# 2006 SESSION

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### VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 33.1-23.03:1, 56-557, 56-558, 56-560, 56-563, 56-564, 56-566, 56-567.1, 56-573.1, 58.1-811, 58.1-3203, and 58.1-3703 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the 2 3 Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 33.1-23.03.9 and 58.1-3606.1, relating to concession 4 5 agreements pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 and the taxation thereof; allocation of concession payments. 6

[S 666]

# Approved

9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

10 That §§ 33.1-23.03:1, 56-557, 56-558, 56-560, 56-563, 56-564, 56-566, 56-567.1, 56-573.1, 1. 58.1-811, 58.1-3203, and 58.1-3703 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that 11 12 the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 33.1-23.03:9 and 58.1-3606.1 as 13 follows:

- 14 § 33.1-23.03:1. Transportation Trust Fund.
- 15 There is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Transportation Trust Fund, consisting of: 16
- 17 1. Funds remaining for highway construction purposes, among the several highway systems pursuant 18 to § 33.1-23.1. 19

2. [Repealed.]

20 3. The additional revenues generated by enactments of Chapters 11, 12 and 15 of the Acts of 21 Assembly, 1986 Special Session, and designated for this fund.

22 4. Tolls and other revenues derived from the projects financed or refinanced pursuant to this title 23 which are payable into the state treasury and tolls and other revenues derived from other transportation 24 projects, which may include upon the request of the applicable appointed governing body, as soon as 25 their obligations have been satisfied, such tolls and revenue derived for transportation projects pursuant 26 to § 33.1-253 (Chesapeake Bay Bridge and Tunnel District) and § 33.1-320 (Richmond Metropolitan 27 Authority) or if the appointed governing body requests refunding or advanced refunding by the Board and such refunding or advanced refunding is approved by the General Assembly. Such funds shall be 28 29 held in separate subaccounts of the Transportation Trust Fund to the extent required by law or the 30 Board.

31 5. Tolls and other revenues derived from the Richmond-Petersburg Turnpike, provided that such 32 funds shall be held in a separate subaccount of the Transportation Trust Fund and allocated as set forth 33 in Chapter 574 of the Acts of Assembly of 1983 until expiration of that Act.

34 6. Such other funds as may be appropriated by the General Assembly from time to time, and 35 designated for this fund.

36 7. All interest, dividends and appreciation which may accrue to the Transportation Trust Fund and 37 the Highway Maintenance and Construction Fund, except that interest on funds becoming part of the 38 Transportation Trust Fund under subdivision 1 and the Highway Maintenance and Construction Fund 39 shall not become part of the Transportation Trust Fund until July 1, 1988. 40

8. All amounts required by contract to be paid over to the Transportation Trust Fund.

41 9. Concession payments paid to the Commonwealth by a private entity pursuant to the Public-Private 42 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.).

§ 33.1-23.03:9. Concession Payments Account. 43

44 A. Concession payments to the Commonwealth deposited into the Transportation Trust Fund pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 33.1-23.03:1 from qualifying transportation facilities developed and/or 45 operated pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) shall be held in a 46 separate subaccount to be designated the "Concession Payments Account," hereinafter referred to as 47 48 "the Account," together with all interest, dividends, and appreciation that accrue to the Account and that 49 are not otherwise specifically directed by law or reserved by the Board for other purposes allowed by 50 law.

B. The Board may make allocations from the Account upon such terms and subject to such 51 52 conditions as the Board deems appropriate, to:

53 1. Pay or finance all or part of the costs of programs or projects, including without limitation, the 54 costs of planning, operation, maintenance, and improvements incurred in connection with the acquisition 55 and construction of projects, provided that allocations from the Account shall be limited to programs 56 and projects that are reasonably related to or benefit the users of the qualifying transportation facility

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57 that was the subject of a concession pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act. The priorities of 58 metropolitan planning organizations, planning district commissions, local governments, and 59 transportation corridors shall be considered by the Board in making project allocations from moneys in

60 the Account. 61 2. Repay funds from the Toll Facilities Revolving Account or the Transportation Partnership

62 Opportunity Fund.

63 3. Pay the Board's reasonable costs and expenses incurred in the administration and management of 64 the Account.

65 C. Concession payments to the Commonwealth for a qualifying transportation facility located within 66 the boundaries of a rapid rail project for which a federal Record of Decision has been issued shall be 67 held in a subaccount separate from the Concession Payments Account together with all interest, 68 dividends, and appreciation that accrue to the subaccount. The Board may make allocations from the 69 subaccount, as the Board deems appropriate, to:

1. Pay or finance all or part of the costs of planning, design, land acquisition, and improvements 70 71 incurred in connection with the construction of such rapid rail project consistent with the issued federal 72 Record of Decision, as may be revised from time to time; and

73 2. Upon determination by the Board that sufficient funds are or will be available to meet the 74 schedule for construction of such rapid rail project, pay or finance all or part of the costs of planning, 75 design, land acquisition, and improvements incurred in connection with other highway and public 76 transportation projects within the corridor of the rapid rail project or within the boundaries of the 77 qualifying transportation facility. In the case of highway projects, the Board shall follow an approval 78 process generally in accordance with § 33.1-18.

79 D. The provisions of this section shall be liberally construed to the end that its beneficial purposes 80 may be effectuated. Insofar as this provision is inconsistent with the provisions of any other general, special, or local law, this provision shall be controlling. 81

E. If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held 82 83 invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or 84 applications of this section that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to 85 this end the provisions of this section are declared to be severable.

86 § 56-557. Definitions. 87

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

88 "Affected jurisdiction" means any county, city or town in which all or a portion of a qualifying 89 transportation facility is located and any other responsible public entity directly affected by the 90 qualifying transportation facility.

91 "Asset management" means a systematic process of operating and maintaining the state system of 92 highways by combining engineering practices and analyses with sound business practices and economic 93 theory to achieve cost-effective outcomes.

94 "Commission" means the State Corporation Commission.

"Comprehensive agreement" means the comprehensive agreement between the private entity and the 95 responsible public entity required by § 56-566 of this chapter. 96

97 "Concession" means any lease, license, franchise, easement, or other binding agreement transferring 98 rights for the use or control, in whole or in part, of a qualifying transportation facility by a responsible 99 public entity to a private entity for a definite term during which the private entity will provide 100 transportation-related services including, but not limited to, operations and maintenance, revenue 101 collection, toll-collection enforcement, design, construction, and other activities that enhance throughput, 102 reduce congestion, or otherwise manage the facility in return for the right to receive all or a portion of 103 the revenues of the qualifying transportation facility.

"Concession payment" means a payment from a private entity to a responsible public entity in connection with the development and/or operation of a qualifying transportation facility pursuant to a 104 105 106 concession.

107 "Develop" or "development" means to plan, design, develop, finance, lease, acquire, install, construct, 108 or expand.

"Interim agreement" means an agreement, including a memorandum of understanding or binding 109 110 preliminary agreement, between the private entity and the responsible public entity that provides for completion of studies and any other activities to advance the development and/or operation of a 111 112 qualifying transportation facility. 113

"Maintenance" means that term as defined in § 33.1-23.02.

"Material default" means any default by the private entity in the performance of its duties under 114 115 subsection E of § 56-565 of this chapter that jeopardizes adequate service to the public from a qualifying transportation facility and remains unremedied after the responsible public entity has provided 116 notice to the private entity and a reasonable cure period has elapsed. 117

118 "Multimodal transportation facility" means a transportation facility consisting of multiple modes of 119 transportation. 120

"Operate" or "operation" means to finance, maintain, improve, equip, modify, repair, or operate.

121 "Private entity" means any natural person, corporation, general partnership, limited liability company, 122 limited partnership, joint venture, business trust, public benefit corporation, non-profit entity or other 123 business entity.

124 "Public entity" means the Commonwealth and any agency or authority thereof, any county, city, or 125 town and any other political subdivision of any of the foregoing, but shall not include any public service 126 company.

127 "Qualifying transportation facility" means one or more transportation facilities developed and/or 128 operated by a private entity pursuant to this chapter.

129 "Responsible public entity" means a public entity, including local governments and regional 130 authorities, that has the power to develop and/or operate the qualifying transportation facility.

"Revenues" means all revenues, including, but not limited to, income, earnings, user fees, lease 131 132 payments, allocations, federal, state, regional, and local appropriations or the appropriations or other 133 funds available to any political subdivision, authority, or instrumentality thereof, bond proceeds, equity 134 investments, and/or service payments arising out of or in connection with supporting the development 135 and/or operation of a qualifying transportation facility, including without limitation, money received as 136 grants or otherwise from the United States of America, from any public entity, or from any agency or 137 instrumentality of the foregoing in aid of such facility.

138 "Service contract" means a contract entered into between a public entity and the private entity 139 pursuant to § 56-561 of this chapter.

140 "Service payments" means payments to the private entity in connection with the development and/or 141 operation of a qualifying transportation facility pursuant to a service contract.

142 "State" means the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Transportation facility" means any road, bridge, tunnel, overpass, ferry, airport, mass transit facility, 143 144 vehicle parking facility, port facility or similar commercial facility used for the transportation of persons 145 or goods, together with any buildings, structures, parking areas, appurtenances, and other property 146 needed to operate such facility-; however, a commercial or retail use or enterprise not essential to the 147 transportation of persons or goods shall not be a "transportation facility."

148 "User fees" mean the rates, tolls, fees, or other charges imposed by the private entity for use of all or 149 a portion of a qualifying transportation facility pursuant to the interim or comprehensive agreement.

§ 56-558. Policy. 150 151

A. The General Assembly finds that:

152 1. There is a public need for timely development and/or operation of transportation facilities within 153 the Commonwealth that address the needs identified by the appropriate state, regional, or local 154 transportation plan by improving safety, reducing congestion, increasing capacity, and/or enhancing 155 economic efficiency and that such public need may not be wholly satisfied by existing methods of 156 procurement in which qualifying transportation facilities are developed and/or operated;

157 2. Such public need may not be wholly satisfied by existing ways in which transportation facilities 158 are developed and/or operated; and

159 3. Authorizing private entities to develop and/or operate one or more transportation facilities may 160 result in the availability development and/or operation of such transportation facilities to the public in a more timely, more efficient, or less costly fashion, thereby serving the public safety and welfare. 161

162 B. An action, other than the approval of the responsible public entity under § 56-560 of this chapter, shall serve the public purpose of this chapter if such action, including undertaking a concession, 163 facilitates the timely development of a qualifying transportation facility or the and/or operation of a 164 165 qualifying transportation facility.

166 C. It is the intent of this chapter, among other things, to encourage investment in the Commonwealth 167 by private entities that facilitates the development and/or operation of transportation facilities. 168 Accordingly, public and private entities may have the greatest possible flexibility in contracting with 169 each other for the provision of the public services which are the subject of this chapter.

170 D. This chapter shall be liberally construed in conformity with the purposes hereof.

171 § 56-560. Approval by the responsible public entity.

172 A. The private entity may request approval by the responsible public entity. Any such request shall 173 be accompanied by the following material and information unless waived by the responsible public 174 entity in its guidelines or other instructions given, in writing, to the private entity with respect to the 175 transportation facility or facilities that the private entity proposes to develop and/or operate as a 176 qualifying transportation facility:

177 1. A topographic map (1:2,000 or other appropriate scale) indicating the location of the transportation 178 facility or facilities;

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179 2. A description of the transportation facility or facilities, including the conceptual design of such 180 facility or facilities and all proposed interconnections with other transportation facilities;

181 3. The proposed date for development and/or operation of the transportation facility or facilities along 182 with an estimate of the life-cycle cost of the transportation facility as proposed;

183 4. A statement setting forth the method by which the private entity proposes to secure any property 184 interests required for the transportation facility or facilities; 185

5. Information relating to the current transportation plans, if any, of each affected jurisdiction;

186 6. A list of all permits and approvals required for developing and/or operating improvements to the 187 transportation facility or facilities from local, state, or federal agencies and a projected schedule for 188 obtaining such permits and approvals;

189 7. A list of public utility facilities, if any, that will be crossed by the transportation facility or 190 facilities and a statement of the plans of the private entity to accommodate such crossings;

191 8. A statement setting forth the private entity's general plans for developing and/or operating the 192 transportation facility or facilities, including identification of any revenue, public or private, or proposed 193 debt or equity investment *or concession* proposed by the private entity;

194 9. The names and addresses of the persons who may be contacted for further information concerning 195 the request;

196 10. Information on how the private entity's proposal will address the needs identified in the 197 appropriate state, regional, or local transportation plan by improving safety, reducing congestion, 198 increasing capacity, and/or enhancing economic efficiency; and

199 11. Such additional material and information as the responsible public entity may reasonably request 200 pursuant to its guidelines or other written instructions.

201 B. The responsible public entity may request proposals from private entities for the development 202 and/or operation of transportation facilities. The responsible public entity shall not charge a fee to cover 203 the costs of processing, reviewing, and evaluating proposals received in response to such requests.

204 C. The responsible public entity may grant approval of the development and/or operation of the transportation facility or facilities as a qualifying transportation facility if the responsible public entity 205 206 determines that it serves the public purpose of this chapter. The responsible public entity may determine 207 that the development and/or operation of the transportation facility or facilities as a qualifying 208 transportation facility serves such public purpose if:

209 1. There is a public need for the transportation facility or facilities the private entity proposes to 210 develop and/or operate as a qualifying transportation facility;

211 2. The transportation facility or facilities and the proposed interconnections with existing 212 transportation facilities, and the private entity's plans for development and/or operation of the qualifying 213 transportation facility or facilities, are, in the opinion of the responsible public entity, reasonable and 214 will address the needs identified in the appropriate state, regional, or local transportation plan by 215 improving safety, reducing congestion, increasing capacity, and/or enhancing economic efficiency;

3. The estimated cost of developing and/or operating the transportation facility or facilities is 216 217 reasonable in relation to similar facilities; and

218 4. The private entity's plans will result in the timely development and/or operation of the 219 transportation facility or facilities or their more efficient operation.

220 In evaluating any request, the responsible public entity may rely upon internal staff reports prepared 221 by personnel familiar with the operation of similar facilities or the advice of outside advisors or 222 consultants having relevant experience.

223 D. The responsible public entity may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs of processing, 224 reviewing, and evaluating the request submitted by a private entity pursuant to subsection A, including 225 without limitation, reasonable attorney's fees and fees for financial and other necessary advisors or 226 consultants. The responsible public entity shall also develop guidelines that establish the process for the 227 acceptance and review of a proposal from a private entity pursuant to subsections A and B. Such 228 guidelines shall establish a specific schedule for review of the proposal by the responsible public entity, 229 a process for alteration of that schedule by the responsible public entity if it deems that changes are necessary because of the scope or complexity of proposals it receives, the process for receipt and review 230 231 of competing proposals, and the type and amount of information that is necessary for adequate review of 232 proposals in each stage of review. For qualifying transportation facilities that have approved or pending state and federal environmental clearances, secured significant right of way, have previously allocated 233 234 significant state or federal funding, or exhibit other circumstances that could reasonably reduce the 235 amount of time to develop and/or operate the qualifying transportation facility in accordance with the 236 purpose of this chapter, the guidelines shall provide for a prioritized documentation, review, and 237 selection process.

238 E. The approval of the responsible public entity shall be subject to the private entity's entering into 239 an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement with the responsible public entity.

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240 F. In connection with its approval of the development and/or operation of the transportation facility 241 or facilities as a qualifying transportation facility, the responsible public entity shall establish a date for 242 the acquisition of or the beginning of construction of or improvements to the qualifying transportation 243 facility. The responsible public entity may extend such date from time to time.

244 G. The responsible public entity shall take appropriate action, as more specifically set forth in its 245 guidelines, to protect confidential and proprietary information provided by the private entity pursuant to 246 an agreement under subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.6.

247 H. The responsible public entity may also apply for, execute, and/or endorse applications submitted 248 by private entities to obtain federal credit assistance for qualifying projects developed and/or operated 249 pursuant to this chapter. 250

§ 56-563. Affected jurisdictions.

251 A. Any private entity requesting approval from, or submitting a proposal to, a responsible public 252 entity under § 56-560 shall notify each affected jurisdiction by furnishing a copy of its request or 253 proposal to each affected jurisdiction.

254 B. Each affected jurisdiction that is not a responsible public entity for the respective qualifying 255 transportation facility shall, within 60 days after receiving a request for comments from the responsible 256 public entity, submit any comments it may have in writing on the proposed qualifying transportation 257 facility to the responsible public entity and indicating whether the facility will address the needs 258 identified in the appropriate state, regional, or local transportation plan by improving safety, reducing 259 congestion, increasing capacity, and/or enhancing economic efficiency.

260 C. Any qualifying transportation facility, title or easement to which is held by the Commonwealth or 261 an agency or authority therefor and the rights to develop or operate which have been granted to the 262 private entity through a concession as defined in § 56-557, shall be subject to the provisions of Title 15.2 in the same manner as a facility of the Commonwealth, mutatis mutandis, except that such private 263 entity shall comply with the provisions of subsections B and C of § 15.2-2202 as they relate to the 264 265 affected jurisdiction's comprehensive plan.

266 § 56-564. Dedication of public property.

267 Any public entity may dedicate any property interest that it has for public use as a qualified transportation facility if it finds that so doing will serve the public purpose of this chapter. In connection 268 269 with such dedication, a public entity may convey any property interest that it has, subject to the conditions imposed by general law governing such conveyances, to the private entity, subject to the 270 271 provisions of this chapter, for such consideration as such public entity may determine. The 272 aforementioned consideration may include, without limitation, the agreement of the private entity to 273 develop and/or operate the qualifying transportation facility. The property interests that the public entity 274 may convey to the private entity in connection with a dedication under this section may include licenses, 275 franchises, easements, *concessions*, or any other right or interest the public entity deems appropriate. 276 Such property interest including, but not limited to, a leasehold interest in and/or rights to use real 277 property constituting a qualifying transportation facility shall be considered property indirectly owned by a government if described in § 58.1-3606.1. 278

279 § 56-566. Comprehensive agreement.

280 A. Prior to developing and/or operating the qualifying transportation facility, the private entity shall 281 enter into a comprehensive agreement with the responsible public entity. The comprehensive agreement 282 shall, as appropriate, provide for:

283 1. Delivery of performance and payment bonds in connection with the development and/or operation 284 of the qualifying transportation facility, in the forms and amounts satisfactory to the responsible public 285 entity;

286 2. Review of plans for the development and/or operation of the qualifying transportation facility by 287 the responsible public entity and approval by the responsible public entity if the plans conform to 288 standards acceptable to the responsible public entity;

289 3. Inspection of construction of or improvements to the qualifying transportation facility by the 290 responsible public entity to ensure that they conform to the standards acceptable to the responsible 291 public entity;

292 4. Maintenance of a policy or policies of public liability insurance (copies of which shall be filed 293 with the responsible public entity accompanied by proofs of coverage) or self-insurance, each in form 294 and amount satisfactory to the responsible public entity and reasonably sufficient to insure coverage of 295 tort liability to the public and employees and to enable the continued operation of the qualifying transportation facility; 296

297 5. Monitoring of the maintenance practices of the private entity by the responsible public entity and 298 the taking of such actions as the responsible public entity finds appropriate to ensure that the qualifying 299 transportation facility is properly maintained;

300 6. Reimbursement to be paid to the responsible public entity for services provided by the responsible

301 public entity;

302 7. Filing of appropriate financial statements in a form acceptable to the responsible public entity on a 303 periodic basis;

304 8. Compensation to the private entity which may include a reasonable development fee, a reasonable 305 maximum rate of return on investment, and/or reimbursement of development expenses in the event of 306 termination for convenience by the responsible public entity as agreed upon between the responsible 307 public entity and the private entity;

9. The date of termination of the private entity's authority and duties under this chapter and 308 309 dedication to the appropriate public entity; and

310 10. Guaranteed cost and completion guarantees related to the development and/or operation of the 311 qualified transportation facility and payment of damages for failure to meet the completion guarantee.

312 B. The comprehensive agreement shall provide for such user fees as may be established from time to 313 time by agreement of the parties. Any user fees shall be set at a level that takes into account any lease 314 payments, service payments, and compensation to the private entity or as specified in the comprehensive agreement. A copy of any service contract shall be filed with the responsible public entity. A schedule 315 316 of the current user fees shall be made available by the private entity to any member of the public on request. In negotiating user fees under this section, the parties shall establish fees that are the same for 317 318 persons using the facility under like conditions except as required by agreement between the parties to 319 preserve capacity and prevent congestion on the qualifying transportation facility. The execution of the 320 comprehensive agreement or any amendment thereto shall constitute conclusive evidence that the user 321 fees provided for therein comply with this chapter. User fees established in the comprehensive 322 agreement as a source of revenues may be in addition to, or in lieu of, service payments.

323 C. In the comprehensive agreement, the responsible public entity may agree to make grants or loans 324 for the development and/or operation of the qualifying transportation facility from time to time from 325 amounts received from the federal government or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

326 D. The comprehensive agreement shall incorporate the duties of the private entity under this chapter 327 and may contain such other terms and conditions that the responsible public entity determines serve the 328 public purpose of this chapter. Without limitation, the comprehensive agreement may contain provisions under which the responsible public entity agrees to provide notice of default and cure rights for the 329 330 benefit of the private entity and the persons specified therein as providing financing for the qualifying 331 transportation facility. The comprehensive agreement may contain such other lawful terms and 332 conditions to which the private entity and the responsible public entity mutually agree, including, 333 without limitation, provisions regarding unavoidable delays or provisions providing for a loan of public 334 funds for the development and/or operation of one or more qualifying transportation facilities.

335 E. The comprehensive agreement shall provide for the distribution of any earnings in excess of the 336 maximum rate of return as negotiated in the comprehensive agreement. Without limitation, excess earnings may be distributed to the Commonwealth's Transportation Trust Fund, to the responsible public 337 338 entity, or to the private entity for debt reduction or they may be shared with appropriate public entities. 339 Any payments under a concession arrangement for which the Commonwealth is the responsible public 340 entity shall be paid into the Transportation Trust Fund.

341 F. Any changes in the terms of the comprehensive agreement, as may be agreed upon by the parties 342 from time to time, shall be added to the comprehensive agreement by written amendment.

343 G. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this chapter, a responsible public entity may enter into 344 a comprehensive agreement with multiple private entities if the responsible public entity determines in 345 writing that it is in the public interest to do so.

346 H. The comprehensive agreement may provide for the development and/or operation of phases or 347 segments of the qualifying transportation facility. 348

§ 56-567.1. Financing.

349 Any financing of a qualifying transportation facility may be in such amounts and upon such terms 350 and conditions as may be determined by the parties to the interim or comprehensive agreement. Without 351 limiting the generality of the foregoing, the private entity and the responsible public entity may propose 352 to utilize any and all revenues that may be available to them and may, to the fullest extent permitted by 353 applicable law, issue debt, equity, or other securities or obligations, enter into leases, concessions, and 354 grant and loan agreements, access any designated transportation trust funds, borrow or accept grants 355 from any state infrastructure bank and secure any financing with a pledge of, security interest in, or lien 356 on, any or all of its property, including all of its property interests in the qualifying transportation 357 facility. 358

§ 56-573.1. Procurement.

359 The Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) shall not apply to this chapter; however, a responsible public entity may enter into an interim or a comprehensive agreement only in accordance 360 361 with guidelines adopted by it as follows:

362 1. A responsible public entity may enter into an interim or a comprehensive agreement in accordance 363 with guidelines adopted by it that are consistent with procurement through "competitive sealed bidding" 364 as defined in § 2.2-4301 and subsection B of § 2.2-4310.

2. A responsible public entity may enter into an interim or a comprehensive agreement in accordance 365 366 with guidelines adopted by it that are consistent with the procurement of "other than professional 367 services" through competitive negotiation as defined in § 2.2-4301 and subsection B of § 2.2-4310. Such 368 responsible public entity shall not be required to select the proposal with the lowest price offer, but may 369 consider price as one factor in evaluating the proposals received. Other factors that may be considered 370 include (i) the proposed cost of the qualifying transportation facility; (ii) the general reputation, 371 qualifications, industry experience, and financial capacity of the private entity; (iii) the proposed design, 372 operation, and feasibility of the qualifying transportation facility; (iv) the eligibility of the facility for 373 priority selection, review, and documentation timelines under the responsible public entity's guidelines; (v) local citizen and public entity comments; (vi) benefits to the public; (vii) the private entity's 374 375 compliance with a minority business enterprise participation plan or good faith effort to comply with the 376 goals of such plan; (viii) the private entity's plans to employ local contractors and residents; (ix) the 377 safety record of the private entity; (x) the ability of the facility to address the needs identified in the appropriate state, regional or local transportation plan by improving safety, reducing congestion, 378 379 increasing capacity, and/or enhancing economic efficiency; and (xi) other criteria that the responsible 380 public entity deems appropriate.

381 A responsible public entity shall proceed in accordance with the guidelines adopted by it pursuant to 382 subdivision 1 unless it determines that proceeding in accordance with the guidelines adopted by it 383 pursuant to this subdivision is likely to be advantageous to the responsible public entity and the public, 384 based on (i) the probable scope, complexity, or urgency of a project; (ii) risk sharing including 385 guaranteed cost or completion guarantees, added value, or debt or equity investments proposed by the 386 private entity; or (iii) an increase in funding, dedicated revenue source or other economic benefit that 387 would not otherwise be available. When the responsible public entity determines to proceed according to 388 the guidelines adopted by it pursuant to this subdivision, it shall state the reasons for its determination in 389 writing. If a state agency is the responsible public entity, the approval of the Secretary of Transportation 390 shall be required as more specifically set forth in the guidelines before the comprehensive agreement is 391 signed.

392 3. Interim or comprehensive agreements for maintenance or asset management services for a 393 transportation facility that is a highway, bridge, tunnel or overpass, and any amendment or change order 394 thereto that increases the highway lane-miles receiving services under such an agreement shall be 395 procured in accordance with guidelines that are consistent with procurement through "competitive sealed 396 bidding" as defined in § 2.2-4301 and subsection B of § 2.2-4310. Furthermore, such contracts shall be 397 of a size and scope to encourage maximum competition and participation by agency prequalified 398 contractors and otherwise qualified contractors.

399 4. The provisions of subdivision 3 shall not apply to maintenance or asset management services 400 agreed to as part of the initial provisions of any interim or comprehensive agreement entered into for the 401 original construction, reconstruction, or improvement of any highway pursuant to Chapter 22 (§ 56-556 402 et seq.) of Title 56 and shall not apply to any concession that, at a minimum, provides for (i) the 403 construction, reconstruction, or improvement of any transportation facility or (ii) the operation and 404 maintenance of any transportation facility with existing toll facilities.

405 5. Once a comprehensive agreement has been entered into, and the process of bargaining of all 406 phases or aspects of the comprehensive agreement is complete, a responsible public entity shall make 407 available, upon request, procurement records in accordance with § 2.2-4342.

408 6. Nothing in this section shall require that professional services be procured by any method other 409 than competitive negotiation in accordance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et 410 seq.). 411

§ 58.1-811. Exemptions.

412 A. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-801 and 58.1-807 shall not apply to any deed conveying real estate 413 or lease of real estate:

414 1. To an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit, 415 where such real estate is intended to be used for educational purposes and not as a source of revenue or 416 profit;

417 2. To an incorporated church or religious body or to the trustee or trustees of any church or religious 418 body, or a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1, where such real estate is intended to be used exclusively 419 for religious purposes, or for the residence of the minister of any such church or religious body;

420 3. To the United States, the Commonwealth, or to any county, city, town, district or other political 421 subdivision of the Commonwealth;

422 4. To the Virginia Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy; SB666ER2

423 5. To any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning or operating a 424 hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

425 6. To a corporation upon its organization by persons in control of the corporation in a transaction 426 which qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss pursuant to § 351 of the Internal Revenue Code as it 427 exists at the time of the conveyance;

428 7. From a corporation to its stockholders upon complete or partial liquidation of the corporation in a 429 transaction which qualifies for income tax treatment pursuant to § 331, 332, 333 or 337 of the Internal 430 Revenue Code as it exists at the time of liquidation;

431 8. To the surviving or new corporation, partnership or limited liability company upon merger or 432 consolidation of two or more corporations, partnerships or limited liability companies, or in a 433 reorganization within the meaning of § 368 (a) (1) (C) and (F) of the Internal Revenue Code as 434 amended;

435 9. To a subsidiary corporation from its parent corporation, or from a subsidiary corporation to a 436 parent corporation, if the transaction qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss under the Internal 437 Revenue Code as amended;

438 10. To a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantors are entitled to receive not less 439 than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that 440 the transfer to a limited liability company is not a precursor to a transfer of control of the assets of the 441 company to avoid recordation taxes;

442 11. From a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantees are entitled to receive not less 443 than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that 444 the transfer from a limited liability company is not subsequent to a transfer of control of the assets of 445 the company to avoid recordation taxes;

12. To trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the grantors in the deed and the beneficiaries of 446 447 the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust **448** instrument, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the beneficiaries; and to the original beneficiaries of a trust from the trustees holding title under a deed in trust; 449

450 13. When the grantor is the personal representative of a decedent's estate or trustee under a will or 451 inter vivos trust of which the decedent was the settlor, other than a security trust defined in § 55-58.1, 452 and the sole purpose of such transfer is to comply with a devise or bequest in the decedent's will or to 453 transfer title to one or more beneficiaries after the death of the settlor in accordance with a dispositive 454 provision in the trust instrument; or

455 14. When the grantor is an organization exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal 456 Revenue Code that is organized and operated primarily to acquire land and purchase materials to erect 457 or rehabilitate low-cost homes on such land, which homes are sold at cost to persons who otherwise 458 would be unable to afford to buy a home through conventional means, located in a county with a 459 population of not less than 28,500 and not more than 28,650 or a city with a population of not less than 66,000 and not more than 70,000. **460** 461

B. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-803 and 58.1-804 shall not apply to any deed of trust or mortgage:

462 1. Given by an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for 463 profit;

464 2. Given by the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or given by an incorporated church 465 or religious body, or given by a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1;

3. Given by any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning and/or 466 467 operating a hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

468 4. Given by any local governmental entity or political subdivision of the Commonwealth to secure a 469 debt payable to any other local governmental entity or political subdivision; or

470 5. Securing a loan made by an organization described in subdivision 14 of subsection A of this 471 section. 472

C. The tax imposed by § 58.1-802 shall not apply to any:

1. Transaction described in subdivisions 6 through 13 of subsection A of this section;

2. Instrument or writing given to secure a debt;

473

474

475 3. Deed conveying real estate from an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit; 476

477 4. Deed conveying real estate from the United States, the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, 478 district or other political subdivision thereof;

479 5. Conveyance of real estate to the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, district or other 480 political subdivision thereof, if such political unit is required by law to reimburse the parties taxable **481** pursuant to § 58.1-802; or

482 6. Deed conveying real estate from the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or from an 483 incorporated church or religious body, or from a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1.

484 D. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any deed of gift between a grantor or 485 grantors and a grantee or grantees when no consideration has passed between the parties. Such deed 486 shall state therein that it is a deed of gift.

487 E. The tax imposed by § 58.1-807 shall not apply to any lease to the United States, the 488 Commonwealth, or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

489 F. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-801, 58.1-802, 58.1-807, 58.1-808 and 58.1-814 shall not apply to 490 (i) any deed of gift conveying real estate or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy or (ii) any 491 lease of real property or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy, where such deed of gift or 492 lease of real estate is intended to be used exclusively for the purpose of preserving wilderness, natural 493 or open space areas.

494 G. The words "trustee" or "trustees," as used in subdivision 2 of subsection A, subdivision 2 of 495 subsection B, and subdivision 6 of subsection C, include the trustees mentioned in § 57-8 and the 496 ecclesiastical officers mentioned in § 57-16.

497 H. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on the release of a contractual 498 right, if the release is contained within a single deed that performs more than one function, and at least one of the other functions performed by the deed is subject to the recordation tax. 499

500 I. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on a deed, lease, easement, 501 release, or other document recorded in connection with a concession pursuant to the Public-Private 502 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or similar federal law.

503 § 58.1-3203. Taxation of certain leasehold interests; concessions.

504 All leasehold interests in real property which is exempt from assessment for taxation from the owner 505 shall be assessed for local taxation to the lessee. If the remaining term of the lease is fifty years or 506 more, or the lease permits the lessee to acquire the real property for a nominal sum at the completion of the term, such leasehold interest shall be assessed as if the lessee were the owner. Otherwise, such 507 508 assessment shall be reduced two percent for each year that the remainder of such term is less than fifty 509 years; however, no such assessment shall be reduced more than eighty-five percent. If the lessee has a 510 right to renew without the consent of the lessor, the term of such lease shall be the sum of the original 511 lease term plus all such renewal terms.

When any real property is exempt from taxation under Section 6 (a) (1) or (2) or by designation 512 513 under Section 6 (a) (6) of Article X of the Constitution of Virginia, the leasehold interest in such 514 property may also be exempt from taxation, provided that the property is leased to a lessee who is 515 exempt from taxation pursuant to § 501 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code and is used exclusively by 516 such lessee primarily for charitable, literary, scientific, or educational purposes. No leasehold interest or 517 concession, as defined in § 56-557, of tax exempt property of a governmental agency shall be subject to 518 assessment for local property tax purposes where the property is leased to a public service corporation 519 or subsidiary thereof or a nonstock, nonprofit corporation whose occupation, use or operation of the tax 520 exempt property is in aid of or promotes the governmental purposes set out in Chapter 10 (§ 62.1-128 et 521 seq.) of Title 62.1 or to a private entity that is party to a concession agreement with a responsible 522 public entity pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or to similar federal law. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any leasehold interests exempted or 523 524 partially exempted by other provisions of law. 525

§ 58.1-3606.1. Property indirectly owned by government.

526 Property indirectly owned by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof or by the 527 United States shall include, but not be limited to, a leasehold interest or other right pursuant to a 528 concession, as defined in § 56-557, in a transportation facility and real property acquired or constructed 529 for the development and/or operation of the qualifying transportation facility when (i) the qualifying 530 transportation facility is owned, or title to it is held, by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof or by the United States and is being developed and/or operated pursuant to a concession under 531 532 the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or similar federal law and (ii) the 533 property or leasehold interest is required to be dedicated to the Commonwealth, its political subdivision, 534 or the United States upon the termination of the concession.

535 § 58.1-3703. Counties, cities and towns may impose local license taxes and fees; limitation of 536 authority.

537 A. The governing body of any county, city or town may charge a fee for issuing a license in an 538 amount not to exceed \$100 for any locality with a population greater than 50,000, \$50 for any locality 539 with a population of 25,000 but no more than 50,000 and \$30 for any locality with a population smaller 540 than 25,000. For purposes of this section, population may be based on the most current final population 541 estimates of the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service of the University of Virginia. Such governing 542 body may levy and provide for the assessment and collection of county, city or town license taxes on 543 businesses, trades, professions, occupations and callings and upon the persons, firms and corporations 544 engaged therein within the county, city or town subject to the limitations in (i) subsection C and (ii)

545 subsection A of § 58.1-3706, provided such tax shall not be assessed and collected on any amount of 546 gross receipts of each business upon which a license fee is charged. Any county, city or town with a 547 population greater than 50,000 shall reduce the fee to an amount not to exceed \$50 by January 1, 2000. 548 The ordinance imposing such license fees and levying such license taxes shall include the provisions of 549 § 58.1-3703.1.

550 B. Any county, city or town by ordinance may exempt in whole or in part from the license tax (i) 551 the design, development or other creation of computer software for lease, sale or license and (ii) private 552 businesses and industries entering into agreements for the establishment, installation, renovation, 553 remodeling, or construction of satellite classrooms for grades kindergarten through three on a site owned 554 by the business or industry and leased to the school board at no costs pursuant to § 22.1-26.1. 555

C. No county, city, or town shall impose a license fee or levy any license tax:

556 1. On any public service corporation or any motor carrier, common carrier, or other carrier of passengers or property formerly certified by the Interstate Commerce Commission or presently registered for insurance purposes with the Surface Transportation Board of the United States Department of 557 558 559 Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, except as provided in § 58.1-3731 or as permitted by other provisions of law: 560

561 2. For selling farm or domestic products or nursery products, ornamental or otherwise, or for the 562 planting of nursery products, as an incident to the sale thereof, outside of the regular market houses and 563 sheds of such county, city or town, provided such products are grown or produced by the person 564 offering them for sale;

565 3. Upon the privilege or right of printing or publishing any newspaper, magazine, newsletter or other 566 publication issued daily or regularly at average intervals not exceeding three months, provided the publication's subscription sales are exempt from state sales tax, or for the privilege or right of operating 567 568 or conducting any radio or television broadcasting station or service;

569 4. On a manufacturer for the privilege of manufacturing and selling goods, wares and merchandise at 570 wholesale at the place of manufacture;

5. On a person engaged in the business of severing minerals from the earth for the privilege of 571 572 selling the severed mineral at wholesale at the place of severance, except as provided in §§ 58.1-3712 573 and 58.1-3713;

574 6. Upon a wholesaler for the privilege of selling goods, wares and merchandise to other persons for resale unless such wholesaler has a definite place of business or store in such county, city or town. This 575 576 subdivision shall not be construed as prohibiting any county, city or town from imposing a local license 577 tax on a peddler at wholesale pursuant to § 58.1-3718;

578 7. Upon any person, firm or corporation for engaging in the business of renting, as the owner of 579 such property, real property other than hotels, motor lodges, auto courts, tourist courts, travel 580 trailer parks, lodging houses, rooming houses and boardinghouses; however, any county, city or town imposing such a license tax on January 1, 1974, shall not be precluded from the levy of such tax by the 581 582 provisions of this subdivision; 583

8. [Repealed.]

584 9. On or measured by receipts for management, accounting, or administrative services provided on a 585 group basis under a nonprofit cost-sharing agreement by a corporation which is an agricultural cooperative association under the provisions of Article 2 (§ 13.1-312 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 13.1, 586 587 or a member or subsidiary or affiliated association thereof, to other members of the same group. This 588 exemption shall not exempt any such corporation from such license or other tax measured by receipts 589 from outside the group;

590 10. On or measured by receipts or purchases by an entity which is a member of an affiliated group 591 of entities from other members of the same affiliated group. This exclusion shall not exempt affiliated 592 entities from such license or other tax measured by receipts or purchases from outside the affiliated 593 group. This exclusion also shall not preclude a locality from levying a wholesale merchant's license tax 594 on an affiliated entity on those sales by the affiliated entity to a nonaffiliated entity, notwithstanding the 595 fact that the wholesale merchant's license tax would be based upon purchases from an affiliated entity. 596 Such tax shall be based on the purchase price of the goods sold to the nonaffiliated entity. As used in 597 this subdivision, the term "sales by the affiliated entity to a nonaffiliated entity" means sales by the 598 affiliated entity to a nonaffiliated entity where goods sold by the affiliated entity or its agent are 599 manufactured or stored in the Commonwealth prior to their delivery to the nonaffiliated entity;

600 11. On any insurance company subject to taxation under Chapter 25 (§ 58.1-2500 et seq.) of this title 601 or on any agent of such company;

602 12. On any bank or trust company subject to taxation in Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) of this 603 title;

604 13. Upon a taxicab driver, if the locality has imposed a license tax upon the taxicab company for 605 which the taxicab driver operates;

606 14. On any blind person operating a vending stand or other business enterprise under the jurisdiction
607 of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, or a nominee of the Department, as set forth in
608 § 51.5-98;

**609** 15. [Expired.]

610

16. [Repealed.]

611 17. On an accredited religious practitioner in the practice of the religious tenets of any church or religious denomination. "Accredited religious practitioner" shall be defined as one who is engaged solely in praying for others upon accreditation by such church or religious denomination;

614 18. (a) On or measured by receipts of a charitable nonprofit organization except to the extent the organization has receipts from an unrelated trade or business the income of which is taxable under 1616 Internal Revenue Code § 511 et seq. For the purpose of this subdivision, "charitable nonprofit organization" means an organization which is described in Internal Revenue Code § 501 (c) (3) and to which contributions are deductible by the contributor under Internal Revenue Code § 170, except that educational institutions shall be limited to schools, colleges and other similar institutions of learning.

(b) On or measured by gifts, contributions, and membership dues of a nonprofit organization.
Activities conducted for consideration which are similar to activities conducted for consideration by
for-profit businesses shall be presumed to be activities that are part of a business subject to licensure.
For the purpose of this subdivision, "nonprofit organization" means an organization exempt from federal
income tax under Internal Revenue Code § 501 other than charitable nonprofit organizations;

625 19. On any venture capital fund or other investment fund, except commissions and fees of such
626 funds. Gross receipts from the sale and rental of real estate and buildings remain taxable by the locality
627 in which the real estate is located provided the locality is otherwise authorized to tax such businesses
628 and rental of real estate; or

629 20. On total assessments paid by condominium unit owners for common expenses. "Common 630 expenses" and "unit owner" have the same meanings as in § 55-79.41; or

631 21. On or measured by receipts of a qualifying transportation facility directly or indirectly owned or
632 title to which is held by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof or by the United States
633 as described in § 58.1-3606.1 and developed and/or operated pursuant to a concession under the
634 Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or similar federal law.

2. Should any tax, which by this act shall not be levied or imposed, be levied, imposed and 635 collected by a county, city, or town on or from a private entity that is a party to a concession 636 agreement with a responsible public entity pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act of 637 638 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or to similar federal law, the Commonwealth Transportation Board shall 639 withhold funds appropriated and allocated pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 33.1-23.01 et seq.) of Chapter 640 1 of Title 33.1 to such county, city or town equal to the amount of any such tax imposed, levied 641 and collected that has not been refunded with any applicable interest by the county, city or town, 642 and to use such funds as the Board shall determine to offset any such tax imposed, levied and 643 collected but not refunded.