2007 SESSION

INTRODUCED

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1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 354
2	Offered January 10, 2007
3	Prefiled January 8, 2007
4	Proposing an amendment to Section 6 of Article X of the Constitution of Virginia, relating to property
5	tax exemptions, including a partial exemption from taxation for certain dwellings.
6	
7	Patron—Rerras
7 8	Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections
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10	RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring, a majority of the members elected to
11	each house agreeing, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Virginia be, and the same
12	hereby is, proposed and referred to the General Assembly at its first regular session held after the next
13	general election of members of the House of Delegates for its concurrence in conformity with the
14	provisions of Section 1 of Article XII of the Constitution of Virginia, namely:
15	Amend Section 6 of Article X of the Constitution of Virginia as follows:
16 17	ARTICLE X TAXATION AND FINANCE
18	Section 6. Exempt property.
19	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the following property and no other shall be
20	exempt from taxation, State and local, including inheritance taxes:
21	(1) Property owned directly or indirectly by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof,
22	and obligations of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof exempt by law.
23	(2) Real estate and personal property owned and exclusively occupied or used by churches or
24 25	religious bodies for religious worship or for the residences of their ministers. (3) Private or public burying grounds or cemeteries, provided the same are not operated for profit.
23 26	(4) Property owned by public libraries or by institutions of learning not conducted for profit, so long
27	as such property is primarily used for literary, scientific, or educational purposes or purposes incidental
28	thereto. This provision may also apply to leasehold interests in such property as may be provided by
29	general law.
30	(5) Intangible personal property, or any class or classes thereof, as may be exempted in whole or in
31 32	(6) Property used by its owner for religious, charitable, patriotic, historical, benevolent, cultural, or
32 33	public park and playground purposes, as may be provided by classification or designation by an
34	ordinance adopted by the local governing body and subject to such restrictions and conditions as
35	provided by general law.
36	(7) Land subject to a perpetual easement permitting inundation by water as may be exempted in
37	whole or in part by general law.
38	(b) The General Assembly may by general law authorize the governing body of any county, city,
39 40	town, or regional government to provide for the exemption from local property taxation, or a portion thereof, within such restrictions and upon such conditions as may be prescribed, of real estate and
40 41	personal property designed for continuous habitation owned by, and occupied as the sole dwelling of,
42	personal property designed for continuous habitation owned by, and occupied as the sole dwelling of, persons not less than sixty-five years of age or persons permanently and totally disabled as established
43	by general law who are deemed by the General Assembly to be bearing an extraordinary tax burden on
44	said property in relation to their income and financial worth.
45	(c) Except as to property of the Commonwealth, the General Assembly by general law may restrict
46	or condition, in whole or in part, but not extend, any or all of the above exemptions.
47 19	(d) The General Assembly may define as a separate subject of taxation any property, including real
48 49	or personal property, equipment, facilities, or devices, used primarily for the purpose of abating or preventing pollution of the atmosphere or waters of the Commonwealth or for the purpose of
5 0	transferring or storing solar energy, and by general law may allow the governing body of any county,
51	city, town, or regional government to exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation, or by
52	general law may directly exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation.
53	(e) The General Assembly may define as a separate subject of taxation household goods, personal
54	effects and tangible farm property and products, and by general law may allow the governing body of
55	any county, city, town, or regional government to exempt or partially exempt such property from
56 57	taxation, or by general law may directly exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation.
57 58	(f) Exemptions of property from taxation as established or authorized hereby shall be strictly construed; provided, however, that all property exempt from taxation on the effective date of this section
50	construct, provided, nowever, that an property exempt from taxation on the effective date of this section

59 shall continue to be exempt until otherwise provided by the General Assembly as herein set forth.

(g) The General Assembly may by general law authorize any county, city, town, or regional
 government to impose a service charge upon the owners of a class or classes of exempt property for
 services provided by such governments.

(h) The General Assembly may by general law authorize the governing body of any county, city,
town, or regional government to provide for a partial exemption from local real property taxation, within
such restrictions and upon such conditions as may be prescribed, (i) of real estate whose improvements,
by virtue of age and use, have undergone substantial renovation, rehabilitation or replacement or (ii) of
real estate with new structures and improvements in conservation, redevelopment, or rehabilitation areas.

(i) The General Assembly may by general law allow the governing body of any county, city, or town
to exempt or partially exempt from taxation any generating equipment installed after December
thirty-one, nineteen hundred seventy-four, for the purpose of converting from oil or natural gas to coal
or to wood, wood bark, wood residue, or to any other alternate energy source for manufacturing, and
any co-generation equipment installed since such date for use in manufacturing.

(j) The General Assembly may by general law allow the governing body of any county, city, or town
 to have the option to exempt or partially exempt from taxation any business, occupational or
 professional license or any merchants' capital, or both.

(k) The General Assembly may by general law allow the governing body of any county, city, or town to provide for the exemption from local real property taxation, within such restrictions and upon such conditions as may be prescribed, of a portion of the value of owner-occupied dwellings that have been owner-occupied for five or more years and constitute the owner's primary dwelling.