	078095792
1	SENATE BILL NO. 1221
2 3	Offered January 10, 2007
3	Prefiled January 10, 2007
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-316.1, 19.2-316.2, and 19.2-316.3 of the Code of Virginia,
5	relating to credit for community service performed by offenders participating in community-based
6	corrections programs.
7	
0	Patron—Puckett
8 9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
10	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That § 19.2-316.1, 19.2-316.2, and 19.2-316.3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted
13	as follows:
14	§ 19.2-316.1. Eligibility for participation; evaluation; sentencing; withdrawal or removal from
15	program.
16	An individual may be eligible to be sentenced as provided herein if he (i) is convicted on or after
17	January 1, 1991, of a nonviolent felony, or is deemed by the court to be nonviolent in character, (ii) is
18	no older than twenty-four at the time of conviction for the offense, (iii) has never before been
19 20	incarcerated upon a felony conviction in a correctional facility of any state, the District of Columbia, the
20 21	United States or its territories, and (iv) has not been confined for more than twelve months nor for more than one term of confinement in a local correctional facility of any such jurisdiction; however,
21	confinement for misdemeanor traffic convictions shall not be considered in determining eligibility.
$\frac{1}{23}$	Following conviction and prior to sentencing, upon motion of the defendant, the court may order
24	such defendant committed to the Department of Corrections for a period not to exceed sixty days from
25	the date of referral or the date of revocation of ordinary probation, as the case may be, for evaluation
26	and diagnosis by the Department to determine suitability for participation in the Boot Camp
27	Incarceration Program established pursuant to § 53.1-67.1. The evaluation and diagnosis shall include a
28	complete physical and mental examination of the defendant and may be conducted by the Department of
29 20	Corrections at any state or local facility, probation and parole office, or other location deemed
30 31	appropriate by the Department.
31 32	The Department of Corrections shall conduct the evaluation and diagnosis and shall review all aspects of the case within sixty days from the date of conviction or revocation of ordinary probation and
33	shall recommend that the defendant be committed to the Boot Camp Incarceration Program upon finding
34	that (i) such defendant is physically and emotionally suitable for the program, (ii) such commitment is
35	in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the defendant, and (iii) facilities are available for
36	confinement of the defendant.
37	Upon receipt of such a recommendation and written consent of the defendant to participate in the
38	program, and a determination by the court that the defendant will benefit from the program and is
	capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following a reasonable amount of intensive
40 41	supervision and rehabilitation including program components set forth in § 53.1-67.1, and the defendant would otherwise be committed to the Department of Corrections for a period of confinement, the court
42	shall impose such sentence of confinement as authorized by law and suspend the sentence and place the
43	defendant on probation. Such probation shall be conditioned upon the defendant's entry into and
44	successful completion of a Boot Camp Incarceration Program established by the Department of
45	Corrections pursuant to § 53.1-67.1. The court may impose such other terms and conditions of probation
46	as it deems appropriate.
47	Upon the successful completion of a Boot Camp Incarceration Program, community service
48	performed during the defendant's commitment to the program shall be credited toward the total number
49	of hours of community service that a court has ordered the defendant to perform as part of his sentence.
50	Upon the defendant's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by
51 52	the Department of Corrections for intractable behavior, or (iii) refusal to comply with the terms and conditions of probation imposed by the court the defendant shall be brought before the court for
52 53	conditions of probation imposed by the court, the defendant shall be brought before the court for hearing. Upon a finding that the defendant voluntarily chooses to withdraw from the program, exhibited
55 54	intractable behavior as defined herein, or refused to comply with terms and conditions of probation, the
55	court may revoke all or part of the suspended sentence and probation. Upon revocation of the
56	suspension and probation, the provisions of §§ 53.1-191, 53.1-196 and 53.1-198 through 53.1-201 shall
57	apply retroactively to the date of sentencing.
58	Upon the defendant's failure to complete the program or to comply with the terms and conditions of

59 probation imposed by the court through no fault of his own, the defendant shall be brought before the court for hearing. Notwithstanding the provisions for pronouncement of sentence as set forth in

§ 19.2-306, the court, after hearing, may pronounce whatever sentence was originally imposed,
 pronounce a reduced sentence, or impose such other terms and conditions of probation as it deems appropriate.

64 "Intractable behavior" means that behavior which, in the determination of the Department of
65 Corrections, (i) indicates an inmate's unwillingness or inability to conform his behavior to that necessary
66 to his successful completion of the program or (ii) is so disruptive as to threaten the successful
67 completion of the program by other participants.

68 "Nonviolent felony" means any felony except those considered an "act of violence" pursuant to69 § 19.2-297.1 or any attempt to commit any of those crimes.

\$ 19.2-316.2. Eligibility for participation in detention center incarceration program; evaluation;
 \$ sentencing; withdrawal or removal from program.

A. A defendant who otherwise would have been sentenced to incarceration for a nonviolent felony as 72 73 defined in § 19.2-316.1 or who has been previously incarcerated for a nonviolent felony as defined in 74 § 19.2-316.1 but otherwise meets the following criteria and (i) who is determined by the court to need 75 more security or supervision than provided by the diversion center incarceration program under § 53.1-67.7, (ii) whose age or physical condition disqualifies him from the Boot Camp Incarceration 76 77 Program under § 53.1-67.1, and (iii) who can benefit from a regimented environment and structured 78 program, may be considered for commitment to a detention center established under § 53.1-67.8 as 79 follows:

80 1. Following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence or following a finding that the 81 defendant's probation should be revoked, upon motion of the defendant or the attorney for the Commonwealth or upon the court's own motion, the court may order such defendant committed to the 82 83 Department of Corrections for a period not to exceed 60 days from the date of commitment for evaluation and diagnosis by the Department to determine suitability for participation in the Detention 84 85 Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis shall include a complete physical and 86 mental examination of the defendant and may be conducted by the Department at any state or local 87 correctional facility, probation and parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by the 88 Department.

2. Upon determination that (i) such defendant is physically and emotionally suited for the program,
(ii) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the defendant, and (iii) facilities are available for the confinement of the defendant, the Department shall recommend to the court in writing that the defendant be committed to the Detention Center Incarceration Program.

93 3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the court that the defendant will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following 94 95 successful completion of the program, and if the defendant would otherwise be committed to the Department, the court (i) shall impose sentence, suspend the sentence, and place the defendant on 96 97 probation or (ii) following a finding that the defendant has violated the terms and conditions of his 98 probation previously ordered, shall place the defendant on probation pursuant to this section. Such 99 probation shall be conditioned upon the defendant's entry into and successful completion of the 100 Detention Center Incarceration Program. The court shall order that, upon successful completion of the 101 program, the defendant shall be released from confinement and be under intensive probation supervision for a period to be specified by the court followed by an additional period of regular probation of not 102 less than one year. The court shall further order that the defendant, following release from confinement, 103 104 shall (a) make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, (b) comply with a plan of restitution or community service, (c) comply with a plan for payment of fines, if any, and costs of court, 105 and (d) undergo appropriate substance abuse treatment, if necessary. The court may impose such other 106 107 terms and conditions of probation as it deems appropriate. A sentence to the Detention Center 108 Incarceration Program shall not be imposed as an addition to an active sentence to a state correctional facility. 109

4. Upon the defendant's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by the Department for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall cause the defendant to show cause why his probation and suspension of sentence should not be revoked. Upon a finding that the defendant voluntarily withdrew from the program, was removed from the program by the Department for intractable behavior, or failed to comply with the terms and conditions of probation, the court may revoke all or part of the probation and suspended sentence and commit the defendant as otherwise provided in this chapter.

B. Any offender as described in § 19.2-316.1 paroled under § 53.1-155 or mandatorily released under
§ 53.1-159 and for whom probable cause that a violation of parole or of the terms and conditions of
mandatory release, other than for the occurrence of a new felony or Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor,
has been determined under § 53.1-165, may be considered by the Parole Board for commitment to a

121 detention center as established under § 53.1-67.8 as follows:

1. The Parole Board or its authorized hearing officer, with the violator's consent, may order the violator to be evaluated and diagnosed by the Department of Corrections to determine suitability for participation in the Detention Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis may be conducted by the Department at any state or local correctional facility, probation or parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by the Department.

127 2. Upon determination that (i) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the
128 violator and (ii) facilities are available for the confinement of the violator, the Department shall
129 recommend to the Parole Board in writing that the violator be committed to the Detention Center
130 Incarceration Program. The Department shall have the final authority to determine an individual's
131 suitability for the program.

3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the Parole Board that the violator
will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following
successful completion of the program, the violator shall be placed under parole supervision for a period
of not less than one year. The Parole Board may impose such other terms and conditions of parole or
mandatory release as it deems appropriate. The time spent in the program shall not be counted as
service of any part of a term of imprisonment for which he was sentenced upon his conviction.

138 4. Upon the violator's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program for 139 intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the terms and conditions 140 of parole or mandatory release, the Department shall conduct a preliminary parole violation hearing to 141 determine if probable cause exists to revoke his parole or mandatory release. Upon a finding that the violator voluntarily withdrew from the program, was removed from the program by the Department for 142 143 intractable behavior, or failed to comply with the terms and conditions of parole or mandatory release, 144 the Parole Board shall revoke parole or mandatory release and recommit the violator as provided in 145 § 53.1-165.

146 C. Upon the successful completion of a Detention Center Incarceration Program, community service
147 performed during the defendant's commitment to the program shall be credited toward the total number
148 of hours of community service that a court has ordered the defendant to perform as part of his sentence.

149 § 19.2-316.3. Eligibility for participation in diversion center incarceration program; evaluation;150 sentencing; withdrawal or removal from program; payment for costs.

A. A defendant (i) who otherwise would have been sentenced to incarceration for a nonviolent felony as defined in § 19.2-316.1 and who the court determines requires more security or supervision than provided by intensive probation supervision or (ii) whose suspension of sentence would otherwise be revoked after a finding that the defendant has violated the terms and conditions of probation for a nonviolent felony as defined in § 19.2-316.1, may be considered for commitment to a diversion center established under § 53.1-67.7 as follows:

157 1. Following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence or following a finding that the 158 defendant's probation should be revoked, upon motion of the defendant or the attorney for the 159 Commonwealth or upon the court's own motion, the court may order such defendant committed to the 160 Department of Corrections for a period not to exceed 45 days from the date of commitment for 161 evaluation and diagnosis by the Department to determine suitability for participation in the Diversion 162 Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis may be conducted by the Department at any 163 state or local correctional facility, probation and parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by 164 the Department.

165 2. Upon determination that (i) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the defendant and (ii) facilities are available for the confinement of the defendant, the Department shall recommend to the court in writing that the defendant be committed to the Diversion Center Incarceration
168 Program.

169 3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the court that the defendant will 170 benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following 171 successful completion of the program, and if the defendant would otherwise be committed to the 172 Department, the court (i) shall impose sentence, suspend the sentence, and place the defendant on 173 probation pursuant to this section or (ii) following a finding that the defendant has violated the terms 174 and conditions of his probation previously ordered, shall place the defendant on probation pursuant to 175 this section. Such probation shall be conditioned upon the defendant's entry into and successful 176 completion of the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The court shall order that, upon successful 177 completion of the program, the defendant shall be released from confinement and be under intensive probation supervision for a period to be specified by the court followed by an additional period of 178 179 regular probation of not less than one year. The court shall further order that the defendant, prior to 180 release from confinement, shall (a) make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, (b) comply with a plan of restitution or community service, (c) comply with a plan for payment of fines, if 181

any, and costs of court, and (d) undergo substance abuse treatment, if necessary. The court may impose
such other terms and conditions of probation as it deems appropriate. A sentence to the Diversion Center
Incarceration Program shall not be imposed in addition to an active sentence to a state correctional
facility.

4. Upon the defendant's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by
the Department for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the
terms and conditions of probation, the court shall cause the defendant to show cause why his probation
and suspension of sentence should not be revoked. Upon a finding that the defendant voluntarily
withdrew from the program, was removed from the program by the Department for intractable behavior,
or failed to comply with the terms and conditions of probation, the court may revoke all or part of the
probation and suspended sentence, and commit the defendant as otherwise provided in this chapter.

B. Any offender as described in § 19.2-316.1 paroled under § 53.1-155 or mandatorily released under
§ 53.1-159 and for whom probable cause that a violation of parole or of the terms and conditions of
mandatory release, other than the occurrence of a new felony or Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor, has
been determined under § 53.1-165, may be considered by the Parole Board for commitment to a
diversion center as established under § 53.1-67.7 as follows:

198 1. The Parole Board or its authorized hearing officer, with the violator's consent, may order the violator to be evaluated and diagnosed by the Department of Corrections to determine suitability for participation in the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis may be conducted by the Department at any state or local correctional facility, probation or parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by the Department.

203 2. Upon determination that (i) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the violator and (ii) facilities are available for the confinement of the violator, the Department shall recommend to the Parole Board in writing that the violator be committed to the Diversion Center
206 Incarceration Program. The Department shall have the final authority to determine an individual's suitability for the program.

208 3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the Parole Board that the violator 209 will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following 210 successful completion of the program and if the violator would otherwise be committed to the Department, the Parole Board shall restore the violator to parole supervision conditioned upon entry into 211 212 and successful completion of the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The Parole Board shall order 213 that, upon successful completion of the program, the violator shall be placed under parole supervision 214 for a period of not less than one year. The Parole Board may impose such other terms and conditions of 215 parole or mandatory release as it deems appropriate. The time spent in the program shall not be counted 216 as service of any part of a term of imprisonment for which he was sentenced upon his conviction.

4. Upon the violator's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by
the Department for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the
terms and conditions of parole or mandatory release, the Parole Board may revoke parole or mandatory
release and recommit the violator as provided in § 53.1-165.

C. A person sentenced pursuant to this article shall be required to pay an amount to be determinedby the Board of Corrections pursuant to regulation to defray the cost of his keep.

D. Upon the successful completion of a Diversion Center Incarceration Program, community service
 performed during the defendant's commitment to the program shall be credited toward the total number
 of hours of community service that a court has ordered the defendant to perform as part of his sentence.