DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION 2007 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Patro	n C. Charles Caputo	2.	Bill Number HB 2643
3.	Comn	nittee House Finance		House of Origin: X Introduced
4	Title	Individual Income Tax; Modification of the		Substitute Engrossed
4.	TILLE	Age Deduction		Second House: In Committee Substitute Enrolled

5. Summary/Purpose:

This bill would annually index \$12,000 age deduction for seniors age 65 and above using the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U). The age deduction amount would be indexed annually by an amount equal to the percentage change in the index for all items from October 1 through September 30 of the year immediately preceding the affected taxable year.

This bill would be effective for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2008.

6. Fiscal Impact Estimates are: Preliminary. (See Line 8.)
6b. Revenue Impact:

Fiscal Year	Dollars	Fund
2006-07	\$0	GF
2007-08	\$0	GF
2008-09	(\$7.6 million)	GF
2009-10	(\$11.5 million)	GF
2010-11	(\$15.4 million)	GF
2011-12	(\$19.6 million)	GF
2012-13	(\$23.7 million)	GF

7. Budget amendment necessary: Yes.

ITEM(S): Page 1, Revenue Estimates

8. Fiscal implications:

Administrative Costs

TAX has not assigned any administrative costs to this bill because the changes required by a single bill such as this can be implemented as part of the annual changes to our systems and forms. As stand-alone legislation, TAX considers implementation of this bill as "routine," and does not require additional funding.

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TAX will provide specific administrative costs on any legislation that is not "routine." Additionally, TAX will review all state tax legislation likely to be enacted prior to the passage by each house. If the aggregate number of routine bills likely to pass either house is unusually large, it is possible that additional resources will be required. If so, TAX will identify the costs at that time.

Revenue Impact

This bill would have a negative revenue impact of \$7.6 million for FY 2009, \$11.5 million for FY 2010, \$15.4 million for FY 2011, \$19.6 million for FY 2012, and \$23.7 million for FY 2013.

9. Specific agency or political subdivisions affected:

Department of Taxation

10. Technical amendment necessary: Yes.

To clarify that the indexing would apply only to the age deduction as it is now available, the following technical amendment is suggested:

Page 4, Line 220 after \$12,000

Strike: and \$6,000 deduction amounts

Insert: deduction amount

In order to conform to the indexing period used by the Internal Revenue Service, the following technical amendment is suggested:

Page 4, Line 222 after for all items, from Strike: October 1 through September 30 Insert: September 1 through August 31

11. Other comments:

Current Law

The age deduction was modified during the 2004 session in several ways. First, the \$12,000 age deduction may be reduced based on income and, second, the \$6,000 age deduction is no longer available. Individuals eligible to receive the \$12,000 age deduction prior to taxable year 2004 will continue to receive the full \$12,000 age deduction without reduction. Individuals eligible to receive the \$6,000 age deduction prior to taxable year 2004 will continue to receive this deduction until they reach age 65. At that time, they will receive a \$12,000 age deduction subject to a reduction based upon income.

Individuals who were not eligible to receive an age deduction prior to taxable year 2004 are not eligible to receive an age deduction until they reach the age of 65. Once they reach age 65, they will receive a \$12,000 age deduction subject to a reduction based upon income.

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Those individuals who receive a \$12,000 income-related age deduction are required to reduce their age deduction by \$1 for every \$1 of adjusted federal adjusted gross income above \$50,000. Married individuals must reduce their \$12,000 income-related age deduction by \$1 for every \$1 of their total combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income above \$75,000. For married taxpayers filing separately, the \$12,000 income-related age deduction is reduced by \$1 for every \$1 the total combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income of both spouses exceeds \$75,000.

"Adjusted federal adjusted gross income," means federal adjusted gross income minus any benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal taxation solely under IRC § 86.

Consumer Price Index for All Urban Customers (CPI-U)

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is a measure calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) that is used to track changes in the prices paid by urban consumers for common goods and services over time. This represents approximately 87% of the total population of the United States. The Index produces monthly data on these changes. Typically, the Index for a given month is released approximately two or three weeks after the month ends.

Proposal

This proposal would annually index the age deduction amounts by an amount equal to the percentage change in the CPI-U. The percentage change would be the change identified from October 1 through September 30 of the year immediately preceding the affected taxable year.

The changes proposed by this bill would have no effect on the change to the age deduction that allows the \$12,000 age deduction to be reduced based upon the income of the taxpayer. Thus, the age deduction would be indexed according to the CPI-U and then the taxpayer would determine the amount of his deduction based on his adjusted federal adjusted gross income.

Technical Amendments Suggested

This bill would require the age deduction to be indexed using data from October through September. However, the Internal Revenue Code requires exemptions and deduction amounts to be indexed using a September through August period. Using a similar period would fit into the Department's schedule for printing individual income tax forms and instructions. Thus, a technical amendment has been suggested to adopt the same indexing period as under the Internal Revenue Code.

In addition, this bill references the \$6,000 age deduction that is allowed to taxpayers age 62 to 64. This deduction, however, was eliminated beginning in taxable year 2006. A technical amendment has been suggested to eliminate the reference.

Similar Legislation

House Bill 1821 would modify the \$12,000 age deduction by eliminating the reduction based on income for taxpayers age 65 or older. In addition, this bill would restore the \$6,000 age deduction for taxpayers age 62 through 64.

House Bill 2439 would replace the current individual income tax age deduction with deductions of \$7,000 for taxpayers age 62 through 64 and \$14,000 for taxpayers age 65 and older. This deduction would only be available to those taxpayers whose social security benefits were no more than \$3,500. The dollar amounts would be annually indexed for inflation.

House Bill 2577 would modify the reduction based on income for the age deduction by mandating that the deduction could not be less than \$6,000. This modification would only apply to those taxpayers who were born after January 1, 1939, and no later than January 1, 1942, however.

cc : Secretary of Finance

Date: 1/26/2007 AMS HB2643F161