A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 29.1-101, 29.1-101.01, 58.1-603, 58.1-604, 58.1-611.1, 58.1-627, and 58.1-628 of the Code of Virginia, relating to increase of the sales and use tax for education.

Patron-Tata<br>Referred to Committee on Finance

## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 29.1-101, 29.1-101.01, 58.1-603, 58.1-604, 58.1-611.1, 58.1-627, and 58.1-628 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
§ 29.1-101. Game Protection Fund.
The amount received by the State Treasurer from the sale of hunting, trapping and fishing licenses, revenue generated from the sales and use tax pursuant to subsection E F of § 58.1-638, and such other items as may accrue to the Board shall be set aside and shall constitute the Game Protection Fund. The income and principal of this Fund, including any unexpended balance, shall be a separate fund in the state treasury and shall only be used for the payment of the salaries, allowances, wages, and expenses incident to carrying out the provisions of the hunting, trapping and inland fish laws and for no other purpose, except as provided in §§ 29.1-101.01, 29.1-701, 58.1-345 and 58.1-1410.
§ 29.1-101.01. Capital Improvement Fund.
There is hereby created in the state treasury a special, nonreverting fund to be known as the Capital Improvement Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall consist of those funds that may be so designated by the Board and any gifts, grants, and contributions from any person, foundation, or other legal entity. In addition, the Board may transfer to this Fund an amount equal to fifty percent or less of the revenue generated annually from the sales and use tax which has been deposited in the Game Protection Fund pursuant to subsection E $F$ of $\S 58.1-638$. The income and principal in the Fund shall be used only for the purchase, construction, maintenance, or repair of capital assets of the Department.

The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. All moneys received shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on the moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to the Fund. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund, except as provided in subsection E of § 58.1-638.
§ 58.1-603. Imposition of sales tax.
There is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to all other taxes and fees of every kind now imposed by law, a license or privilege tax upon every person who engages in the business of selling at retail or distributing tangible personal property in this Commonwealth, or who rents or furnishes any of the things or services taxable under this chapter, or who stores for use or consumption in this Commonwealth any item or article of tangible personal property as defined in this chapter, or who leases or rents such property within this Commonwealth, in the amount of three and ene hall four percent:

1. Of the gross sales price of each item or article of tangible personal property when sold at retail or distributed in this Commonwealth.
2. Of the gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, where the lease or rental of such property is an established business, or part of an established business, or the same is incidental or germane to such business.
3. Of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property stored in this Commonwealth for use or consumption in this Commonwealth.
4. Of the gross proceeds derived from the sale or charges for rooms, lodgings or accommodations furnished to transients as set out in the definition of "retail sale" in § 58.1-602.
5. Of the gross sales of any services whichthat are expressly stated as taxable within this chapter.
§ 58.1-604. Imposition of use tax.
There is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to all other taxes and fees now imposed by law, a tax upon the use or consumption of tangible personal property in this Commonwealth, or the storage of such property outside the Commonwealth for use or consumption in this Commonwealth, in the amount of three and ene half four percent:
6. Of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property used or consumed in this Commonwealth. Tangible personal property which has been acquired for use outside this Commonwealth and subsequently becomes subject to the tax imposed hereunder shall be taxed on the basis of its cost
price if such property is brought within this Commonwealth for use within six months of its acquisition; but if so brought within this Commonwealth six months or more after its acquisition, such property shall be taxed on the basis of the current market value (but not in excess of its cost price) of such property at the time of its first use within this Commonwealth. Such tax shall be based on such proportion of the cost price or current market value as the duration of time of use within this Commonwealth bears to the total useful life of such property (but it shall be presumed in all cases that such property will remain within this Commonwealth for the remainder of its useful life unless convincing evidence is provided to the contrary).
7. Of the cost price of each item or article of tangible personal property stored outside this Commonwealth for use or consumption in this Commonwealth.
8. A transaction taxed under § 58.1-603 shall not also be taxed under this section, nor shall the same transaction be taxed more than once under either section.
9. The use tax shall not apply with respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property brought into this Commonwealth by a nonresident individual, visiting in Virginia, for his personal use, while within this Commonwealth.
10. The use tax shall not apply to out-of-state mail order catalog purchases totaling $\$ 100$ or less during any calendar year.
§ 58.1-611.1. Rate of tax on sales of food purchased for human consumption; Food Tax Reduction Program.
A. Subject to the conditions of subsections D and E, the tax imposed by §§ 58.1-603 and 58.1-604 on food purchased for human consumption shall be levied and distributed as follows:
11. From January 1, 2000, through March 31, 2001June 30, 2004, the tax rate on such food shall be three percent of the gross sales price. The revenue from the tax shall be distributed as follows: (i) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one-half percent shall be distributed as provided in subsection A of § 58.1-638, (ii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one percent shall be distributed as provided in subsections B, C and D of § 58.1-638, and (iii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one and one-half percent shall be used for general fund purposes.
12. From April 1, 2001, through Mareh 31, 2002, Beginning July 1, 2004, the tax rate on such food shall be two and one-half percent of the gross sales price. The revenue from the tax shall be distributed as follows: (i) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one-half percent shall be distributed as provided in subsection A of § 58.1-638, (ii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one percent shall be distributed as provided in subsections B, C and D of § 58.1-638, and (iii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one percent shall be used for general fund purposes.
13. From April 1, 2002, through Mareh 31, 2003, the tax rate on such food shall be percent of the gross sales price. The revenue from the tax shall be distributed as follows: (i) the revenue from the tax at the rate of ene half pereent shall be distributed as provided in subsection A of § 58.1 -638, (iii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of ene percent shall be distributed as provided in stubsections $B, G$ and D of $\& 58.1-638$, and (iii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one half percent shall be used for general fund purposes.
14. On and after April 1, 2003, the tax rate on such food shall be one and one half percent of the gross sales price. The revenue from the tax shall be distributed as follows: (i) the revenue from the tax at the rate of ene half percent shall be distributed as provided in subsection A of \& $58.1-638$ and (ii) the revenue from the at the rate of ene percent shall be distributed as provided in subsections $B, G$ and B of § 58.1-638.
B. The provisions of this section shall not affect the imposition of tax on food purchased for human consumption pursuant to $\S \S 58.1-605$ and 58.1-606.
C. As used in this section, "food purchased for human consumption" has the same meaning as "food" defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that Act, except it shall not include seeds and plants which produce food for human consumption. For the purpose of this section, "food purchased for human consumption" shall not include food sold by any retail establishment where the gross receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such retail establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the retail establishment constitutes more than 80 percent of the total gross receipts of that retail establishment, including but not limited to motor fuel purchases, regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that retail establishment. For purposes of this section, "retail establishment" means each place of business for which any "dealer," as defined in § 58.1-612, is required to apply for and receive a certificate of registration pursuant to § 58.1-613.
D. Notwithstanding the tax rates set forth in subsection A, the rate of tax en sales of food purchased for human consumption for any 12 month period beginning on or after April 1 , 2001, shall not be reduced below the rate then in effect for the Commonwealth's eurrent fiseal year if:
15. Actual general fund revenues for the fiscal year preceding a fiseal year in which a rate reduction is contemplated in subsection A do not exceed the official general fund reventue estimates for such
preceding fiscal year, as estimated in the most recently enacted and approved general appropriation act, by at least one percent; or
16. Any of the events listed in subsection $C$ of $\S 58.1-3524$ or subsection $B$ of $\S 58.1-3536$ have occurred during the then eurrent fiseal year.
E. If the tax rate on food purchased for human consumption remains the same for the period Janwary 1, 2000, through March 31, 2001, and the subsequent 12 month period beginning on April 1, 2001, or with respect to any consecutive 12 month periods beginning on and after April 1 , 2001, the tax rate on such food shall remain the same unless none of the conditions described in subsection $D$ have occurred, in which event the tax rate on food purchased for human consumption for the immediately following 12 month period shall be equal to the next lowest tax rate listed in subsection $A$.
D. The additional one-half percent increase in the taxes imposed pursuant to §§ 58.1-603 and 58.1-604 effective July 1, 2004, shall not apply to food purchased for human consumption.
§ 58.1-627. Bracket system for tax at rate of four percent.
The following Tax Commissioner shall develop brackets of prices that shall be used for the collection of the tax imposed by this chapter $\div$ on sales of less than five dollars.


On transactions over five dollarsgreater than five dollars, the tax shall be computed at three and ene half four percent, one-half cent or more being treated as one cent. If a dealer can show to the satisfaction of the Tax Commissioner that more than eighty five 85 percent of the total dollar volume of his gross taxable sales during the taxable month was from individual sales at prices of ten 10 cents or less each, and that he was unable to adjust his prices in such manner as to prevent the economic incidence of the sales tax from falling on him, the Tax Commissioner shall determine the proper tax liability of the dealer based on that portion of the dealer's gross taxable sales which was from sales at prices of eleven 11 cents or more.
§ 58.1-628. Bracket system for combined state and local tax.
The forwing Tax Commissioner shall prepare brackets of prices that shall be used for the collection of the combined state and local tax $\div$ on sales less than five dollars.


| 179 | 2.34 to 2.55 118xaquo; tax |
| :---: | :---: |
| 180 | 2.56 to 2.77 128raquo; tax |
| 181 | 2.78 to 2.99 138xaquo; tax |
| 182 | 3.00 to 3.22 148xaquo; tax |
| 183 | 3.23 to 3.44 158xaquo; tax |
| 184 | 3.45 to 3.66 16traquo; tax |
| 185 | 3.67 to 3.88 178raquo; tax |
| 186 | 3.89 to 4.11 188raquo; tax |
| 187 | 4.12 to 4.33 198raquo; tax |
| 188 | 4.34 to 4.55 208raquo; tax |
| 189 | 4.56 to 4.77 218raquo; tax |
| 190 | 4.78 to 5.00 228raquo; tax |
| 191 |  |
| 192 | On transactions over five dollarsgreater than five dollars, the tax shall be computed at four and |
| 193 | ene half five percent, one-half cent or more being treated as one cent. The foregoing bracket system |
| 194 | shall not relieve the dealer from the duty and liability to remit an amount equal to four and one hall five |
| 195 | percent of his gross taxable sales as provided in this chapter. If the dealer, however, can show to the |
| 196 | satisfaction of the Tax Commissioner that more than eighty five 85 percent of the total dollar volume of |
| 197 | his gross taxable sales during the taxable month was from individual sales at prices of ten 10 cents or |
| 198 | less each and that he was unable to adjust his prices in such manner as to prevent the economic |
| 199 | incidence of the sales tax from falling on him, the Tax Commissioner shall determine the proper tax |
| 200 | liability of the dealer based on that portion of the dealer's gross taxable sales which was from sales at |
| 1 | prices of eleven 11 cents or more. |

