	069119840
1	SENATE BILL NO. 595
2 3	Offered January 11, 2006 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-1104.1, 58.1-601, 58.1-609.11, 58.1-623.1 and 58.1-3818, as it is
4	currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to sales and use
5	tax; refund for exempted entities.
6	Patron—Watkins
7	
8	Referred to Committee on Finance
9 10	Poit anastad by the Canaral Accombly of Virginia.
10 11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 15.2-1104.1, 58.1-601, 58.1-609.11, 58.1-623.1 and 58.1-3818, as it is currently effective
12	and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, are amended and reenacted as follows:
13	§ 15.2-1104.1. Tax on admissions to charitable events.
14 15	A municipal corporation that generally levies an admissions tax may, by ordinance, elect not to levy an admissions tax on admission to an event, provided that the purpose of the event is solely to raise
16	money for charitable purposes and that the net proceeds derived from the event will be transferred to an
17	entity or entities that are exempt from eligible for a refund of sales and use tax pursuant to
18 19	§ 58.1-609.11. § 58.1-601. Administration of chapter.
20	A. The Tax Commissioner shall administer and enforce the assessment and collection of the taxes
21	and penalties imposed by this chapter.
22 23	B. For purposes of evaluating the fiscal, economic and policy impact of sales and use tax exemptions, the Tax Commissioner may require from any person information relating to the evaluation
24	of exempt purchases or sales, information relating to the qualification for exempt purchases, and
25	information relating to direct or indirect government financial assistance which the person receives. Such
26 27	information shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. C. The provisions of subsection B shall also apply to persons eligible for a refund of sales and use
28	taxes as provided in this chapter. The request for information from such persons may include
<b>29</b>	information relating to the evaluation of refunds of such taxes paid to persons and information relating
30 31	to a person's eligibility for a refund of such taxes. § 58.1-609.11. Exemptions for nonprofit entities.
32	A. Any nonprofit organization that holds a valid certificate of exemption from the Department of
33	Taxation, or any nonprofit church that holds a valid self-executing certificate of exemption, that exempts
34 35	it from collecting or paying state and local retail sales or use taxes as of June 30, 2003 December 31, 2006, pursuant to § 58.1-609.4, 58.1-609.7, 58.1-609.8, 58.1-609.9, or 58.1-609.10, as such sections are
36	in effect on June 30, 2003, shall remain exempt from the collection or payment of such taxes under the
37	same terms and conditions as provided under such sections as such sections existed on June 30, 2003,
38 39	until: (i) July 1, 2007, for such entities that were exempt under § 58.1-609.4; (ii) July 1, 2008, for such entities that were exempt under § 58.1-609.7; (iii) July 1, 2004, for the first one-half of such entities that
40	were exempt under § 58.1-609.8, except churches, which will remain exempt under the same criteria and
41	procedures in effect for churches on June 30, 2003; (iv) July 1, 2005, for the second one-half of such
42 43	entities that were exempt under § 58.1-609.8; and (v) July 1, 2006, for such entities that were exempt under § 58.1-609.9 or under § 58.1-609.10. At the end of the applicable period of such exemptions, to
44	maintain or renew an exemption for the period of time set forth in subsection E, each entity must follow
45	the procedures set forth in subsection B and meet the criteria set forth in subsection C. Provided,
46 47	however, that any entity that was exempt from collecting sales and use tax shall continue to be exempt from such collection, and any entity that was exempt from paying sales and use tax for the purchase of
<b>48</b>	services, as of June 30, 2003, shall continue to be exempt from such payment, provided that it follows
<b>49</b>	the other procedures set forth in subsection B and meets the criteria set forth in subsection C. Provided
50 51	further, however, that an educational institution doing business in the Commonwealth which provides a face-to-face educational experience in American government and was exempt pursuant to subdivision 4
52	of § 58.1-609.4 from paying sales and use tax for the purchase of services, as of June 30, 2003, shall
53 54	continue to be exempt from such payment, provided that it follows the other procedures set forth in subsection D and mosts the criteria set forth in subsection C may apply for a refund of the tax imposed
54 55	subsection B and meets the criteria set forth in subsection C may apply for a refund of the tax imposed by this chapter, or imposed pursuant to the authority granted in § 58.1-605 or 58.1-606, on its
56	purchases made on or after January 1, 2007, (i) of tangible personal property for use or consumption
57	or (ii) of taxable services.
58	B. On and after July 1, 2004 January 1, 2007, in addition to the organizations described in

8/20/14 2:6

59 subsection A, a nonprofit entity meeting the criteria set forth in subsection C may apply for a refund of

the tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606 shall 60 61 not apply to on its purchases of tangible personal property for use or consumption or purchases of 62 taxible services by any the nonprofit entity that, pursuant to this section, (i) files an appropriate

63 application with the Department of Taxation, (ii) meets the applicable criteria, and (iii) is issued a 64 certificate of exemption from the Department of Taxation for the period of time covered by the 65 certificate.

66 C. To qualify for the exemption the right to a refund under subsection B, a nonprofit entity must 67 meet the applicable criteria under this subsection as follows:

1. a. The entity is exempt from federal income taxation (i) under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal 68 Revenue Code or (ii) under § 501 (c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code and, if it is exempt under § 501 69 (c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code, it is organized for a charitable purpose; or 70

b. The entity has annual gross receipts less than \$5,000, and the entity is organized for at least one 71 of the purposes set forth in § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or one of the charitable purposes 72 set forth in § 501 (c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code; and 73

74 2. The entity is in compliance with all applicable state solicitation laws, and where applicable, 75 provides appropriate verification of such compliance; and

76 3. The entity's annual general administrative costs, including salaries and fundraising, relative to its 77 annual gross revenue, under generally accepted accounting principles, is not greater than 40 percent; and 78 4. If the entity's gross annual revenue was \$250,000 or greater in the previous year, then the entity

79 must provide a financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant; and

80 5. If the entity filed a federal 990 or 990 EZ tax form, or the successor forms to such forms, with 81 the Internal Revenue Service, then it must provide a copy of such form to the Department of Taxation; 82 and

83 6. If the entity did not file a federal 990 or 990 EZ tax form, or the successor forms to such forms, 84 with the Internal Revenue Service, then the entity must provide the following information:

a. A list of the Board of Directors or other responsible agents of the entity, composed of at least two 85 individuals, with names and addresses where the individuals physically can be found; and 86 87

b. The location where the financial records of the entity are available for public inspection.

88 D. On and after July 1, 2004, in addition to the criteria set forth in subsection C, the Department of 89 Taxation shall ask each entity for the total taxable purchases made in the preceding year, unless such 90 records are not available through no fault of the entity. If the records are not available through no fault 91 of the entity, then the entity must provide such information to the Department the following year. No 92 information provided pursuant to this subsection (except the failure to provide available information) 93 shall be a basis for the Department of Taxation to refuse to exempt an entity. 1. The application for a refund under this section shall be on forms prescribed by the Tax Commissioner and shall be filed with 94 the Tax Commissioner within three years from the last day of the calendar year in which such purchase 95 is made. The Tax Commissioner shall implement procedures allowing eligible organizations to apply 96 quarterly for refunds beginning with calendar year 2007. In addition, when and if the amount that may 97 98 be refunded to an organization under this section is at least \$5,000 in a calendar year, including any 99 amount already refunded in such year, the organization may apply for the refund at any time during the 100 calendar vear.

101 2. The amount of the refund issued under this section to an eligible organization shall be equal to 102 100 % of the tax imposed by this chapter, or imposed pursuant to the authority granted in § 58.1-605 or 103 58.1-606. Interest shall be allowed and paid on any refund that has not been issued within 59 days after the Tax Commissioner has received the application for the refund. Such interest shall begin to accrue 104 from a date 60 days after the Tax Commissioner has received a properly completed application for refund and shall end on a date determined by the Tax Commissioner preceding the date of the refund 105 106 check by not more than five days. Interest shall be paid at a rate equal to the rate of interest 107 108 established pursuant to § 58.1-15.

109 3. Such organizations may not apply for a refund of such tax pursuant to this section on any purchase that is not in accordance with the normal responsibilities of the organization. In addition, no 110 refund shall be issued for a purchase made by an eligible organization until it has furnished all 111 necessary and reasonable information as requested by the Tax Commissioner. The application for refund 112 113 pursuant to this section shall include a report of the organization's total purchases (for which the refund 114 application is being filed) by county and city. In addition, the application for refund shall require only that information that is strictly necessary for purposes of issuing such refunds and the application shall 115 be structured so as to allow a summary report of the organization's total purchases by county and city. 116

4. Refunds under this section shall be issued by warrant of the Comptroller drawn on the state 117 treasury as soon as practicable after certification from the Tax Commissioner of the proper amount of 118 119 the refund and the address to which the refund should be sent.

5. The amount of the refund, pursuant to this subsection, attributable to the tax authorized under 120

121 § 58.1-605 or 58.1-606 shall be deducted from the respective county's or city's share of the net revenue 122 distributable pursuant to subsection C of § 58.1-638. The amount of the refund attributable to each 123 county or city shall be determined from the organization's report of its total purchases by county and city as provided in subdivision 3. Such deduction from a county's or city's share of the net revenue 124 125 distributable shall occur in the month following the month in which the refund has been issued.

126 6. The provisions of subsections D, E, and G of § 58.1-623.1 shall apply mutatis mutandis to 127 applications for refunds made pursuant to this section.

128 E. Any entity that is determined under subsections B, C, and D by the Department of Taxation to be 129 exempt from paying sales and use tax shall also be exempt from collecting sales and use tax, at its election, if (i) the entity is within the same class of organization of any entity that was exempt from 130 131 collecting sales and use tax on June 30, 2003, or (ii) the entity is organized exclusively to foster, 132 sponsor, and promote physical education, athletic programs, and contests for youths in the 133 Commonwealth.

134 F. The duration of each exemption granted by the Department of Taxation shall be no less than five 135 years and no greater than seven years. During the period of such exemption, the failure of an exempt entity to maintain compliance with the applicable criteria set forth in subsection C shall constitute 136 137 grounds for revocation of the exemption by the Department. At the end of the period of such exemption, 138 to maintain or renew the exemption, each entity must provide the Department of Taxation the same 139 information as required upon initial exemption and meet the same criteria.

140 G. For purposes of this section, the Department of Taxation and the Department of Agriculture and 141 Consumer Services shall be allowed to share information when necessary to supplement the information 142 required.

143 H.E. The Department of Taxation shall quarterly file an annual a report no later than December 1, 144 2004, and December 1 of each succeeding year with the Chairman of the House Finance Committee, the 145 Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, and the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, 146 setting forth the annual fiscal impact of the sales and use tax exemptions for nonprofit entities that 147 includes, but is not limited to, (i) the amount of sales and use taxes refunded year-to-date pursuant to

148 the provisions of this section and the amount of purchases upon which such refunds were determined, 149 and (ii) the same information as required in clause (i) but reported by county or city. 150

§ 58.1-623.1. Misuse of exemption certificates; suspension of exemptions; penalties.

151 A. Whenever the Tax Commissioner determines that any person has misused an exemption 152 certificate, the Tax Commissioner, after giving such person 10-days' notice in writing specifying the time 153 and place of hearing and requiring him to show cause why the exemption should not be suspended, may 154 suspend the exemption held by such person. The notice may be personally served or served by 155 registered mail directed to the last known address of such person.

156 B. Any person who knowingly uses or gives an exemption certificate during a period of suspension 157 of an exemption under this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

158 C. It shall be the duty of any person whose exemption is suspended under the provisions of this 159 section to notify each dealer from whom purchases or leases of tangible personal property are made, of the suspension of its exemption, and of the invalidity of any exemption certificates filed with such 160 161 dealers.

162 D. In lieu of the suspension of a person's exemption under subsection A, the Tax Commissioner may 163 assess a penalty of up to \$1,000 for the misuse of an exemption certificate by that person or by any 164 other person who, with the consent or knowledge of the exemption holder, has misused the certificate. 165 The penalty shall be assessed and collected as a part of the tax, and the person so assessed may appeal 166 the penalty pursuant to the provisions of Article 2 (§ 58.1-1820 et seq.) of Chapter 18 of this title.

167 E. In any instance in which the Tax Commissioner determines that there has been any misuse of an 168 exemption certificate, the person holding the exemption shall be liable for the full amount of tax, and 169 any interest thereon, applicable to any purchase improperly made with his exemption certificate.

170 F. The suspension of the exemption shall require that the person pay the full amount of the tax at the 171 time of purchase and apply for a refund of the tax so paid. No interest shall be paid on any such refund 172 Interest shall be paid on such refund in accordance with the conditions for the payment of interest on 173 refunds as provided in § 58.1-609.11. Upon application of the person whose certificate has been 174 suspended, the Tax Commissioner, for good cause shown, may reinstate the person's certificate; 175 however, any such suspension period shall run for at least one year.

176 G. Notwithstanding § 58.1-3, the Tax Commissioner may report any gross misuses of exemption 177 certificates to the Secretary of Finance and the chairmen of the money committees, for their confidential 178 use, prior to the beginning of the following session of the General Assembly.

179 § 58.1-3818. (Expires January 1, 2008) Admissions tax in certain counties.

180 A. Fairfax, Arlington, Dinwiddie, Prince George and Brunswick Counties are hereby authorized to 181 levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any event. The tax shall not exceed 10 percent of the

182 amount of charge for admission to any such event. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the

183 governing bodies of such counties shall prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions and amount of such 184 tax and may classify between events conducted for charitable and those conducted for noncharitable 185 purposes.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, any county with a population of at least 27,500 186 187 but not more than 28,250 and any county with a population of at least 10,400 but not more than 10,490 188 as determined by the 1990 United States Census are hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions 189 charged for attendance at any event as set forth in subsection A.

Č. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, any county with a population of at least 12,450 190 191 but not more than 12,850 is hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any 192 spectator event; however, a tax shall not be levied on admissions charged to participants in order to participate in any event. The tax shall not exceed 10 percent of the amount of charge for admission to 193 194 any event. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the governing body of such county shall prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions and amount of such tax and may classify between the 195 196 events as set forth in § 58.1-3817.

197 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B, and C, any county in which a major league 198 baseball stadium, as defined in § 15.2-5800, is located is hereby authorized to levy (i) a tax on 199 admissions charged at any event at such stadium and (ii) a surcharge on admissions charged for 200 attendance at any event at such stadium if it has a seating capacity of at least 40,000 seats. The tax on 201 admissions shall not exceed 10 percent. Such surcharge shall not exceed two percent of the charge for 202 admissions. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the governing bodies of such counties shall 203 prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions, and amounts of such tax and surcharge and may classify 204 between events conducted for noncharitable purposes.

E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B, C, and D, localities may, by ordinance, elect 205 206 not to levy an admissions tax on admission to an event, provided that the purpose of the event is solely 207 to raise money for charitable purposes and that the net proceeds derived from the event will be 208 transferred to an entity or entities that are exempt from eligible for a refund of sales and use tax 209 pursuant to § 58.1-609.11. 210

§ 58.1-3818. (Effective January 1, 2008) Admissions tax in certain counties.

211 A. Fairfax, Arlington, Dinwiddie, Prince George and Brunswick Counties are hereby authorized to 212 levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any event. The tax shall not exceed 10 percent of the 213 amount of charge for admission to any such event. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the 214 governing bodies of such counties shall prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions and amount of such 215 tax and may classify between events conducted for charitable and those conducted for noncharitable 216 purposes.

217 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, any county with a population of at least 27,500 218 but not more than 28,250 and any county with a population of at least 10,400 but not more than 10,490 as determined by the 1990 United States Census are hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions 219 220 charged for attendance at any event as set forth in subsection A.

221 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, any county with a population of at least 12,450 222 but not more than 12,850 is hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any 223 spectator event; however, a tax shall not be levied on admissions charged to participants in order to 224 participate in any event. The tax shall not exceed 10 percent of the amount of charge for admission to any event. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the governing body of such county shall 225 prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions and amount of such tax and may classify between the 226 227 events as set forth in § 58.1-3817.

228 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B and C, localities may, by ordinance, elect not 229 to levy an admissions tax on admission to an event, provided that the purpose of the event is solely to 230 raise money for charitable purposes and that the net proceeds derived from the event will be transferred 231 to an entity or entities that are exempt from eligible for a refund of sales and use tax pursuant to 232 § 58.1-609.11.

233 2. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on January 1, 2007.

234 3. That beginning July 1, 2006, the Tax Commissioner shall promulgate guidelines to implement 235 procedures for providing refunds to eligible organizations pursuant to the provisions of this act. In 236 preparing such guidelines, the Tax Commissioner shall be exempt from the provisions of the 237 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia).

238 4. That any organization that was exempt from collecting state and local sales or use taxes as of 239 December 31, 2006 shall remain exempt from the collection of such taxes under the same terms and conditions as provided under § 58.1-609.4, 58.1-609.7, 58.1-609.8, 58.1-609.9, or 58.1-609.10, as 240 such sections were in effect on June 30, 2003, provided it meets the criteria of subsections A and B 241

242 of § 58.1-609.11.