or (ii) imprisonment for life
2780 and a fine of \$_____.

2781 Signed _____ foreman"

2782 or

2783 (2) "We the jury, on the issue joined, having found the defendant guilty of (here set out the statutory
2784 language of the offense charged) find that the defendant has not proven by a preponderance of the
2785 evidence that he is mentally retarded.

2786 Signed _____ foreman"

2787 § 19.2-264.3:1.2. Expert assistance when issue of defendant's mental retardation relevant to capital
2788 sentencing.

2789 A. Upon (i) motion of the attorney for a defendant charged with or convicted of capital murder and
2790 (ii) a finding by the court that the defendant is financially unable to pay for expert assistance, the court
2791 shall appoint one or more qualified mental health experts to assess whether or not the defendant is
2792 mentally retarded and to assist the defense in the preparation and presentation of information concerning
2793 the defendant's mental retardation. The mental health expert appointed pursuant to this section shall be
2794 (a) a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist or an individual with a doctorate degree in clinical psychology,
2795 (b) skilled in the administration, scoring and interpretation of intelligence tests and measures of adaptive
2796 behavior and (c) qualified by experience and by specialized training, approved by the Commissioner of
2797 ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*,
2798 to perform forensic evaluations. The defendant shall not be entitled to a mental health expert of the
2799 defendant's own choosing or to funds to employ such expert.

2800 B. Evaluations performed pursuant to subsection A may be combined with evaluations performed
2801 pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.5, or § 19.2-264.3:1.

C. The expert appointed pursuant to subsection A shall submit to the attorney for the defendant a report assessing whether the defendant is mentally retarded. The report shall include the expert's opinion as to whether the defendant is mentally retarded.

D. The report described in subsection C shall be sent solely to the attorney for the defendant and shall be protected by the attorney-client privilege. However, the Commonwealth shall be given a copy of the report, the results of any other evaluation of the defendant's mental retardation and copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of the evaluation, after the attorney for the defendant gives notice of an intent to present evidence of mental retardation pursuant to subsection E.

E. In any case in which a defendant charged with capital murder intends, in the event of conviction, to present testimony of an expert witness to support a claim that he is mentally retarded, he or his attorney shall give notice in writing to the attorney for the Commonwealth, at least 21 days before trial, of his intention to present such testimony. In the event that such notice is not given and the defendant tenders testimony by an expert witness at the sentencing phase of the trial, then the court may, in its discretion, upon objection of the Commonwealth, either allow the Commonwealth a continuance or, under appropriate circumstances, bar the defendant from presenting such evidence.

F. 1. If the attorney for the defendant gives notice pursuant to subsection E and the Commonwealth thereafter seeks an evaluation concerning the existence or absence of the defendant's mental retardation, the court shall appoint one or more qualified experts to perform such an evaluation. The court shall order the defendant to submit to such an evaluation, and advise the defendant on the record in court that a refusal to cooperate with the Commonwealth's experts could result in exclusion of the defendant's expert evidence. The qualification of the experts shall be governed by subsection A. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall be responsible for providing the experts the information specified in subsection C of § 19.2-169.5. After performing their evaluation, the experts shall report their findings and opinions and provide copies of psychiatric, psychological, medical or other records obtained during the course of the evaluation to the attorneys for the Commonwealth and the defense.

2. If the court finds, after hearing evidence presented by the parties, out of the presence of the jury, that the defendant has refused to cooperate with an evaluation requested by the Commonwealth, the court may admit evidence of such refusal or, in the discretion of the court, bar the defendant from presenting his expert evidence.

§ 19.2-301. Judge shall require examination under § 19.2-300; by whom made; report; expenses of psychiatrist.

The judge shall order the defendant examined by at least one psychiatrist or clinical psychologist who is qualified by specialized training and experience to perform such evaluations. Upon a finding by the court that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not reasonably available for the instant case, the court may appoint a state licensed clinical social worker who has been certified by the Commonwealth as a sex offender treatment provider as defined in § 54.1-3600 and qualified by experience and by specialized training approved by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ to perform such evaluations. The examination shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a mental health facility or in jail. However, if the court specifically finds that outpatient examination services are unavailable or if the results of outpatient examination indicate that hospitalization of the defendant for further examination is necessary, the court may order the defendant sent to a hospital designated by the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ as appropriate for examination of persons convicted of crimes. The defendant shall then be hospitalized for such time as the director of the hospital deems necessary to perform an adequate examination, but not to exceed 30 days from the date of admission to the hospital. Upon completion of the examination, the examiners shall prepare a written report of their findings and conclusions and shall furnish copies of such report to the defendant, counsel for the defendant, and the attorney for the Commonwealth at least five days prior to sentencing and shall furnish a copy of the report to the judge in advance of the sentencing hearing. The report of the examiners shall at all times be kept confidential by each recipient, except to the extent necessary for the prosecution or defense of any offense, and shall be filed as part of the record in the case and the defendant's copy shall be returned to the court at the conclusion of sentencing. Any report so filed shall be sealed upon the entry of the sentencing order by the court and made available only by court order, except that such report or copies thereof shall be available at any time to the office of the Attorney General for assessment for civil commitment as provided in Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2; any criminal justice agency, as defined in § 9.1-101, of this or any other state or of the United States; to any agency where the accused is referred for treatment by the court or by probation and parole services; and to counsel for any person who has been indicted jointly for the same felony as the person who is the subject of the report. Any such report shall without court order be made available to counsel for the person who is the subject of the report if that person is charged with a felony

subsequent to the time of the preparation of the report.

§ 19.2-302. Construction and administration of §§ 19.2-300 and 19.2-301.

Nothing contained in § 19.2-300 or § 19.2-301 shall be construed to conflict with or repeal any statute in regard to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and such sections shall be administered with due regard to the authority of, and in cooperation with, the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

§ 19.2-389. Dissemination of criminal history record information.

A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an intermediary, only to:

1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days;

2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is pending;

3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the security and confidentiality of the data;

4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and security of the data;

5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information;

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth for the conduct of investigations of applicants for public employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under consideration;

8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international travel, including but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America; (ii) a volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child

welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and other adults living in family day-care homes or homes approved by family day-care systems, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719 through 63.2-1721, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination;

13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

14. The State Lottery Department for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the State Lottery Law (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.), and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth in Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject to the limitations set out in subsection E;

16. Licensed homes for adults, licensed district homes for adults, and licensed adult day-care centers for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed homes for adults pursuant to § 63.2-1720, in licensed district homes for adults pursuant to § 63.1-189.1, and in licensed adult day-care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;

17. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board for the conduct of investigations as set forth in § 4.1-103.1;

18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to registered voters, limited to any record of felony convictions;

19. The Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176, 19.2-177.1, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning;

20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the Department of Education, or the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual services;

22. The Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to departmental instructions;

23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private or religious elementary or secondary schools which are accredited by a statewide accrediting organization recognized, prior to January 1, 1996, by the State Board of Education or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

24. Public and nonprofit private colleges and universities for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

25. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

26. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

27. The Commissioner of the Department of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

28. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct consumer care position has been convicted of a crime that affects their

2985 fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of persons with mental illness, mental
 2986 retardation and substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 37.2-607;

2987 29. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
 2988 for a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.)
 2989 and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

2990 30. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates
 2991 for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been
 2992 convicted of a crime;

2993 31. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of
 2994 determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department
 2995 of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1. Dissemination of criminal
 2996 history record information to the agencies shall be limited to those positions generally described as
 2997 directly responsible for the health, safety and welfare of the general populace or protection of critical
 2998 infrastructures;

2999 32. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
 3000 subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
 3001 Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

3002 33. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design,
 3003 construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary
 3004 companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities,
 3005 by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

3006 34. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for
 3007 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

3008 35. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
 3009 providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
 3010 considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
 3011 subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
 3012 than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
 3013 law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

3014 36. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
 3015 individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
 3016 or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
 3017 Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
 3018 program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

3019 37. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are members,
 3020 senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant for licensure as a mortgage lender or mortgage
 3021 broker, or a licensed mortgage lender or mortgage broker for the purpose of investigating individuals
 3022 applying for a position of employment in which the individual may have access to or process personal
 3023 identifying or financial information from a member of the public, pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 6.1-408 et
 3024 seq.) of Title 6.1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an application for a mortgage lender or
 3025 mortgage broker license is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained from the Central
 3026 Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to § 6.1-414, the Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his
 3027 designee may disclose such information to the applicant or its designee; and

3028 38. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

3029 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records
 3030 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal
 3031 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons
 3032 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

3033 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to
 3034 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the
 3035 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a
 3036 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request;
 3037 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the
 3038 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further
 3039 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data
 3040 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

3041 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this
 3042 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

3043 C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal
 3044 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

3045 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records

Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care organizations pursuant to subdivision 15 of subsection A shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities, licensed district homes for adults, and licensed adult day-care centers pursuant to subdivision 16 of subsection A shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in § 63.1-189.1 or 63.2-1720.

G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision 35 of subsection A shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in § 63.2-1719.

H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request; provided that the person on whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

§ 19.2-390. (For expiration date, see Editor's note) Reports to be made by local law-enforcement officers, conservators of the peace, clerks of court, Secretary of the Commonwealth and Corrections officials to State Police; material submitted by other agencies.

A. 1. Every state official or agency having the power to arrest, the sheriffs of counties, the police officials of cities and towns, and any other local law-enforcement officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony shall make a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on forms provided by it, of any arrest, including those arrests involving the taking into custody of, or service of process upon, any person on charges resulting from an indictment, presentment or information, the arrest on capias or warrant for failure to appear, and the service of a warrant for another jurisdiction, on any of the following charges:

a. Treason;

b. Any felony;

c. Any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1; or

d. Any misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail (i) under Title 18.2 or 19.2, except an arrest for a violation of § 18.2-119, Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2, or any similar ordinance of any county, city or town, or (ii) under § 20-61.

The reports shall contain such information as is required by the Exchange and shall be accompanied by fingerprints of the individual arrested. Effective January 1, 2006, the corresponding photograph of the individual arrested shall accompany the report. Fingerprint cards prepared by a law-enforcement agency for inclusion in a national criminal justice file shall be forwarded to the Exchange for transmittal to the appropriate bureau. Nothing in this section shall preclude each local law-enforcement agency from maintaining its own separate photographic database.

2. For persons arrested and released on summonses in accordance with § 19.2-74, such report shall not be required until (i) a conviction is entered and no appeal is noted or if an appeal is noted, the conviction is upheld upon appeal or the person convicted withdraws his appeal; (ii) the court dismisses the proceeding pursuant to § 18.2-251; or (iii) an acquittal by reason of insanity pursuant to § 19.2-182.2 is entered. Upon such conviction or acquittal, the court shall remand the individual to the custody of the office of the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city. It shall be the duty of the chief law-enforcement officer, or his designee who may be the arresting officer, to ensure that such report is completed after a determination of guilt or acquittal by reason of insanity. The court shall require the officer to complete the report immediately following the person's conviction or acquittal, and the individual shall be discharged from custody forthwith, unless the court has imposed a jail sentence to be served by him or ordered him committed to the custody of the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

3107 B. Within 72 hours following the receipt of (i) a warrant or capias for the arrest of any person on a
 3108 charge of a felony or (ii) a Governor's warrant of arrest of a person issued pursuant to § 19.2-92, the
 3109 law-enforcement agency which received the warrant shall enter the person's name and other appropriate
 3110 information required by the Department of State Police into the "information systems" known as the
 3111 Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN), established and maintained by the Department pursuant
 3112 to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC),
 3113 maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The report shall include the person's name, date of
 3114 birth, social security number and such other known information which the State Police or Federal
 3115 Bureau of Investigation may require. Where feasible and practical, the magistrate or court issuing the
 3116 warrant or capias may transfer information electronically into VCIN. When the information is
 3117 electronically transferred to VCIN, the court or magistrate shall forthwith forward the warrant or capias
 3118 to the local police department or sheriff's office. When criminal process has been ordered destroyed
 3119 pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the law-enforcement agency destroying such process shall ensure the removal of
 3120 any information relating to the destroyed criminal process from the VCIN and NCIC systems.

3121 C. The clerk of each circuit court and district court shall make a report to the Central Criminal
 3122 Records Exchange of (i) any dismissal, indefinite postponement or continuance, charge still pending due
 3123 to mental incompetency or incapacity, nolle prosequi, acquittal, or conviction of, including any sentence
 3124 imposed, or failure of a grand jury to return a true bill as to, any person charged with an offense listed
 3125 in subsection A, including any action which may have resulted from an indictment, presentment or
 3126 information, and (ii) any adjudication of delinquency based upon an act which, if committed by an
 3127 adult, would require fingerprints to be filed pursuant to subsection A. In the case of offenses not
 3128 required to be reported to the Exchange by subsection A, the reports of any of the foregoing dispositions
 3129 shall be filed by the law-enforcement agency making the arrest with the arrest record required to be
 3130 maintained by § 15.2-1722. Upon conviction of any person, including juveniles tried and convicted in
 3131 the circuit courts pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as adults or juveniles, for an offense for
 3132 which registration is required as defined in § 9.1-902, the clerk shall within seven days of sentencing
 3133 submit a report to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry. The report to the Registry
 3134 shall include the name of the person convicted and all aliases which he is known to have used, the date
 3135 and locality of the conviction for which registration is required, his date of birth, social security number,
 3136 last known address, and specific reference to the offense for which he was convicted. No report of
 3137 conviction or adjudication in a district court shall be filed unless the period allowed for an appeal has
 3138 elapsed and no appeal has been perfected. In the event that the records in the office of any clerk show
 3139 that any conviction or adjudication has been nullified in any manner, he shall also make a report of that
 3140 fact to the Exchange and, if appropriate, to the Registry. In addition, each clerk of a circuit court, upon
 3141 receipt of certification thereof from the Supreme Court, shall report to the Exchange or the Registry, or
 3142 to the law-enforcement agency making the arrest in the case of offenses not required to be reported to
 3143 the Exchange, on forms provided by the Exchange or Registry, as the case may be, any reversal or other
 3144 amendment to a prior sentence or disposition previously reported. When criminal process is ordered
 3145 destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the clerk shall report such action to the law-enforcement agency that
 3146 entered the warrant or capias into the VCIN system.

3147 D. In addition to those offenses enumerated in subsection A of this section, the Central Criminal
 3148 Records Exchange may receive, classify and file any other fingerprints, photographs, and records of
 3149 arrest or confinement submitted to it by any law-enforcement agency or any correctional institution.

3150 E. Corrections officials, sheriffs, and jail superintendents of regional jails, responsible for maintaining
 3151 correctional status information, as required by the regulations of the Department of Criminal Justice
 3152 Services, with respect to individuals about whom reports have been made under the provisions of this
 3153 chapter shall make reports of changes in correctional status information to the Central Criminal Records
 3154 Exchange. The reports to the Exchange shall include any commitment to or release or escape from a
 3155 state or local correctional facility, including commitment to or release from a parole or probation
 3156 agency.

3157 F. Any pardon, reprieve or executive commutation of sentence by the Governor shall be reported to
 3158 the Exchange by the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

3159 G. Officials responsible for reporting disposition of charges, and correctional changes of status of
 3160 individuals under this section, including those reports made to the Registry, shall adopt procedures
 3161 reasonably designed at a minimum (i) to ensure that such reports are accurately made as soon as feasible
 3162 by the most expeditious means and in no instance later than 30 days after occurrence of the disposition
 3163 or correctional change of status; and (ii) to report promptly any correction, deletion, or revision of the
 3164 information.

3165 H. Upon receiving a correction, deletion, or revision of information, the Central Criminal Records
 3166 Exchange shall notify all criminal justice agencies known to have previously received the information.

3167 As used in this section, the term "chief law-enforcement officer" means the chief of police of cities

and towns and sheriffs of counties, unless a political subdivision has otherwise designated its chief law-enforcement officer by appropriate resolution or ordinance, in which case the local designation shall be controlling.

§ 19.2-390. (For effective date - see Editor's note) Reports to be made by local law-enforcement officers, conservators of the peace, clerks of court, Secretary of the Commonwealth and Corrections officials to State Police; material submitted by other agencies.

A. 1. Every state official or agency having the power to arrest, the sheriffs of counties, the police officials of cities and towns, and any other local law-enforcement officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony shall make a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on forms provided by it, of any arrest, including those arrests involving the taking into custody of, or service of process upon, any person on charges resulting from an indictment, presentment or information, the arrest on capias or warrant for failure to appear, and the service of a warrant for another jurisdiction, on any of the following charges:

a. Treason;

b. Any felony;

c. Any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1; or

d. Any misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail (i) under Title 18.2 or 19.2, except an arrest for a violation of § 18.2-119, Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2, or any similar ordinance of any county, city or town, or (ii) under § 20-61.

The reports shall contain such information as is required by the Exchange and shall be accompanied by fingerprints of the individual arrested. Effective January 1, 2006, the corresponding photograph of the individual arrested shall accompany the report. Fingerprint cards prepared by a law-enforcement agency for inclusion in a national criminal justice file shall be forwarded to the Exchange for transmittal to the appropriate bureau. Nothing in this section shall preclude each local law-enforcement agency from maintaining its own separate photographic database.

2. For persons arrested and released on summonses in accordance with § 19.2-74, such report shall not be required until (i) a conviction is entered and no appeal is noted or if an appeal is noted, the conviction is upheld upon appeal or the person convicted withdraws his appeal; (ii) the court dismisses the proceeding pursuant to § 18.2-251; or (iii) an acquittal by reason of insanity pursuant to § 19.2-182.2 is entered. Upon such conviction or acquittal, the court shall remand the individual to the custody of the office of the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city. It shall be the duty of the chief law-enforcement officer, or his designee who may be the arresting officer, to ensure that such report is completed after a determination of guilt or acquittal by reason of insanity. The court shall require the officer to complete the report immediately following the person's conviction or acquittal, and the individual shall be discharged from custody forthwith, unless the court has imposed a jail sentence to be served by him or ordered him committed to the custody of the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

B. Within 72 hours following the receipt of (i) a warrant or capias for the arrest of any person on a charge of a felony or (ii) a Governor's warrant of arrest of a person issued pursuant to § 19.2-92, the law-enforcement agency which received the warrant shall enter the person's name and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the "information systems" known as the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN), established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The report shall include the person's name, date of birth, social security number and such other known information which the State Police or Federal Bureau of Investigation may require. Where feasible and practical, the magistrate or court issuing the warrant or capias may transfer information electronically into VCIN. When the information is electronically transferred to VCIN, the court or magistrate shall forthwith forward the warrant or capias to the local police department or sheriff's office. When criminal process has been ordered destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the law-enforcement agency destroying such process shall ensure the removal of any information relating to the destroyed criminal process from the VCIN and NCIC.

C. The clerk of each circuit court and district court shall make an electronic report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange of (i) any dismissal, indefinite postponement or continuance, charge still pending due to mental incompetency or incapacity, nolle prosequi, acquittal, or conviction of, including any sentence imposed, or failure of a grand jury to return a true bill as to, any person charged with an offense listed in subsection A, including any action which may have resulted from an indictment, presentment or information, and (ii) any adjudication of delinquency based upon an act which, if committed by an adult, would require fingerprints to be filed pursuant to subsection A. In the case of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange by subsection A, the reports of any of the foregoing dispositions shall be filed by the law-enforcement agency making the arrest with the arrest record required to be maintained by § 15.2-1722. Upon conviction of any person, including juveniles

3229 tried and convicted in the circuit courts pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as adults or
 3230 juveniles, for an offense for which registration is required as defined in § 9.1-902, the clerk shall within
 3231 seven days of sentencing submit a report to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry. The
 3232 report to the Registry shall include the name of the person convicted and all aliases which he is known
 3233 to have used, the date and locality of the conviction for which registration is required, his date of birth,
 3234 social security number, last known address, and specific reference to the offense for which he was
 3235 convicted. No report of conviction or adjudication in a district court shall be filed unless the period
 3236 allowed for an appeal has elapsed and no appeal has been perfected. In the event that the records in the
 3237 office of any clerk show that any conviction or adjudication has been nullified in any manner, he shall
 3238 also make a report of that fact to the Exchange and, if appropriate, to the Registry. In addition, each
 3239 clerk of a circuit court, upon receipt of certification thereof from the Supreme Court, shall report to the
 3240 Exchange or the Registry, or to the law-enforcement agency making the arrest in the case of offenses
 3241 not required to be reported to the Exchange, on forms provided by the Exchange or Registry, as the case
 3242 may be, any reversal or other amendment to a prior sentence or disposition previously reported. When
 3243 criminal process is ordered destroyed pursuant to § 19.2-76.1, the clerk shall report such action to the
 3244 law-enforcement agency that entered the warrant or capias into the VCIN.

3245 D. In addition to those offenses enumerated in subsection A of this section, the Central Criminal
 3246 Records Exchange may receive, classify and file any other fingerprints, photographs, and records of
 3247 arrest or confinement submitted to it by any law-enforcement agency or any correctional institution.

3248 E. Corrections officials, sheriffs, and jail superintendents of regional jails, responsible for maintaining
 3249 correctional status information, as required by the regulations of the Department of Criminal Justice
 3250 Services, with respect to individuals about whom reports have been made under the provisions of this
 3251 chapter shall make reports of changes in correctional status information to the Central Criminal Records
 3252 Exchange. The reports to the Exchange shall include any commitment to or release or escape from a
 3253 state or local correctional facility, including commitment to or release from a parole or probation
 3254 agency.

3255 F. Any pardon, reprieve or executive commutation of sentence by the Governor shall be reported to
 3256 the Exchange by the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

3257 G. Officials responsible for reporting disposition of charges, and correctional changes of status of
 3258 individuals under this section, including those reports made to the Registry, shall adopt procedures
 3259 reasonably designed at a minimum (i) to ensure that such reports are accurately made as soon as feasible
 3260 by the most expeditious means and in no instance later than 30 days after occurrence of the disposition
 3261 or correctional change of status; and (ii) to report promptly any correction, deletion, or revision of the
 3262 information.

3263 H. Upon receiving a correction, deletion, or revision of information, the Central Criminal Records
 3264 Exchange shall notify all criminal justice agencies known to have previously received the information.

3265 As used in this section:

3266 "Chief law-enforcement officer" means the chief of police of cities and towns and sheriffs of
 3267 counties, unless a political subdivision has otherwise designated its chief law-enforcement officer by
 3268 appropriate resolution or ordinance, in which case the local designation shall be controlling.

3269 "Electronic report" means a report transmitted to, or otherwise forwarded to, the Central Criminal
 3270 Records Exchange in an electronic format approved by the Exchange. The report shall contain the name
 3271 of the person convicted and all aliases, which he is known to have used, the date and locality of the
 3272 conviction, his date of birth, social security number, last known address, and specific reference to the
 3273 offense including the Virginia Code section and any subsection, the Virginia crime code for the offense,
 3274 and the offense tracking number for the offense for which he was convicted.

3275 § 20-88. Support of parents by children.

3276 It shall be the joint and several duty of all persons eighteen years of age or over, of sufficient
 3277 earning capacity or income, after reasonably providing for his or her own immediate family, to assist in
 3278 providing for the support and maintenance of his or her mother or father, he or she being then and there
 3279 in necessitous circumstances.

3280 If there be more than one person bound to support the same parent or parents, the persons so bound
 3281 to support shall jointly and severally share equitably in the discharge of such duty. Taking into
 3282 consideration the needs of the parent or parents and the circumstances affecting the ability of each
 3283 person to discharge the duty of support, the court having jurisdiction shall have the power to determine
 3284 and order the payment, by such person or persons so bound to support, of that amount for support and
 3285 maintenance which to the court may seem just. Where the court ascertains that any person has failed to
 3286 render his or her proper share in such support and maintenance it may, upon the complaint of any party
 3287 or on its own motion, compel contribution by that person to any person or authority which has
 3288 theretofore contributed to the support or maintenance of the parent or parents. The court may from time
 3289 to time revise the orders entered by it or by any other court having jurisdiction under the provisions of

this section, in such manner as to it may seem just.

The juvenile and domestic relations district court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in all cases arising under this section. Any person aggrieved shall have the same right of appeal as is provided by law in other cases.

All proceedings under this section shall conform as nearly as possible to the proceedings under the other provisions of this chapter, and the other provisions of this chapter shall apply to cases arising under this section in like manner as though they were incorporated in this section. Prosecutions under this section shall be in the jurisdiction where the parent or parents reside.

This section shall not apply if there is substantial evidence of desertion, neglect, abuse or willful failure to support any such child by the father or mother, as the case may be, prior to the child's emancipation or, except as provided hereafter in this section, if a parent is otherwise eligible for and is receiving public assistance or services under a federal or state program.

To the extent that the financial responsibility of children for any part of the costs incurred in providing medical assistance to their parents pursuant to the plan provided for in § 32.1-325 is not restricted by that plan and to the extent that the financial responsibility of children for any part of the costs incurred in providing to their parents services rendered, administered or funded by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is not restricted by federal law, the provisions of this section shall apply. A proceeding may be instituted in accordance with this section in the name of the Commonwealth by the state agency administering the program of assistance or services in order to compel any child of a parent receiving such assistance or services to reimburse the Commonwealth for such portion of the costs incurred in providing the assistance or services as the court may determine to be reasonable. If costs are incurred for the institutionalization of a parent, the children shall in no case be responsible for such costs for more than sixty months of institutionalization.

Any person violating the provisions of an order entered pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or imprisonment in jail for a period not exceeding twelve months or both.

§ 22.1-7. Responsibility of each state board, agency and institution having children in residence or in custody.

Each state board, state agency and state institution having children in residence or in custody shall have responsibility for providing for the education and training to such children which is at least comparable to that which would be provided to such children in the public school system. Such board, agency or institution may provide such education and training either directly with its own facilities and personnel in cooperation with the Board of Education or under contract with a school division or any other public or private nonreligious school, agency or institution. The Board of Education shall supervise the education and training provided to school-age residents in state mental retardation facilities and provide for and direct the education for school-age residents in state mental health facilities in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The Board shall prescribe standards and regulations for all such education and training provided directly by a state board, state agency or state institution. Each state board, state agency or state institution providing such education and training shall submit annually its program therefor to the Board of Education for approval in accordance with regulations of the Board. If any child in the custody of any state board, state agency or state institution is a child with disabilities as defined in § 22.1-213 and such board, agency or institution must contract with a private nonreligious school to provide special education as defined in § 22.1-213 for such child, the state board, state agency or state institution may proceed as a guardian pursuant to the provisions of subsection A of § 22.1-218.

§ 22.1-205. Driver education programs.

A. The Board of Education shall establish for the public school system a standardized program of driver education in the safe operation of motor vehicles. Such program shall consist of classroom training and behind-the-wheel driver training. However, any student who participates in such a program of driver education shall meet the academic requirements established by the Board, and no student in a course shall be permitted to operate a motor vehicle without a license or permit to do so issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles. The program shall include instruction concerning (i) alcohol and drug abuse, (ii) aggressive driving, (iii) distracted driving, (iv) motorcycle awareness, and (v) organ and tissue donor awareness. Such instruction shall be developed by the Department in cooperation with the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program, the Department of Health, and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, as appropriate. Such program shall require a minimum number of miles driven during the behind-the-wheel driver training.

B. The Board shall assist school divisions by preparation, publication and distribution of competent driver education instructional materials to ensure a more complete understanding of the responsibilities

3351 and duties of motor vehicle operators.

3352 C. Each school board shall determine whether to offer the program of driver education in the safe
 3353 operation of motor vehicles and, if offered, whether such program shall be an elective or a required
 3354 course. In addition to the fee approved by the Board of Education pursuant to the appropriation act that
 3355 allows local school boards to charge a per pupil fee for behind-the-wheel driver education, the Board of
 3356 Education may authorize a local school board's request to assess a surcharge in order to further recover
 3357 program costs that exceed state funds distributed through basic aid to school divisions offering driver
 3358 education programs. Each school board may waive the fee or the surcharge in total or in part for those
 3359 students it determines cannot pay the fee or surcharge. Only school divisions complying with the
 3360 standardized program and regulations established by the Board of Education and the provisions of
 3361 § 46.2-335 shall be entitled to participate in the distribution of state funds appropriated for driver
 3362 education.

3363 D. The actual initial driving instruction shall be conducted, with motor vehicles equipped as may be
 3364 required by regulation of the Board of Education, on private or public property removed from public
 3365 highways if practicable; if impracticable, then, at the request of the school board, the Commonwealth
 3366 Transportation Board shall designate a suitable section of road near the school to be used for such
 3367 instruction. Such section of road shall be marked with signs, which the Commonwealth Transportation
 3368 Board shall supply, giving notice of its use for driving instruction. Such signs shall be removed at the
 3369 close of the instruction period. No vehicle other than those used for driver training shall be operated
 3370 between such signs at a speed in excess of 25 miles per hour. Violation of this limit shall be a Class 4
 3371 misdemeanor.

3372 E. The Board of Education may, in its discretion, promulgate regulations for the use and certification
 3373 of paraprofessionals as teaching assistants in the driver education programs of school divisions.

3374 F. The Board of Education shall approve correspondence courses for the classroom training
 3375 component of driver education. These correspondence courses shall be consistent in quality with
 3376 instructional programs developed by the Board for classroom training in the public schools. Students
 3377 completing the correspondence courses for classroom training, who are eligible to take behind-the-wheel
 3378 driver training, may receive behind-the-wheel driver training (i) from a public school, upon payment of
 3379 the required fee, if the school division offers behind-the-wheel driver training and space is available, (ii)
 3380 from a driver training school licensed by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or (iii) in the case of a
 3381 home schooling parent or guardian instructing his own child who meets the requirements for home
 3382 school instruction under § 22.1-254.1 or subdivision B 1 of § 22.1-254, from a behind-the-wheel training
 3383 course approved by the Board. Nothing herein shall be construed to require any school division to
 3384 provide behind-the-wheel driver training to nonpublic school students.

3385 § 22.1-209.2. Programs and teachers in regional detention homes, certain local detention homes and
 3386 state agencies and institutions.

3387 The Board of Education shall prepare and supervise the implementation in the regional detention
 3388 homes and those local detention homes having teachers whose salaries were being funded by the
 3389 Commonwealth on January 1, 1984, a program designed to educate and train the children detained in the
 3390 homes. In addition, the Board shall supervise those programs of evaluation, education and training
 3391 provided to school-age children by the Department of Health, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 3392 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the children's teaching
 3393 hospital associated with the Eastern Virginia Medical School, the Virginia Commonwealth University
 3394 Health System Authority, the children's teaching hospital associated with the Virginia Commonwealth
 3395 University Health System Authority, and the University of Virginia Hospitals pursuant to the Board's
 3396 standards and regulations as required by § 22.1-7.

3397 The Board shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to conform these
 3398 programs with the applicable federal and state laws and regulations including, but not limited to,
 3399 teacher/student ratios and special education requirements for children with disabilities. The education
 3400 programs in the relevant detention homes and state agencies and institutions shall be approved by the
 3401 Board and the Board shall prepare a budget for these educational programs which shall be solely
 3402 supported by such general funds as are appropriated by the General Assembly for this purpose. Teacher
 3403 staffing ratios for regional or local detention homes shall be based on a ratio of one teacher for every
 3404 twelve beds based on the capacity of the facility; however, if the previous year's average daily
 3405 attendance exceeds this bed capacity, the ratio shall be based on the average daily attendance at the
 3406 facility as calculated by the Department of Education from the previous school year.

3407 The Board of Education shall enter into contracts with the relevant state agency or institution or
 3408 detention facility or the local school divisions in which the state agencies or institutions or the regional
 3409 detention homes and the relevant local detention homes are located for the hiring and supervision of
 3410 teachers.

3411 In any case in which the Board enters into a contract with the relevant state agency or institution, the

Department of Human Resource Management shall establish salary schedules for the teachers which are competitive with those in effect for the school divisions in which the agency or institution is located.

§ 22.1-214.2. Definition of "supervise" as related to educational programs provided for or by Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

For the purposes of subsection F of § 22.1-214 as related to the educational programs provided for or by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, "supervise" shall mean providing active support in (i) designing mechanisms for maintaining constant direct contact and the sharing of ideas, approaches and innovations between the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and the facility staff responsible for providing educational services; (ii) providing consistent oversight, with particular attention to the mental health programs, to ensure that the availability of educational resources and the distribution of funds clearly reflect the needs of the different student populations residing in the various facilities; (iii) developing guidelines, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* for the evaluation of the performance of the education directors or other education supervisors employed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (iv) developing and implementing, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, programs to ensure that the educational and treatment needs of dually diagnosed children in state institutions are met; and (v) ensuring that the expertise of the Department of Education is utilized by providing technical assistance to the education programs provided for or by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* in the areas of selection and acquisition of educational materials, curriculum development including career and technical education, when appropriate, and applications for federal grants.

§ 22.1-214.3. Department to develop certain curriculum guidelines; Board to approve.

The Department of Education shall develop curricula for the school-age residents of the state training centers for the ~~mentally retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ and curriculum guidelines for the school-age residents of the state mental health facilities in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and representatives of the teachers employed to provide instruction to the children. Prior to implementation, the Board of Education shall approve these curricula and curriculum guidelines.

These curricula and curriculum guidelines shall be designed to provide a range of programs and suggested program sequences for different functioning levels and handicaps and shall be reviewed and revised at least every three years. In addition to academic programming, the curriculum guidelines for the school-age residents of the state mental health facilities shall include affective education and physical education as well as independent living and career and technical education, with particular emphasis on the needs of older adolescents and young adults.

§ 22.1-215. School divisions to provide special education; plan to be submitted to Board.

Each school division shall provide free and appropriate education, including special education, for the children with disabilities residing within its jurisdiction in accordance with regulations of the Board of Education.

For the purposes of this section, "children with disabilities, residing within its jurisdiction" shall include: (i) those individuals of school age identified as appropriate to be placed in public school programs, who are residing in a state institution operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* located within the school division, or (ii) those individuals of school age who are Virginia residents and are placed and living in a foster care home or child-caring institution or group home located within the school division and licensed under the provisions of Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) of Title 63.2 as a result of being in the custody of a local department of social services or welfare or being privately placed, not solely for school purposes.

The Board of Education shall promulgate regulations to identify those children placed within facilities operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* who are eligible to be appropriately placed in public school programs.

The cost of the education provided to children residing in the state institutions, who are appropriate to place within the public schools, shall remain the responsibility of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. The cost of the education provided to children who are not residents of the Commonwealth and are placed and living in a foster care home or child-caring institution or group home located within the school division and licensed under the provisions of Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) of Title 63.2 shall be billed to the

3473 sending agency or person by the school division as provided in subsection C of § 22.1-5. No school
 3474 division shall refuse to educate any such child or charge tuition to any such child.

3475 Each school division shall submit to the Board of Education in accordance with the schedule and by
 3476 the date specified by the Board, a plan acceptable to the Board for such education for the period
 3477 following and a report indicating the extent to which the plan required by law for the preceding period
 3478 has been implemented. However, the schedule specified by the Board shall not require plans to be
 3479 submitted more often than annually unless changes to the plan are required by federal or state law or
 3480 regulation.

3481 § 22.1-217.1. Programs for the research and development of innovative methods of teaching children
 3482 with mental illness, mental retardation, or serious emotional disturbance.

3483 For the purpose of improving the quality of the education and training provided to the school-age
 3484 residents of the state mental health and mental retardation facilities, there is hereby established a
 3485 program of grants, from such funds as are appropriated by the General Assembly, to promote the
 3486 research and development of innovative methods of teaching ~~mentally retarded, mentally ill or~~
 3487 ~~emotionally disturbed~~ children with mental illness, mental retardation, or serious emotional disturbance
 3488 in residential settings. This program shall be available to the education directors and instructional staffs
 3489 of the institutions administered by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
 3490 ~~Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~. The Board of Education shall award these grants
 3491 on the basis of the recommendations of an advisory committee composed of the Director of the Virginia
 3492 Treatment Center for Children, two representatives of the Department of Education and two
 3493 representatives of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral~~
 3494 ~~Health and Developmental Services~~. The advisory committee shall establish objectives for these grants,
 3495 develop requests for proposals and set criteria for evaluating the applications for funds.

3496 § 22.1-272.1. Responsibility to contact parent of student at imminent risk of suicide; notice to be
 3497 given to social services if parental abuse or neglect; Board of Education, in cooperation with the
 3498 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and the Department of Health, to develop
 3499 guidelines for parental contact.

3500 A. Any person licensed as administrative or instructional personnel by the Board of Education and
 3501 employed by a local school board who, in the scope of his employment, has reason to believe, as a
 3502 result of direct communication from a student, that such student is at imminent risk of suicide, shall, as
 3503 soon as practicable, contact at least one of such student's parents to ask whether such parent is aware of
 3504 the student's mental state and whether the parent wishes to obtain or has already obtained counseling for
 3505 such student. Such contact shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the guidelines required by
 3506 subsection C.

3507 B. If the student has indicated that the reason for being at imminent risk of suicide relates to parental
 3508 abuse or neglect, this contact shall not be made with the parent. Instead, the person shall, as soon as
 3509 practicable, notify the local department of social services of the county or city wherein the child resides
 3510 or wherein the abuse or neglect is believed to have occurred or the state Department of Social Services'
 3511 toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline, as required by § 63.2-1509. When giving this notice to the local
 3512 or state department, the person shall stress the need to take immediate action to protect the child from
 3513 harm.

3514 C. The Board of Education, in cooperation with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 3515 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ and the Department of
 3516 Health, shall develop guidelines for making the contact required by subsection A. These guidelines shall
 3517 include, but need not be limited to, (i) criteria to assess the suicide risks of students, (ii) characteristics
 3518 to identify potentially suicidal students, (iii) appropriate responses to students expressing suicidal
 3519 intentions, (iv) available and appropriate community services for students expressing suicidal intentions,
 3520 (v) suicide prevention strategies which may be implemented by local schools for students expressing
 3521 suicidal intentions, (vi) criteria for notification of and discussions with parents of students expressing
 3522 suicidal intentions, (vii) criteria for as-soon-as-practicable contact with the parents, (viii) appropriate
 3523 sensitivity to religious beliefs, and (ix) legal requirements and criteria for notification of public service
 3524 agencies, including, but not limited to, the local or state social services and mental health agencies.
 3525 These guidelines may include case studies and problem-solving exercises and may be designed as
 3526 materials for in-service training programs for licensed administrative and instructional personnel.

3527 § 23-38.2. Virginia Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Scholarship Fund.

3528 (a) There is hereby established a fund, to be known as the Virginia ~~Mental Health and Mental~~
 3529 ~~Retardation Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ Scholarship Fund, which shall consist of
 3530 funds appropriated to it from time to time by the General Assembly and which shall be administered by
 3531 the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and~~
 3532 ~~Developmental Services~~, for the purpose of providing scholarships for study in various professions and
 3533 skills that deal with the treatment, training and care of ~~the mentally ill and mentally retarded individuals~~

with mental illness and mental retardation.

(b) The State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services ~~Board~~ shall promulgate the necessary rules and regulations, not inconsistent with other laws, for the implementation of this section. Such rules and regulations shall provide:

(1) That scholarships be awarded for a period no longer than one year, but that certain scholarships may be reawarded not more than two times;

(2) That persons who receive such scholarships agree to serve in state employment upon completion of training for a period at least as long as the length of training provided by the scholarship, and that if they do not fulfill this agreement they shall repay to the Commonwealth the amount of the scholarship with interest;

(3) That priorities be given for training in professions and skills where shortages exist and are anticipated in state mental health and mental retardation institutions; and

(4) That priorities be given to citizens of this Commonwealth.

(c) The Commissioner of the ~~Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services is hereby authorized to receive gifts, donations, bequests, and federal grants to the Virginia ~~Mental Health and Mental Retardation~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Scholarship Fund.

§ 25.1-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Body determining just compensation" means a jury selected pursuant to § 25.1-229, or the court if a jury is not empanelled.

"Court" means the court having jurisdiction as provided in § 25.1-201.

"Date of valuation" means the time of the lawful taking by the petitioner, or the date of the filing of the petition pursuant to § 25.1-205, whichever occurs first.

"Freeholder" means any person owning an interest in land in fee, including a person owning a condominium unit.

"Land" means real estate and all rights and appurtenances thereto, together with the structures and other improvements thereon, and any right, title, interest, estate or claim in or to real estate.

"Locality" or "local government" means a county, city, or town, as the context may require.

"Owner" means any person who owns property, provided that the person's ownership of the property is of record in the land records of the clerk's office of the circuit court of the county or city where the property is located. The term "owner" shall not include trustees or beneficiaries under a deed of trust, any person with a security interest in the property, or any person with a judgment or lien against the property. This definition of the term "owner" shall not affect in any way the valuation of property.

"Person" means any individual; firm; cooperative; association; corporation; limited liability company; trust; business trust; syndicate; partnership; limited liability partnership; joint venture; receiver; trustee in bankruptcy or any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise; club, society or other group or combination acting as a unit; the Commonwealth or any department, agency or instrumentality thereof; any city, county, town, or other political subdivision or any department, agency or instrumentality thereof; or any interstate body to which the Commonwealth is a party.

"Petitioner" or "condemnor" means any person who possesses the power to exercise the right of eminent domain and who seeks to exercise such power under this chapter. The term "petitioner" or "condemnor" includes any person required to make an effort to purchase property as provided in § 25.1-204.

"Property" means land and personal property, and any right, title, interest, estate or claim in or to such property.

"State institution" means any (i) educational institution enumerated in § 23-14 or (ii) state hospital, ~~state training school~~ or state training center for the ~~mentally retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

§ 29.1-313. Issuance of licenses for use of patients in certain state institutions.

The Director shall have authority to issue at the regular fee, up to twenty-five state resident licenses to fish in the name of any state institution operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for use by patients of the institution.

§ 32.1-45.1. Deemed consent to testing and release of test results related to infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses.

A. Whenever any health care provider, or any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, is directly exposed to body fluids of a patient in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human

immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the patient whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such patient shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the health care provider to inform patients of this provision prior to providing them with health care services which create a risk of such exposure.

B. Whenever any patient is directly exposed to body fluids of a health care provider, or of any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the patient who was exposed.

C. For the purposes of this section, "health care provider" means any person, facility or agency licensed or certified to provide care or treatment by the Department of Health, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, Department of Rehabilitative Services, or the Department of Social Services, any person licensed or certified by a health regulatory board within the Department of Health Professions except for the Boards of Funeral Directors and Embalmers and Veterinary Medicine or any personal care agency contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services.

D. "Health care provider," as defined in subsection C of this section, shall be deemed to include any person who renders emergency care or assistance, without compensation and in good faith, at the scene of an accident, fire, or any life-threatening emergency, or while en route therefrom to any hospital, medical clinic or doctor's office during the period while rendering such emergency care or assistance. The Department of Health shall provide appropriate counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results to any such person.

E. Whenever any law-enforcement officer is directly exposed to body fluids of a person in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the law-enforcement officer who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the law-enforcement officer to inform the person of this provision prior to the contact which creates a risk of such exposure.

F. Whenever a person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a law-enforcement officer in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the law-enforcement officer whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The law-enforcement officer shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

G. For the purposes of this section, "law-enforcement officer" means a person who is both (i) engaged in his public duty at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any sheriff's office, any adult or youth correctional facility, or any state or local law-enforcement agency, or any agency or department under the direction and control of the Commonwealth or any local governing body that employs persons who have law-enforcement authority.

H. Whenever any school board employee is directly exposed to body fluids of any person in a manner which may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the school board employee who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the school board employee to inform the person of this provision prior to the contact that creates a risk of such exposure.

I. Whenever any person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a school board employee in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the school board employee whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The school board employee shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

J. For the purposes of this section, "school board employee" means a person who is both (i) acting in the course of employment at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any local school board in

the Commonwealth.

K. For purposes of this section, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing is a minor, and that minor refuses to provide such specimen, consent for obtaining such specimen shall be obtained from the parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of such minor prior to initiating such testing. If the parent or guardian or person standing in loco parentis withholds such consent, or is not reasonably available, the person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district court in the county or city where the minor resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board has its principal office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to subsection D, the county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the minor to provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this section.

L. Except as provided in subsection K, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing refuses to provide such specimen, any person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the general district court of the county or city in which the person whose specimen is sought resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board has its principal office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to subsection D, the county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the person to provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this section. At any hearing before the court, the person whose specimen is sought or his counsel may appear. The court shall be advised by the Commissioner or his designee prior to entering any testing order. If a testing order is issued, both the petitioner and the person from whom the blood specimen is sought shall receive counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results by a licensed practitioner or trained counselor.

§ 32.1-64.1. Virginia Hearing Impairment Identification and Monitoring System.

A. In order to identify hearing loss at the earliest possible age among newborns and to provide early intervention for all infants so identified as having hearing impairment, the Commissioner shall establish and maintain the Virginia Hearing Impairment Identification and Monitoring System. This system shall be for the purpose of identifying and monitoring infants with hearing impairment to ensure that such infants receive appropriate early intervention through treatment, therapy, training and education.

B. The Virginia Hearing Impairment Identification and Monitoring System shall be initiated in all hospitals with neonatal intensive care services, in all hospitals in the Commonwealth having newborn nurseries, and in other birthing places or centers in the Commonwealth having newborn nurseries.

C. In all hospitals with neonatal intensive care services, the chief medical officer of such hospitals or his designee shall identify infants at risk of hearing impairment using criteria established by the Board. Beginning on July 1, 1999, all infants shall be given a hearing screening test, regardless of whether or not the infant is at risk of hearing impairment, by the chief medical officer or his designee using methodology approved by the Board. The test shall take place before the infant is discharged from the hospital to the care of the parent or guardian, or as the Board may by regulation provide.

In all other hospitals and other birthing places or centers, the chief medical officer or his designee or the attending practitioner shall identify infants at risk of hearing impairment using criteria established by the Board.

D. Beginning on July 1, 2000, the Board shall provide by regulation for the giving of hearing screening tests for all infants born in all hospitals. The Board's regulations shall establish when the testing shall be offered and performed and procedures for reporting.

An infant whose hearing screening indicates the need for a diagnostic audiological examination shall be offered such examination at a center approved by the Board of Health. As a condition of such approval, such centers shall maintain suitable audiological support and medical and educational referral practices.

E. The Commissioner shall appoint an advisory committee to assist in the design, implementation, and revision of this identification and monitoring system. The advisory committee shall meet at least four times per year. A chairman shall be elected annually by the advisory committee. The Department of Health shall provide support services to the advisory committee. The advisory committee shall consist of representatives from relevant groups including, but not limited to, the health insurance industry; physicians, including at least one pediatrician or family practitioner, one otolaryngologist, and one neonatologist; nurses representing newborn nurseries; audiologists; hearing aid dealers and fitters; teachers of the deaf and hard-of-hearing; parents of children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing; adults who are deaf or hard-of-hearing; hospital administrators; and personnel of appropriate state agencies, including the Department of Medical Assistance Services, the Department of Education, and the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing. The Department of Education, the Department for the

3717 Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
 3718 ~~Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services shall cooperate with the Commissioner and the
 3719 Board in implementing this system.

3720 F. With the assistance of the advisory committee, the Board shall promulgate such rules and
 3721 regulations as may be necessary to implement this identification and monitoring system. These rules and
 3722 regulations shall include criteria, including current screening methodology, for the identification of
 3723 infants (i) with hearing impairment and (ii) at risk of hearing impairment and shall include the scope of
 3724 the information to be reported, reporting forms, screening protocols, appropriate mechanisms for
 3725 follow-up, relationships between the identification and monitoring system and other state agency
 3726 programs or activities and mechanisms for review and evaluation of the activities of the system. The
 3727 identification and monitoring system shall collect the name, address, sex, race, and any other information
 3728 determined to be pertinent by the Board, regarding infants determined to be at risk of hearing
 3729 impairment or to have hearing loss.

3730 G. In addition, the Board's regulations shall provide that any person making a determination that an
 3731 infant (i) is at risk for hearing impairment, (ii) has failed to pass a hearing screening, or (iii) was not
 3732 successfully tested shall notify the parent or guardian of the infant, the infant's primary care practitioner,
 3733 and the Commissioner.

3734 H. No testing required to be performed or offered by this section shall be performed if the parents of
 3735 the infant object to the test based on their bona fide religious convictions.

3736 § 32.1-73.7. Department to be lead agency for youth suicide prevention.

3737 With such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, the Department, in consultation with the
 3738 Department of Education, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~
 3739 ~~Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services, community services boards and behavioral health
 3740 authorities, and local departments of health, shall have the lead responsibility for the youth suicide
 3741 prevention program within the Commonwealth. This responsibility includes coordination of the activities
 3742 of the agencies of the Commonwealth pertaining to youth suicide prevention in order to develop and
 3743 carry out comprehensive youth suicide prevention strategies addressing public awareness, the promotion
 3744 of health development, early identification, intervention and treatment, and support to survivors. The
 3745 strategies shall be targeted to the specific needs of children and adolescents. The Department shall
 3746 cooperate with federal, state and local agencies, private and public agencies, survivor groups and other
 3747 interested persons in order to prevent youth suicide within the Commonwealth.

3748 The provisions of this section shall not limit the powers and duties of other state agencies.

3749 § 32.1-102.1. Definitions.

3750 As used in this article, unless the context indicates otherwise:

3751 "Certificate" means a certificate of public need for a project required by this article.

3752 "Clinical health service" means a single diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, preventive or palliative
 3753 procedure or a series of such procedures that may be separately identified for billing and accounting
 3754 purposes.

3755 "Health planning region" means a contiguous geographical area of the Commonwealth with a
 3756 population base of at least 500,000 persons which is characterized by the availability of multiple levels
 3757 of medical care services, reasonable travel time for tertiary care, and congruence with planning districts.

3758 "Medical care facility," as used in this title, means any institution, place, building or agency, whether
 3759 or not licensed or required to be licensed by the Board or the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation~~
 3760 ~~and Substance Abuse Services Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board~~,
 3761 whether operated for profit or nonprofit and whether privately owned or privately operated or owned or
 3762 operated by a local governmental unit, (i) by or in which health services are furnished, conducted,
 3763 operated or offered for the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, deformity
 3764 or physical condition, whether medical or surgical, of two or more nonrelated mentally or physically
 3765 sick or injured persons, or for the care of two or more nonrelated persons requiring or receiving
 3766 medical, surgical or nursing attention or services as acute, chronic, convalescent, aged, physically
 3767 disabled or crippled or (ii) which is the recipient of reimbursements from third-party health insurance
 3768 programs or prepaid medical service plans. For purposes of this article, only the following medical care
 3769 facilities shall be subject to review:

3770 1. General hospitals.

3771 2. Sanitariums.

3772 3. Nursing homes.

3773 4. Intermediate care facilities, except those intermediate care facilities established for ~~the mentally~~
 3774 ~~retarded individuals with mental retardation~~ that have no more than 12 beds and are in an area
 3775 identified as in need of residential services for ~~people~~ *individuals* with mental retardation in any plan of
 3776 the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and~~
 3777 ~~Developmental Services~~.

5. Extended care facilities.
 6. Mental hospitals.
 7. Mental retardation facilities.
 8. Psychiatric hospitals and intermediate care facilities established primarily for the medical, psychiatric or psychological treatment and rehabilitation of ~~alcoholics or drug addicts~~ *individuals with substance abuse*.
 9. Specialized centers or clinics or that portion of a physician's office developed for the provision of outpatient or ambulatory surgery, cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, radiation therapy, nuclear medicine imaging, except for the purpose of nuclear cardiac imaging, or such other specialty services as may be designated by the Board by regulation.
 10. Rehabilitation hospitals.
 11. Any facility licensed as a hospital.
- The term "medical care facility" shall not include any facility of (i) the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~; (ii) any nonhospital substance abuse residential treatment program operated by or contracted primarily for the use of a community services board under the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~' Comprehensive State Plan; (iii) an intermediate care facility for ~~the mentally retarded~~ *individuals with mental retardation* that has no more than 12 beds and is in an area identified as in need of residential services for people with mental retardation in any plan of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~; (iv) a physician's office, except that portion of a physician's office described above in subdivision 9 of the definition of "medical care facility"; or (v) the Woodrow Wilson Rehabilitation Center of the Department of Rehabilitative Services. "Medical care facility" shall also not include that portion of a physician's office dedicated to providing nuclear cardiac imaging.
- "Project" means:
1. Establishment of a medical care facility;
 2. An increase in the total number of beds or operating rooms in an existing medical care facility;
 3. Relocation of beds from one existing facility to another; provided that "project" shall not include the relocation of up to 10 beds or 10 percent of the beds, whichever is less, (i) from one existing facility to another existing facility at the same site in any two-year period, or (ii) in any three-year period, from one existing nursing home facility to any other existing nursing home facility owned or controlled by the same person that is located either within the same planning district, or within another planning district out of which, during or prior to that three-year period, at least 10 times that number of beds have been authorized by statute to be relocated from one or more facilities located in that other planning district and at least half of those beds have not been replaced; provided further that, however, a hospital shall not be required to obtain a certificate for the use of 10 percent of its beds as nursing home beds as provided in § 32.1-132;
 4. Introduction into an existing medical care facility of any new nursing home service, such as intermediate care facility services, extended care facility services, or skilled nursing facility services, regardless of the type of medical care facility in which those services are provided;
 5. Introduction into an existing medical care facility of any new cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), medical rehabilitation, neonatal special care, obstetrical, open heart surgery, positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, psychiatric, organ or tissue transplant service, radiation therapy, nuclear medicine imaging, except for the purpose of nuclear cardiac imaging, substance abuse treatment, or such other specialty clinical services as may be designated by the Board by regulation, which the facility has never provided or has not provided in the previous 12 months;
 6. Conversion of beds in an existing medical care facility to medical rehabilitation beds or psychiatric beds;
 7. The addition by an existing medical care facility of any medical equipment for the provision of cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), open heart surgery, positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, radiation therapy, or other specialized service designated by the Board by regulation. Replacement of existing equipment shall not require a certificate of public need; or
 8. Any capital expenditure of \$15 million or more, not defined as reviewable in subdivisions 1 through 7 of this definition, by or in behalf of a medical care facility. However, capital expenditures between \$5 and \$15 million shall be registered with the Commissioner pursuant to regulations developed by the Board. The amounts specified in this subdivision shall be revised effective July 1, 2008, and

annually thereafter to reflect inflation using appropriate measures incorporating construction costs and medical inflation.

"Regional health planning agency" means the regional agency, including the regional health planning board, its staff and any component thereof, designated by the Virginia Health Planning Board to perform the health planning activities set forth in this chapter within a health planning region.

"State Medical Facilities Plan" means the planning document adopted by the Board of Health which shall include, but not be limited to, (i) methodologies for projecting need for medical care facility beds and services; (ii) statistical information on the availability of medical care facilities and services; and (iii) procedures, criteria and standards for review of applications for projects for medical care facilities and services.

"Virginia Health Planning Board" means the statewide health planning body established pursuant to § 32.1-122.02 which serves as the analytical and technical resource to the Secretary of Health and Human Resources in matters requiring health analysis and planning.

§ 32.1-122.5. Criteria to identify underserved areas.

The Board of Health shall establish criteria to identify medically underserved areas within the Commonwealth. These criteria shall consist of quantifiable measures sensitive to the unique characteristics of urban and rural jurisdictions which may include the incidence of infant mortality, the availability of primary care resources, poverty levels, and other measures indicating the inadequacy of the primary health care system as determined by the Board. The Board shall also include in these criteria the need for medical care services in the state facilities operated by the Departments of Corrections, Juvenile Justice, and ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.~~

§ 32.1-124. Exemptions.

The provisions of §§ 32.1-123 through 32.1-136 shall not be applicable to: (i) a dispensary or first-aid facility maintained by any commercial or industrial plant, educational institution or convent; (ii) an institution licensed by the ~~State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board;~~ (iii) an institution or portion thereof licensed by the State Board of Social Services; (iv) a hospital or nursing home owned or operated by an agency of the United States government; (v) an office of one or more physicians or surgeons unless such office is used principally for performing surgery; and (vi) a hospital or nursing home, as defined in § 32.1-123, owned or operated by an agency of the Commonwealth unless such hospital or nursing home or portion thereof is certified as a nursing facility pursuant to § 32.1-137.

§ 32.1-125.1. Inspection of hospitals by state agencies generally.

As used in this section unless the context requires a different meaning, "hospital" means a hospital as defined in § 32.1-123 or § 37.2-100.

State agencies shall make or cause to be made only such inspections of hospitals as are necessary to carry out the various obligations imposed on each agency by applicable state and federal laws and regulations. Any on-site inspection by a state agency or a division or unit thereof that substantially complies with the inspection requirements of any other state agency or any other division or unit of the inspecting agency charged with making similar inspections shall be accepted as an equivalent inspection in lieu of an on-site inspection by said agency or by a division or unit of the inspecting agency. A state agency shall coordinate its hospital inspections both internally and with those required by other state agencies so as to ensure that the requirements of this section are met.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, all hospitals licensed by the Department of Health or Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ which have been certified under the provisions of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act for hospital or psychiatric services or which have obtained accreditation from the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations may be subject to inspections so long as such certification or accreditation is maintained but only to the extent necessary to ensure the public health and safety.

§ 32.1-127.1:03. Health records privacy.

A. There is hereby recognized an individual's right of privacy in the content of his health records. Health records are the property of the health care entity maintaining them, and, except when permitted or required by this section or by other provisions of state law, no health care entity, or other person working in a health care setting, may disclose an individual's health records.

Pursuant to this subsection:

1. Health care entities shall disclose health records to the individual who is the subject of the health record, except as provided in subsections E and F of this section and subsection B of § 8.01-413.

2. Health records shall not be removed from the premises where they are maintained without the approval of the health care entity that maintains such health records, except in accordance with a court order or subpoena consistent with subsection C of § 8.01-413 or with this section or in accordance with

the regulations relating to change of ownership of health records promulgated by a health regulatory board established in Title 54.1.

3. No person to whom health records are disclosed shall redisclose or otherwise reveal the health records of an individual, beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made, without first obtaining the individual's specific authorization to such redisclosure. This redisclosure prohibition shall not, however, prevent (i) any health care entity that receives health records from another health care entity from making subsequent disclosures as permitted under this section and the federal Department of Health and Human Services regulations relating to privacy of the electronic transmission of data and protected health information promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) (42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq.) or (ii) any health care entity from furnishing health records and aggregate or other data, from which individually identifying prescription information has been removed, encoded or encrypted, to qualified researchers, including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical manufacturers and their agents or contractors, for purposes of clinical, pharmaco-epidemiological, pharmaco-economic, or other health services research.

B. As used in this section:

"Agent" means a person who has been appointed as an individual's agent under a power of attorney for health care or an advance directive under the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

"Certification" means a written representation that is delivered by hand, by first-class mail, by overnight delivery service, or by facsimile if the sender obtains a facsimile-machine-generated confirmation reflecting that all facsimile pages were successfully transmitted.

"Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the person.

"Health care clearinghouse" means, consistent with the definition set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a public or private entity, such as a billing service, repricing company, community health management information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches, that performs either of the following functions: (i) processes or facilitates the processing of health information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content into standard data elements or a standard transaction; or (ii) receives a standard transaction from another entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard format or nonstandard data content for the receiving entity.

"Health care entity" means any health care provider, health plan or health care clearinghouse.

"Health care provider" means those entities listed in the definition of "health care provider" in § 8.01-581.1, except that state-operated facilities shall also be considered health care providers for the purposes of this section. Health care provider shall also include all persons who are licensed, certified, registered or permitted or who hold a multistate licensure privilege issued by any of the health regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except persons regulated by the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

"Health plan" means an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, medical care. "Health plan" shall include any entity included in such definition as set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.

"Health record" means any written, printed or electronically recorded material maintained by a health care entity in the course of providing health services to an individual concerning the individual and the services provided. "Health record" also includes the substance of any communication made by an individual to a health care entity in confidence during or in connection with the provision of health services or information otherwise acquired by the health care entity about an individual in confidence and in connection with the provision of health services to the individual.

"Health services" means, but shall not be limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind, as well as payment or reimbursement for any such services.

"Individual" means a patient who is receiving or has received health services from a health care entity.

"Individually identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other prescription information that specifically identifies an individual.

"Parent" means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.

"Psychotherapy notes" means comments, recorded in any medium by a health care provider who is a mental health professional, documenting or analyzing the contents of conversation during a private counseling session with an individual or a group, joint, or family counseling session that are separated from the rest of the individual's health record. "Psychotherapy notes" shall not include annotations relating to medication and prescription monitoring, counseling session start and stop times, treatment modalities and frequencies, clinical test results, or any summary of any symptoms, diagnosis, prognosis, functional status, treatment plan, or the individual's progress to date.

C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the following:

3961 1. The status of and release of information governed by §§ 65.2-604 and 65.2-607 of the Virginia
 3962 Workers' Compensation Act;

3963 2. Except where specifically provided herein, the health records of minors; or

3964 3. The release of juvenile health records to a secure facility or a shelter care facility pursuant to
 3965 § 16.1-248.3.

3966 D. Health care entities may, and, when required by other provisions of state law, shall, disclose
 3967 health records:

3968 1. As set forth in subsection E, pursuant to the written authorization of (i) the individual or (ii) in the
 3969 case of a minor, (a) his custodial parent, guardian or other person authorized to consent to treatment of
 3970 minors pursuant to § 54.1-2969 or (b) the minor himself, if he has consented to his own treatment
 3971 pursuant to § 54.1-2969, or (iii) in emergency cases or situations where it is impractical to obtain an
 3972 individual's written authorization, pursuant to the individual's oral authorization for a health care
 3973 provider or health plan to discuss the individual's health records with a third party specified by the
 3974 individual;

3975 2. In compliance with a subpoena issued in accord with subsection H, pursuant to a search warrant
 3976 or a grand jury subpoena, pursuant to court order upon good cause shown or in compliance with a
 3977 subpoena issued pursuant to subsection C of § 8.01-413. Regardless of the manner by which health
 3978 records relating to an individual are compelled to be disclosed pursuant to this subdivision, nothing in
 3979 this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit any staff or employee of a health care entity from
 3980 providing information about such individual to a law-enforcement officer in connection with such
 3981 subpoena, search warrant, or court order;

3982 3. In accord with subsection F of § 8.01-399 including, but not limited to, situations where disclosure
 3983 is reasonably necessary to establish or collect a fee or to defend a health care entity or the health care
 3984 entity's employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; also as required in the course of
 3985 an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly
 3986 authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity;

3987 4. In testimony in accordance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2;

3988 5. In compliance with the provisions of § 8.01-413;

3989 6. As required or authorized by law relating to public health activities, health oversight activities,
 3990 serious threats to health or safety, or abuse, neglect or domestic violence, relating to contagious disease,
 3991 public safety, and suspected child or adult abuse reporting requirements, including, but not limited to,
 3992 those contained in §§ 32.1-36, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-40, 32.1-41, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-276.5, 32.1-283,
 3993 32.1-283.1, 37.2-710, 37.2-839, 53.1-40.10, 54.1-2400.6, 54.1-2400.7, 54.1-2403.3, 54.1-2506,
 3994 54.1-2966, 54.1-2966.1, 54.1-2967, 54.1-2968, 63.2-1509, and 63.2-1606;

3995 7. Where necessary in connection with the care of the individual;

3996 8. In connection with the health care entity's own health care operations or the health care operations
 3997 of another health care entity, as specified in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, or in the normal course of business in
 3998 accordance with accepted standards of practice within the health services setting; however, the
 3999 maintenance, storage, and disclosure of the mass of prescription dispensing records maintained in a
 4000 pharmacy registered or permitted in Virginia shall only be accomplished in compliance with
 4001 §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411, and 54.1-3412;

4002 9. When the individual has waived his right to the privacy of the health records;

4003 10. When examination and evaluation of an individual are undertaken pursuant to judicial or
 4004 administrative law order, but only to the extent as required by such order;

4005 11. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney representing the respondent in the course of a
 4006 guardianship proceeding of an adult patient who is the respondent in a proceeding under Chapter 10
 4007 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 37.2;

4008 12. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney appointed by the court to represent an individual who
 4009 is or has been a patient who is the subject of a commitment proceeding under § 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176, or
 4010 19.2-177.1, Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of
 4011 Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, or a judicial authorization for treatment proceeding pursuant to Chapter 11
 4012 (§ 37.2-1100 et seq.) of Title 37.2;

4013 13. To a magistrate, the court, the evaluator or examiner required under § 16.1-338, 16.1-339,
 4014 16.1-342, or 37.2-815, a community services board or behavioral health authority or a designee of a
 4015 community services board or behavioral health authority, or a law-enforcement officer participating in
 4016 any proceeding under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, § 19.2-169.6, 19.2-176,
 4017 or 19.2-177.1, or Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2 regarding the subject of the proceeding,
 4018 and to any health care provider evaluating or providing services to the person who is the subject of the
 4019 proceeding or monitoring the person's adherence to a treatment plan ordered under those provisions.
 4020 Health records disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall be limited to information necessary to protect
 4021 the officer, the person, or the public from physical injury or to address the health care needs of the

person. Information disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall not be used for any other purpose, disclosed to others, or retained;

14. To the attorney and/or guardian ad litem of a minor who represents such minor in any judicial or administrative proceeding, if the court or administrative hearing officer has entered an order granting the attorney or guardian ad litem this right and such attorney or guardian ad litem presents evidence to the health care entity of such order;

15. With regard to the Court-Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program, a minor's health records in accord with § 9.1-156;

16. To an agent appointed under an individual's power of attorney or to an agent or decision maker designated in an individual's advance directive for health care or for decisions on anatomical gifts and organ, tissue or eye donation or to any other person consistent with the provisions of the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.);

17. To third-party payors and their agents for purposes of reimbursement;

18. As is necessary to support an application for receipt of health care benefits from a governmental agency or as required by an authorized governmental agency reviewing such application or reviewing benefits already provided or as necessary to the coordination of prevention and control of disease, injury, or disability and delivery of such health care benefits pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:04;

19. Upon the sale of a medical practice as provided in § 54.1-2405; or upon a change of ownership or closing of a pharmacy pursuant to regulations of the Board of Pharmacy;

20. In accord with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to communicate an individual's specific and immediate threat to cause serious bodily injury or death of an identified or readily identifiable person;

21. Where necessary in connection with the implementation of a hospital's routine contact process for organ donation pursuant to subdivision B 4 of § 32.1-127;

22. In the case of substance abuse records, when permitted by and in conformity with requirements of federal law found in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2;

23. In connection with the work of any entity established as set forth in § 8.01-581.16 to evaluate the adequacy or quality of professional services or the competency and qualifications for professional staff privileges;

24. If the health records are those of a deceased or mentally incapacitated individual to the personal representative or executor of the deceased individual or the legal guardian or committee of the incompetent or incapacitated individual or if there is no personal representative, executor, legal guardian or committee appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority: a spouse, an adult son or daughter, either parent, an adult brother or sister, or any other relative of the deceased individual in order of blood relationship;

25. For the purpose of conducting record reviews of inpatient hospital deaths to promote identification of all potential organ, eye, and tissue donors in conformance with the requirements of applicable federal law and regulations, including 42 C.F.R. § 482.45, (i) to the health care provider's designated organ procurement organization certified by the United States Health Care Financing Administration and (ii) to any eye bank or tissue bank in Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association of America or the American Association of Tissue Banks;

26. To the Office of the Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ Behavioral Health and Developmental Services pursuant to Article 3 (§ 37.2-423 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2;

27. To an entity participating in the activities of a local health partnership authority established pursuant to Article 6.1 (§ 32.1-122.10:001 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of this title, pursuant to subdivision 1 of this subsection;

28. To law-enforcement officials by each licensed emergency medical services agency, (i) when the individual is the victim of a crime or (ii) when the individual has been arrested and has received emergency medical services or has refused emergency medical services and the health records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1;

29. To law-enforcement officials, in response to their request, for the purpose of identifying or locating a suspect, fugitive, person required to register pursuant to § 9.1-901 of the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act, material witness, or missing person, provided that only the following information may be disclosed: (i) name and address of the person, (ii) date and place of birth of the person, (iii) social security number of the person, (iv) blood type of the person, (v) date and time of treatment received by the person, (vi) date and time of death of the person, where applicable, (vii) description of distinguishing physical characteristics of the person, and (viii) type of injury sustained by the person;

30. To law-enforcement officials regarding the death of an individual for the purpose of alerting law enforcement of the death if the health care entity has a suspicion that such death may have resulted from criminal conduct;

31. To law-enforcement officials if the health care entity believes in good faith that the information disclosed constitutes evidence of a crime that occurred on its premises;

32. To the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-48.015 when such records are those of a person or persons who are subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title; and

33. To the Commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or his designee by each licensed emergency medical services agency when the records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1 and the patient has suffered an injury or death on a work site while performing duties or tasks that are within the scope of his employment.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 through 33 of this subsection, a health care entity shall obtain an individual's written authorization for any disclosure of psychotherapy notes, except when disclosure by the health care entity is (i) for its own training programs in which students, trainees, or practitioners in mental health are being taught under supervision to practice or to improve their skills in group, joint, family, or individual counseling; (ii) to defend itself or its employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; (iii) in the discharge of the duty, in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to take precautions to protect third parties from violent behavior or other serious harm; (iv) required in the course of an investigation, audit, review, or proceeding regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity; or (v) otherwise required by law.

E. Requests for copies of health records shall (i) be in writing, dated and signed by the requester; (ii) identify the nature of the information requested; and (iii) include evidence of the authority of the requester to receive such copies and identification of the person to whom the information is to be disclosed. The health care entity shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the original signed by the requestor as if it were an original. Within 15 days of receipt of a request for copies of health records, the health care entity shall do one of the following: (i) furnish such copies to any requester authorized to receive them; (ii) inform the requester if the information does not exist or cannot be found; (iii) if the health care entity does not maintain a record of the information, so inform the requester and provide the name and address, if known, of the health care entity who maintains the record; or (iv) deny the request (a) under subsection F, (b) on the grounds that the requester has not established his authority to receive such health records or proof of his identity, or (c) as otherwise provided by law. Procedures set forth in this section shall apply only to requests for health records not specifically governed by other provisions of state law.

F. Except as provided in subsection B of § 8.01-413, copies of an individual's health records shall not be furnished to such individual or anyone authorized to act on the individual's behalf when the individual's treating physician or the individual's treating clinical psychologist has made a part of the individual's record a written statement that, in the exercise of his professional judgment, the furnishing to or review by the individual of such health records would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or another person, or that such health record makes reference to a person other than a health care provider and the access requested would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to such referenced person. If any health care entity denies a request for copies of health records based on such statement, the health care entity shall inform the individual of the individual's right to designate, in writing, at his own expense, another reviewing physician or clinical psychologist, whose licensure, training and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose opinion the denial is based. The designated reviewing physician or clinical psychologist shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual.

The health care entity denying the request shall also inform the individual of the individual's right to request in writing that such health care entity designate, at its own expense, a physician or clinical psychologist, whose licensure, training, and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose professional judgment the denial is based and who did not participate in the original decision to deny the health records, who shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual. The health care entity shall comply with the judgment of the reviewing physician or clinical psychologist. The health care entity shall permit copying and examination of the health record by such other physician or clinical psychologist designated by either the individual at his own expense or by the health care entity at its expense.

Any health record copied for review by any such designated physician or clinical psychologist shall be accompanied by a statement from the custodian of the health record that the individual's treating physician or clinical psychologist determined that the individual's review of his health record would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to a person referenced in the health record who is not a health care provider.

Further, nothing herein shall be construed as giving, or interpreted to bestow the right to receive copies of, or otherwise obtain access to, psychotherapy notes to any individual or any person authorized to act on his behalf.

G. A written authorization to allow release of an individual's health records shall substantially include the following information:

AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS

Individual's Name

Health Care Entity's Name

Person, Agency, or Health Care Entity to whom disclosure is to be made

Information or Health Records to be disclosed

Purpose of Disclosure or at the Request of the Individual

As the person signing this authorization, I understand that I am giving my permission to the above-named health care entity for disclosure of confidential health records. I understand that the health care entity may not condition treatment or payment on my willingness to sign this authorization unless the specific circumstances under which such conditioning is permitted by law are applicable and are set forth in this authorization. I also understand that I have the right to revoke this authorization at any time, but that my revocation is not effective until delivered in writing to the person who is in possession of my health records and is not effective as to health records already disclosed under this authorization. A copy of this authorization and a notation concerning the persons or agencies to whom disclosure was made shall be included with my original health records. I understand that health information disclosed under this authorization might be redisclosed by a recipient and may, as a result of such disclosure, no longer be protected to the same extent as such health information was protected by law while solely in the possession of the health care entity. This authorization expires on (date) or (event)

Signature of Individual or Individual's Legal Representative if

Individual is Unable to Sign

Relationship or Authority of Legal Representative

Date of Signature

H. Pursuant to this subsection:

1. Unless excepted from these provisions in subdivision 9 of this subsection, no party to a civil, criminal or administrative action or proceeding shall request the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for another party's health records or cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued by an attorney unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the other party's counsel or to the other party if pro se, simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the subpoena. No party to an action or proceeding shall request or cause the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for the health records of a nonparty witness unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the nonparty witness simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the attorney-issued subpoena.

No subpoena duces tecum for health records shall set a return date earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown. When a court or administrative agency directs that health records be disclosed pursuant to a subpoena duces tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena, a copy of the order shall accompany the subpoena.

Any party requesting a subpoena duces tecum for health records or on whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum is being issued shall have the duty to determine whether the individual whose health records are being sought is pro se or a nonparty.

In instances where health records being subpoenaed are those of a pro se party or nonparty witness, the party requesting or issuing the subpoena shall deliver to the pro se party or nonparty witness together with the copy of the request for subpoena, or a copy of the subpoena in the case of an attorney-issued subpoena, a statement informing them of their rights and remedies. The statement shall include the following language and the heading shall be in boldface capital letters:

NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL

4203 The attached document means that (insert name of party requesting or causing issuance of the
 4204 subpoena) has either asked the court or administrative agency to issue a subpoena or a subpoena has
 4205 been issued by the other party's attorney to your doctor, other health care providers (names of health
 4206 care providers inserted here) or other health care entity (name of health care entity to be inserted here)
 4207 requiring them to produce your health records. Your doctor, other health care provider or other health
 4208 care entity is required to respond by providing a copy of your health records. If you believe your health
 4209 records should not be disclosed and object to their disclosure, you have the right to file a motion with
 4210 the clerk of the court or the administrative agency to quash the subpoena. If you elect to file a motion
 4211 to quash, such motion must be filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued
 4212 subpoena. You may contact the clerk's office or the administrative agency to determine the requirements
 4213 that must be satisfied when filing a motion to quash and you may elect to contact an attorney to
 4214 represent your interest. If you elect to file a motion to quash, you must notify your doctor, other health
 4215 care provider(s), or other health care entity, that you are filing the motion so that the health care
 4216 provider or health care entity knows to send the health records to the clerk of court or administrative
 4217 agency in a sealed envelope or package for safekeeping while your motion is decided.

4218 2. Any party filing a request for a subpoena duces tecum or causing such a subpoena to be issued
 4219 for an individual's health records shall include a Notice in the same part of the request in which the
 4220 recipient of the subpoena duces tecum is directed where and when to return the health records. Such
 4221 notice shall be in boldface capital letters and shall include the following language:

4222 NOTICE TO HEALTH CARE ENTITIES

4223 A COPY OF THIS SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL
 4224 WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED OR HIS COUNSEL. YOU OR THAT
 4225 INDIVIDUAL HAS THE RIGHT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH (OBJECT TO) THE ATTACHED
 4226 SUBPOENA. IF YOU ELECT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH, YOU MUST FILE THE MOTION
 4227 WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS SUBPOENA.

4228 YOU MUST NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUBPOENA UNTIL YOU HAVE RECEIVED WRITTEN
 4229 CERTIFICATION FROM THE PARTY ON WHOSE BEHALF THE SUBPOENA WAS ISSUED
 4230 THAT THE TIME FOR FILING A MOTION TO QUASH HAS ELAPSED AND THAT:

4231 NO MOTION TO QUASH WAS FILED; OR

4232 ANY MOTION TO QUASH HAS BEEN RESOLVED BY THE COURT OR THE
 4233 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY AND THE DISCLOSURES SOUGHT ARE CONSISTENT WITH
 4234 SUCH RESOLUTION.

4235 IF YOU RECEIVE NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE
 4236 BEING REQUESTED HAS FILED A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, OR IF YOU FILE A
 4237 MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, YOU MUST SEND THE HEALTH RECORDS ONLY TO
 4238 THE CLERK OF THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY THAT ISSUED THE SUBPOENA
 4239 OR IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING AS SHOWN ON THE SUBPOENA USING THE
 4240 FOLLOWING PROCEDURE:

4241 PLACE THE HEALTH RECORDS IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND ATTACH TO THE SEALED
 4242 ENVELOPE A COVER LETTER TO THE CLERK OF COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY
 4243 WHICH STATES THAT CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS ARE ENCLOSED AND ARE TO BE
 4244 HELD UNDER SEAL PENDING A RULING ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE SUBPOENA.
 4245 THE SEALED ENVELOPE AND THE COVER LETTER SHALL BE PLACED IN AN OUTER
 4246 ENVELOPE OR PACKAGE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE
 4247 AGENCY.

4248 3. Upon receiving a valid subpoena duces tecum for health records, health care entities shall have the
 4249 duty to respond to the subpoena in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of
 4250 this subsection.

4251 4. Except to deliver to a clerk of the court or administrative agency subpoenaed health records in a
 4252 sealed envelope as set forth, health care entities shall not respond to a subpoena duces tecum for such
 4253 health records until they have received a certification as set forth in subdivision 5 or 8 of this subsection
 4254 from the party on whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued.

4255 If the health care entity has actual receipt of notice that a motion to quash the subpoena has been
 4256 filed or if the health care entity files a motion to quash the subpoena for health records, then the health
 4257 care entity shall produce the health records, in a securely sealed envelope, to the clerk of the court or
 4258 administrative agency issuing the subpoena or in whose court or administrative agency the action is
 4259 pending. The court or administrative agency shall place the health records under seal until a
 4260 determination is made regarding the motion to quash. The securely sealed envelope shall only be opened
 4261 on order of the judge or administrative agency. In the event the court or administrative agency grants
 4262 the motion to quash, the health records shall be returned to the health care entity in the same sealed
 4263 envelope in which they were delivered to the court or administrative agency. In the event that a judge or

administrative agency orders the sealed envelope to be opened to review the health records in camera, a copy of the order shall accompany any health records returned to the health care entity. The health records returned to the health care entity shall be in a securely sealed envelope.

5. If no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the subpoenaed health care entity that the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and that no motion to quash was filed. Any health care entity receiving such certification shall have the duty to comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified health records by either the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

6. In the event that the individual whose health records are being sought files a motion to quash the subpoena, the court or administrative agency shall decide whether good cause has been shown by the discovering party to compel disclosure of the individual's health records over the individual's objections. In determining whether good cause has been shown, the court or administrative agency shall consider (i) the particular purpose for which the information was collected; (ii) the degree to which the disclosure of the records would embarrass, injure, or invade the privacy of the individual; (iii) the effect of the disclosure on the individual's future health care; (iv) the importance of the information to the lawsuit or proceeding; and (v) any other relevant factor.

7. Concurrent with the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, if subpoenaed health records have been submitted by a health care entity to the court or administrative agency in a sealed envelope, the court or administrative agency shall: (i) upon determining that no submitted health records should be disclosed, return all submitted health records to the health care entity in a sealed envelope; (ii) upon determining that all submitted health records should be disclosed, provide all the submitted health records to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued; or (iii) upon determining that only a portion of the submitted health records should be disclosed, provide such portion to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued and return the remaining health records to the health care entity in a sealed envelope.

8. Following the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, the party on whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued shall have the duty to certify in writing to the subpoenaed health care entity a statement of one of the following:

a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative agency will not be returned to the health care entity;

b. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution and that, since no health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care entity, the health care entity shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the health records designated in the subpoena by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of certification, whichever is later;

c. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution; therefore, no health records shall be disclosed and all health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative agency will be returned to the health care entity;

d. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and that only limited disclosure has been authorized. The certification shall state that only the portion of the health records as set forth in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, shall be disclosed. The certification shall also state that health records that were previously delivered to the court or administrative agency for which disclosure has been authorized will not be returned to the health care entity; however, all health records for which disclosure has not been authorized will be returned to the health care entity; or

e. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and, since no health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care entity, the health care entity shall return only those health records specified in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

A copy of the court or administrative agency's ruling shall accompany any certification made pursuant to this subdivision.

9. The provisions of this subsection have no application to subpoenas for health records requested under § 8.01-413, or issued by a duly authorized administrative agency conducting an investigation,

4325 audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct.

4326 The provisions of this subsection shall apply to subpoenas for the health records of both minors and
4327 adults.

4328 Nothing in this subsection shall have any effect on the existing authority of a court or administrative
4329 agency to issue a protective order regarding health records, including, but not limited to, ordering the
4330 return of health records to a health care entity, after the period for filing a motion to quash has passed.

4331 A subpoena for substance abuse records must conform to the requirements of federal law found in 42
4332 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart E.

4333 I. Health care entities may testify about the health records of an individual in compliance with
4334 §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2.

4335 J. If an individual requests a copy of his health record from a health care entity, the health care
4336 entity may impose a reasonable cost-based fee, which shall include only the cost of supplies for and
4337 labor of copying the requested information, postage when the individual requests that such information
4338 be mailed, and preparation of an explanation or summary of such information as agreed to by the
4339 individual. For the purposes of this section, "individual" shall subsume a person with authority to act on
4340 behalf of the individual who is the subject of the health record in making decisions related to his health
4341 care.

4342 § 32.1-127.1:04. Use or disclosure of certain protected health information required.

4343 A. The coordination of prevention and control of disease, injury, or disability and the delivery of
4344 health care benefits are hereby declared to be (i) necessary public health activities; (ii) necessary health
4345 oversight activities for the integrity of the health care system; and (iii) necessary to prevent serious harm
4346 and serious threats to the health and safety of individuals and the public.

4347 B. The Departments of Health, Medical Assistance Services, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
4348 ~~Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services, Rehabilitative Services, and Social
4349 Services, and the Departments for the Aging, the Blind and Vision Impaired, and the Deaf and
4350 Hard-of-Hearing, or any successors in interest thereof shall establish a secure system for sharing
4351 protected health information that may be necessary for the coordination of prevention and control of
4352 disease, injury, or disability and for the delivery of health care benefits when such protected information
4353 concerns individuals who (i) have contracted a reportable disease, including exposure to a toxic
4354 substance, as required by the Board of Health pursuant to § 32.1-35 or other disease or disability
4355 required to be reported by law; (ii) are the subjects of public health surveillance, public health
4356 investigations, or public health interventions or are applicants for or recipients of medical assistance
4357 services; (iii) have been or are the victims of child abuse or neglect or domestic violence; or (iv) may
4358 present a serious threat to health or safety of a person or the public or may be subject to a serious threat
4359 to their health or safety. For the purposes of this section, "public health interventions" shall include the
4360 services provided through the Department of Rehabilitative Services, and the Departments for the Aging,
4361 the Blind and Vision Impaired, and the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, or any successors in interest thereof.

4362 Pursuant to the regulations concerning patient privacy promulgated by the federal Department of
4363 Health and Human Services, covered entities may disclose protected health information to the secure
4364 system without obtaining consent or authorization for such disclosure. Such protected health information
4365 shall be used exclusively for the purposes established in this section.

4366 C. The Office of the Attorney General shall advise the Departments of Health, Medical Assistance
4367 Services, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~
4368 Services, Rehabilitative Services, and Social Services and the Departments for the Aging, the Blind and
4369 Vision Impaired, and the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, or any successors in interest thereof in the
4370 implementation of this section.

4371 § 32.1-135.2. Offer or payment of remuneration in exchange for referral prohibited.

4372 No hospital licensed pursuant to this chapter shall knowingly and willfully offer or pay any
4373 remuneration directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, to induce any practitioner of the healing arts or
4374 any clinical psychologist to refer an individual or individuals to such hospital. The Board shall adopt
4375 regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Such regulations shall be developed
4376 in conjunction with the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Board of~~
4377 ~~Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services Board and shall be consistent with regulations adopted
4378 by such Board pursuant to § 37.2-420. Such regulations shall exclude from the definition of
4379 "remuneration" any payments, business arrangements, or payment practices not prohibited by 42 U.S.C.
4380 § 1320a, as amended, or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

4381 § 32.1-276.3. Definitions.

4382 As used in this chapter:

4383 "Board" means the Board of Health.

4384 "Consumer" means any person (i) whose occupation is other than the administration of health
4385 activities or the provision of health services, (ii) who has no fiduciary obligation to a health care

institution or other health agency or to any organization, public or private, whose principal activity is an adjunct to the provision of health services, or (iii) who has no material financial interest in the rendering of health services.

"Health care provider" means (i) a general hospital, ordinary hospital, outpatient surgical hospital, nursing home or certified nursing facility licensed or certified pursuant to Article 1 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of this title; (ii) a mental or psychiatric hospital licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2; (iii) a hospital operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; (iv) a hospital operated by the University of Virginia or the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority; (v) any person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.) of Title 54.1; (vi) any person licensed to furnish health care policies or plans pursuant to Chapter 34 (§ 38.2-3400 et seq.), Chapter 42 (§ 38.2-4200), or Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300) of Title 38.2; or (vii) any person licensed to practice dentistry pursuant to Chapter 27 (§ 54.1-2700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 who is registered with the Board of Dentistry as an oral and maxillofacial surgeon and certified by the Board of Dentistry to perform certain procedures pursuant to § 54.1-2709.1. In no event shall such term be construed to include continuing care retirement communities which file annual financial reports with the State Corporation Commission pursuant to Chapter 49 (§ 38.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 38.2 or any nursing care facility of a religious body which depends upon prayer alone for healing.

"Health maintenance organization" means any person who undertakes to provide or to arrange for one or more health care plans pursuant to Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300 et seq.) of Title 38.2.

"Inpatient hospital" means a hospital providing inpatient care and licensed pursuant to Article 1 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of this title, a hospital licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, a hospital operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* for the care and treatment of ~~the mentally ill individuals with mental illness~~, or a hospital operated by the University of Virginia or the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority.

"Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit, tax-exempt health data organization with the characteristics, expertise, and capacity to execute the powers and duties set forth for such entity in this chapter.

"Oral and maxillofacial surgeon" means, for the purposes of this chapter, a person who is licensed to practice dentistry in Virginia, registered with the Board of Dentistry as an oral and maxillofacial surgeon, and certified to perform certain procedures pursuant to § 54.1-2709.1.

"Oral and maxillofacial surgeon's office" means a place (i) owned or operated by a licensed and registered oral and maxillofacial surgeon who is certified to perform certain procedures pursuant to § 54.1-2709.1 or by a group of oral and maxillofacial surgeons, at least one of whom is so certified, practicing in any legal form whatsoever or by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other entity that employs or engages at least one oral and maxillofacial surgeon who is so certified, and (ii) designed and equipped for the provision of oral and maxillofacial surgery services to ambulatory patients.

"Outpatient surgery" means all surgical procedures performed on an outpatient basis in a general hospital, ordinary hospital, outpatient surgical hospital or other facility licensed or certified pursuant to Article 1 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of this title or in a physician's office or oral and maxillofacial surgeon's office, as defined above. Outpatient surgery refers only to those surgical procedure groups on which data are collected by the nonprofit organization as a part of a pilot study.

"Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

"Physician's office" means a place (i) owned or operated by a licensed physician or group of physicians practicing in any legal form whatsoever or by a corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other entity that employs or engages physicians, and (ii) designed and equipped solely for the provision of fundamental medical care, whether diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, preventive or palliative, to ambulatory patients.

"Surgical procedure group" means at least five procedure groups, identified by the nonprofit organization designated pursuant to § 32.1-276.4 in compliance with regulations adopted by the Board, based on criteria that include, but are not limited to, the frequency with which the procedure is performed, the clinical severity or intensity, and the perception or probability of risk. The nonprofit organization shall form a technical advisory group consisting of members nominated by its Board of Directors' nominating organizations to assist in selecting surgical procedure groups to recommend to the Board for adoption.

"System" means the Virginia Patient Level Data System.

§ 32.1-276.8. Fees for processing, verification, and dissemination of data.

A. The Board shall prescribe a reasonable fee for each affected health care provider to cover the costs of the reasonable expenses of establishing and administering the methodology developed pursuant to § 32.1-276.7. The payment of such fees shall be at such time as the Board designates. The Board may assess a late charge on any fees paid after their due date.

In addition, the Board shall prescribe a tiered-fee structure based on the number of enrollees for each health maintenance organization to cover the costs of collecting and making available such data. Such fees shall not exceed \$3,000 for each health maintenance organization required to provide information pursuant to this chapter. The payment of such fees shall also be at such time as the Board designates. The Board may also assess a late charge on any fees paid by health maintenance organizations after their due dates.

B. Except for the fees assessed pursuant to subsection A, the nonprofit organization providing services pursuant to an agreement or contract as provided in § 32.1-276.4 shall not assess any fee against any health care provider that submits data under this chapter that is processed, verified, and timely in accordance with standards established by the Board. The Board shall establish penalties for submission of data in a manner that is inconsistent with such standards.

C. State agencies shall not be assessed fees for the submission of patient level data required by subsection C of § 32.1-276.6. Individual employers, insurers, and other organizations may voluntarily provide the nonprofit organization with outpatient data for processing, storage, and comparative analysis and shall be subject to fees negotiated with and charged by the nonprofit organization for services provided.

D. The nonprofit organization providing services pursuant to an agreement or contract with the Commissioner of Health shall be authorized to charge and collect reasonable fees for the dissemination of patient level data and Health Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS) data or other approved quality of care or performance information set data; however, the Commissioner of Health, the State Corporation Commission, and the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ shall be entitled to receive relevant and appropriate data from the nonprofit organization at no charge.

E. The Board shall (i) maintain records of its activities; (ii) collect and account for all fees and deposit the moneys so collected into a special fund from which the expenses attributed to this chapter shall be paid; and (iii) enforce all regulations promulgated by it pursuant to this chapter.

§ 32.1-283. Investigation of deaths; obtaining consent to removal of organs, etc.; fees.

A. Upon the death of any person from trauma, injury, violence, poisoning, accident, suicide or homicide, or suddenly when in apparent good health, or when unattended by a physician, or in jail, prison, other correctional institution or in police custody, or who is a patient or resident of a state mental health or mental retardation facility, or suddenly as an apparent result of fire, or in any suspicious, unusual or unnatural manner, or the sudden death of any infant less than eighteen months of age whose death is suspected to be attributable to Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), the medical examiner of the county or city in which death occurs shall be notified by the physician in attendance, hospital, law-enforcement officer, funeral director or any other person having knowledge of such death. Good faith efforts shall be made by such person or institution having custody of the dead body to identify and to notify the next of kin of the decedent. Notification shall include informing the person presumed to be the next of kin that he has a right to have identification of the decedent confirmed without due delay and without being held financially responsible for any procedures performed for the purpose of the identification. Identity of the next of kin, if determined, shall be provided to the Chief Medical Examiner upon transfer of the dead body.

B. Upon being notified of a death as provided in subsection A, the medical examiner shall take charge of the dead body, make an investigation into the cause and manner of death, reduce his findings to writing, and promptly make a full report to the Chief Medical Examiner. In order to facilitate his investigation, the medical examiner is authorized to inspect and copy the pertinent medical records of the decedent whose death he is investigating. Full directions as to the nature, character and extent of the investigation to be made in such cases shall be furnished each medical examiner by the Chief Medical Examiner, together with appropriate forms for the required reports and instructions for their use. The facilities and personnel under the Chief Medical Examiner shall be made available to medical examiners in such investigations. Reports and findings of the Medical Examiner shall be confidential and shall not under any circumstance be disclosed or made available for discovery pursuant to a court subpoena or otherwise, except as provided in this chapter. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the Chief Medical Examiner from releasing the cause or manner of death, or prohibit disclosure of reports or findings to the parties in a criminal case.

C. A copy of each report pursuant to this section shall be delivered to the appropriate attorney for the Commonwealth and to the appropriate law-enforcement agency investigating the death. A copy of any such report regarding the death of a victim of a traffic accident shall be furnished upon request to

the State Police and the Highway Safety Commission. In addition, a copy of any autopsy report concerning a patient or resident of a state mental health or mental retardation facility shall be delivered to the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ and to the Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~. A copy of any autopsy report concerning a prisoner committed to the custody of the Director of the Department of Corrections shall, upon request of the Director of the Department of Corrections, be delivered to the Director of the Department of Corrections. A copy of any autopsy report concerning a prisoner committed to any local correctional facility shall be delivered to the local sheriff or superintendent. Upon request, the Chief Medical Examiner shall release such autopsy report to the decedent's attending physician and to the personal representative or executor of the decedent or, if no personal representative or executor is appointed, then at the discretion of the Chief Medical Examiner, to the following persons in the following order of priority: (i) the spouse of the decedent, (ii) an adult son or daughter of the decedent, (iii) either parent of the decedent, (iv) an adult sibling of the decedent, (v) any other adult relative of the decedent in order of blood relationship, or (vi) any appropriate health facility quality assurance program.

D. For each investigation under this article, including the making of the required reports, the medical examiner shall receive a fee established by the Board within the limitations of appropriations for the purpose. Such fee shall be paid by the Commonwealth, if the deceased is not a legal resident of the county or city in which his death occurred. In the event the deceased is a legal resident of the county or city in which his death occurred, such county or city shall be responsible for the fee up to \$20. If the deceased is a patient or resident of a state mental health or mental retardation facility, the fee shall be paid by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~.

E. Nothing herein shall be construed to interfere with the autopsy procedure or with the routine obtaining of consent for removal of organs as conducted by surgical teams or others.

§ 32.1-283.1. State Child Fatality Review Team established; membership; access to and maintenance of records; confidentiality; etc.

A. There is hereby created the State Child Fatality Review Team, hereinafter referred to as the "Team," which shall develop and implement procedures to ensure that child deaths occurring in Virginia are analyzed in a systematic way. The Team shall review (i) violent and unnatural child deaths, (ii) sudden child deaths occurring within the first 18 months of life, and (iii) those fatalities for which the cause or manner of death was not determined with reasonable medical certainty. No child death review shall be initiated by the Team until conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or criminal prosecution. The Team shall (i) develop and revise as necessary operating procedures for the review of child deaths, including identification of cases to be reviewed and procedures for coordination among the agencies and professionals involved, (ii) improve the identification, data collection, and record keeping of the causes of child death, (iii) recommend components for prevention and education programs, (iv) recommend training to improve the investigation of child deaths, and (v) provide technical assistance, upon request, to any local child fatality teams that may be established. The operating procedures for the review of child deaths shall be exempt from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 17 of subsection B of § 2.2-4002.

B. The 16-member Team shall be chaired by the Chief Medical Examiner and shall be composed of the following persons or their designees: the Commissioner of ~~the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~; the Director of Child Protective Services within the Department of Social Services; the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the State Registrar of Vital Records; and the Director of the Department of Criminal Justice Services. In addition, one representative from each of the following entities shall be appointed by the Governor to serve for a term of three years: local law-enforcement agencies, local fire departments, local departments of social services, the Medical Society of Virginia, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Virginia Pediatric Society, Virginia Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Alliance, local emergency medical services personnel, Commonwealth's attorneys, and community services boards.

C. Upon the request of the Chief Medical Examiner in his capacity as chair of the Team, made after the conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or prosecution, information and records regarding a child whose death is being reviewed by the Team may be inspected and copied by the Chief Medical Examiner or his designee, including, but not limited to, any report of the circumstances of the event maintained by any state or local law-enforcement agency or medical examiner, and information or records maintained on such child by any school, social services agency or court. Information, records or reports maintained by any Commonwealth's Attorney shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to procedures which shall be developed by the Chief Medical Examiner and the Commonwealth's Attorneys' Services Council established by § 2.2-2617. Any presentence report prepared pursuant to § 19.2-299 for any person convicted of a crime that led to the

death of the child shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to procedures which shall be developed by the Chief Medical Examiner. In addition, the Chief Medical Examiner may inspect and copy from any Virginia health care provider, on behalf of the Team, (i) without obtaining consent, the health and mental health records of the child and those perinatal medical records of the child's mother that related to such child and (ii) upon obtaining consent from each adult regarding his personal records, or from a parent regarding the records of a minor child, the health and mental health records of the child's family. All such information and records shall be confidential and shall be excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.5. Upon the conclusion of the child death review, all information and records concerning the child and the child's family shall be shredded or otherwise destroyed by the Chief Medical Examiner in order to ensure confidentiality. Such information or records shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery or be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding. If available from other sources, however, such information and records shall not be immune from subpoena, discovery or introduction into evidence when obtained through such other sources solely because the information and records were presented to the Team during a child death review. Further, the findings of the Team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other form which shall not identify individuals. The portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the Team shall be closed pursuant to subdivision A 21 of § 2.2-3711. In addition to the requirements of § 2.2-3712, all team members, persons attending closed team meetings, and persons presenting information and records on specific child deaths to the Team during closed meetings shall execute a sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during any closed meeting to review a specific child death. Violations of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

D. Upon notification of a child death, any state or local government agency maintaining records on such child or such child's family which are periodically purged shall retain such records for the longer of 12 months or until such time as the State Child Fatality Review Team has completed its child death review of the specific case.

E. The Team shall compile annual data which shall be made available to the Governor and the General Assembly as requested. These statistical data compilations shall not contain any personally identifying information and shall be public records.

§ 32.1-283.5. Adult Fatality Review Team; duties; membership; confidentiality; penalties; report; etc.

A. There is hereby created the Adult Fatality Review Team, hereinafter referred to as the Team, which shall develop and implement procedures to ensure that adult deaths occurring in the Commonwealth are analyzed in a systematic way. The Team shall review the death of any adult, as defined in § 63.2-1603, (i) who was the subject of an adult protective services investigation, (ii) whose death was due to abuse or neglect or acts suggesting abuse or neglect, or (iii) whose death came under the jurisdiction of or was investigated by the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to § 32.1-283. The Team shall not initiate an adult death review until the conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or criminal prosecution.

B. The 17-member team shall consist of the following persons or their designees: the Chief Medical Examiner; the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; the Commissioner of the Virginia Department for the Aging; the Director of Adult Services/Adult Protective Services of the Department of Social Services; the Director of the Office of Licensure and Certification of the Department of Health; and the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman. In addition, the Governor shall appoint one representative from each of the following entities: a licensed funeral services provider, the Medical Society of Virginia, and local departments of social services, emergency medical services, attorneys for the Commonwealth, law-enforcement agencies, nurses specializing in geriatric care, psychiatrists specializing in geriatric care, and long-term care providers. The Team further shall include two members appointed by the Governor who are advocates for elderly or disabled populations in Virginia. The Chief Medical Examiner shall serve as chair of the Team.

After the initial staggering of terms, members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a term of four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be reappointed. The Chief Medical Examiner shall serve terms coincident with his term in office.

C. Upon the request of the chair of the Team, made after the conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or prosecution, information and records regarding an adult whose death is being reviewed by the Team shall be inspected and copied by the chair or his designee, including but not limited to any report of the circumstances of the event maintained by any state or local law-enforcement agency or medical examiner and information or records on the adult maintained by any facility that provided

services to the adult, by any social services agency, or by any court. Information, records, or reports maintained by any attorney for the Commonwealth shall be made available for inspection and copying by the chair or his designee pursuant to procedures that shall be developed by the Chief Medical Examiner and the Commonwealth Attorneys Services Council established by § 2.2-2617. In addition, a health care provider shall provide the Team, upon request, with access to the health and mental health records of (i) the adult whose death is subject to review, without authorization; (ii) any adult relative of the deceased, with authorization; and (iii) any minor child of the deceased, with the authorization of the minor's parent or guardian. The chair of the Team also may copy and inspect the presentence report, prepared pursuant to § 19.2-299, of any person convicted of a crime that led to the death of the adult who is the subject of review by the Team.

D. All information obtained or generated by the Team regarding a review shall be confidential and excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.5. Such information shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery or be admissible in any civil or criminal proceeding. If available from other sources, however, such information and records shall not be immune from subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence when obtained through such other sources solely because the information and records were presented to the Team during an adult death review. The Team shall compile all information collected during a review. The findings of the Team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other form, but shall not identify any individuals.

E. All Team members and other persons attending closed Team meetings, including any persons presenting information or records on specific fatalities, shall execute a sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during meetings at which the Team reviews a specific death. No Team member or other person who participates in a review shall be required to make any statement regarding the review or any information collected during the review. Upon conclusion of a review, all information and records concerning the victim and the family shall be shredded or otherwise destroyed in order to ensure confidentiality. Violations of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

F. Upon notification of an adult death, any state or local government agency or facility that provided services to the adult or maintained records on the adult or the adult's family shall retain the records for the longer of 12 months or until such time as the Team has completed its review of the case.

G. The Team shall compile an annual report by October 1 of each year that shall be made available to the Governor and the General Assembly. The annual report shall include any policy, regulatory, or budgetary recommendations developed by the Team. Any statistical compilations prepared by the Team shall be public record and shall not contain any personally identifying information.

§ 32.1-325. Board to submit plan for medical assistance services to Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to federal law; administration of plan; contracts with health care providers.

A. The Board, subject to the approval of the Governor, is authorized to prepare, amend from time to time and submit to the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services a state plan for medical assistance services pursuant to Title XIX of the United States Social Security Act and any amendments thereto. The Board shall include in such plan:

1. A provision for payment of medical assistance on behalf of individuals, up to the age of 21, placed in foster homes or private institutions by private, nonprofit agencies licensed as child-placing agencies by the Department of Social Services or placed through state and local subsidized adoptions to the extent permitted under federal statute;

2. A provision for determining eligibility for benefits for medically needy individuals which disregards from countable resources an amount not in excess of \$3,500 for the individual and an amount not in excess of \$3,500 for his spouse when such resources have been set aside to meet the burial expenses of the individual or his spouse. The amount disregarded shall be reduced by (i) the face value of life insurance on the life of an individual owned by the individual or his spouse if the cash surrender value of such policies has been excluded from countable resources and (ii) the amount of any other revocable or irrevocable trust, contract, or other arrangement specifically designated for the purpose of meeting the individual's or his spouse's burial expenses;

3. A requirement that, in determining eligibility, a home shall be disregarded. For those medically needy persons whose eligibility for medical assistance is required by federal law to be dependent on the budget methodology for Aid to Families with Dependent Children, a home means the house and lot used as the principal residence and all contiguous property. For all other persons, a home shall mean the house and lot used as the principal residence, as well as all contiguous property, as long as the value of the land, exclusive of the lot occupied by the house, does not exceed \$5,000. In any case in which the definition of home as provided here is more restrictive than that provided in the state plan for medical assistance services in Virginia as it was in effect on January 1, 1972, then a home means the house and lot used as the principal residence and all contiguous property essential to the operation of the home

4691 regardless of value;

4692 4. A provision for payment of medical assistance on behalf of individuals up to the age of 21, who
4693 are Medicaid eligible, for medically necessary stays in acute care facilities in excess of 21 days per
4694 admission;

4695 5. A provision for deducting from an institutionalized recipient's income an amount for the
4696 maintenance of the individual's spouse at home;

4697 6. A provision for payment of medical assistance on behalf of pregnant women which provides for
4698 payment for inpatient postpartum treatment in accordance with the medical criteria outlined in the most
4699 current version of or an official update to the "Guidelines for Perinatal Care" prepared by the American
4700 Academy of Pediatrics and the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists or the "Standards
4701 for Obstetric-Gynecologic Services" prepared by the American College of Obstetricians and
4702 Gynecologists. Payment shall be made for any postpartum home visit or visits for the mothers and the
4703 children which are within the time periods recommended by the attending physicians in accordance with
4704 and as indicated by such Guidelines or Standards. For the purposes of this subdivision, such Guidelines
4705 or Standards shall include any changes thereto within six months of the publication of such Guidelines
4706 or Standards or any official amendment thereto;

4707 7. A provision for the payment for family planning services on behalf of women who were
4708 Medicaid-eligible for prenatal care and delivery as provided in this section at the time of delivery. Such
4709 family planning services shall begin with delivery and continue for a period of 24 months, if the woman
4710 continues to meet the financial eligibility requirements for a pregnant woman under Medicaid. For the
4711 purposes of this section, family planning services shall not cover payment for abortion services and no
4712 funds shall be used to perform, assist, encourage or make direct referrals for abortions;

4713 8. A provision for payment of medical assistance for high-dose chemotherapy and bone marrow
4714 transplants on behalf of individuals over the age of 21 who have been diagnosed with lymphoma, breast
4715 cancer, myeloma, or leukemia and have been determined by the treating health care provider to have a
4716 performance status sufficient to proceed with such high-dose chemotherapy and bone marrow transplant.
4717 Appeals of these cases shall be handled in accordance with the Department's expedited appeals process;

4718 9. A provision identifying entities approved by the Board to receive applications and to determine
4719 eligibility for medical assistance;

4720 10. A provision for breast reconstructive surgery following the medically necessary removal of a
4721 breast for any medical reason. Breast reductions shall be covered, if prior authorization has been
4722 obtained, for all medically necessary indications. Such procedures shall be considered noncosmetic;

4723 11. A provision for payment of medical assistance for annual pap smears;

4724 12. A provision for payment of medical assistance services for prostheses following the medically
4725 necessary complete or partial removal of a breast for any medical reason;

4726 13. A provision for payment of medical assistance which provides for payment for 48 hours of
4727 inpatient treatment for a patient following a radical or modified radical mastectomy and 24 hours of
4728 inpatient care following a total mastectomy or a partial mastectomy with lymph node dissection for
4729 treatment of disease or trauma of the breast. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring
4730 the provision of inpatient coverage where the attending physician in consultation with the patient
4731 determines that a shorter period of hospital stay is appropriate;

4732 14. A requirement that certificates of medical necessity for durable medical equipment and any
4733 supporting verifiable documentation shall be signed, dated, and returned by the physician, physician
4734 assistant, or nurse practitioner and in the durable medical equipment provider's possession within 60
4735 days from the time the ordered durable medical equipment and supplies are first furnished by the
4736 durable medical equipment provider;

4737 15. A provision for payment of medical assistance to (i) persons age 50 and over and (ii) persons
4738 age 40 and over who are at high risk for prostate cancer, according to the most recent published
4739 guidelines of the American Cancer Society, for one PSA test in a 12-month period and digital rectal
4740 examinations, all in accordance with American Cancer Society guidelines. For the purpose of this
4741 subdivision, "PSA testing" means the analysis of a blood sample to determine the level of prostate
4742 specific antigen;

4743 16. A provision for payment of medical assistance for low-dose screening mammograms for
4744 determining the presence of occult breast cancer. Such coverage shall make available one screening
4745 mammogram to persons age 35 through 39, one such mammogram biennially to persons age 40 through
4746 49, and one such mammogram annually to persons age 50 and over. The term "mammogram" means an
4747 X-ray examination of the breast using equipment dedicated specifically for mammography, including but
4748 not limited to the X-ray tube, filter, compression device, screens, film and cassettes, with an average
4749 radiation exposure of less than one rad mid-breast, two views of each breast;

4750 17. A provision, when in compliance with federal law and regulation and approved by the Centers
4751 for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), for payment of medical assistance services delivered to

Medicaid-eligible students when such services qualify for reimbursement by the Virginia Medicaid program and may be provided by school divisions;

18. A provision for payment of medical assistance services for liver, heart and lung transplantation procedures for individuals over the age of 21 years when (i) there is no effective alternative medical or surgical therapy available with outcomes that are at least comparable; (ii) the transplant procedure and application of the procedure in treatment of the specific condition have been clearly demonstrated to be medically effective and not experimental or investigational; (iii) prior authorization by the Department of Medical Assistance Services has been obtained; (iv) the patient selection criteria of the specific transplant center where the surgery is proposed to be performed have been used by the transplant team or program to determine the appropriateness of the patient for the procedure; (v) current medical therapy has failed and the patient has failed to respond to appropriate therapeutic management; (vi) the patient is not in an irreversible terminal state; and (vii) the transplant is likely to prolong the patient's life and restore a range of physical and social functioning in the activities of daily living;

19. A provision for payment of medical assistance for colorectal cancer screening, specifically screening with an annual fecal occult blood test, flexible sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy, or in appropriate circumstances radiologic imaging, in accordance with the most recently published recommendations established by the American College of Gastroenterology, in consultation with the American Cancer Society, for the ages, family histories, and frequencies referenced in such recommendations;

20. A provision for payment of medical assistance for custom ocular prostheses;

21. A provision for payment for medical assistance for infant hearing screenings and all necessary audiological examinations provided pursuant to § 32.1-64.1 using any technology approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, and as recommended by the national Joint Committee on Infant Hearing in its most current position statement addressing early hearing detection and intervention programs. Such provision shall include payment for medical assistance for follow-up audiological examinations as recommended by a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or audiologist and performed by a licensed audiologist to confirm the existence or absence of hearing loss;

22. A provision for payment of medical assistance, pursuant to the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Treatment Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-354), for certain women with breast or cervical cancer when such women (i) have been screened for breast or cervical cancer under the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program established under Title XV of the Public Health Service Act; (ii) need treatment for breast or cervical cancer, including treatment for a precancerous condition of the breast or cervix; (iii) are not otherwise covered under creditable coverage, as defined in § 2701 (c) of the Public Health Service Act; (iv) are not otherwise eligible for medical assistance services under any mandatory categorically needy eligibility group; and (v) have not attained age 65. This provision shall include an expedited eligibility determination for such women;

23. A provision for the coordinated administration, including outreach, enrollment, re-enrollment and services delivery, of medical assistance services provided to medically indigent children pursuant to this chapter, which shall be called Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Plus and the FAMIS Plan program in § 32.1-351. A single application form shall be used to determine eligibility for both programs; and

24. A provision, when authorized by and in compliance with federal law, to establish a public-private long-term care partnership program between the Commonwealth of Virginia and private insurance companies that shall be established through the filing of an amendment to the state plan for medical assistance services by the Department of Medical Assistance Services. The purpose of the program shall be to reduce Medicaid costs for long-term care by delaying or eliminating dependence on Medicaid for such services through encouraging the purchase of private long-term care insurance policies that have been designated as qualified state long-term care insurance partnerships and may be used as the first source of benefits for the participant's long-term care. Components of the program, including the treatment of assets for Medicaid eligibility and estate recovery, shall be structured in accordance with federal law and applicable federal guidelines.

B. In preparing the plan, the Board shall:

1. Work cooperatively with the State Board of Health to ensure that quality patient care is provided and that the health, safety, security, rights and welfare of patients are ensured.

2. Initiate such cost containment or other measures as are set forth in the appropriation act.

3. Make, adopt, promulgate and enforce such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

4. Examine, before acting on a regulation to be published in the Virginia Register of Regulations pursuant to § 2.2-4007.05, the potential fiscal impact of such regulation on local boards of social services. For regulations with potential fiscal impact, the Board shall share copies of the fiscal impact

analysis with local boards of social services prior to submission to the Registrar. The fiscal impact analysis shall include the projected costs/savings to the local boards of social services to implement or comply with such regulation and, where applicable, sources of potential funds to implement or comply with such regulation.

5. Incorporate sanctions and remedies for certified nursing facilities established by state law, in accordance with 42 C.F.R. § 488.400 et seq. "Enforcement of Compliance for Long-Term Care Facilities With Deficiencies."

6. On and after July 1, 2002, require that a prescription benefit card, health insurance benefit card, or other technology that complies with the requirements set forth in § 38.2-3407.4:2 be issued to each recipient of medical assistance services, and shall upon any changes in the required data elements set forth in subsection A of § 38.2-3407.4:2, either reissue the card or provide recipients such corrective information as may be required to electronically process a prescription claim.

C. In order to enable the Commonwealth to continue to receive federal grants or reimbursement for medical assistance or related services, the Board, subject to the approval of the Governor, may adopt, regardless of any other provision of this chapter, such amendments to the state plan for medical assistance services as may be necessary to conform such plan with amendments to the United States Social Security Act or other relevant federal law and their implementing regulations or constructions of these laws and regulations by courts of competent jurisdiction or the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services.

In the event conforming amendments to the state plan for medical assistance services are adopted, the Board shall not be required to comply with the requirements of Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of Chapter 40 of Title 2.2. However, the Board shall, pursuant to the requirements of § 2.2-4002, (i) notify the Registrar of Regulations that such amendment is necessary to meet the requirements of federal law or regulations or because of the order of any state or federal court, or (ii) certify to the Governor that the regulations are necessitated by an emergency situation. Any such amendments that are in conflict with the Code of Virginia shall only remain in effect until July 1 following adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly unless enacted into law.

D. The Director of Medical Assistance Services is authorized to:

1. Administer such state plan and receive and expend federal funds therefor in accordance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations; and enter into all contracts necessary or incidental to the performance of the Department's duties and the execution of its powers as provided by law.

2. Enter into agreements and contracts with medical care facilities, physicians, dentists and other health care providers where necessary to carry out the provisions of such state plan. Any such agreement or contract shall terminate upon conviction of the provider of a felony. In the event such conviction is reversed upon appeal, the provider may apply to the Director of Medical Assistance Services for a new agreement or contract. Such provider may also apply to the Director for reconsideration of the agreement or contract termination if the conviction is not appealed, or if it is not reversed upon appeal.

3. Refuse to enter into or renew an agreement or contract with any provider who has been convicted of a felony.

4. Refuse to enter into or renew an agreement or contract with a provider who is or has been a principal in a professional or other corporation when such corporation has been convicted of a felony.

E. In any case in which a Medicaid agreement or contract is denied to a provider on the basis of his interest in a convicted professional or other corporation, the Director shall, upon request, conduct a hearing in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) regarding the provider's participation in the conduct resulting in the conviction.

The Director's decision upon reconsideration shall be consistent with federal and state laws. The Director may consider the nature and extent of any adverse impact the agreement or contract denial or termination may have on the medical care provided to Virginia Medicaid recipients.

F. When the services provided for by such plan are services which a marriage and family therapist, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, professional counselor, or clinical nurse specialist is licensed to render in Virginia, the Director shall contract with any duly licensed marriage and family therapist, duly licensed clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed professional counselor or licensed clinical nurse specialist who makes application to be a provider of such services, and thereafter shall pay for covered services as provided in the state plan. The Board shall promulgate regulations which reimburse licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed professional counselors and licensed clinical nurse specialists at rates based upon reasonable criteria, including the professional credentials required for licensure.

G. The Board shall prepare and submit to the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services such amendments to the state plan for medical assistance services as may be permitted by federal law to establish a program of family assistance whereby children over the age of 18 years shall make reasonable contributions, as determined by regulations of the Board, toward the cost of

providing medical assistance under the plan to their parents.

H. The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall:

1. Include in its provider networks and all of its health maintenance organization contracts a provision for the payment of medical assistance on behalf of individuals up to the age of 21 who have special needs and who are Medicaid eligible, including individuals who have been victims of child abuse and neglect, for medically necessary assessment and treatment services, when such services are delivered by a provider which specializes solely in the diagnosis and treatment of child abuse and neglect, or a provider with comparable expertise, as determined by the Director.

2. Amend the Medallion II waiver and its implementing regulations to develop and implement an exception, with procedural requirements, to mandatory enrollment for certain children between birth and age three certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* as eligible for services pursuant to Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.).

3. Utilize, to the extent practicable, electronic funds transfer technology for reimbursement to contractors and enrolled providers for the provision of health care services under Medicaid and the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security Plan established under § 32.1-351.

I. The Director is authorized to negotiate and enter into agreements for services rendered to eligible recipients with special needs. The Board shall promulgate regulations regarding these special needs patients, to include persons with AIDS, ventilator-dependent patients, and other recipients with special needs as defined by the Board.

J. Except as provided in subdivision A 1 of § 2.2-4345, the provisions of the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) shall not apply to the activities of the Director authorized by subsection I of this section. Agreements made pursuant to this subsection shall comply with federal law and regulation.

§ 32.1-351.2. Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Committee; purpose; membership; etc.

The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall maintain a Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Committee to assess the policies, operations, and outreach efforts for Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) and FAMIS Plus and to evaluate enrollment, utilization of services, and the health outcomes of children eligible for such programs. The Committee shall consist of no more than 20 members and shall include membership from appropriate entities, as follows: one representative of the Joint Commission on Health Care, the Department of Social Services, the Department of Health, the Department of Education, the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the Virginia Health Care Foundation, various provider associations and children's advocacy groups; and other individuals with significant knowledge and interest in children's health insurance. The Committee may report on the current status of FAMIS and FAMIS Plus and make recommendations as deemed necessary to the Director of the Department of Medical Assistance Services and the Secretary of Health and Human Resources.

The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall enter into agreements with the Department of Education and the Department of Health to identify children who are eligible for free or reduced price school lunches or for services through the Women, Infants, and Children program (WIC) in order that the eligibility of such children for the Virginia Plan for Title XXI of the Social Security Act may be determined expeditiously.

§ 37.2-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abuse" means any act or failure to act by an employee or other person responsible for the care of an individual in a facility or program operated, licensed, or funded by the Department, excluding those operated by the Department of Corrections, that was performed or was failed to be performed knowingly, recklessly, or intentionally, and that caused or might have caused physical or psychological harm, injury, or death to a person receiving care or treatment for mental illness, mental retardation, or substance abuse. Examples of abuse include acts such as:

1. Rape, sexual assault, or other criminal sexual behavior;
2. Assault or battery;
3. Use of language that demeans, threatens, intimidates, or humiliates the person;
4. Misuse or misappropriation of the person's assets, goods, or property;
5. Use of excessive force when placing a person in physical or mechanical restraint;
6. Use of physical or mechanical restraints on a person that is not in compliance with federal and state laws, regulations, and policies, professionally accepted standards of practice, or the person's individualized services plan; and

7. Use of more restrictive or intensive services or denial of services to punish the person or that is not consistent with his individualized services plan.

"Administrative policy community services board" or "administrative policy board" means the public

body organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body of each city and county that established it to set policy for and administer the provision of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. The "administrative policy community services board" or "administrative policy board" denotes the board, the members of which are appointed pursuant to § 37.2-501 with the powers and duties enumerated in subsection A of § 37.2-504 and § 37.2-505. Mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services are provided through local government staff or through contracts with other organizations and providers.

"Behavioral health authority" or "authority" means a public body and a body corporate and politic organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 6 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body of the city or county that established it for the provision of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. "Behavioral health authority" or "authority" also includes the organization that provides such services through its own staff or through contracts with other organizations and providers.

"Board" means the State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

"Community services board" means the public body established pursuant to § 37.2-501 that provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services within each city and county that established it; the term "community services board" shall include administrative policy community services boards, operating community services boards, and local government departments with policy-advisory community services boards.

"Consumer" means a current direct recipient of public or private mental health, mental retardation, or substance abuse treatment or habilitation services.

"Department" means the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

"Facility" means a state or licensed hospital, training center, psychiatric hospital, or other type of residential or outpatient mental health or mental retardation facility. When modified by the word "state," "facility" means a state hospital or training center operated by the Department, including the buildings and land associated with it.

"Family member" means an immediate family member of a consumer or the principal caregiver of a consumer. A principal caregiver is a person who acts in the place of an immediate family member, including other relatives and foster care providers, but does not have a proprietary interest in the care of the consumer.

"Hospital", when not modified by the words "state" or "licensed," means a state hospital or licensed hospital that provides care and treatment for persons with mental illness.

"Licensed hospital" means a hospital or institution, including a psychiatric unit of a general hospital, that is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this title.

"Mental illness" means a disorder of thought, mood, emotion, perception, or orientation that significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize reality, or ability to address basic life necessities and requires care and treatment for the health, safety, or recovery of the individual or for the safety of others.

"Mental retardation" means a disability, originating before the age of 18 years, characterized concurrently by (i) significantly subaverage intellectual functioning as demonstrated by performance on a standardized measure of intellectual functioning, administered in conformity with accepted professional practice, that is at least two standard deviations below the mean and (ii) significant limitations in adaptive behavior as expressed in conceptual, social, and practical adaptive skills.

"Neglect" means failure by an individual or a program or facility operated, licensed, or funded by the Department, excluding those operated by the Department of Corrections, responsible for providing services to do so, including nourishment, treatment, care, goods, or services necessary to the health, safety, or welfare of a person receiving care or treatment for mental illness, mental retardation, or substance abuse.

"Operating community services board" or "operating board" means the public body organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body of each city and county that established it for the direct provision of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. The "operating community services board" or "operating board" denotes the board, the members of which are appointed pursuant to § 37.2-501 with the powers and duties enumerated in subsection A of § 37.2-504 and § 37.2-505. "Operating community services board" or "operating board" also includes the organization that provides such services, through its own staff or through contracts with other organizations and providers.

"Performance contract" means the annual agreement negotiated and entered into by a community

services board or behavioral health authority with the Department through which it provides state and federal funds appropriated for mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services to that community services board or behavioral health authority.

"Policy-advisory community services board" or "policy-advisory board" means the public body organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 that is appointed by and accountable to the governing body of each city or county that established it to provide advice on policy matters to the local government department that provides mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services pursuant to subsection A of § 37.2-504 and § 37.2-505. The "policy-advisory community services board" or "policy-advisory board" denotes the board, the members of which are appointed pursuant to § 37.2-501 with the powers and duties enumerated in subsection B of § 37.2-504.

"Service area" means the city or county or combination of cities and counties or counties or cities that is served by a community services board or behavioral health authority or the cities and counties that are served by a state facility.

"Special justice" means a person appointed by a chief judge of a judicial circuit for the purpose of performing the duties of a judge pursuant to § 37.2-803.

"State hospital" means a hospital, psychiatric institute, or other institution operated by the Department that provides care and treatment for persons with mental illness.

"Substance abuse" means the use of drugs, enumerated in the Virginia Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), without a compelling medical reason or alcohol that (i) results in psychological or physiological dependence or danger to self or others as a function of continued and compulsive use or (ii) results in mental, emotional, or physical impairment that causes socially dysfunctional or socially disordering behavior and (iii), because of such substance abuse, requires care and treatment for the health of the individual. This care and treatment may include counseling, rehabilitation, or medical or psychiatric care.

"Training center" means a facility operated by the Department for the treatment, training, or habilitation of persons with mental retardation.

§ 37.2-200. State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

A. The State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board~~ is established as a policy board, within the meaning of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of government. The Board shall consist of nine nonlegislative citizen members to be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly. The nine members shall consist of one consumer or former consumer, one family member of a consumer or former consumer, one consumer or former consumer or family member of a consumer or former consumer, one elected local government official, one psychiatrist licensed to practice in Virginia, and four citizens of the Commonwealth at large. The Governor, in appointing the psychiatrist member, may make his selection from nominations submitted by the Medical Society of Virginia in collaboration with the Psychiatric Society of Virginia and the Northern Virginia Chapter of the Washington Psychiatric Society.

B. Appointments shall be made for terms of four years each, except appointments to fill vacancies that shall be for the unexpired terms of vacated appointments. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be reappointed. However, no member shall be eligible to serve more than two four-year terms. The remainder of any term to which a member is appointed to fill a vacancy shall not constitute a term in determining the member's eligibility for reappointment. No person shall serve more than a total of 12 years. Members of the Board may be suspended or removed by the Governor at his pleasure.

C. Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their services and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. The Board is authorized to employ a secretary to assist in the Board's administrative duties. The compensation of the secretary shall be fixed by the Board within the specific limits of the appropriation made therefor by the General Assembly, and the compensation shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 29 (§ 2.2-2900 et seq.) of Title 2.2. The secretary shall perform the duties required of him by the Board. The Department and all other agencies of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the Board upon request.

D. The main office of the Board shall be in the City of Richmond. The Board shall meet quarterly and at such other times as it deems proper. The Board shall elect a chairman and vice-chairman from among its membership. The meetings of the Board shall be held at the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request. Five members shall constitute a quorum.

E. The chairman of the Board shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an annual executive summary of the activity and work of the Board no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the General Assembly's website.

§ 37.2-300. Creation and supervision of Department.

The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ is hereby established in the executive branch of government responsible to the Governor. The Department shall be under the supervision and management of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall carry out his management and supervisory responsibilities in accordance with the policies and regulations of the Board and applicable federal and state statutes and regulations.

§ 37.2-316. System restructuring; state and community consensus and planning team required.

A. For the purpose of considering any restructuring of the system of mental health services involving an existing state hospital, the Commissioner shall establish a state and community consensus and planning team consisting of Department staff and representatives of the localities served by the state hospital, including local government officials, consumers, family members of consumers, advocates, state hospital employees, community services boards, behavioral health authorities, public and private service providers, licensed hospitals, local health department staff, local social services department staff, sheriffs' office staff, area agencies on aging, and other interested persons. In addition, the members of the House of Delegates and the Senate representing the localities served by the affected state hospital may serve on the state and community consensus and planning team for that state hospital. Each state and community consensus and planning team, in collaboration with the Commissioner, shall develop a plan that addresses (i) the types, amounts, and locations of new and expanded community services that would be needed to successfully implement the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services, including a six-year projection of the need for inpatient psychiatric beds and related community mental health services; (ii) the development of a detailed implementation plan designed to build community mental health infrastructure for current and future capacity needs; (iii) the creation of new and enhanced community services prior to the closure of the state hospital or its conversion to any use other than the provision of mental health services; (iv) the transition of state hospital consumers to community services in the locality of their residence prior to admission or the locality of their choice after discharge; (v) the resolution of issues relating to the restructuring implementation process, including employment issues involving state hospital employee transition planning and appropriate transitional benefits; and (vi) a six-year projection comparing the cost of the current structure and the proposed structure.

B. The Commissioner shall ensure that each plan includes the following components:

1. A plan for community education;
2. A plan for the implementation of required community services, including state-of-the-art practice models and any models required to meet the unique characteristics of the area to be served, which may include models for rural areas;
3. A plan for assuring the availability of adequate staff in the affected communities, including specific strategies for transferring qualified state hospital employees to community services;
4. A plan for assuring the development, funding, and implementation of individualized discharge plans pursuant to § 37.2-505 for individuals discharged as a result of the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services; and
5. A provision for suspending implementation of the plan if the total general funds appropriated to the Department for state hospital and community services decrease in any year of plan implementation by more than 10 percent from the year in which the plan was approved by the General Assembly.

C. At least nine months prior to any proposed state hospital closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services, the state and community consensus and planning team shall submit a plan to the Joint Commission on Health Care and the Governor for review and recommendation.

D. The Joint Commission on Health Care shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly on the plan no later than six months prior to the date of the proposed closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services.

E. Upon approval of the plan by the General Assembly and the Governor, the Commissioner shall ensure that the plan components required by subsection B are in place and may thereafter perform all tasks necessary to implement the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services.

F. Any funds saved by the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services and not allocated to individualized services plans for consumers being transferred or discharged as a result of the closure or conversion of the state hospital to any use other than the provision of mental health services shall be invested in the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ Trust Fund established in Article 4 (§ 37.2-317 et seq.) of this chapter.

G. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Commissioner from leasing unused, vacant space to any public or private organization.

§ 37.2-317. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Assets" means the buildings and land of state facilities operated by the Department.

"Fund" means the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund~~.

"Net proceeds" means the gross amount received by the seller on account of the sale of any assets (i) less costs incurred on behalf of the seller in connection with such sale and (ii), if after the sale the sold assets will be used by an entity other than a state agency or instrumentality or a local governmental entity in a governmental activity and debt obligations financed any portion of the sold assets and any amount of such obligations is outstanding at the time of the sale, less the amount necessary to provide for the payment or redemption of the portion of such outstanding obligations that financed the sold assets, which amount shall be used to pay or redeem such obligations or shall be transferred to the third party issuer of the obligations for a use permitted in accordance with such obligations.

§ 37.2-318. Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund established; purpose.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund~~ to enhance and ensure for the coming years the quality of care and treatment provided to consumers of public mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services. The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-1156, the Fund shall consist of the net proceeds of the sale of vacant buildings and land held by the Department. The Fund shall also consist of such moneys as shall be appropriated by the General Assembly and any private donations. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes set forth in this article. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Commissioner.

§ 37.2-319. Administration of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Trust Fund.

The Fund shall be administered by the Commissioner. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely to provide mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services to enhance and ensure the quality of care and treatment provided by the Commonwealth to persons with mental illness, mental retardation, or substance abuse. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the net proceeds from the sale of any vacant buildings and land shall first be used to (i) deliver mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services within the same service area where the sold buildings and land were located to ensure the same level of mental health, mental retardation, and substance abuse services as before the sale and (ii) provide benefits to those persons who were employees of the Commonwealth and, as a result of the sale, are no longer employed by the Commonwealth or are otherwise negatively affected by the sale. Benefits shall include appropriate transitional benefits.

§ 37.2-423. Office created; appointment of Inspector General for Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

There is hereby created the Office of Inspector General for ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ to inspect, monitor, and review the quality of services provided in state facilities and by providers as defined in § 37.2-403, including licensed mental health treatment units in state correctional facilities. The Inspector General shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, and shall report to the Governor. The Inspector General shall be appointed initially for a term that expires one full year following the end of the Governor's term of office, and, thereafter, the term shall be for four years. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term and shall be effective until 30 days after the next meeting of the ensuing General Assembly and, if confirmed, thereafter for the remainder of the term.

§ 37.2-716. Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Revenue Fund.

All funds collected by the Department pursuant to this article shall be paid into a special fund of the state treasury that shall be known and referred to as the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Revenue Fund~~.

This fund shall be appropriated and used for the operation of the Department and its state facilities for research and training. Unexpended funds in the ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Revenue Fund~~ at the close of any fiscal year shall be retained in the fund and be available for expenditure in ensuing years as provided herein.

§ 37.2-900. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~.

5179 "Defendant" means any person charged with a sexually violent offense who is deemed to be an
 5180 unrestorably incompetent defendant pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 and is referred for commitment review
 5181 pursuant to this chapter.

5182 "Department" means the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~
 5183 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*.

5184 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Corrections.

5185 "Mental abnormality" or "personality disorder" means a congenital or acquired condition that affects
 5186 a person's emotional or volitional capacity and renders the person so likely to commit sexually violent
 5187 offenses that he constitutes a menace to the health and safety of others.

5188 "Respondent" means the person who is subject of a petition filed under this chapter.

5189 "Sexually violent offense" means a felony under (i) former § 18-54, former § 18.1-44, subdivision 5
 5190 of § 18.2-31, § 18.2-61, 18.2-67.1, or 18.2-67.2; (ii) § 18.2-48 (ii), 18.2-48 (iii), 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, or
 5191 18.2-67.3; (iii) subdivision 1 of § 18.2-31 where the abduction was committed with intent to defile the
 5192 victim; (iv) § 18.2-32 when the killing was in the commission of, or attempt to commit rape, forcible
 5193 sodomy, or inanimate or animate object sexual penetration; (v) the laws of the Commonwealth for a
 5194 forcible sexual offense committed prior to July 1, 1981, where the criminal behavior is set forth in
 5195 § 18.2-67.1 or 18.2-67.2, or is set forth in § 18.2-67.3; or (vi) conspiracy to commit or attempt to
 5196 commit any of the above offenses.

5197 "Sexually violent predator" means any person who (i) has been convicted of a sexually violent
 5198 offense or has been charged with a sexually violent offense and is unrestorably incompetent to stand
 5199 trial pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 and (ii) because of a mental abnormality or personality disorder, finds it
 5200 difficult to control his predatory behavior, which makes him likely to engage in sexually violent acts.

5201 § 37.2-900.1. Office of Sexually Violent Predator Services.

5202 There is hereby established within the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
 5203 ~~Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, the Office of Sexually Violent
 5204 Predator Services for the purpose of administering the duties of the Department under this chapter.

5205 § 37.2-909. Placement of committed persons.

5206 A. Any person committed pursuant to this chapter shall be placed in the custody of the Department
 5207 for control, care, and treatment until such time as the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder
 5208 has so changed that the person will not present an undue risk to public safety. The Department shall
 5209 provide such control, care, and treatment at a secure facility operated by it or may contract with private
 5210 or public entities, in or outside of the Commonwealth, or with other states to provide comparable
 5211 control, care, or treatment. At all times, persons committed for control, care, and treatment by the
 5212 Department pursuant to this chapter shall be kept in a secure facility. Persons committed under this
 5213 chapter shall be segregated by sight and sound at all times from prisoners in the custody of a
 5214 correctional facility. The Commissioner may make treatment and management decisions regarding
 5215 committed persons in his custody without obtaining prior approval of or review by the committing court.

5216 B. Prior to the siting of a new facility or the designation of an existing facility to be operated by the
 5217 Department for the control, care, and treatment of persons convicted of a sexually violent offense who
 5218 have been referred for civil commitment, the Commissioner shall notify the state elected officials for
 5219 and the local governing body of the jurisdiction of the proposed location, designation, or expansion of
 5220 the facility. Upon receiving such notice, the local governing body of the jurisdiction of the proposed site
 5221 or where the existing facility is located may publish a descriptive notice concerning the proposed site or
 5222 existing facility in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction.

5223 The Commissioner also shall establish an advisory committee relating to any facility for which notice
 5224 is required by this subsection or any facility being operated for the purpose of the control, care, and
 5225 treatment of persons convicted of a sexually violent offense who have been referred for civil
 5226 commitment. The advisory committee shall consist of state and local elected officials and representatives
 5227 of community organizations serving the jurisdiction in which the facility is proposed to be or is located.
 5228 Upon request, the members of the appropriate advisory committee shall be notified whenever the
 5229 Department increases the number of beds in the relevant facility.

5230 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any person is committed under this article, the
 5231 Department of Corrections and the Office of the Attorney General shall provide to the Department of
 5232 ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~,
 5233 a copy of all relevant criminal history information, medical and mental health records, presentence or
 5234 postsentence reports and victim impact statements, and the mental health evaluations performed pursuant
 5235 to subsection B of § 37.2-904 and § 37.2-907, for use in the treatment and evaluation of the committed
 5236 person.

5237 § 37.2-912. Conditional release; criteria; conditions; reports.

5238 A. At any time the court considers the respondent's need for secure inpatient treatment pursuant to
 5239 this chapter, it shall place the respondent on conditional release if it finds that (i) he does not need

secure inpatient treatment but needs outpatient treatment or monitoring to prevent his condition from deteriorating to a degree that he would need secure inpatient treatment; (ii) appropriate outpatient supervision and treatment are reasonably available; (iii) there is significant reason to believe that the respondent, if conditionally released, would comply with the conditions specified; and (iv) conditional release will not present an undue risk to public safety. In making its determination, the court may consider (i) the nature and circumstances of the sexually violent offense for which the respondent was charged or convicted, including the age and maturity of the victim; (ii) the results of any actuarial test, including the likelihood of recidivism; (iii) the results of any diagnostic tests previously administered to the respondent under this chapter; (iv) the respondent's mental history, including treatments for mental illness or mental disorders, participation in and response to therapy or treatment, and any history of previous hospitalizations; (v) the respondent's present mental condition; (vi) the respondent's response to treatment while in secure inpatient treatment or on conditional release, including his disciplinary record and any infractions; (vii) the respondent's living arrangements and potential employment if he were to be placed on conditional release; (viii) the availability of transportation and appropriate supervision to ensure participation by the respondent in necessary treatment; and (ix) any other factors that the court deems relevant. The court shall subject the respondent to the orders and conditions it deems will best meet his need for treatment and supervision and best serve the interests of justice and society. In all cases of conditional release, the court shall order the respondent to be subject to electronic monitoring of his location by means of a GPS (Global Positioning System) tracking device, or other similar device, at all times while he is on conditional release. A continuance extending the review may be granted to either the Attorney General or the respondent upon good cause shown or by agreement of the parties.

The Department or, if the respondent is on parole or probation, the respondent's parole or probation officer shall implement the court's conditional release orders and shall submit written reports to the court on the respondent's progress and adjustment in the community no less frequently than every six months. The Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is authorized to contract with the Department of Corrections to provide services for the monitoring and supervision of sexually violent predators who are on conditional release.

The Department or, if the respondent is on parole or probation, the respondent's parole or probation officer shall send a copy of each written report submitted to the court and copies of all correspondence with the court pursuant to this section to the Attorney General and the Commissioner.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any respondent is placed on conditional release under this article, the Department of Corrections and the Office of the Attorney General shall provide to the Department, or if the respondent is on parole or probation, the respondent's parole or probation officer, all relevant criminal history information, medical and mental health records, presentence and postsentence reports and victim impact statements, and the mental health evaluations performed pursuant to this chapter, for use in the management and treatment of the respondent placed on conditional release. Any information or document provided pursuant to this subsection shall not be subject to disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

§ 37.2-919. Postrelease supervision of Department; commission of new criminal offense by person committed to Department.

A. If a person committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, whether in involuntary secure inpatient treatment or on conditional release, who is also on probation, parole, or postrelease supervision, fails to comply with any conditions established by the Department, or fails to comply with the terms of a treatment plan, the Department shall so notify the Department of Corrections or the person's probation and parole officer.

B. If a person committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* is arrested for a felony or Class 1 or 2 misdemeanor offense, he shall be transported to a judicial officer forthwith for a bond determination in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-80. If the judicial officer admits the accused to bail, he shall, upon his admission to bail, be immediately transported back into the custody of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*. If, after trial for this offense, no active period of incarceration is imposed, or if the person is acquitted or the charges are withdrawn or dismissed, he shall be returned to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* pursuant to his commitment. If a period of active incarceration of 12 months or longer is imposed or any suspended sentence is revoked resulting in the person being returned to the Department of Corrections for a period of active incarceration of 12 months or longer, the person shall not be entitled to an annual or biennial review hearing pursuant to § 37.2-910 until 12 months after he has been returned to the custody of the Commissioner. Such reincarceration shall toll the provisions of § 37.2-910.

§ 37.2-1101. Judicial authorization of treatment.

A. An appropriate circuit court or district court judge or special justice may authorize treatment for a mental or physical disorder on behalf of an adult person, in accordance with this section, if it finds upon clear and convincing evidence that (i) the person is either incapable of making an informed decision on his own behalf or is incapable of communicating such a decision due to a physical or mental disorder and (ii) the proposed treatment is in the best interest of the person.

B. Any person may request authorization of treatment for an adult person by filing a petition in the circuit court or district court or with a special justice of the county or city in which the person for whom treatment is sought resides or is located or in the county or city in which the proposed place of treatment is located. Upon filing the petition, the petitioner or the court shall deliver or send a certified copy of the petition to the person for whom treatment is sought and, if the identity and whereabouts of the person's next of kin are known, to the next of kin.

C. As soon as reasonably possible after the filing of the petition, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the interests of the person for whom treatment is sought at the hearing. However, the appointment shall not be required in the event that the person or another interested person on behalf of the person elects to retain private counsel at his own expense to represent the interests of the person at the hearing. If the person for whom treatment is sought is indigent, his counsel shall be paid by the Commonwealth as provided in § 37.2-804 from funds appropriated to reimburse expenses incurred in the involuntary admission process. However, this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the direct payment of an attorney's fee by the person or an interested person on his behalf, which fee shall be subject to the review and approval of the court.

D. Following the appointment of an attorney pursuant to subsection C, the court shall schedule an expedited hearing of the matter. The court shall notify the person for whom treatment is sought, his next of kin, if known, the petitioner, and their respective counsel of the date and time for the hearing. In scheduling the hearing, the court shall take into account the type and severity of the alleged physical or mental disorder, as well as the need to provide the person's attorney with sufficient time to adequately prepare his client's case.

E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections B and D regarding delivery or service of the petition and notice of the hearing to the next of kin of any person for whom consent to treatment is sought, if the person is a patient in any hospital, including a hospital licensed by the Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-123 or a resident in any facility operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* and such person has no known guardian or legally authorized representative, at the time the petition is filed, the court may dispense with the requirement of any notice to the next of kin. If treatment is necessary to prevent imminent or irreversible harm, the court in its discretion may dispense with the requirement of providing notice. This subsection shall not be construed to interfere with any decision made pursuant to the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

F. Prior to the hearing, the attorney shall investigate the risks and benefits of the treatment decision for which authorization is sought and of alternatives to the proposed decision. The attorney shall make a reasonable effort to inform the person of this information and to ascertain the person's religious beliefs and basic values and the views and preferences of the person's next of kin. A health care provider shall disclose or make available to the attorney, upon request, any information, records, and reports concerning the person that the attorney determines necessary to perform his duties under this section. Evidence presented at the hearing may be submitted by affidavit in the absence of objection by the person for whom treatment is sought, the petitioner, either of their respective counsel, or by any other interested party.

G. Prior to authorizing treatment pursuant to this section, the court shall find:

1. That there is no legally authorized representative available to give consent;
2. That the person for whom treatment is sought is incapable of making an informed decision regarding treatment or is physically or mentally incapable of communicating such a decision;
3. That the person who is the subject of the petition is unlikely to become capable of making an informed decision or of communicating an informed decision within the time required for decision; and
4. That the proposed treatment is in the best interest of the person and is medically and ethically appropriate with respect to (i) the medical diagnosis and prognosis and (ii) any other information provided by the attending physician of the person for whom treatment is sought. However, the court shall not authorize a proposed treatment that is proven by a preponderance of the evidence to be contrary to the person's religious beliefs or basic values, unless the treatment is necessary to prevent death or a serious irreversible condition. The court shall take into consideration the right of the person to rely on nonmedical, remedial treatment in the practice of religion in lieu of medical treatment.

H. Any order authorizing treatment pursuant to subsection A shall describe any treatment authorized and may authorize generally such related examinations, tests, or services as the court may determine to be reasonably related to the treatment authorized. Treatment authorized by such order may include

palliative care as defined in § 32.1-162.1, if appropriate. The order shall require the treating physician to review and document the appropriateness of the continued administration of antipsychotic medications not less frequently than every 30 days. The order shall require the treating physician or other service provider to report to the court and the person's attorney any change in the person's condition resulting in probable restoration or development of the person's capacity to make and to communicate an informed decision prior to completion of any authorized treatment and related services. The order may further require the treating physician or other service provider to report to the court and the person's attorney any change in circumstances regarding any authorized treatment or related services that may indicate that such authorization is no longer in the person's best interests. Upon receipt of such report or upon the petition of any interested party, the court may enter an order withdrawing or modifying its prior authorization as it deems appropriate. Any petition or order under this section may be orally presented or entered, provided a written order shall be subsequently executed.

§ 38.2-3412.1. Coverage for mental health and substance abuse services.

A. As used in this section:

"Adult" means any person who is nineteen years of age or older.

"Alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility" means a facility in which a state-approved program for the treatment of alcoholism or drug addiction is provided. The facility shall be either (i) licensed by the State Board of Health pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Title 32.1 or by the State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 or (ii) a state agency or institution.

"Child or adolescent" means any person under the age of nineteen years.

"Inpatient treatment" means mental health or substance abuse services delivered on a twenty-four-hour per day basis in a hospital, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility, an intermediate care facility or an inpatient unit of a mental health treatment center.

"Intermediate care facility" means a licensed, residential public or private facility that is not a hospital and that is operated primarily for the purpose of providing a continuous, structured twenty-four-hour per day, state-approved program of inpatient substance abuse services.

"Medication management visit" means a visit no more than twenty minutes in length with a licensed physician or other licensed health care provider with prescriptive authority for the sole purpose of monitoring and adjusting medications prescribed for mental health or substance abuse treatment.

"Mental health services" means treatment for mental, emotional or nervous disorders.

"Mental health treatment center" means a treatment facility organized to provide care and treatment for mental illness through multiple modalities or techniques pursuant to a written plan approved and monitored by a physician, clinical psychologist, or a psychologist licensed to practice in this Commonwealth. The facility shall be (i) licensed by the Commonwealth, (ii) funded or eligible for funding under federal or state law, or (iii) affiliated with a hospital under a contractual agreement with an established system for patient referral.

"Outpatient treatment" means mental health or substance abuse treatment services rendered to a person as an individual or part of a group while not confined as an inpatient. Such treatment shall not include services delivered through a partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient program as defined herein.

"Partial hospitalization" means a licensed or approved day or evening treatment program that includes the major diagnostic, medical, psychiatric and psychosocial rehabilitation treatment modalities designed for patients with mental, emotional, or nervous disorders, and alcohol or other drug dependence who require coordinated, intensive, comprehensive and multi-disciplinary treatment. Such a program shall provide treatment over a period of six or more continuous hours per day to individuals or groups of individuals who are not admitted as inpatients. Such term shall also include intensive outpatient programs for the treatment of alcohol or other drug dependence which provide treatment over a period of three or more continuous hours per day to individuals or groups of individuals who are not admitted as inpatients.

"Substance abuse services" means treatment for alcohol or other drug dependence.

"Treatment" means services including diagnostic evaluation, medical, psychiatric and psychological care, and psychotherapy for mental, emotional or nervous disorders or alcohol or other drug dependence rendered by a hospital, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility, intermediate care facility, mental health treatment center, a physician, psychologist, clinical psychologist, licensed clinical social worker, licensed professional counselor, licensed substance abuse treatment practitioner, licensed marriage and family therapist or clinical nurse specialist who renders mental health services. Treatment for physiological or psychological dependence on alcohol or other drugs shall also include the services of counseling and rehabilitation as well as services rendered by a state certified alcoholism, drug, or substance abuse counselor or substance abuse counseling assistant, limited to the scope of practice set forth in

§ 54.1-3507.1 or § 54.1-3507.2, respectively, employed by a facility or program licensed to provide such treatment.

B. Each individual and group accident and sickness insurance policy or individual and group subscription contract providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis for a family member of the insured or the subscriber shall provide coverage for inpatient and partial hospitalization mental health and substance abuse services as follows:

1. Treatment for an adult as an inpatient at a hospital, inpatient unit of a mental health treatment center, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility or intermediate care facility for a minimum period of twenty days per policy or contract year.

2. Treatment for a child or adolescent as an inpatient at a hospital, inpatient unit of a mental health treatment center, alcohol or drug rehabilitation facility or intermediate care facility for a minimum period of twenty-five days per policy or contract year.

3. Up to ten days of the inpatient benefit set forth in subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection may be converted when medically necessary at the option of the person or the parent, as defined in § 16.1-336, of a child or adolescent receiving such treatment to a partial hospitalization benefit applying a formula which shall be no less favorable than an exchange of 1.5 days of partial hospitalization coverage for each inpatient day of coverage. An insurance policy or subscription contract described herein which provides inpatient benefits in excess of twenty days per policy or contract year for adults or twenty-five days per policy or contract year for a child or adolescent may provide for the conversion of such excess days on the terms set forth in this subdivision.

4. The limits of the benefits set forth in this subsection shall not be more restrictive than for any other illness, except that the benefits may be limited as set out in this subsection.

5. This subsection shall not apply to short-term travel, accident only, limited or specified disease policies or contracts, nor to policies or contracts designed for issuance to persons eligible for coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, known as Medicare, or any other similar coverage under state or federal governmental plans.

C. Each individual and group accident and sickness insurance policy or individual and group subscription contract providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis for a family member of the insured or the subscriber shall also provide coverage for outpatient mental health and substance abuse services as follows:

1. A minimum of twenty visits for outpatient treatment of an adult, child or adolescent shall be provided in each policy or contract year.

2. The limits of the benefits set forth in this subsection shall be no more restrictive than the limits of benefits applicable to physical illness; however, the coinsurance factor applicable to any outpatient visit beyond the first five of such visits covered in any policy or contract year shall be at least fifty percent.

3. For the purpose of this section, medication management visits shall be covered in the same manner as a medication management visit for the treatment of physical illness and shall not be counted as an outpatient treatment visit in the calculation of the benefit set forth herein.

4. For the purpose of this subsection, if all covered expenses for a visit for outpatient mental health or substance abuse treatment apply toward any deductible required by a policy or contract, such visit shall not count toward the outpatient visit benefit maximum set forth in the policy or contract.

5. This subsection shall not apply to short-term travel, accident only, or limited or specified disease policies or contracts, nor to policies or contracts designed for issuance to persons eligible for coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, known as Medicare, or any other similar coverage under state or federal governmental plans.

D. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to "biologically based mental illnesses," as defined in § 38.2-3412.1:01, unless coverage for any such mental illness is not otherwise available pursuant to the provisions § 38.2-3412.1:01.

E. The requirements of this section shall apply to all insurance policies and subscription contracts delivered, issued for delivery, reissued, or extended, or at any time when any term of the policy or contract is changed or any premium adjustment made.

§ 38.2-3418.5. Coverage for early intervention services.

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 38.2-3419, each insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies providing hospital, medical and surgical, or major medical coverage on an expense-incurred basis; each corporation providing individual or group accident and sickness subscription contracts; and each health maintenance organization providing a health care plan for health care services shall provide coverage for medically necessary early intervention services under such policy, contract or plan delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this Commonwealth on and after July 1, 1998. Such coverage shall be limited to a benefit of \$5,000 per insured or member per policy or calendar year and, except as set forth in subsection C, shall be subject to such dollar limits, deductibles and coinsurance factors as are no less favorable than for physical illness generally.

B. For the purpose of this section, "early intervention services" means medically necessary speech and language therapy, occupational therapy, physical therapy and assistive technology services and devices for dependents from birth to age three who are certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services as eligible for services under Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.). "Medically necessary early intervention services for the population certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services" shall mean those services designed to help an individual attain or retain the capability to function age-appropriately within his environment, and shall include services that enhance functional ability without effecting a cure.

C. The cost of early intervention services shall not be applied to any contractual provision limiting the total amount of coverage paid by the insurer, corporation or health maintenance organization to or on behalf of the insured or member during the insured's or member's lifetime.

D. "Financial costs," as used in this section, shall mean any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible in the policy or plan. Financial costs may be paid through the use of federal Part H program funds, state general funds, or local government funds appropriated to implement Part H services for families who may refuse the use of their insurance to pay for early intervention services due to a financial cost.

E. The provisions of this section shall not apply to short-term travel, accident only, limited or specified disease policies, policies or contracts designed for issuance to persons eligible for coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, known as Medicare, or any other similar coverage under state or governmental plans or to short-term nonrenewable policies of not more than six months' duration.

§ 46.2-400. Suspension of license of person incompetent because of mental illness, mental retardation, alcoholism, or drug addiction; return of license; duty of clerk of court.

The Commissioner, on receipt of notice that any person has been legally adjudged to be incapacitated in accordance with Article 1 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 37.2 or that a person discharged from an institution operated or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services is, in the opinion of the authorities of the institution, not competent because of mental illness, mental retardation, ~~inebriety~~ *alcoholism*, or drug addiction to drive a motor vehicle with safety to persons or property, shall forthwith suspend his license; but he shall not suspend the license if the person has been adjudged competent by judicial order or decree.

In any case in which the person's license has been suspended prior to his discharge it shall not be returned to him unless the Commissioner is satisfied, after an examination such as is required of applicants by § 46.2-325, that the person is competent to drive a motor vehicle with safety to persons and property.

The clerk of the court in which the adjudication is made shall forthwith send a certified copy or abstract of such adjudication to the Commissioner.

§ 46.2-401. Reports to Commissioner of discharge of patients from state institutions.

Whenever practicable, at least ten days prior to the time when any patient is to be discharged from any institution operated or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental~~ Services, if the mental condition of the patient is, because of mental illness, mental retardation, ~~inebriety~~ *alcoholism*, or drug addiction, in the judgment of the director or chief medical officer of the institution such as to prevent him from being competent to drive a motor vehicle with safety to persons and property, the director or chief medical officer shall forthwith report to the Commissioner, in sufficient detail for accurate identification, the date of discharge of the patient, together with a statement concerning his ability to drive a motor vehicle.

§ 46.2-1229. Enforcement of parking regulations of State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.

Any regulations of the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ Board pursuant to the provisions of § 37.2-203 relating to parking on property owned or controlled by the ~~Board~~ Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall provide:

1. That uncontested citations issued thereunder shall be paid to the administrative official or officials appointed under the provisions of this section in the locality in which the part of the ~~hospital~~ *state facility* lies, who shall promptly deposit the sums into the state treasury as a special revenue of the ~~Board~~ Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; and

2. That contested or delinquent citations shall be certified or complaint, summons, or warrant shall be issued as provided in § 46.2-1225 to the general district court in whose jurisdiction the ~~hospital~~ *state facility* lies. Any sum collected by the court, minus court costs, shall be promptly deposited by the clerk into the state treasury as a special revenue of the ~~Board~~ Department of Behavioral Health and

5545 *Developmental Services.*

5546 § 51.5-1. Declaration of policy.

5547 It is the policy of this Commonwealth to encourage and enable persons with disabilities to participate
 5548 fully and equally in the social and economic life of the Commonwealth and to engage in remunerative
 5549 employment. To these ends, the General Assembly directs the Governor, Virginia Office for Protection
 5550 and Advocacy, Department for the Aging, Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, Department of
 5551 Education, Department of Health, Department of Housing and Community Development, Department of
 5552 ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*,
 5553 Board for Rights of Virginians with Disabilities, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department of
 5554 Social Services, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, and such other agencies as the Governor
 5555 deems appropriate, to provide, in a comprehensive and coordinated manner which makes the best use of
 5556 available resources, those services necessary to assure equal opportunity to persons with disabilities in
 5557 the Commonwealth.

5558 The provisions of this title shall be known and may be cited as "The Virginians With Disabilities
 5559 Act."

5560 § 51.5-2. Plan of cooperation.

5561 The Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy, Department for the Aging, Department for the
 5562 Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, Department of Education, Department of Health, Department of Housing and
 5563 Community Development, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~
 5564 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department of
 5565 Social Services, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired and such other agencies as are
 5566 designated by the Governor which serve persons with disabilities shall formulate a plan of cooperation
 5567 in accordance with the provisions of this title and the federal Rehabilitation Act. The goal of this plan
 5568 shall be to promote the fair and efficient provision of rehabilitative and other services to persons with
 5569 disabilities and to protect the rights of persons with disabilities.

5570 The plan of cooperation shall include an annual update of budgetary commitment under the plan,
 5571 specifying how many persons with disabilities, by type of impairment, will be served under the plan.
 5572 The plan of cooperation shall include consideration of first pay provisions for entitlement programs of a
 5573 cooperating agency. If entitlement services are part of a client's individualized written rehabilitation
 5574 program or equivalent plan for services, funds shall be paid from the entitlement program when
 5575 possible. The plan and budgetary commitments shall be reviewed by the respective boards of the
 5576 cooperating agencies, reviewed by the Virginia Board for People with Disabilities and submitted for
 5577 approval to the appropriate secretaries within the Governor's Office before implementation.

5578 § 51.5-14. Powers and duties of Commissioner.

5579 The Commissioner shall have the following powers and duties:

5580 1. To employ such personnel, qualified by knowledge, skills, and abilities, as may be required to
 5581 carry out the purposes of this title relating to the Department;

5582 2. To make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of
 5583 the Department's duties and the execution of its powers under this title, including, but not limited to,
 5584 contracts with the United States, other states, agencies and governmental subdivisions of this
 5585 Commonwealth;

5586 3. To accept grants from the United States government and agencies and instrumentalities thereof and
 5587 any other source and, to these ends, to comply with such conditions and execute such agreements as
 5588 may be necessary, convenient or desirable;

5589 4. To do all acts necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of this title;

5590 5. To develop and analyze information on the needs of persons with disabilities;

5591 6. To establish plans, policies and programs for the delivery of services to persons with disabilities
 5592 for consideration by the Governor and the General Assembly. Such policies, plans and programs for
 5593 services to those who cannot benefit from vocational rehabilitation shall be prepared over time, and as
 5594 funds become available for such efforts;

5595 7. To operate and maintain the Woodrow Wilson Rehabilitation Center and to organize, supervise
 5596 and provide other necessary services and facilities (i) to prepare persons with disabilities for useful and
 5597 productive lives, including suitable employment and (ii) to enable persons with disabilities, to the degree
 5598 possible, to become self-sufficient and have a sense of well-being;

5599 8. To develop criteria for the evaluation of plans and programs relative to the provision of
 5600 rehabilitative and other services;

5601 9. To investigate the availability of funds from any source for planning, developing and providing
 5602 services to persons with disabilities, particularly those not capable of being gainfully employed;

5603 10. To coordinate the Department's plans, policies, programs and services, and such programs and
 5604 services required under § 51.5-9.2, with those of the other state agencies providing services to persons
 5605 with disabilities so as to achieve maximum utilization of available resources to meet the needs of such

persons;

11. To compile and provide information on the availability of federal, state, regional and local funds and services for persons with disabilities;

12. To accept, execute and administer any trust in which the Department may have an interest, under the terms of the instruments creating the trust, subject to the approval of the Governor;

13. To promulgate regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth administered by the Department;

14. To work with the Department of Veterans Services and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* to establish a program for mental health and rehabilitative services for Virginia veterans and members of the Virginia National Guard and Virginia residents in the Armed Forces Reserves not in active federal service and their family members pursuant to § 2.2-2001.1; and

15. To perform such other duties as may be required by the Governor and the Secretary of Health and Human Resources.

§ 51.5-14.1. Cooperation of Department with other state departments.

The Department of Rehabilitative Services shall collaborate with the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* in activities related to licensing providers of (i) services under the Individual and Families Developmental Disabilities Support Waiver, (ii) services under the Brain Injury Waiver, and (iii) residential services for individuals with brain injuries as defined in § 37.2-403. These activities include involving advocacy and consumer groups who represent persons with developmental disabilities or brain injuries in the regulatory process; training the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, local human rights committees and the State Human Rights Committee on the unique needs and preferences of individuals with developmental disabilities or brain injuries; assisting in the development of regulatory requirements for such providers; and providing technical assistance in the regulatory process and in performing annual inspections and complaint investigations.

§ 51.5-31. Board created.

There shall be a Virginia Board for People with Disabilities, responsible to the Secretary of Health and Human Resources. The Board shall be composed of 40 members, to include the head or a person designated by the head of the Department for the Aging, Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, Department of Education, Department of Medical Assistance Services, Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, Department of Rehabilitative Services, and the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired; one representative of the protection and advocacy agency; one representative of the university-affiliated facility; one representative each, to be appointed by the Governor, of a local governmental agency, a manufacturing or a retailing industry, a high-technology industry, a public transit interest, and a nongovernmental agency or group of agencies that provide services for persons with developmental disabilities; a banking executive; one person with disabilities other than developmental disabilities; and 24 persons with developmental disabilities or the parents or guardians of such persons. Of the last 24 persons, at least eight shall be persons with developmental disabilities; at least eight shall be immediate relatives or guardians of persons with mentally impairing developmental disabilities; and at least one person shall be an immediate relative or guardian of an institutionalized person with a developmental disability.

Each member appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a four-year term, except that of the members appointed in 1989, eight shall be appointed for a term of four years, eight shall be appointed for a term of three years, eight shall be appointed for a term of two years, and seven shall be appointed for a term of one year. Members so appointed shall be subject to removal at the pleasure of the Governor. Any vacancy other than by expiration of a term shall be filled for the unexpired term. No person appointed by the Governor shall serve for more than two successive terms.

The Board shall elect its chairman.

§ 51.5-39.2. The Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy; governing board; terms; quorum; expenses; summary of annual work.

A. The Department for Rights of Virginians with Disabilities is hereby established as an independent state agency to be known as the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy. The Office is designated as the agency to protect and advocate for the rights of persons with mental, cognitive, sensory, physical or other disabilities and to receive federal funds on behalf of the Commonwealth of Virginia to implement the federal Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, the federal Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, the federal Rehabilitation Act, the Virginians with Disabilities Act and such other related programs as may be established by state and federal law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office shall be independent of the Office of the Attorney General and shall have the authority, pursuant to subdivision 5 of § 2.2-510, to employ and

contract with legal counsel to carry out the purposes of this chapter and to employ and contract with legal counsel to advise and represent the Office, to initiate actions on behalf of the Office, and to defend the Office and its officers, agents and employees in the course and scope of their employment or authorization, in any matter, including state, federal and administrative proceedings. Compensation for legal counsel shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the Office. However, in the event defense is provided under Article 5 (§ 2.2-1832 et seq.) of Chapter 18 of Title 2.2, counsel shall be appointed pursuant to subdivision 4 of § 2.2-510. The Office shall provide ombudsman, advocacy and legal services to persons with disabilities who may be represented by the Office. The Office is authorized to receive and act upon complaints concerning discrimination on the basis of disability, abuse and neglect or other denial of rights, and practices and conditions in institutions, hospitals, and programs for persons with disabilities, and to investigate complaints relating to abuse and neglect or other violation of the rights of persons with disabilities in proceedings under state or federal law, and to initiate any proceedings to secure the rights of such persons.

B. The Office shall be governed by an 11-member board consisting of 11 nonlegislative citizen members. The members shall be appointed as follows: five citizens at large, of whom one shall be a person with a developmental disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person with a physical disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person who represents persons with cognitive disabilities, one shall be a person who represents persons with developmental disabilities, and one shall be a person who represents persons with sensory or physical disabilities, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates; three citizens at large, of whom one shall be a person with a cognitive disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person who represents persons with mental illnesses, and one shall be a person who represents people with mental or neurological disabilities, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; and three citizens at large, of whom one shall be a person with a mental illness or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, one shall be a person with a sensory disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, and one shall be a person with a mental or neurological disability or the parent, family member, guardian, advocate, or authorized representative of such an individual, to be appointed by the Governor. Persons appointed to the board to represent individuals with a disability shall be knowledgeable of the broad range of needs of such persons served by the Office. Persons appointed to the board who have a disability shall be individuals who are eligible for, are receiving, or have received services through the state system that protects and advocates for the rights of individuals with disabilities. In appointing the members of the Board, consideration shall be given to persons nominated by statewide groups that advocate for the physically, developmentally, and mentally disabled. The Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy shall coordinate and provide to the appointing authorities the lists of nominations for each appointment. The Speaker of the House of Delegates, the Senate Committee on Rules and the Governor shall not be limited in their appointments to persons so nominated; however, such appointing authorities shall seriously consider the persons nominated and appoint such persons whenever feasible.

No member of the General Assembly, elected official, or current employee of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, State Health Department, Department of Rehabilitative Services, Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, Virginia Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, a community services board, a behavioral health authority, or a local government department with a policy-advisory community services board shall be appointed to the Board.

C. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of four years, following the initial staggering of terms. All members may be reappointed, except that any member appointed during the initial staggering of terms to a four-year term shall not be eligible for reappointment for two years after the expiration of his term. However, no nonlegislative citizen member shall serve more than two consecutive four-year terms. The remainder of any term to which a member is appointed to fill a vacancy shall not constitute a term in determining the member's eligibility for reappointment. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be made for the unexpired terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All appointments and reappointments shall be subject to confirmation at the next session of the General Assembly. All appointments shall be confirmed by the affirmative vote of a majority of those voting in each house of the General Assembly. Members shall continue to serve until such time as their successors have been appointed and duly qualified to serve.

D. The Board shall elect a chairman and a vice-chairman from among its members and appoint a secretary who may or may not be a member of the Board. A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

The Board shall meet at least four times each year. The meetings of the Board shall be held at the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the voting members so request. The chairman shall perform such additional duties as may be established by resolution of the Board.

E. Members shall serve without compensation for their services; however, all members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the costs of expenses of the members shall be provided by the Virginia Office for Protection and Advocacy.

F. Members of the Board shall be subject to removal from office only as set forth in Article 7 (§ 24.2-230 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 24.2. The Circuit Court of the City of Richmond shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all proceedings for such removal.

G. The chairman of the Board shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Board no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted to the General Assembly's website.

§ 51.5-39.7. (See Editor's note) Ombudsman services for persons with disabilities.

A. There is hereby created within the Office an ombudsman section. The Director shall establish procedures for receiving complaints and conducting investigations for the purposes of resolving and mediating complaints regarding any activity, practice, policy, or procedure of any hospital, facility or program operated, funded or licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, the Department of Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Social Services, or any other state or local agency, that is adversely affecting the health, safety, welfare or civil or human rights of any person with mental, cognitive, sensory or physical disabilities. After initial investigation, the section may decline to accept any complaint it determines is frivolous or not made in good faith. The ombudsman section shall attempt to resolve the complaint at the lowest appropriate level, unless otherwise provided by law. The procedures shall require the section to:

1. Acknowledge the receipt of a complaint by sending written notice to the complainant within seven days after receiving the complaint;

2. When appropriate, provide written notice of a complaint to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or any other appropriate agency within seven days after receiving the complaint. The Department or agency shall report its findings and actions no later than fourteen days after receiving the complaint;

3. Immediately refer a complaint made under this section to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or any other appropriate governmental agency whenever the complaint involves an immediate and substantial threat to the health or safety of a person with mental retardation, developmental disabilities, mental illness, or other disability. The Department or agency receiving the complaint shall report its findings and actions no later than forty-eight hours following its receipt of the complaint;

4. Within seven days after identifying a deficiency in the treatment of a person with a disability that is in violation of state or federal law or regulation, refer the matter in writing to the appropriate state agency. The state agency shall report on its findings and actions within seven days of receiving notice of the matter;

5. Advise the complainant and any person with a disability affected by the complaint, no more than thirty days after it receives the complaint, of any action it has taken and of any opinions and recommendations it has with respect to the complaint. The ombudsman section may request any party affected by the opinions or recommendations to notify the section, within a time period specified by the section, of any action the party has taken on its recommendation; and

6. Refer any complaint not resolved through negotiation, mediation, or conciliation to the Director or the Director's designee to determine whether further protection and advocacy services shall be provided by the Office.

B. The ombudsman section may make public any of its opinions or recommendations concerning a complaint, the responses of persons and governmental agencies to its opinions or recommendations, and any act, practice, policy, or procedure that adversely affects or may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or civil or human rights of a person with a disability, subject to the provisions of § 51.5-39.8.

C. The Office shall publicize its existence, functions, and activities, and the procedures for filing a complaint under this section, and send this information in written form to each provider of services to persons with disabilities, with instructions that the information is to be posted in a conspicuous place accessible to patients, residents, consumers, clients, visitors, and employees. The Office shall establish, maintain and publicize a toll-free number for receiving complaints.

§ 51.5-39.12. Notification of critical incidents and deaths in state facilities.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the directors of the state facilities as defined in § 37.2-100 shall notify the Director of the Office in writing within forty-eight hours of critical incidents or deaths of patients or residents in state facilities. For purposes of this section, a critical incident shall be defined as serious bodily injury or loss of consciousness requiring medical treatment. The Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall provide to the Director of the Office a written report setting forth the known facts of critical incidents or deaths of patients or residents of state facilities within fifteen working days of the critical incident or death.

§ 53.1-32. Treatment and control of prisoners; recreation; religious services.

A. It shall be the general purpose of the state correctional facilities to provide proper employment, training and education in accordance with Chapter 18 (§ 22.1-339 et seq.) of Title 22.1 and § 53.1-32.1, medical and mental health care and treatment, discipline and control of prisoners committed or transferred thereto. The health service program established to provide medical services to prisoners shall provide for appropriate means by which prisoners receiving nonemergency medical services may pay fees based upon a portion of the cost of such services. In no event shall any prisoner be denied medically necessary service due to his inability to pay. The Board shall promulgate regulations governing such a program.

B. The Director shall provide a program of recreation for prisoners. The Director may establish, with consultation from the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, a comprehensive substance abuse treatment program which may include utilization of acupuncture and other treatment modalities, and may make such program available to any prisoner requiring the services provided by the program.

C. The Director or his designee who shall be a state employee is authorized to make arrangements for religious services for prisoners at times as he may deem appropriate. When such arrangements are made pursuant to a contract or memorandum of understanding, the final authority for such arrangements shall reside with the Director or his designee.

§ 53.1-40.2. Involuntary admission of prisoners with mental illness.

A. Upon the petition of the Director or his designee, any district court judge or any special justice, as defined by § 37.2-100, of the county or city where the prisoner is located may issue an order authorizing involuntary admission of a prisoner who is sentenced and committed to the Department of Corrections and who is alleged or reliably reported to have a mental illness to a degree that warrants hospitalization.

B. Such prisoner may be involuntarily admitted to a hospital or facility for the care and treatment of persons with mental illness by complying with the following admission procedures:

1. A hearing on the petition shall be scheduled as soon as possible, allowing the prisoner an opportunity to prepare any defenses which he may have, obtain independent evaluation and expert opinion at his own expense, and summons other witnesses.

2. Prior to such hearing, the judge or special justice shall fully inform the prisoner of the allegations of the petition, the standard upon which he may be admitted involuntarily, the right of appeal from such hearing to the circuit court, and the right to jury trial on appeal. The judge or special justice shall ascertain if the prisoner is represented by counsel, and, if he is not represented by counsel, the judge or special justice shall appoint an attorney to represent the prisoner.

3. The judge or special justice shall require an examination of such prisoner by a psychiatrist who is licensed in Virginia or a clinical psychologist who is licensed in Virginia or, if such psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available, a physician or psychologist who is licensed in Virginia and who is qualified in the diagnosis of mental illness. The judge or special justice shall summons the examiner, who shall certify that he has personally examined the individual and has probable cause to believe that the prisoner does or does not have mental illness, that there does or does not exist a substantial likelihood that, as a result of mental illness, the prisoner will, in the near future, cause serious physical harm to himself or others as evidenced by recent behavior causing, attempting, or threatening harm and other relevant information, if any, and that the prisoner does or does not require involuntary hospitalization. The judge or special justice may accept written certification of the examiner's findings if the examination has been personally made within the preceding five days and if there is no objection to the acceptance of such written certification by the prisoner or his attorney.

4. If the judge or special justice, after observing the prisoner and obtaining the necessary positive certification and other relevant evidence, finds specifically that (i) the prisoner has a mental illness and that there exists a substantial likelihood that, as a result of mental illness, the prisoner will, in the near future, (a) cause serious physical harm to himself or others as evidenced by recent behavior causing, attempting, or threatening harm and other relevant information, if any, or (b) suffer serious harm due to his lack of capacity to protect himself from harm or to provide for his basic human needs, and (ii) alternatives to involuntary admission have been investigated and deemed unsuitable and there is no less

restrictive alternative to such admission, the judge or special justice shall by written order and specific findings so certify and order that the prisoner be placed in a hospital or other facility designated by the Director for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of the court order. Such placement shall be in a hospital or other facility for the care and treatment of persons with mental illness that is licensed or operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.~~

5. The judge or special justice shall also order that the relevant medical records of such prisoner be released to the hospital, facility, or program in which he is placed upon request of the treating physician or director of the hospital, facility, or program.

6. The Department shall prepare the forms required in procedures for admission as approved by the Attorney General. These forms, which shall be the legal forms used in such admissions, shall be distributed by the Department to the clerks of the general district courts of the various counties and cities of the Commonwealth and to the directors of the respective state hospitals.

§ 53.1-136. Powers and duties of Board; notice of release of certain inmates.

In addition to the other powers and duties imposed upon the Board by this article, the Board shall:

1. Adopt, subject to approval by the Governor, general rules governing the granting of parole and eligibility requirements, which shall be published and posted for public review;

2. (a) Release on parole for such time and upon such terms and conditions as the Board shall prescribe, persons convicted of felonies and confined under the laws of the Commonwealth in any correctional facility in Virginia when those persons become eligible and are found suitable for parole, according to those rules adopted pursuant to subdivision 1;

(b) Establish the conditions of postrelease supervision authorized pursuant to §§ 18.2-10 and 19.2-295.2 A;

(c) Notify by certified mail at least 21 business days prior to release on discretionary parole of any inmate convicted of a felony and sentenced to a term of 10 or more years, the attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction where the inmate was sentenced. In the case of parole granted for medical reasons, where death is imminent, the Commonwealth's Attorney may be notified by telephone or other electronic means prior to release. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter the obligations of the Board under § 53.1-155 for investigation prior to release;

(d) In any case where a person who is released on parole or postrelease supervision has been committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ under the provisions of Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, the conditions of his parole or postrelease supervision shall include the requirement that the person comply with all conditions given him by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation, and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, and that he follow all of the terms of his treatment plan;

3. Revoke parole and any period of postrelease and order the reincarceration of any parolee or felon serving a period of postrelease supervision or impose a condition of participation in any component of the Statewide Community-Based Corrections System for State-Responsible Offenders (§ 53.1-67.2 et seq.) on any eligible parolee, when, in the judgment of the Board, he has violated the conditions of his parole, postrelease supervision or is otherwise unfit to be on parole or on postrelease supervision;

4. Issue final discharges to persons released by the Board on parole when the Board is of the opinion that the discharge of the parolee will not be incompatible with the welfare of such person or of society;

5. Make investigations and reports with respect to any commutation of sentence, pardon, reprieve or remission of fine or penalty when requested by the Governor; and

6. Publish monthly a statement regarding the action taken by the Board on the parole of prisoners. The statement shall list the name of each prisoner considered for parole and indicate whether parole was granted or denied, as well as the basis for denial of parole as described in subdivision 2 (a).

§ 53.1-145. Powers and duties of probation and parole officers.

In addition to other powers and duties prescribed by this article, each probation and parole officer shall:

1. Investigate and report on any case pending in any court or before any judge in his jurisdiction referred to him by the court or judge;

2. Supervise and assist all persons within his territory placed on probation, secure, as appropriate and when available resources permit, placement of such persons in a substance abuse treatment program which may include utilization of acupuncture and other treatment modalities, and furnish every such person with a written statement of the conditions of his probation and instruct him therein; if any such person has been committed to the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ under the provisions of Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, the conditions of probation shall include the requirement that the person comply with all conditions given him by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~

5911 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and that he follow all of the terms of his treatment plan;
 5912 3. Supervise and assist all persons within his territory released on parole or postrelease supervision,
 5913 secure, as appropriate and when available resources permit, placement of such persons in a substance
 5914 abuse treatment program which may include utilization of acupuncture and other treatment modalities,
 5915 and, in his discretion, assist any person within his territory who has completed his parole, postrelease
 5916 supervision, or has been mandatorily released from any correctional facility in the Commonwealth and
 5917 requests assistance in finding a place to live, finding employment, or in otherwise becoming adjusted to
 5918 the community;

5919 4. Arrest and recommit to the place of confinement from which he was released, or in which he
 5920 would have been confined but for the suspension of his sentence or of its imposition, for violation of
 5921 the terms of probation, post-release supervision pursuant to § 19.2-295.2 or parole, any probationer,
 5922 person subject to post-release supervision or parolee under his supervision, or as directed by the
 5923 Chairman, Board member or the court, pending a hearing by the Board or the court, as the case may be;

5924 5. Keep such records, make such reports, and perform other duties as may be required of him by the
 5925 Director or by regulations prescribed by the Board of Corrections, and the court or judge by whom he
 5926 was authorized;

5927 6. Order and conduct, in his discretion, drug and alcohol screening tests of any probationer, person
 5928 subject to post-release supervision pursuant to § 19.2-295.2 or parolee under his supervision who the
 5929 officer has reason to believe is engaged in the illegal use of controlled substances or marijuana or the
 5930 abuse of alcohol. The cost of the test may be charged to the person under supervision. Regulations
 5931 governing the officer's exercise of this authority shall be promulgated by the Board;

5932 7. Have the power to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with regulations promulgated by the
 5933 Board and upon the certification of appropriate training and specific authorization by a judge of a circuit
 5934 court;

5935 8. Provide services in accordance with any contract entered into between the Department of
 5936 Corrections and the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral*
 5937 *Health and Developmental Services* pursuant to § 37.2-912;

5938 9. Pursuant to any contract entered into between the Department of Corrections and the Department
 5939 of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental*
 5940 *Services*, probation and parole officers shall have the power to provide intensive supervision services to
 5941 persons placed on conditional release, regardless of whether the person has any time remaining to serve
 5942 on any criminal sentence, pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

5943 10. Determine by reviewing the Local Inmate Data System upon intake and again prior to release
 5944 whether a blood, saliva, or tissue sample has been taken for DNA analysis for each person placed on
 5945 probation or parole required to submit a sample pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 19.2-310.2 et seq.) of Chapter
 5946 18 of Title 19.2 and, if no sample has been taken, require a person placed on probation or parole to
 5947 submit a sample for DNA analysis; and

5948 11. For every offender accepted pursuant to the Interstate Compact for the Supervision of Adult
 5949 Offenders (§ 53.1-176.1 et seq.) who has been convicted of an offense that, if committed in Virginia,
 5950 would be considered a felony, take a sample or verify that a sample has been taken and accepted into
 5951 the data bank for DNA analysis in the Commonwealth.

5952 Nothing in this article shall require probation and parole officers to investigate or supervise cases
 5953 before general district or juvenile and domestic relations district courts.

5954 § 54.1-2715. Temporary permits for certain clinicians.

5955 A. The Board may issue a temporary permit to a graduate of a dental school or college or the dental
 5956 department of a college or university, who (i) has a D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree and is otherwise qualified,
 5957 (ii) is not licensed to practice dentistry in Virginia, and (iii) has not failed an examination for a license
 5958 to practice dentistry in the Commonwealth. Such temporary permits may be issued only to those eligible
 5959 graduates who serve as clinicians in dental clinics operated by (a) the Virginia Department of
 5960 Corrections, (b) the Virginia Department of Health, (c) the Virginia Department of ~~Mental Health,~~
 5961 ~~Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, or (d) a
 5962 Virginia charitable corporation granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue
 5963 Code and operating as a clinic for the indigent and uninsured that is organized for the delivery of
 5964 primary health care services: (i) as a federal qualified health center designated by the Centers for
 5965 Medicare and Medicaid Services or (ii) at a reduced or sliding fee scale or without charge.

5966 B. Applicants for temporary permits shall be certified to the executive director of the Board by the
 5967 Director of the Department of Corrections, the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of ~~Mental~~
 5968 ~~Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, or the
 5969 chief executive officer of a Virginia charitable corporation identified in subsection A. The holder of such
 5970 a temporary permit shall not be entitled to receive any fee or other compensation other than salary. Such
 5971 permits shall be valid for no more than two years and shall expire on the June 30 of the second year

after their issuance, or shall terminate when the holder ceases to serve as a clinician with the certifying agency or charitable corporation. Such permits may be reissued annually or may be revoked at any time for cause. Reissuance or revocation of a temporary permit is in the discretion of the Board.

C. Dentists licensed pursuant to this chapter may practice as employees of the dental clinics operated as specified in subsection A.

§ 54.1-2726. Temporary permits for certain hygienists.

A. The Board may issue a temporary permit to a graduate of an accredited dental hygiene program who is otherwise qualified, has not held a license to practice dental hygiene in Virginia, and has not failed an examination for a license to practice dental hygiene in the Commonwealth. Such temporary permits shall be issued only to those eligible graduates who serve in the Department of Health or the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* in a dental clinic operated by the Commonwealth or in a Virginia charitable corporation granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and operated as a clinic for the indigent and uninsured that is organized for the delivery of primary health care services: (i) as a federally qualified health center designated by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) or (ii) at a reduced or sliding fee scale or without charge.

B. Applicants for temporary permits shall be certified to the executive director of the Board by the Commissioner of Health or the Commissioner of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or the chief executive officer of a Virginia charitable corporation pursuant to subsection A. The holder of such permit shall not be entitled to receive any fee or compensation other than salary. Such permits shall be valid for no more than two years and shall expire on the June 30 of the second year after their issuance, or shall terminate when the holder ceases to be employed by the certifying agency. Such permits may be reissued annually or may be revoked at any time for cause. Reissuance or revocation of a temporary permit is in the discretion of the Board.

The holder of a temporary permit shall function under the direction of a dentist.

§ 54.1-2970. Medical treatment for certain persons incapable of giving informed consent.

When a delay in treatment might adversely affect recovery, a licensed health professional or licensed hospital shall not be subject to liability arising out of a claim based on lack of informed consent or be prohibited from providing surgical, medical or dental treatment to an individual who is a patient or resident of a hospital or facility operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or to a consumer who is receiving case management services from a community services board or behavioral health authority and who is incapable of giving informed consent to the treatment by reason of mental illness or mental retardation under the following conditions:

1. No legally authorized guardian or committee was available to give consent;
2. A reasonable effort is made to advise a parent or other next of kin of the need for the surgical, medical or dental treatment;
3. No reasonable objection is raised by or on behalf of the alleged incapacitated person; and
4. Two physicians, or in the case of dental treatment, two dentists or one dentist and one physician, state in writing that they have made a good faith effort to explain the necessary treatment to the individual, and they have probable cause to believe that the individual is incapacitated and unable to consent to the treatment by reason of mental illness or mental retardation and that delay in treatment might adversely affect recovery.

The provisions of this section shall apply only to the treatment of physical injury or illness and not to any treatment for a mental, emotional or psychological condition.

Treatment pursuant to this section of an individual's mental, emotional or psychological condition when the individual is unable to make an informed decision and when no legally authorized guardian or committee is available to provide consent shall be governed by regulations promulgated by the State ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board~~ under § 37.2-400.

§ 54.1-2987.1. Durable Do Not Resuscitate Orders.

A. A Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order may be issued by a physician for his patient with whom he has a bona fide physician/patient relationship as defined in the guidelines of the Board of Medicine, and only with the consent of the patient or, if the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision regarding consent for such an order, upon the request of and with the consent of the person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf.

B. This section shall not authorize any health care provider or practitioner to follow a Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order for any patient who is able to, and does, express to such health care provider or practitioner the desire to be resuscitated in the event of cardiac or respiratory arrest.

If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision, the expression of

6033 the desire that the patient be resuscitated by the person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf shall
 6034 so revoke the provider's or practitioner's authority to follow a Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order.

6035 The expression of such desire to be resuscitated prior to cardiac or respiratory arrest shall constitute
 6036 revocation of the Order; however, a new Order may be issued upon consent of the patient or the person
 6037 authorized to consent on the patient's behalf.

6038 C. Durable Do Not Resuscitate Orders issued in accordance with this section shall remain valid and
 6039 in effect until revoked. In accordance with this section and regulations promulgated by the Board of
 6040 Health, (i) qualified emergency medical services personnel as defined in § 32.1-111.1 and (ii) licensed
 6041 health care practitioners in any facility, program or organization operated or licensed by the Board of
 6042 Health or by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral
 6043 Health and Developmental Services or operated, licensed or owned by another state agency are
 6044 authorized to follow Durable Do Not Resuscitate Orders that are available to them in a form approved
 6045 by the Board of Health.

6046 D. The provisions of this section shall not authorize any qualified emergency medical services
 6047 personnel or licensed health care provider or practitioner who is attending the patient at the time of
 6048 cardiac or respiratory arrest to provide, continue, withhold or withdraw treatment if such provider or
 6049 practitioner knows that taking such action is protested by the patient incapable of making an informed
 6050 decision. No person shall authorize providing, continuing, withholding or withdrawing treatment
 6051 pursuant to this section that such person knows, or upon reasonable inquiry ought to know, is contrary
 6052 to the religious beliefs or basic values of a patient incapable of making an informed decision or the
 6053 wishes of such patient fairly expressed when the patient was capable of making an informed decision.
 6054 Further, this section shall not authorize the withholding of other medical interventions, such as
 6055 intravenous fluids, oxygen or other therapies deemed necessary to provide comfort care or to alleviate
 6056 pain.

6057 E. For the purposes of this section:

6058 "Health care provider" includes, but is not limited to, qualified emergency medical services
 6059 personnel.

6060 "Person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf" means any person authorized by law to consent
 6061 on behalf of the patient incapable of making an informed decision or, in the case of a minor child, the
 6062 parent or parents having custody of the child or the child's legal guardian or as otherwise provided by
 6063 law.

6064 F. This section shall not prevent, prohibit or limit a physician from issuing a written order, other
 6065 than a Durable Do Not Resuscitate Order, not to resuscitate a patient in the event of cardiac or
 6066 respiratory arrest in accordance with accepted medical practice.

6067 G. Valid Do Not Resuscitate Orders or Emergency Medical Services Do Not Resuscitate Orders
 6068 issued before July 1, 1999, pursuant to the then-current law, shall remain valid and shall be given effect
 6069 as provided in this article.

6070 § 54.1-3408. Professional use by practitioners.

6071 A. A practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine or a licensed
 6072 nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, a licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, or
 6073 a TPA-certified optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of this title shall
 6074 only prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances in good faith for medicinal or therapeutic
 6075 purposes within the course of his professional practice.

6076 B. The prescribing practitioner's order may be on a written prescription or pursuant to an oral
 6077 prescription as authorized by this chapter. The prescriber may administer drugs and devices, or he may
 6078 cause them to be administered by a nurse, physician assistant or intern under his direction and
 6079 supervision, or he may prescribe and cause drugs and devices to be administered to patients in
 6080 state-owned or state-operated hospitals or facilities licensed as hospitals by the Board of Health or
 6081 psychiatric hospitals licensed by the State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse
 6082 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Board by other persons who have been
 6083 trained properly to administer drugs and who administer drugs only under the control and supervision of
 6084 the prescriber or a pharmacist or a prescriber may cause drugs and devices to be administered to patients
 6085 by emergency medical services personnel who have been certified and authorized to administer such
 6086 drugs and devices pursuant to Board of Health regulations governing emergency medical services and
 6087 who are acting within the scope of such certification. A prescriber may authorize a licensed respiratory
 6088 care practitioner as defined in § 54.1-2954 to administer by inhalation controlled substances used in
 6089 inhalation or respiratory therapy.

6090 C. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol, the prescriber, who is authorized by
 6091 state or federal law to possess and administer radiopharmaceuticals in the scope of his practice, may
 6092 authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to administer, under his supervision, radiopharmaceuticals used
 6093 in the diagnosis or treatment of disease.

D. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses and licensed practical nurses to possess (i) epinephrine for administration in treatment of emergency medical conditions and (ii) heparin and sterile normal saline to use for the maintenance of intravenous access lines.

Pursuant to the regulations of the Board of Health, certain emergency medical services technicians may possess and administer epinephrine in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

E. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed physical therapists to possess and administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, and any other Schedule VI topical drug.

F. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed athletic trainers to possess and administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, or other Schedule VI topical drugs, or to possess and administer epinephrine for use in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

G. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, and in accordance with policies and guidelines established by the Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-50.2, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses or licensed practical nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse to possess and administer tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) in the absence of a prescriber. The Department of Health's policies and guidelines shall be consistent with applicable guidelines developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing transmission of mycobacterium tuberculosis and shall be updated to incorporate any subsequently implemented standards of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration and the Department of Labor and Industry to the extent that they are inconsistent with the Department of Health's policies and guidelines. Such standing protocols shall explicitly describe the categories of persons to whom the tuberculin test is to be administered and shall provide for appropriate medical evaluation of those in whom the test is positive. The prescriber shall ensure that the nurse implementing such standing protocols has received adequate training in the practice and principles underlying tuberculin screening.

The Health Commissioner or his designee may authorize registered nurses, acting as agents of the Department of Health, to possess and administer, at the nurse's discretion, tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) to those persons in whom tuberculin skin testing is indicated based on protocols and policies established by the Department of Health.

H. Pursuant to a written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize, with the consent of the parents as defined in § 22.1-1, an employee of a school board who is trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon to assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes and who requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia. Such authorization shall only be effective when a licensed nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant is not present to perform the administration of the medication.

I. A prescriber may authorize, pursuant to a protocol approved by the Board of Nursing, the administration of vaccines to adults for immunization, when a practitioner with prescriptive authority is not physically present, (i) by licensed pharmacists, (ii) by registered nurses, or (iii) licensed practical nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse. A prescriber acting on behalf of and in accordance with established protocols of the Department of Health may authorize the administration of vaccines to any person by a pharmacist or nurse when the prescriber is not physically present.

J. A dentist may cause Schedule VI topical drugs to be administered under his direction and supervision by either a dental hygienist or by an authorized agent of the dentist.

Further, pursuant to a written order and in accordance with a standing protocol issued by the dentist in the course of his professional practice, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his general supervision, as defined in § 54.1-2722, to possess and administer topical oral fluorides, topical oral anesthetics, topical and directly applied antimicrobial agents for treatment of periodontal pocket lesions, as well as any other Schedule VI topical drug approved by the Board of Dentistry.

In addition, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his direction to administer Schedule VI nitrous oxide and oxygen inhalation analgesia and, to persons 18 years of age or older, Schedule VI local anesthesia.

K. This section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and who administers such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy relating to security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be normally self-administered by (i) a

6155 resident of a facility licensed or certified by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and~~
 6156 ~~Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~; (ii) a resident of the Virginia
 6157 Rehabilitation Center for the Blind and Vision Impaired; (iii) a resident of a facility approved by the
 6158 Board or Department of Juvenile Justice for the placement of children in need of services or delinquent
 6159 or alleged delinquent youth; (iv) a program participant of an adult day-care center licensed by the
 6160 Department of Social Services; (v) a resident of any facility authorized or operated by a state or local
 6161 government whose primary purpose is not to provide health care services; (vi) a resident of a private
 6162 children's residential facility, as defined in § 63.2-100 and licensed by the Department of Social
 6163 Services, Department of Education, or Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance~~
 6164 ~~Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~; or (vii) a student in a school for students with
 6165 disabilities, as defined in § 22.1-319 and licensed by the Board of Education.

6166 L. Medication aides registered by the Board of Nursing pursuant to Article 7 (§ 54.1-3041 et seq.) of
 6167 Chapter 30 may administer drugs that would otherwise be self-administered to residents of any assisted
 6168 living facility licensed by the Department of Social Services. A registered medication aide shall
 6169 administer drugs pursuant to this section in accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to
 6170 dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; in accordance with regulations promulgated by the
 6171 Board of Pharmacy relating to security and recordkeeping; in accordance with the assisted living
 6172 facility's Medication Management Plan; and in accordance with such other regulations governing their
 6173 practice promulgated by the Board of Nursing.

6174 M. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who administers
 6175 such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of
 6176 administration and with written authorization of a parent, and in accordance with school board
 6177 regulations relating to training, security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be
 6178 normally self-administered by a student of a Virginia public school. Training for such persons shall be
 6179 accomplished through a program approved by the local school boards, in consultation with the local
 6180 departments of health.

6181 N. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person to a child in a
 6182 child day program as defined in § 63.2-100 and regulated by the State Board of Social Services or the
 6183 Child Day Care Council, provided such person (i) has satisfactorily completed a training program for
 6184 this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and taught by a registered nurse, licensed practical
 6185 nurse, doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, or pharmacist; (ii) has obtained written authorization
 6186 from a parent or guardian; (iii) administers drugs only to the child identified on the prescription label in
 6187 accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of
 6188 administration; and (iv) administers only those drugs that were dispensed from a pharmacy and
 6189 maintained in the original, labeled container that would normally be administered by a parent or
 6190 guardian to the child.

6191 O. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration or dispensing of drugs and devices by
 6192 persons if they are authorized by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with protocols
 6193 established by the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-42.1 when (i) the Governor has
 6194 declared a disaster or a state of emergency or the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services
 6195 has issued a declaration of an actual or potential bioterrorism incident or other actual or potential public
 6196 health emergency; (ii) it is necessary to permit the provision of needed drugs or devices; and (iii) such
 6197 persons have received the training necessary to safely administer or dispense the needed drugs or
 6198 devices. Such persons shall administer or dispense all drugs or devices under the direction, control and
 6199 supervision of the State Health Commissioner.

6200 P. Nothing in this title shall prohibit the administration of normally self-administered oral or topical
 6201 drugs by unlicensed individuals to a person in his private residence.

6202 Q. This section shall not interfere with any prescriber issuing prescriptions in compliance with his
 6203 authority and scope of practice and the provisions of this section to a Board agent for use pursuant to
 6204 subsection G of § 18.2-258.1. Such prescriptions issued by such prescriber shall be deemed to be valid
 6205 prescriptions.

6206 R. Nothing in this title shall prevent or interfere with dialysis care technicians or dialysis patient care
 6207 technicians who are certified by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions or persons
 6208 authorized for provisional practice pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) of this title, in the
 6209 ordinary course of their duties in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility, from administering heparin,
 6210 topical needle site anesthetics, dialysis solutions, sterile normal saline solution, and blood volumizers, for
 6211 the purpose of facilitating renal dialysis treatment, when such administration of medications occurs under
 6212 the orders of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner or physician assistant and under the immediate and
 6213 direct supervision of a licensed registered nurse. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a
 6214 patient care dialysis technician trainee from performing dialysis care as part of and within the scope of
 6215 the clinical skills instruction segment of a supervised dialysis technician training program, provided such

trainee is identified as a "trainee" while working in a renal dialysis facility.

The dialysis care technician or dialysis patient care technician administering the medications shall have demonstrated competency as evidenced by holding current valid certification from an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) of this title.

S. Persons who are otherwise authorized to administer controlled substances in hospitals shall be authorized to administer influenza or pneumococcal vaccines pursuant to § 32.1-126.4.

T. Pursuant to a specific order for a patient and under his direct and immediate supervision, a prescriber may authorize the administration of controlled substances by personnel who have been properly trained to assist a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, provided the method does not include intravenous, intrathecal, or epidural administration and the prescriber remains responsible for such administration.

U. A nurse or a dental hygienist may possess and administer topical fluoride varnish to the teeth of children aged six months to three years pursuant to an oral or written order or a standing protocol issued by a doctor of medicine, osteopathic medicine, or dentistry that conforms to standards adopted by the Virginia Department of Health.

§ 54.1-3408.01. Requirements for prescriptions.

A. The written prescription referred to in § 54.1-3408 shall be written with ink or individually typed or printed. The prescription shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the prescriber. A prescription for a controlled substance other than one controlled in Schedule VI shall also contain the federal controlled substances registration number assigned to the prescriber. The prescriber's information shall be either preprinted upon the prescription blank, electronically printed, typewritten, rubber stamped, or printed by hand.

The written prescription shall contain the first and last name of the patient for whom the drug is prescribed. The address of the patient shall either be placed upon the written prescription by the prescriber or his agent, or by the dispenser of the prescription. If not otherwise prohibited by law, the dispenser may record the address of the patient in an electronic prescription dispensing record for that patient in lieu of recording it on the prescription. Each written prescription shall be dated as of, and signed by the prescriber on, the day when issued. The prescription may be prepared by an agent for the prescriber's signature.

This section shall not prohibit a prescriber from using preprinted prescriptions for drugs classified in Schedule VI if all requirements concerning dates, signatures, and other information specified above are otherwise fulfilled.

No written prescription order form shall include more than one prescription. However, this provision shall not apply (i) to prescriptions written as chart orders for patients in hospitals and long-term-care facilities, patients receiving home infusion services or hospice patients, or (ii) to a prescription ordered through a pharmacy operated by or for the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, the central pharmacy of the Department of Health, or the central outpatient pharmacy operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; or (iii) to prescriptions written for patients residing in adult and juvenile detention centers, local or regional jails, or work release centers operated by the Department of Corrections.

B. Prescribers' orders, whether written as chart orders or prescriptions, for Schedules II, III, IV, and V controlled drugs to be administered to (i) patients or residents of long-term care facilities served by a Virginia pharmacy from a remote location or (ii) patients receiving parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or intraspinal infusion therapy and served by a home infusion pharmacy from a remote location, may be transmitted to that remote pharmacy by an electronic communications device over telephone lines which send the exact image to the receiver in hard copy form, and such facsimile copy shall be treated as a valid original prescription order. If the order is for a radiopharmaceutical, a physician authorized by state or federal law to possess and administer medical radioactive materials may authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to transmit a prescriber's verbal or written orders for radiopharmaceuticals.

C. The oral prescription referred to in § 54.1-3408 shall be transmitted to the pharmacy of the patient's choice by the prescriber or his authorized agent. For the purposes of this section, an authorized agent of the prescriber shall be an employee of the prescriber who is under his immediate and personal supervision, or if not an employee, an individual who holds a valid license allowing the administration or dispensing of drugs and who is specifically directed by the prescriber.

§ 54.1-3437.1. Limited permit for repackaging drugs.

The Board may issue a limited manufacturing permit for the purpose of repackaging drugs, upon such terms and conditions approved by the Board, to the pharmacy directly operated by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental*

6277 Services and which serves clients of the community services boards.

6278 § 54.1-3506. License required.

6279 In order to engage in the practice of counseling or marriage and family therapy or in the independent
 6280 practice of substance abuse treatment, as defined in this chapter, it shall be necessary to hold a license;
 6281 however, no license shall be required for the practice of marriage and family therapy or the independent
 6282 practice of substance abuse treatment until six months after the effective date of regulations governing
 6283 marriage and family therapy and substance abuse treatment, respectively, promulgated by the Board
 6284 under subdivisions 6 and 7 of § 54.1-3505. The Board may issue a license, without examination, for the
 6285 practice of marriage and family therapy or the independent practice of substance abuse treatment to
 6286 persons who hold a current and unrestricted license as a professional counselor within the
 6287 Commonwealth and who meet the clinical and academic requirements for licensure as a marriage and
 6288 family therapist or licensed substance abuse treatment practitioner, respectively. The applicant for such
 6289 license shall present satisfactory evidence of qualifications equal to those required of applicants for
 6290 licensure as marriage and family therapists or licensed substance abuse treatment practitioners,
 6291 respectively, by examination in the Commonwealth.

6292 Any person who renders substance abuse treatment services as defined in this chapter and who is not
 6293 licensed to do so, other than a person who is exempt pursuant to § 54.1-3501, shall render such services
 6294 only when he is (i) under the supervision and direction of a person licensed under this chapter who shall
 6295 be responsible for the services performed by such unlicensed person, or (ii) in compliance with the
 6296 regulations governing an organization or a facility licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 6297 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.~~

6298 § 56-484.19. Definitions.

6299 As used in this article:

6300 "Alternative method of providing call location information" means a method of maintaining and
 6301 operating a multiline telephone system that ensures that:

6302 1. Emergency calls from a telephone station provide the PSAP with sufficient location identification
 6303 information to ensure that emergency responders are dispatched to a location at the facility from which
 6304 the emergency call was placed, from which location emergency responders will be able to ascertain the
 6305 telephone station where the emergency call was placed (i) by being able to view all of the telephone
 6306 stations in the area contiguous to the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed or (ii)
 6307 by the activation of an alerting system at the facility, which activation is triggered by the placing of the
 6308 emergency call, and which readily allows arriving emergency responders to determine the physical
 6309 location of the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed. A light or alarm located
 6310 near the telephone station is an example of such an alerting system;

6311 2. Emergency calls from a telephone station, in addition to reaching a PSAP, connect to or otherwise
 6312 notify a switchboard operator, attendant, or other designated on-site individual who is capable of giving
 6313 the PSAP the location of the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed; or

6314 3. Calls to the digits "9-1-1" from a telephone station connect to a private emergency answering
 6315 point.

6316 An alternative method of providing call location information shall also be deemed to be provided, as
 6317 a result of the imputed ability of emergency responders to readily locate all telephone stations from
 6318 which the emergency call could have been placed, when emergency calls provide calling party
 6319 information corresponding to a contiguous area containing the telephone from which the emergency call
 6320 was placed, of fewer than 7,000 square feet, located on one or more floors.

6321 "Automatic location identification" or "ALI" means the automatic display at a PSAP of information
 6322 defining the emergency call location, which information shall identify the floor name or number, room
 6323 name or number, building name or number, cubicle name or number, and office name or number, as
 6324 applicable, or imparts other information that is sufficiently specific to provide the emergency responders
 6325 with the ability to locate the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed.

6326 "Automatic number identification" or "ANI" means the automatic display at a PSAP of a telephone
 6327 number that a PSAP may use to call the telephone station from which the emergency call was placed.

6328 "Calling party information" means information that is delivered by the MLTS provider to the PSAP
 6329 that is used to provide the ANI and ALI function.

6330 "Central office system" means a business telephone service offered by a provider of communications
 6331 services that provides features similar to a private branch exchange by transmitting data over
 6332 telecommunications equipment or cable lines.

6333 "Emergency call" means a telephone call that enables the user to reach a PSAP by dialing the digits
 6334 "9-1-1" and, if applicable, any additional digit or digits that must be dialed in order to permit the user to
 6335 access the public switched telephone network.

6336 "Emergency call location" means the location of the telephone station on an MLTS from which an
 6337 emergency call is placed and to which a PSAP may dispatch emergency responders based upon ALI

provided via the emergency call.

"Emergency responders" means fire services, law enforcement, emergency medical services, and other public services or agencies that may be dispatched by a PSAP in response to an emergency call.

"Enhanced 9-1-1 service" means a service consisting of telephone network features and PSAPs that (i) enables users of telephone systems to reach a PSAP by making an emergency call; (ii) automatically directs emergency calls to the appropriate PSAPs by selective routing based on the geographical location from which the emergency call originated; and (iii) provides the capability for ANI and ALI features.

"Facility" means real estate and improvements used principally for or as a (i) hotel as defined in § 35.1-1, (ii) college or university dormitory, (iii) medical care facility as defined in § 32.1-102.1, (iv) group home or other residential facility licensed by the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* or Department of Social Services, (v) assisted living facility as defined in § 63.2-100, (vi) apartment complex or condominium where shared tenant telephone service is provided, (vii) commercial or government office building, (viii) manufacturing, processing, assembly, warehouse, or distribution establishment, or (ix) retail establishment.

"MLTS provider" means a person who operates a facility at which telephone service is provided, with or without compensation, through a multiline telephone system.

"MLTS service provider" means a person offering or operating third party services that combine communications services, private branch exchange or central office systems, and multiline telephone systems where such services are provided to an MLTS provider on a fee-for-service basis.

"Multiline telephone system" or "MLTS" means a telephone system, including network-based or premises-based systems, whether owned or leased by a public or private entity, operated in the Commonwealth, that serves a facility, has more than one telephone station, and is comprised of common control units, telephones, and control hardware and software that share a common interface to the public switched telephone network, whether by a private branch exchange or central office system, without regard to whether the system utilizes VoIP technology.

"Person" includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association, cooperative, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, government, political subdivision, or any other legal or commercial entity and any successor, representative, agent, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

"Portable VoIP services" includes any MLTS utilizing a VoIP service and providing an end user with the capability to use the service at a location independent of the original physical location of telephone stations on the MLTS.

"Private emergency answering point" means an answering point that is equipped and staffed during all hours that the facility is occupied to provide adequate means of responding to calls to the digits "9-1-1" from telephones on a multiline telephone system by reporting incidents to a PSAP in a manner that identifies the emergency response location from which the call to the answering point was placed.

"Public safety answering point" or "PSAP" means a communications operation operated by or on behalf of a governmental entity that is equipped and staffed on a 24-hour basis to receive and process telephone calls for emergency assistance from an individual by dialing, in addition to any digits required to obtain an outside line, the digits "9-1-1."

"Public switched telephone network" means the worldwide, interconnected networks of equipment, lines, and controls assembled to establish circuit-switched voice communication paths between calling and called parties.

"Retail establishment" means any establishment selling goods or services to the ultimate user or consumer of those goods or services, not for the purpose of resale, but for that user's or consumer's personal rather than business use.

"Telephone call" means the use of a telephone to initiate an ordinary voice transmission placed through the public switched telephone network.

"Telephone station" means a telephone on a multiline telephone system, from which a call may be placed to a PSAP by dialing, in addition to any digits required to access the public switched telephone network, the digits "9-1-1." However, in any medical care facility or licensed assisted living facility, "telephone station" includes any telephone on a multiline telephone system located in an administrative office, nursing station, lobby, waiting area, or other area accessible to the general public but does not include a telephone located in the room of a patient or resident.

"VoIP service" has the same meaning ascribed to it in § 56-484.12.

§ 57-2.02. Religious freedom preserved; definitions; applicability; construction; remedies.

A. As used in this section:

"Demonstrates" means meets the burdens of going forward with the evidence and of persuasion under the standard of clear and convincing evidence.

"Exercise of religion" means the exercise of religion under Article I, Section 16 of the Constitution of Virginia, the Virginia Act for Religious Freedom (§ 57-1 et seq.), and the First Amendment to the

6399 United States Constitution.

6400 "Government entity" means any branch, department, agency, or instrumentality of state government,
 6401 or any official or other person acting under color of state law, or any political subdivision of the
 6402 Commonwealth and does not include the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice,
 6403 and any facility of the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~
 6404 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services* that treats civilly committed sexually violent predators,
 6405 or any local, regional or federal correctional facility.

6406 "Prevails" means to obtain "prevailing party" status as defined by courts construing the federal Civil
 6407 Rights Attorney's Fees Awards Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

6408 "Substantially burden" means to inhibit or curtail religiously motivated practice.

6409 B. No government entity shall substantially burden a person's free exercise of religion even if the
 6410 burden results from a rule of general applicability unless it demonstrates that application of the burden
 6411 to the person is (i) essential to further a compelling governmental interest and (ii) the least restrictive
 6412 means of furthering that compelling governmental interest.

6413 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to (i) authorize any government entity to burden any
 6414 religious belief or (ii) affect, interpret or in any way address those portions of Article 1, Section 16 of
 6415 the Constitution of Virginia, the Virginia Act for Religious Freedom (§ 57-1 et seq.), and the First
 6416 Amendment to the United States Constitution that prohibit laws respecting the establishment of religion.
 6417 Granting government funds, benefits or exemptions, to the extent permissible under clause (ii) of this
 6418 subsection, shall not constitute a violation of this section. As used in this subsection, "granting" used
 6419 with respect to government funding, benefits, or exemptions shall not include the denial of government
 6420 funding, benefits, or exemptions.

6421 D. A person whose religious exercise has been burdened by government in violation of this section
 6422 may assert that violation as a claim or defense in any judicial or administrative proceeding and may
 6423 obtain declaratory and injunctive relief from a circuit court, but shall not obtain monetary damages. A
 6424 person who prevails in any proceeding to enforce this section against a government entity may recover
 6425 his reasonable costs and attorney fees. The provisions of this subsection relating to attorney fees shall
 6426 not apply to criminal prosecutions.

6427 E. Nothing in this section shall prevent any governmental institution or facility from maintaining
 6428 health, safety, security or discipline.

6429 F. The decision of the circuit court to grant or deny declaratory and injunctive relief may be
 6430 appealed by petition to the Court of Appeals of Virginia.

6431 § 57-60. Exemptions.

6432 A. The following persons shall be exempt from the registration requirements of § 57-49, but shall
 6433 otherwise be subject to the provisions of this chapter:

6434 1. Educational institutions that are accredited by the Board of Education, by a regional accrediting
 6435 association or by an organization affiliated with the National Commission on Accrediting, the
 6436 Association Montessori Internationale, the American Montessori Society, the Virginia Independent
 6437 Schools Association, or the Virginia Association of Independent Schools, any foundation having an
 6438 established identity with any of the aforementioned educational institutions, and any other educational
 6439 institution confining its solicitation of contributions to its student body, alumni, faculty and trustees, and
 6440 their families.

6441 2. Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of
 6442 the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned
 6443 over to the named beneficiary for his use.

6444 3. Charitable organizations that do not intend to solicit and receive, during a calendar year, and have
 6445 not actually raised or received, during any of the three next preceding calendar years, contributions from
 6446 the public in excess of \$5,000, if all of their functions, including fund-raising activities, are carried on
 6447 by persons who are unpaid for their services and if no part of their assets or income inures to the
 6448 benefit of or is paid to any officer or member. Nevertheless, if the contributions raised from the public,
 6449 whether all of such are or are not received by any charitable organization during any calendar year, shall
 6450 be in excess of \$5,000, it shall, within 30 days after the date it has received total contributions in excess
 6451 of \$5,000, register with and report to the Commissioner as required by this chapter.

6452 4. Organizations that solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof.

6453 5. Organizations that have no office within the Commonwealth, that solicit in the Commonwealth
 6454 from without the Commonwealth solely by means of telephone or telegraph, direct mail or advertising in
 6455 national media, and that have a chapter, branch, or affiliate within the Commonwealth that has registered
 6456 with the Commissioner.

6457 6. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue
 6458 Code and that are organized wholly as Area Health Education Centers in accordance with § 32.1-122.7.

6459 7. Health care institutions defined herein as any facilities that have been granted tax-exempt status

under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and that are (i) licensed by the Department of Health or the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; (ii) designated by the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) as federally qualified health centers; (iii) certified by the HCFA as rural health clinics; or (iv) wholly organized for the delivery of health care services without charge; and any supporting organization that exists solely to support any such health care institutions. For the purposes of clause (iv), "delivery of health care services without charge" includes the delivery of dental, medical or other health services where a reasonable minimum fee is charged to cover administrative costs.

8. Civic organizations as defined herein.

9. Nonprofit debt counseling agencies licensed pursuant to Chapter 10.2 (§ 6.1-363.2 et seq.) of Title 6.1.

10. Agencies designated by the Virginia Department for the Aging pursuant to subdivision A 6 of § 2.2-703 as area agencies on aging.

11. Labor unions, labor associations and labor organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

12. Trade associations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

13. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that are organized wholly as regional emergency medical services councils in accordance with § 32.1-111.11.

14. Nonprofit organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that solicit contributions only through (i) grant proposals submitted to for-profit corporations, (ii) grant proposals submitted to other nonprofit organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (iii) grant proposals submitted to organizations determined to be private foundations under § 509 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

B. A charitable organization shall be subject to the provisions of §§ 57-57 and 57-59, but shall otherwise be exempt from the provisions of this chapter for any year in which it confines its solicitations in the Commonwealth to five or fewer contiguous cities and counties, and in which it has registered under the charitable solicitations ordinance, if any, of each such city and county. No organization shall be exempt under this subsection if, during its next preceding fiscal year, more than 10 percent of its gross receipts were paid to any person or combination of persons, located outside the boundaries of such cities and counties, other than for the purchase of real property, or tangible personal property or personal services to be used within such localities. An organization that is otherwise qualified for exemption under this subsection that solicits by means of a local publication, or radio or television station, shall not be disqualified solely because the circulation or range of such medium extends beyond the boundaries of such cities or counties.

C. No charitable or civic organization shall be exempt under this section unless it submits to the Commissioner, who in his discretion may extend such filing deadline prospectively or retrospectively for good cause shown, on forms to be prescribed by him, the name, address and purpose of the organization and a statement setting forth the reason for the claim for exemption. Parent organizations may file consolidated applications for exemptions for any chapters, branches, or affiliates that they believe to be exempt from the registration provisions of this chapter. If the organization is exempted, the Commissioner shall issue a letter of exemption, which may be exhibited to the public. A registration fee of \$10 shall be required of every organization requesting an exemption after June 30, 1984. The letter of exemption shall remain in effect as long as the organization continues to solicit in accordance with its claim for exemption.

D. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as being applicable to the American Red Cross or any of its local chapters.

§ 63.2-100. Definitions.

As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental functions, including but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care

necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis; or

6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad that employs emergency medical technicians, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

"Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

"Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

"Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable confinement of an adult.

"Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~ *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*, and (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

"Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's profit or advantage.

"Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three adults.

"Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being.

"Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to protect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

"Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with activities of daily living.

"Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board

of Health or the Department of ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, but including any portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) of this title, but including any portion of the facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled individual.

"Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive these benefits except for excess income.

"Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

"Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means parent(s) by previous adoption.

"Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

"Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

"Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or more children at any location.

"Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

"Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

"Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being abused or neglected.

"Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or collect child support, or child and spousal support.

"Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

"Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. Children's residential facility shall not include:

1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer vacation;

2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized representative.

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

"Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

6643 "Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and
 6644 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating,
 6645 repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or
 6646 repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance
 6647 with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the
 6648 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

6649 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home
 6650 of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the
 6651 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care
 6652 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents
 6653 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the
 6654 provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving six through 12 children, exclusive of the
 6655 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family
 6656 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own
 6657 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily
 6658 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all grandchildren of the provider
 6659 shall not be required to be licensed.

6660 "Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
 6661 who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual
 6662 arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of
 6663 operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
 6664 inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to
 6665 available health and social services.

6666 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or
 6667 guardians and the local board or the public agency designated by the community policy and
 6668 management team where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an entrustment or
 6669 commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

6670 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a
 6671 child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

6672 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
 6673 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
 6674 § 63.2-401.

6675 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by
 6676 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein
 6677 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by
 6678 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such
 6679 person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of
 6680 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

6681 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child aged 16 and
 6682 over and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning
 6683 from foster care to self sufficiency.

6684 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the
 6685 custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or
 6686 licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental
 6687 supervision.

6688 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years
 6689 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare
 6690 agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and
 6691 activities provided to a person who was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached the
 6692 age of 21 years. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money
 6693 management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate services to help
 6694 children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

6695 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
 6696 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
 6697 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

6698 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
 6699 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
 6700 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
 6701 which it operates.

6702 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care
 6703 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of

6704 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or
 6705 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the
 6706 action of any court.

6707 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

6708 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

6709 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this
 6710 Commonwealth.

6711 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the
 6712 city or county.

6713 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation
 6714 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel
 6715 Management.

6716 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in
 6717 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

6718 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the
 6719 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child
 6720 care; and general relief.

6721 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services
 6722 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for
 6723 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the
 6724 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents
 6725 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical
 6726 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

6727 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary
 6728 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a
 6729 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

6730 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults
 6731 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of
 6732 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent
 6733 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

6734 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, adult services, adult protective
 6735 services, child-protective services, domestic violence services, or any other services program
 6736 implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.

6737 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed
 6738 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A
 6739 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

6740 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the
 6741 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible
 6742 children.

6743 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the
 6744 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive
 6745 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for
 6746 Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

6747 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social
 6748 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on
 6749 behalf of qualifying children.

6750 § 63.2-1503. Local departments to establish child-protective services; duties.

6751 A. Each local department shall establish child-protective services under a departmental coordinator
 6752 within such department or with one or more adjacent local departments that shall be staffed with
 6753 qualified personnel pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board. The local department shall be the
 6754 public agency responsible for receiving and responding to complaints and reports, except that (i) in cases
 6755 where the reports or complaints are to be made to the court and the judge determines that no local
 6756 department within a reasonable geographic distance can impartially respond to the report, the court shall
 6757 assign the report to the court services unit for evaluation; and (ii) in cases where an employee at a
 6758 private or state-operated hospital, institution or other facility, or an employee of a school board is
 6759 suspected of abusing or neglecting a child in such hospital, institution or other facility, or public school,
 6760 the local department shall request the Department and the relevant private or state-operated hospital,
 6761 institution or other facility, or school board to assist in conducting a joint investigation in accordance
 6762 with regulations adopted by the Board, in consultation with the Departments of Education, Health,
 6763 Medical Assistance Services, ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health~~
 6764 *and Developmental Services*, Juvenile Justice and Corrections.

6765 B. The local department shall ensure, through its own personnel or through cooperative arrangements
 6766 with other local agencies, the capability of receiving reports or complaints and responding to them
 6767 promptly on a 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-per-week basis.

6768 C. The local department shall widely publicize a telephone number for receiving complaints and
 6769 reports.

6770 D. The local department shall upon receipt of a complaint, report immediately to the attorney for the
 6771 Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency and make available to them the records of the
 6772 local department when abuse or neglect is suspected in any case involving (i) death of a child; (ii)
 6773 injury or threatened injury to the child in which a felony or Class 1 misdemeanor is also suspected; (iii)
 6774 any sexual abuse, suspected sexual abuse or other sexual offense involving a child, including but not
 6775 limited to the use or display of the child in sexually explicit visual material, as defined in § 18.2-374.1;
 6776 (iv) any abduction of a child; (v) any felony or Class 1 misdemeanor drug offense involving a child; or
 6777 (vi) contributing to the delinquency of a minor in violation of § 18.2-371, and provide the attorney for
 6778 the Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency with records of any complaints of abuse or
 6779 neglect involving the victim or the alleged perpetrator. The local department shall not allow reports of
 6780 the death of the victim from other local agencies to substitute for direct reports to the attorney for the
 6781 Commonwealth and the local law-enforcement agency. The local department shall develop, when
 6782 practicable, memoranda of understanding for responding to reports of child abuse and neglect with local
 6783 law enforcement and the attorney for the Commonwealth.

6784 E. When abuse or neglect is suspected in any case involving the death of a child, the local
 6785 department shall report the case immediately to the regional medical examiner and the local
 6786 law-enforcement agency.

6787 F. The local department shall use reasonable diligence to locate (i) any child for whom a report of
 6788 suspected abuse or neglect has been received and is under investigation, receiving family assessment, or
 6789 for whom a founded determination of abuse and neglect has been made and a child-protective services
 6790 case opened and (ii) persons who are the subject of a report that is under investigation or receiving
 6791 family assessment, if the whereabouts of the child or such persons are unknown to the local department.

6792 G. When an abused or neglected child and the persons who are the subject of an open
 6793 child-protective services case have relocated out of the jurisdiction of the local department, the local
 6794 department shall notify the child-protective services agency in the jurisdiction to which such persons
 6795 have relocated, whether inside or outside of the Commonwealth, and forward to such agency relevant
 6796 portions of the case record. The receiving local department shall arrange protective and rehabilitative
 6797 services as required by this section.

6798 H. When a child for whom a report of suspected abuse or neglect has been received and is under
 6799 investigation or receiving family assessment and the child and the child's parents or other persons
 6800 responsible for the child's care who are the subject of the report that is under investigation or family
 6801 assessment have relocated out of the jurisdiction of the local department, the local department shall
 6802 notify the child-protective services agency in the jurisdiction to which the child and such persons have
 6803 relocated, whether inside or outside of the Commonwealth, and complete such investigation or family
 6804 assessment by requesting such agency's assistance in completing the investigation or family assessment.
 6805 The local department that completes the investigation or family assessment shall forward to the receiving
 6806 agency relevant portions of the case record in order for the receiving agency to arrange protective and
 6807 rehabilitative services as required by this section.

6808 I. Upon receipt of a report of child abuse or neglect, the local department shall determine the validity
 6809 of such report and shall make a determination to conduct an investigation pursuant to § 63.2-1505 or, if
 6810 designated as a child-protective services differential response agency by the Department according to
 6811 § 63.2-1504, a family assessment pursuant to § 63.2-1506.

6812 J. The local department shall foster, when practicable, the creation, maintenance and coordination of
 6813 hospital and community-based multidisciplinary teams that shall include where possible, but not be
 6814 limited to, members of the medical, mental health, social work, nursing, education, legal and
 6815 law-enforcement professions. Such teams shall assist the local departments in identifying abused and
 6816 neglected children; coordinating medical, social, and legal services for the children and their families;
 6817 developing innovative programs for detection and prevention of child abuse; promoting community
 6818 concern and action in the area of child abuse and neglect; and disseminating information to the general
 6819 public with respect to the problem of child abuse and neglect and the facilities and prevention and
 6820 treatment methods available to combat child abuse and neglect. These teams may be the family
 6821 assessment and planning teams established pursuant to § 2.2-5207. Multidisciplinary teams may develop
 6822 agreements regarding the exchange of information among the parties for the purposes of the
 6823 investigation and disposition of complaints of child abuse and neglect, delivery of services and child
 6824 protection. Any information exchanged in accordance with the agreement shall not be considered to be a
 6825 violation of the provisions of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

The local department shall also coordinate its efforts in the provision of these services for abused and neglected children with the judge and staff of the court.

K. The local department may develop multidisciplinary teams to provide consultation to the local department during the investigation of selected cases involving child abuse or neglect, and to make recommendations regarding the prosecution of such cases. These teams may include, but are not limited to, members of the medical, mental health, legal and law-enforcement professions, including the attorney for the Commonwealth or his designee; a local child-protective services representative; and the guardian ad litem or other court-appointed advocate for the child. Any information exchanged for the purpose of such consultation shall not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

L. The local department shall report annually on its activities concerning abused and neglected children to the court and to the Child-Protective Services Unit in the Department on forms provided by the Department.

M. Statements, or any evidence derived therefrom, made to local department child-protective services personnel, or to any person performing the duties of such personnel, by any person accused of the abuse, injury, neglect or death of a child after the arrest of such person, shall not be used in evidence in the case-in-chief against such person in the criminal proceeding on the question of guilt or innocence over the objection of the accused, unless the statement was made after such person was fully advised (i) of his right to remain silent, (ii) that anything he says may be used against him in a court of law, (iii) that he has a right to the presence of an attorney during any interviews, and (iv) that if he cannot afford an attorney, one will be appointed for him prior to any questioning.

N. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the local department, in accordance with Board regulations, shall transmit information regarding founded complaints or family assessments and may transmit other information regarding reports, complaints, family assessments and investigations involving active duty military personnel or members of their household to family advocacy representatives of the United States Armed Forces.

O. The local department shall notify the custodial parent and make reasonable efforts to notify the noncustodial parent as those terms are defined in § 63.2-1900 of a report of suspected abuse or neglect of a child who is the subject of an investigation or is receiving family assessment, in those cases in which such custodial or noncustodial parent is not the subject of the investigation.

P. The local department shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction when an individual holding a license issued by the Board of Education is the subject of a founded complaint of child abuse or neglect and shall transmit identifying information regarding such individual if the local department knows the person holds a license issued by the Board of Education and after all rights to any appeal provided by § 63.2-1526 have been exhausted. Any information exchanged for the purpose of this subsection shall not be considered a violation of § 63.2-102, 63.2-104, or 63.2-105.

§ 63.2-1528. Advisory Committee continued as Advisory Board.

The Advisory Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect is continued and shall hereafter be known as the Advisory Board on Child Abuse and Neglect. The Advisory Board shall be composed of nine persons appointed by the Governor for three-year staggered terms, and permanent members including the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Commissioner of the Department of Health, the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Director of the Department of Corrections, the Director of the Department of Criminal Justice Services, and the Attorney General of Virginia, or their designees. The Advisory Board shall meet quarterly and, as the need may arise, advise the Department, Board and Governor on matters concerning programs for the prevention and treatment of abused and neglected children and their families and child abuse and neglect issues identified by the Commissioner of the Department of Social Services.

§ 63.2-1709. Enforcement and sanctions; assisted living facilities and adult day care centers; interim administration; receivership, revocation, denial, summary suspension.

A. Upon receipt and verification by the Commissioner of information from any source indicating an imminent and substantial risk of harm to residents, the Commissioner may require an assisted living facility to contract with an individual licensed by the Board of Long-Term Care Administrators, to be either selected from a list created and maintained by the Department of Medical Assistance Services or selected from a pool of appropriately licensed administrators recommended by the owner of the assisted living facility, to administer, manage, or operate the assisted living facility on an interim basis, and to attempt to bring the facility into compliance with all relevant requirements of law, regulation, or any plan of correction approved by the Commissioner. Such contract shall require the interim administrator to comply with any and all requirements established by the Department to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the residents. Prior to or upon conclusion of the period of interim administration, management, or operation, an inspection shall be conducted to determine whether operation of the

6887 assisted living facility shall be permitted to continue or should cease. Such interim administration,
 6888 management, or operation shall not be permitted when defects in the conditions of the premises of the
 6889 assisted living facility (i) present imminent and substantial risks to the health, safety, and welfare of
 6890 residents, and (ii) may not be corrected within a reasonable period of time. Any decision by the
 6891 Commissioner to require the employment of a person to administer, manage, or operate an assisted
 6892 living facility shall be subject to the rights of judicial review and appeal as provided in the
 6893 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Actual and reasonable costs of such interim
 6894 administration shall be the responsibility of and shall be borne by the owner of the assisted living
 6895 facility.

6896 B. The Board shall adopt regulations for the Commissioner to use in determining when the
 6897 imposition of administrative sanctions or initiation of court proceedings, severally or jointly, is
 6898 appropriate in order to ensure prompt correction of violations in assisted living facilities and adult day
 6899 care centers involving noncompliance with state law or regulation as discovered through any inspection
 6900 or investigation conducted by the Departments of Social Services, Health, or ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 6901 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~. The Commissioner
 6902 may impose such sanctions or take such actions as are appropriate for violation of any of the provisions
 6903 of this subtitle or any regulation adopted under any provision of this subtitle that adversely affects the
 6904 health, safety or welfare of an assisted living facility resident or an adult day care participant. Such
 6905 sanctions or actions may include (i) petitioning the court to appoint a receiver for any assisted living
 6906 facility or adult day care center and (ii) revoking or denying renewal of the license for the assisted
 6907 living facility or adult day care center for violation of any of the provisions of this subtitle, § 54.1-3408
 6908 or any regulation adopted under this subtitle that violation adversely affects, or is an imminent and
 6909 substantial threat to, the health, safety or welfare of the person cared for therein, or for permitting,
 6910 aiding or abetting the commission of any illegal act in an assisted living facility or adult day care center.

6911 C. The Commissioner may issue a summary order of suspension of the license to operate the assisted
 6912 living facility pursuant to the procedures hereinafter set forth in conjunction with any proceeding for
 6913 revocation, denial, or other action when conditions or practices exist that pose an imminent and
 6914 substantial threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the residents. Before a summary order of
 6915 suspension shall take effect, the Commissioner shall issue to the assisted living facility a notice of
 6916 summary order of suspension setting forth (i) the procedures for the summary order of suspension, (ii)
 6917 hearing and appeal rights as provided under this subsection, and (iii) facts and evidence that formed the
 6918 basis for which the summary order of suspension is sought. Such notice shall be served on the assisted
 6919 living facility or its designee as soon as practicable thereafter by personal service or certified mail,
 6920 return receipt requested, to the address of record of the assisted living facility. The order shall state the
 6921 time, date, and location of a hearing to determine whether the suspension is appropriate. Such hearing
 6922 shall be presided over by a hearing officer selected by the Commissioner from a list prepared by the
 6923 Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia and shall be held as soon as practicable, but in no
 6924 event later than 15 business days following service of the notice of hearing; however, the hearing officer
 6925 may grant a written request for a continuance, not to exceed an additional 10 business days, for good
 6926 cause shown. After such hearing, the hearing officer shall provide to the Commissioner written findings
 6927 and conclusions, together with a recommendation whether the license should be summarily suspended,
 6928 whereupon the Commissioner shall adopt the hearing officer's recommended decision unless to do so
 6929 would be an error of law or Department policy. Any final agency case decision in which the
 6930 Commissioner rejects a hearing officer's recommended decision shall state with particularity the basis for
 6931 rejection. The Commissioner shall issue: (a) a final order of summary suspension or (b) an order that
 6932 summary suspension is not warranted by the facts and circumstances presented. A final order of
 6933 summary suspension shall include notice that the assisted living facility may appeal the Commissioner's
 6934 decision to the appropriate circuit court no later than 10 days following service of the order. A copy of
 6935 any final order of summary suspension shall be prominently displayed by the provider at each public
 6936 entrance of the facility, or in lieu thereof, the provider may display a written statement summarizing the
 6937 terms of the order in a prominent location, printed in a clear and legible size and typeface, and
 6938 identifying the location within the facility where the final order of summary suspension may be
 6939 reviewed.

6940 Upon appeal, the sole issue before the court shall be whether the Department had reasonable grounds
 6941 to require the assisted living facility to cease operations during the pendency of the concurrent
 6942 revocation, denial, or other proceeding. Any concurrent revocation, denial, or other proceeding shall not
 6943 be affected by the outcome of any hearing on the appropriateness of the summary order of suspension.
 6944 Failure to comply with the summary order of suspension shall constitute an offense under subdivision 1
 6945 of § 63.2-1712. All agencies and subdivisions of the Commonwealth shall cooperate with the
 6946 Commissioner in the relocation of residents of an assisted living facility whose license has been
 6947 summarily suspended pursuant to this section and in any other actions necessary to reduce the risk of

further harm to residents.

D. Notice of the Commissioner's intent to revoke or deny renewal of the license for the assisted living facility shall be provided by the Department and a copy of such notice shall be posted in a prominent place at each public entrance of the licensed premises to advise consumers of serious or persistent violations. In determining whether to deny, revoke, or summarily suspend a license, the Commissioner may choose to deny, revoke, or summarily suspend only certain authority of the assisted living facility to operate, and may restrict or modify the assisted living facility's authority to provide certain services or perform certain functions that the Commissioner determines should be restricted or modified in order to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the residents. Such denial, revocation, or summary suspension of certain services or functions may be appealed as otherwise provided in this subtitle for any denial, revocation, or summary suspension.

§ 63.2-1726. Background check required; children's residential facilities.

A. As a condition of employment, volunteering or providing services on a regular basis, every children's residential facility that is regulated or operated by the Departments of Social Services; Education; Military Affairs; or ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~ shall require any individual who (i) accepts a position of employment at such a facility who was not employed by that facility prior to July 1, 2007, (ii) volunteers for such a facility on a regular basis and will be alone with a juvenile in the performance of his duties who was not a volunteer at such facility prior to July 1, 2007, or (iii) provides contractual services directly to a juvenile for such facility on a regular basis and will be alone with a juvenile in the performance of his duties who did not provide such services prior to July 1, 2007; to submit to fingerprinting and to provide personal descriptive information, to be forwarded along with the applicant's fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information regarding such applicant. The children's residential facility shall inform the applicant that he is entitled to obtain a copy of any background check report and to challenge the accuracy and completeness of any such report and obtain a prompt resolution before a final determination is made of the applicant's eligibility to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. The applicant shall provide the children's residential facility with a written statement or affirmation disclosing whether he has ever been convicted of or is the subject of pending charges for any offense within or outside the Commonwealth. The results of the criminal history background check must be received prior to permitting an applicant to work with children.

The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no record exists, shall forward it to the state agency which operates or regulates the children's residential facility with which the applicant is affiliated. The state agency shall, upon receipt of an applicant's record lacking disposition data, conduct research in whatever state and local recordkeeping systems are available in order to obtain complete data. The state agency shall report to the children's facility whether the applicant is eligible to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. Except as otherwise provided in subsection B, no children's residential facility regulated or operated by the Departments of Education; ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~; Military Affairs; or Social Services shall hire for compensated employment or allow to volunteer or provide contractual services persons who have been (i) convicted of or are the subject of pending charges for the following crimes: murder or manslaughter as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; malicious wounding by mob as set out in § 18.2-41; abduction as set out in § 18.2-47 A; abduction for immoral purposes as set out in § 18.2-48; assault and bodily woundings as set out in Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; robbery as set out in § 18.2-58; carjacking as set out in § 18.2-58.1; extortion by threat as set out in § 18.2-59; threat as set out in § 18.2-60; any felony stalking violation as set out in § 18.2-60.3; sexual assault as set out in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; arson as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2; burglary as set out in Article 2 (§ 18.2-89 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2; any felony violation relating to distribution of drugs as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; drive-by shooting as set out in § 18.2-286.1; use of a machine gun in a crime of violence as set out in § 18.2-289; aggressive use of a machine gun as set out in § 18.2-290; use of a sawed off shotgun in a crime of violence as set out in subsection A of § 18.2-300; pandering as set out in § 18.2-355; crimes against nature involving children as set out § 18.2-361; taking indecent liberties with children as set out in § 18.2-370 or § 18.2-370.1; abuse or neglect of children as set out in § 18.2-371.1, including failure to secure medical attention for an injured child as set out in § 18.2-314; obscenity offenses as set out in § 18.2-374.1; possession of child pornography as set out in § 18.2-374.1:1; electronic facilitation of pornography as set out in § 18.2-374.3; incest as set out in § 18.2-366; abuse or neglect of incapacitated adults as set out in § 18.2-369; employing or permitting a minor to assist in an act constituting an offense under Article 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, as set out in § 18.2-379; delivery of drugs to prisoners as set out in § 18.2-474.1; escape

7009 from jail as set out in § 18.2-477; felonies by prisoners as set out in § 53.1-203; or an equivalent offense
 7010 in another state; or (ii) convicted of any felony violation relating to possession of drugs set out in
 7011 Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 in the five years prior to the application date for
 7012 employment, to be a volunteer, or to provide contractual services; or (iii) convicted of any felony
 7013 violation relating to possession of drugs as set out in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title
 7014 18.2 and continue on probation or parole or have failed to pay required court costs. The provisions of
 7015 this section also shall apply to structured residential programs, excluding secure detention facilities,
 7016 established pursuant to § 16.1-309.3 for juvenile offenders cited in a complaint for intake or in a petition
 7017 before the court that alleges the juvenile is delinquent or in need of services or supervision.

7018 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, a children's residential facility may hire for
 7019 compensated employment or for volunteer or contractual service purposes persons who have been
 7020 convicted of not more than one misdemeanor offense under § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, if 10 years have
 7021 elapsed following the conviction, unless the person committed such offense in the scope of his
 7022 employment, volunteer, or contractual services.

7023 If the applicant is denied employment, or the opportunity to volunteer or provide services at a
 7024 children's residential facility because of information appearing on his criminal history record, and the
 7025 applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, upon written request of the
 7026 applicant the state agency shall furnish the applicant the procedures for obtaining his criminal history
 7027 record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. If the applicant has been permitted to assume duties
 7028 that do not involve contact with children pending receipt of the report, the children's residential facility
 7029 is not precluded from suspending the applicant from his position pending a final determination of the
 7030 applicant's eligibility to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children. The information
 7031 provided to the children's residential facility shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

7032 C. Those individuals listed in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of subsection A also shall authorize the
 7033 children's residential facility to obtain a copy of information from the central registry maintained
 7034 pursuant to § 63.2-1515 on any investigation of child abuse or neglect undertaken on him. The applicant
 7035 shall provide the children's residential facility with a written statement or affirmation disclosing whether
 7036 he has ever been the subject of a founded case of child abuse or neglect within or outside the
 7037 Commonwealth. The children's residential facility shall receive the results of the central registry search
 7038 prior to permitting an applicant to work alone with children. Children's residential facilities regulated or
 7039 operated by the Departments of Education; ~~Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse~~
 7040 *Behavioral Health and Developmental Services*; Military Affairs; and Social Services shall not hire for
 7041 compensated employment or allow to volunteer or provide contractual services, persons who have a
 7042 founded case of child abuse or neglect. Every residential facility for juveniles which is regulated or
 7043 operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be authorized to obtain a copy of the information
 7044 from the central registry.

7045 D. The Boards of Social Services; Education; Juvenile Justice; and ~~Mental Health, Mental~~
 7046 ~~Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services~~, and the Department of
 7047 Military Affairs, may adopt regulations to comply with the provisions of this section. Copies of any
 7048 information received by a children's residential facility pursuant to this section shall be available to the
 7049 agency that regulates or operates such facility but shall not be disseminated further. The cost of
 7050 obtaining the criminal history record and the central registry information shall be borne by the employee
 7051 or volunteer unless the children's residential facility, at its option, decides to pay the cost.

7052 § 63.2-1735. Child Day-Care Council created; members; terms; duties.

7053 The Child Day-Care Council is hereby continued. Its members shall be appointed by the Governor
 7054 and serve without compensation. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-2813, reimbursement for travel
 7055 expenses of members shall be limited to in-state travel. The members of the Council shall consist of one
 7056 nonprofit child day center operator; three private for-profit child day center operators; one representative
 7057 from each of the Departments of Social Services, Health, Education, Fire Programs, and Housing and
 7058 Community Development; one pediatric health professional; one child development specialist; one parent
 7059 consumer; one legal professional; one representative of the National Association for the Education of
 7060 Young Children; one representative of the YMCA; one representative of the National Academy of Early
 7061 Childhood Programs; one representative of the Association of Christian Schools International; one
 7062 representative of the American Association of Christian Schools; one representative of the National Early
 7063 Childhood Program Accreditation; one representative of the National Accreditation Council for Early
 7064 Childhood Professional Personnel and Programs; one representative of the International Academy for
 7065 Private Education; one representative of the American Montessori Society; one representative of the
 7066 International Accreditation and Certification of Childhood Educators, Programs, and Trainers; one
 7067 representative of the National Accreditation Commission; one representative of the Virginia Council for
 7068 Private Education; and one representative each of a child day center offering a seasonal program
 7069 emphasizing outdoor activities, a private child day center offering a half-day nursery school program,

and a local governing body all of which operate programs required to be licensed under this chapter. The membership of the Council shall also include such representatives of state agencies as advisory members as the Governor deems necessary. The Governor shall designate a member of the Council to serve as chairman.

The members of the Council shall be appointed for four-year terms, except appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired term.

The Council shall adopt regulations for licensure and operation of child day centers in the Commonwealth in accordance with the regulations referred to in § 63.2-1734.

The Council shall adopt regulations in collaboration with the Virginia Recreation and Park Society and the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for therapeutic recreation programs.

All staff and other support services required by the Council shall be provided by the Department.

§ 63.2-1805. Admissions and discharge.

A. The Board shall adopt regulations:

1. Governing admissions to assisted living facilities;

2. Requiring that each assisted living facility prepare and provide a statement, in a format prescribed by the Department, to any prospective resident and his legal representative, if any, prior to admission and upon request, that discloses information, fully and accurately in plain language, about the (i) services; (ii) fees, including clear information about what services are included in the base fee and any fees for additional services; (iii) admission, transfer, and discharge criteria, including criteria for transfer to another level of care within the same facility or complex; (iv) general number and qualifications of staff on each shift; (v) range, frequency, and number of activities provided for residents; and (vi) ownership structure of the facility;

3. Establishing a process to ensure that each resident admitted or retained in an assisted living facility receives appropriate services and periodic independent reassessments and reassessments when there is a significant change in the resident's condition in order to determine whether a resident's needs can continue to be met by the facility and whether continued placement in the facility is in the best interests of the resident;

4. Governing appropriate discharge planning for residents whose care needs can no longer be met by the facility;

5. Addressing the involuntary discharge of residents;

6. Requiring that residents are informed of their rights pursuant to § 63.2-1808 at the time of admission;

7. Establishing a process to ensure that any resident temporarily detained in a facility pursuant to §§ 37.2-809 through 37.2-813 is accepted back in the assisted living facility if the resident is not involuntarily admitted pursuant to §§ 37.2-814 through 37.2-819; and

8. Requiring that each assisted living facility train all employees who are mandated to report adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation pursuant to § 63.2-1606 on such reporting procedures and the consequences for failing to make a required report.

B. If there are observed behaviors or patterns of behavior indicative of mental illness, mental retardation, substance abuse, or behavioral disorders, as documented in the uniform assessment instrument completed pursuant to § 63.2-1804, the facility administrator or designated staff member shall ensure that an evaluation of the individual is or has been conducted by a qualified professional as defined in regulations. If the evaluation indicates a need for mental health, mental retardation, substance abuse, or behavioral disorder services, the facility shall provide (i) a notification of the resident's need for such services to the authorized contact person of record when available and (ii) a notification of the resident's need for such services to the community services board or behavioral health authority established pursuant to Title 37.2 that serves the city or county in which the facility is located, or other appropriate licensed provider. The Department shall not take adverse action against a facility that has demonstrated and documented a continual good faith effort to meet the requirements of this subsection.

C. The Department shall not order the removal of a resident from an assisted living facility if (i) the resident, the resident's family, the resident's physician, and the facility consent to the resident's continued stay in the assisted living facility and (ii) the facility is capable of providing, obtaining, or arranging for the provision of necessary services for the resident, including, but not limited to, home health care and/or hospice care.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C above, assisted living facilities shall not admit or retain an individual with any of the following conditions or care needs:

1. Ventilator dependency.

2. Dermal ulcers III and IV, except those stage III ulcers that are determined by an independent physician to be healing.

3. Intravenous therapy or injections directly into the vein except for intermittent intravenous therapy

7131 managed by a health care professional licensed in Virginia or as permitted in subsection E.
 7132 4. Airborne infectious disease in a communicable state that requires isolation of the individual or
 7133 requires special precautions by the caretaker to prevent transmission of the disease, including diseases
 7134 such as tuberculosis and excluding infections such as the common cold.
 7135 5. Psychotropic medications without appropriate diagnosis and treatment plans.
 7136 6. Nasogastric tubes.
 7137 7. Gastric tubes except when the individual is capable of independently feeding himself and caring
 7138 for the tube or as permitted in subsection E.
 7139 8. An imminent physical threat or danger to self or others is presented by the individual.
 7140 9. Continuous licensed nursing care (seven-days-a-week, 24-hours-a-day) is required by the
 7141 individual.
 7142 10. Placement is no longer appropriate as certified by the individual's physician.
 7143 11. Maximum physical assistance is required by the individual as documented by the uniform
 7144 assessment instrument and the individual meets Medicaid nursing facility level-of-care criteria as defined
 7145 in the State Plan for Medical Assistance, unless the individual's independent physician determines
 7146 otherwise. Maximum physical assistance means that an individual has a rating of total dependence in
 7147 four or more of the seven activities of daily living as documented on the uniform assessment instrument.
 7148 12. The assisted living facility determines that it cannot meet the individual's physical or mental
 7149 health care needs.
 7150 13. Other medical and functional care needs that the Board determines cannot be met properly in an
 7151 assisted living facility.
 7152 E. Except for auxiliary grant recipients, at the request of the resident in an assisted living facility and
 7153 when his independent physician determines that it is appropriate, (i) care for the conditions or care needs
 7154 defined in subdivisions D 3 and D 7 may be provided to the resident by a licensed physician, a licensed
 7155 nurse or a nurse holding a multistate licensure privilege under a physician's treatment plan, or a home
 7156 care organization licensed in Virginia or (ii) care for the conditions or care needs defined in subdivision
 7157 D 7 may also be provided to the resident by facility staff if the care is delivered in accordance with the
 7158 regulations of the Board of Nursing for delegation by a registered nurse, 18 VAC 90-20-420 et seq.
 7159 The Board shall adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this subsection.
 7160 F. In adopting regulations pursuant to subsections A, B, C, and D, and E the Board shall consult
 7161 with the Departments of Health and Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Behavioral
 7162 Health and Developmental Services.
 7163 **2. That the regulations adopted by the State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance**
 7164 **Abuse Services Board in effect on the effective date of this act shall continue in effect until such**
 7165 **time as amended or repealed by the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.**
 7166 **3. That, as of the effective date of this act, the Department of and Office of Inspector General for**
 7167 **Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall be deemed the successor in interest to the**
 7168 **Department of and Office of Inspector General for Mental Health, Mental Retardation and**
 7169 **Substance Abuse Services to the extent that this act transfers powers and duties. All rights, title**
 7170 **and interest in and to any real or tangible personal property vested in the Department of and**
 7171 **Office of Inspector General for Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services**
 7172 **to the extent that this act transfers powers and duties as of the effective date of this act shall be**
 7173 **transferred to and taken as standing in the name of the Department of and Office of Inspector**
 7174 **General for Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.**
 7175 **4. That, as of the effective date of this act, the Behavioral Health and Developmental Trust and**
 7176 **Revenue Funds created pursuant to § 37.2-716 of the Code of Virginia shall be deemed the**
 7177 **successor in interest to the Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services**
 7178 **Trust and Revenue Funds.**