2008 SESSION

ENROLLED REPRINT

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 55-225.3, 55-225.4, 55-248.4, 55-248.6, 55-248.11:2, 55-248.13, and 3 55-248.16 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 4 55-225.6 through 55-225.9 and 55-248.18:2, relating to mold conditions involving landlords and 5 tenants.

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Approved

8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 55-225.3, 55-225.4, 55-248.4, 55-248.6, 55-248.11:2, 55-248.13, and 55-248.16 of the Code 10 of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding 11 sections numbered 55-225.6 through 55-225.9 and 55-248.18:2 as follows:

§ 55-225.3. Landlord to maintain dwelling unit.

A. The landlord shall:

14 1. Comply with the requirements of applicable building and housing codes materially affecting health 15 and safety;

16 2. Make all repairs and do whatever is necessary to put and keep the premises in a fit and habitable 17 condition;

3. Maintain in good and safe working order and condition all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, 18 19 ventilating, air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances, including elevators, supplied or required 20 to be supplied by him;

21 4. Supply running water and reasonable amounts of hot water at all times and reasonable air 22 conditioning if provided and heat in season except where the dwelling unit is so constructed that heat, 23 air conditioning or hot water is generated by an installation within the exclusive control of the tenant or 24 supplied by a direct public utility connection-; and

25 5. Maintain the premises in such a condition as to prevent the accumulation of moisture and the 26 growth of mold and to promptly respond to any notices as provided in subdivision A 8 of § 55-225.4.

27 B. The landlord shall perform the duties imposed by subsection A in accordance with law; however, 28 the landlord shall only be liable for the tenant's actual damages proximately caused by the landlord's 29 failure to exercise ordinary care.

30 **B** C. If the duty imposed by subdivision A 1 is greater than any duty imposed by any other 31 subdivision of that subsection, the landlord's duty shall be determined by reference to subdivision A 1.

32 \in D. The landlord and tenant may agree in writing that the tenant perform the landlord's duties 33 specified in subdivisions A 2, 3 and 4 and also specified repairs, maintenance tasks, alterations and 34 remodeling, but only if the transaction is entered into in good faith and not for the purpose of evading 35 the obligations of the landlord. 36

§ 55-225.4. Tenant to maintain dwelling unit.

A. In addition to the provisions of the rental agreement, the tenant shall:

38 1. Comply with all obligations primarily imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building 39 and housing codes materially affecting health and safety;

40 2. Keep that part of the premises that he occupies and uses as clean and safe as the condition of the 41 premises permit;

42 3. Remove from his dwelling unit all ashes, garbage, rubbish and other waste in a clean and safe 43 manner:

44 4. Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or used by the tenant as clean as their condition 45 permits;

5. Use in a reasonable manner all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning 46 47 and other facilities and appliances;

6. Not deliberately or negligently destroy, deface, damage, impair or remove any part of the premises 48 49 or permit any person to do so whether known by the tenant or not;

50 7. Not remove or tamper with a properly functioning smoke detector, including removing any 51 working batteries, so as to render the smoke detector inoperative;

8. Use reasonable efforts to maintain the dwelling unit and any other part of the premises that he 52 53 occupies in such a condition as to prevent accumulation of moisture and the growth of mold and to 54 promptly notify the landlord of any moisture accumulation that occurs or of any visible evidence of 55 mold discovered by the tenant;

56 8 9. Be responsible for his conduct and the conduct of other persons on the premises with his HB580ER

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57 consent whether known by the tenant or not, to ensure that his neighbors' peaceful enjoyment of the 58 premises will not be disturbed; and

59 9 10. Abide by all reasonable rules and regulations imposed by the landlord.

60 B. If the duty imposed by subdivision A 1 is greater than any duty imposed by any other subdivision 61 of that subsection, the tenant's duty shall be determined by reference to subdivision A 1.

62 § 55-225.6. Inspection of dwelling unit.

The landlord may, within five days after occupancy of a dwelling unit, submit a written report to the 63 64 tenant, for his safekeeping, itemizing damages to the dwelling unit existing at the time of occupancy, 65 which record shall be deemed correct unless the tenant objects thereto in writing within five days after 66 receipt thereof. The landlord may adopt a written policy allowing the tenant to prepare the written 67 report of the move-in inspection, in which case the tenant shall submit a copy to the landlord, which 68 record shall be deemed correct unless the landlord objects thereto in writing within five days after 69 receipt thereof. Such written policy adopted by the landlord may also provide for the landlord and the tenant to prepare the written report of the move-in inspection jointly, in which case both the landlord 70 71 and the tenant shall sign the written report and receive a copy thereof, at which time the inspection 72 record shall be deemed correct.

73 § 55-225.7. Disclosure of mold in dwelling units.

74 As part of the written report of the move-in inspection pursuant to § 55-225.6, the landlord may 75 disclose whether there is any visible evidence of mold in areas readily accessible within the interior of 76 the dwelling unit. If the landlord's written disclosure states that there is no visible evidence of mold in 77 the dwelling unit, this written statement shall be deemed correct unless the tenant objects thereto in 78 writing within five days after receiving the report. If the landlord's written disclosure states that there is 79 visible evidence of mold in the dwelling unit, the tenant shall have the option to terminate the tenancy 80 and not take possession or remain in possession of the dwelling unit. If the tenant requests to take possession, or remain in possession of the dwelling unit, notwithstanding the presence of visible 81 evidence of mold, the landlord shall promptly remediate the mold condition but in no event later than 82 83 five business days thereafter and re-inspect the dwelling unit to confirm there is no visible evidence of 84 mold in the dwelling unit and reflect on a new report that there is no visible evidence of mold in the dwelling unit upon re-inspection. 85 86

§ 55-225.8. Definitions for residential dwelling units subject to this chapter.

87 As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:

88 "Authorized occupant" means a person entitled to occupy a dwelling unit with the consent of the 89 landlord, but who has not signed the rental agreement and therefore does not have the rights and 90 obligations as a tenant under the rental agreement.

91 "Dwelling unit" means a structure or part of a structure that is used as a home or residence by one 92 or more persons who maintain a household, whether single family or multifamily, including, but not limited to, a manufactured home. 93

94 "Guest or invitee" means a person, other than the tenant or person authorized by the landlord to occupy the dwelling unit, who has the permission of the tenant to visit but not to occupy the premises. "Interior of the dwelling unit" means the inside of the dwelling unit, consisting of interior walls, 95

96 97 floor, and ceiling, that enclose the dwelling unit as conditioned space from the outside air.

98 "Landlord" means the owner or lessor of the dwelling unit or the building of which such dwelling 99 unit is a part. "Landlord" also includes a managing agent of the premises who fails to disclose the 100 name of such owner, lessor, or sublessor. Such managing agent shall be subject to the provisions of § 16.1-88.03. 101

102 "Managing agent" means a person authorized by the landlord to act on behalf of the landlord under 103 an agreement.

104 "Mold remediation in accordance with professional standards" means mold remediation of that portion of the dwelling unit or premises affected by mold, or any personal property of the tenant 105 affected by mold, performed consistent with guidance documents published by the United States 106 Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the 107 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (the Bioaerosols Manual), Standard 108 109 Reference Guides of the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration for Water Damage Restoration 110 and Professional Mold Remediation, or any protocol for mold remediation prepared by an industrial 111 hygienist consistent with said guidance documents.

"Notice" means notice given in writing by either regular mail or hand delivery, with the sender 112 113 retaining sufficient proof of having given such notice, which may be either a United States postal 114 certificate of mailing or a certificate of service confirming such mailing prepared by the sender. 115 However, a person shall be deemed to have notice of a fact if he has actual knowledge of it, he has received a verbal notice of it, or from all of the facts and circumstances known to him at the time in 116 question, he has reason to know it exists. A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or notification to 117

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118 another by taking steps reasonably calculated to inform another person whether or not the other person 119 actually comes to know of it. If notice is given that is not in writing, the person giving the notice has 120 the burden of proof to show that the notice was given to the recipient of the notice.

121 "Readily accessible" means areas within the interior of the dwelling unit available for observation at 122 the time of the move-in inspection that do not require removal of materials, personal property, 123 equipment, or similar items.

124 "Tenant" means a person entitled under a rental agreement to occupy a dwelling unit to the 125 exclusion of others. Tenant shall not include (i) an authorized occupant, (ii) a guest or invitee, or (iii) 126 any person who guarantees or cosigns the payment of the financial obligations of a rental agreement 127 but has no right to occupy a dwelling unit.

128 "Visible evidence of mold" means the existence of mold in the dwelling unit that is visible to the 129 naked eye by the landlord or tenant in areas within the interior of the dwelling unit readily accessible 130 at the time of the move-in inspection.

131 For any term not expressly defined herein, terms shall have the same meaning as those defined in 132 § 55-248.4.

133 *§* 55-225.9. Relocation of tenant where mold remediation needs to be performed in the dwelling unit. Where a mold condition in a dwelling unit materially affects the health or safety of any tenant or

134 135 authorized occupant, the landlord may require the tenant to temporarily vacate the dwelling unit in 136 order for the landlord to perform mold remediation in accordance with professional standards as 137 defined in § 55-225.8 for a period not to exceed 30 days. The landlord shall provide the tenant with 138 either (a) a comparable dwelling unit, as selected by the landlord, at no expense or cost to the tenant, 139 or (b) a hotel room, as selected by the landlord, at no expense or cost to the tenant. The tenant shall 140 continue to be responsible for payment of rent under the rental agreement during the period of any 141 temporary relocation. The landlord shall pay all costs of the mold remediation, unless the tenant is at 142 fault for the mold condition.

143 § 55-248.4. Definitions.

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When used in this chapter, unless expressly stated otherwise:

"Action" means recoupment, counterclaim, set off, or other civil suit and any other proceeding in 145 146 which rights are determined, including without limitation actions for possession, rent, unlawful detainer, 147 unlawful entry, and distress for rent.

148 "Application fee" means any deposit of money, however denominated, including all money intended 149 to be used as a security deposit under a rental agreement, or property, which is paid by a tenant to a 150 landlord, lessor, or agent of a landlord for the purpose of being considered as a tenant for a dwelling 151 unit. 152

"Assignment" means the transfer by any tenant of all interests created by a rental agreement.

153 "Authorized occupant" means a person entitled to occupy a dwelling unit with the consent of the landlord, but who has not signed the rental agreement and therefore does not have the rights and 154 155 obligations as a tenant under the rental agreement.

156 "Building or housing code" means any law, ordinance or governmental regulation concerning fitness 157 for habitation, or the construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use or appearance of any structure 158 or that part of a structure that is used as a home, residence or sleeping place by one person who 159 maintains a household or by two or more persons who maintain a common household.

160 "Dwelling unit" means a structure or part of a structure that is used as a home or residence by one 161 or more persons who maintain a household, including, but not limited to, a manufactured home.

162 "Facility" means something that is built, constructed, installed or established to perform some 163 particular function.

164 "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct of the transaction concerned.

165 "Guest or invitee" means a person, other than the tenant or person authorized by the landlord to occupy the premises, who has the permission of the tenant to visit but not to occupy the premises. 166

"Interior of the dwelling unit" means the inside of the dwelling unit, consisting of interior walls, 167 168 floor, and ceiling, that enclose the dwelling unit as conditioned space from the outside air.

169 "Landlord" means the owner, lessor or sublessor of the dwelling unit or the building of which such dwelling unit is a part. "Landlord" also includes a managing agent of the premises who fails to disclose 170 171 the name of such owner, lessor or sublessor. Such managing agent shall be subject to the provisions of 172 § 16.1-88.03.

173 "Managing agent" means a person authorized by the landlord to act on behalf of the landlord under 174 an agreement.

175 "Mold remediation in accordance with professional standards" means mold remediation of that 176 portion of the dwelling unit or premises affected by mold, or any personal property of the tenant 177 affected by mold, performed consistent with guidance documents published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the 178

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179 American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (the Bioaerosols Manual), Standard Reference Guides
180 of the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration for Water Damage Restoration and Professional
181 Mold Remediation, or any protocol for mold remediation prepared by an industrial hygienist consistent
182 with said guidance documents.

"Natural person," wherever the chapter refers to an owner as a "natural person," includes co-owners
who are natural persons, either as tenants in common, joint tenants, tenants in partnership, tenants by the
entirety, trustees or beneficiaries of a trust, general partnerships, limited liability partnerships, registered
limited liability partnerships or limited liability companies, or any lawful combination of natural persons
permitted by law.

188 "Notice" means notice given in writing by either regular mail or hand delivery, with the sender 189 retaining sufficient proof of having given such notice, which may be either a United States postal 190 certificate of mailing or a certificate of service confirming such mailing prepared by the sender. However, a person shall be deemed to have notice of a fact if he has actual knowledge of it, he has 191 192 received a verbal notice of it, or from all of the facts and circumstances known to him at the time in question, he has reason to know it exists. A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or notification to 193 194 another by taking steps reasonably calculated to inform another person whether or not the other person 195 actually comes to know of it. If notice is given that is not in writing, the person giving the notice has 196 the burden of proof to show that the notice was given to the recipient of the notice.

197 "Organization" means a corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency, business trust,
198 estate, trust, partnership or association, two or more persons having a joint or common interest, or any
199 combination thereof, and any other legal or commercial entity.

"Owner" means one or more persons, jointly or severally, in whom is vested:

1. All or part of the legal title to the property, or

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202 2. All or part of the beneficial ownership and a right to present use and enjoyment of the premises,203 and the term includes a mortgagee in possession.

204 "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, corporation, partnership, business trust,205 association or other legal entity, or any combination thereof.

206 "Premises" means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is a part and facilities and
207 appurtenances therein and grounds, areas and facilities held out for the use of tenants generally or whose
208 use is promised to the tenant.

209 "Processing fee for payment of rent with bad check" means the processing fee specified in the rental
210 agreement, not to exceed \$50, assessed by a landlord against a tenant for payment of rent with a check
211 drawn by the tenant on which payment has been refused by the payor bank because the drawer had no
212 account or insufficient funds.

213 "Readily accessible" means areas within the interior of the dwelling unit available for observation at
214 the time of the move-in inspection that do not require removal of materials, personal property,
215 equipment or similar items.

216 "Rent" means all money, other than a security deposit, owed or paid to the landlord under the rental
217 agreement, including prepaid rent paid more than one month in advance of the rent due date.

218 "Rental agreement" or "lease agreement" means all agreements, written or oral, and valid rules and
 219 regulations adopted under § 55-248.17 embodying the terms and conditions concerning the use and
 220 occupancy of a dwelling unit and premises.

221 "Rental application" means the written application or similar document used by a landlord to 222 determine if a prospective tenant is qualified to become a tenant of a dwelling unit. A landlord may 223 charge an application fee as provided in this chapter and may request a prospective tenant to provide 224 information that will enable the landlord to make such determination. The landlord may photocopy each 225 applicant's driver's license or other similar photo identification, containing either the applicant's social 226 security number or control number issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to § 46.2-342. 227 The landlord may require that each applicant provide a social security number issued by the U.S. Social 228 Security Administration or an individual taxpayer identification number issued by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service, for the purpose of determining whether each applicant is eligible to become a tenant in 229 230 the landlord's dwelling unit.

"Roomer" means a person occupying a dwelling unit that lacks a major bathroom or kitchen facility,
in a structure where one or more major facilities are used in common by occupants of the dwelling unit
and other dwelling units. Major facility in the case of a bathroom means toilet, and either a bath or
shower, and in the case of a kitchen means refrigerator, stove or sink.

"Security deposit" means any refundable deposit of money that is furnished by a tenant to a landlord
to secure the performance of the terms and conditions of a rental agreement, as a security for damages
to the leased premises, or as a pet deposit. However, such money shall be deemed an application fee
until the effective date of the rental agreement. Security deposit shall not include a commercial
insurance policy purchased by a landlord on behalf of a tenant to secure the performance by the tenant

240 of the terms and conditions of a rental agreement, generally known as damage insurance. Further, 241 security deposit shall not include a commercial insurance policy purchased by a landlord to provide 242 property and casualty insurance coverage for a tenant, generally known as renter's insurance.

243 'Single-family residence" means a structure, other than a multi-family residential structure, 244 maintained and used as a single dwelling unit or any dwelling unit which has direct access to a street or 245 thoroughfare and shares neither heating facilities, hot water equipment nor any other essential facility or 246 service with any other dwelling unit.

247 "Sublease" means the transfer by any tenant of any but not all interests created by a rental agreement. 248

"Tenant" means a person entitled under a rental agreement to occupy a dwelling unit to the exclusion 249 250 of others and shall include roomer. Tenant shall not include (i) an authorized occupant, (ii) a guest or 251 invitee, or (iii) any person who guarantees or cosigns the payment of the financial obligations of a rental 252 agreement but has no right to occupy a dwelling unit.

253 "Utility" means electricity, natural gas, water and sewer provided by a public service corporation or 254 such other person providing utility services as permitted under § 56-1.2. If the rental agreement so 255 provides, a landlord may use submetering equipment or energy allocation equipment as defined in 256 § 56-245.2, or a ratio utility billing system as defined in § 55-226.2.

257 "Visible evidence of mold" means the existence of mold in the dwelling unit that is visible to the 258 naked eye by the landlord or tenant in areas within the interior of the dwelling unit readily accessible 259 at the time of the move-in inspection.

260 § 55-248.6. Notice.

261 A. A person shall be deemed to have notice of a fact if he has actual knowledge of it; he has 262 received a notice or notification of it; or, from all the facts and circumstances known to him at the time in question he has reason to know that it exists. "Notice" means notice given in writing by either regular 263 264 mail or hand delivery, with the sender retaining sufficient proof of having given such notice, which may 265 be either a United States postal certificate of mailing or a certificate of service confirming such mailing 266 prepared by the sender. However, a person shall be deemed to have notice of a fact if he has actual 267 knowledge of it, he has received a verbal notice of it, or from all the facts and circumstances known to 268 him at the time in question, he has reason to know it exists. A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or 269 notification to another by taking steps reasonably calculated to inform another person whether or not 270 the other person actually comes to know of it. If notice is given that is not in writing, the person giving 271 the notice has the burden of proof to show that the notice was given to the recipient of the notice.

272 B. A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or notification to another by taking steps reasonably 273 calculated to inform another person whether or not the other person actually comes to know of it. A 274 person "receives" a notice or notification when it: 275

1. Comes to his attention;

276 2. Is served upon the recipient by regular mail, postage prepaid, and there is sufficient proof of 277 mailing which may be either a United States postal certificate of mailing or a certificate of service 278 confirming such mailing prepared by the sender; or

3. Is served upon the recipient by hand delivery in accordance with Chapter 8 (§ 8.01-285 et seq.) of 279 280 Title 8.01, which provides for personal or substituted service, with the exception that the sender, whether 281 landlord, tenant or sender's agent, may serve notices hereunder, when the sender retains a certificate of 282 mailing prepared by him.

283 C. In the case of the landlord, notice is served on the landlord at his place of business where the 284 rental agreement was made, or at any place held out by the landlord as the place for receipt of the 285 communication.

286 \oplus C. In the case of the tenant, notice is served at the tenant's last known place of residence, which 287 may be the dwelling unit.

288 $\not \equiv D$. Notice, knowledge or a notice or notification received by an organization is effective for a 289 particular transaction from the time it is brought to the attention of the person conducting that 290 transaction, or from the time it would have been brought to his attention if the organization had 291 exercised reasonable diligence.

292 F E. No notice of termination of tenancy served upon a tenant by a public housing authority 293 organized under the Housing Authorities Law (§ 36-1 et seq.) of Title 36 shall be effective unless it 294 contains on its first page, in type no smaller or less legible than that otherwise used in the body of the 295 notice, the name, address and telephone number of the legal services program, if any, serving the 296 jurisdiction wherein the premises are located.

297 § 55-248.11:2. Disclosure of mold in dwelling units.

298 As part of the written report of the move-in inspection required by § 55-248.11:1, the landlord shall 299 disclose whether there is any visible evidence of mold in areas readily accessible within the interior of 300 the dwelling unit. If the landlord's written disclosure states that there is no visible evidence of mold in

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301 the dwelling unit, this written statement shall be deemed correct unless the tenant objects thereto in 302 writing within five days after receiving the report. If the landlord's written disclosure states that there is 303 visible evidence of mold in the dwelling unit, the tenant shall have the option to terminate the tenancy 304 or to accept the dwelling unit in an "as is" condition. For purposes of this chapter, "visible evidence of 305 mold" means the existence of mold in the dwelling unit that is visible to the naked eye of the landlord 306 or tenant at the time of the move-in inspection and not take possession or remain in possession of the 307 dwelling unit. If the tenant requests to take possession, or remain in possession, of the dwelling unit, 308 notwithstanding the presence of visible evidence of mold, the landlord shall promptly remediate the mold 309 condition but in no event later than five business days thereafter and re-inspect the dwelling unit to 310 confirm there is no visible evidence of mold in the dwelling unit and reflect on a new report that there 311 is no visible evidence of mold in the dwelling unit upon re-inspection. 312 § 55-248.13 Landlord to maintain fit premises. 313 A. The landlord shall: 314 1. Comply with the requirements of applicable building and housing codes materially affecting health 315 and safety; 316 2. Make all repairs and do whatever is necessary to put and keep the premises in a fit and habitable 317 condition; 318 3. Keep all common areas shared by two or more dwelling units of the premises in a clean and 319 structurally safe condition; 320 4. Maintain in good and safe working order and condition all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, 321 ventilating, air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances, including elevators, supplied or required 322 to be supplied by him; 323 5. Maintain the premises in such a condition as to prevent the accumulation of moisture and the 324 growth of mold, and to promptly respond to any written notices from a tenant as provided in 325 subdivision A 8 of § 55-248.16; 6. Provide and maintain appropriate receptacles and conveniences, in common areas, for the 326 327 collection, storage, and removal of ashes, garbage, rubbish and other waste incidental to the occupancy 328 of two or more dwelling units and arrange for the removal of same; and 329 7. Supply running water and reasonable amounts of hot water at all times and reasonable air 330 conditioning if provided and heat in season except where the dwelling unit is so constructed that heat, air conditioning or hot water is generated by an installation within the exclusive control of the tenant or 331 332 supplied by a direct public utility connection. 333 B. The landlord shall perform the duties imposed by subsection A in accordance with law; however, 334 the landlord shall only be liable for the tenant's actual damages proximately caused by the landlord's 335 failure to exercise ordinary care. 336 C. If the duty imposed by subdivision 1 of subsection A is greater than any duty imposed by any 337 other subdivision of that subsection, the landlord's duty shall be determined by reference to subdivision 338 1 of subsection A. D. The landlord and tenant may agree in writing that the tenant perform the landlord's duties specified in subdivisions 3, 6, and 7 of subsection A and also specified repairs, maintenance tasks, 339 340

341 alterations and remodeling, but only if the transaction is entered into in good faith and not for the 342 purpose of evading the obligations of the landlord, and if the agreement does not diminish or affect the 343 obligation of the landlord to other tenants in the premises. 344

§ 55-248.16. Tenant to maintain dwelling unit.

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A. In addition to the provisions of the rental agreement, the tenant shall:

346 1. Comply with all obligations primarily imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building 347 and housing codes materially affecting health and safety;

348 2. Keep that part of the premises that he occupies and uses as clean and safe as the condition of the 349 premises permit;

350 3. Remove from his dwelling unit all ashes, garbage, rubbish and other waste in a clean and safe 351 manner and in the appropriate receptacles provided by the landlord pursuant to § 55-258.13, if such 352 disposal is on the premises;

353 4. Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or used by the tenant as clean as their condition 354 permits;

355 5. Use in a reasonable manner all utilities and all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, 356 air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances including elevators in the premises, and keep all 357 utility services paid for by the tenant to the utility service provider or its agent on at all times during the 358 term of the rental agreement;

359 6. Not deliberately or negligently destroy, deface, damage, impair or remove any part of the premises 360 or permit any person to do so whether known by the tenant or not;

361 7. Not remove or tamper with a properly functioning smoke detector, including removing any **362** working batteries, so as to render the smoke detector inoperative;

8. Use reasonable efforts to maintain the dwelling unit and any other part of the premises that he
occupies in such a condition as to prevent accumulation of moisture and the growth of mold, and to
promptly notify the landlord in writing of any moisture accumulation that occurs or of any visible
evidence of mold discovered by the tenant-;

367 9. Be responsible for his conduct and the conduct of other persons on the premises with his consent
368 whether known by the tenant or not, to ensure that his neighbors' peaceful enjoyment of the premises
369 will not be disturbed; and

370 10. Abide by all reasonable rules and regulations imposed by the landlord pursuant to § 55-248.17 If
371 the duty imposed by subdivision 1 of subsection A is greater than any duty imposed by any other
372 subdivision of that subsection, the tenant's duty shall be determined by reference to subdivision 1.

373 § 55-248.18:2. Relocation of tenant where mold remediation needs to be performed in the dwelling unit.

Where a mold condition in the dwelling unit materially affects the health or safety of any tenant or
authorized occupant, the landlord may require the tenant to temporarily vacate the dwelling unit in
order for the landlord to perform mold remediation in accordance with professional standards as

378 defined in § 55-248.4 for a period not to exceed 30 days. The landlord shall provide the tenant with

379 either (a) a comparable dwelling unit, as selected by the landlord, at no expense or cost to the tenant, **380** or (b) a hotel room, at no expense or cost to the tenant. The tenant shall continue to be responsible for

380 or (b) a hotel room, at no expense or cost to the tenant. The tenant shall continue to be responsible for **381** payment of rent under the rental agreement during the period of any temporary relocation. The landlord

382 shall pay all costs of the mold remediation.

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